Goldsborough News.

WEDNESDAY SEPT. 1, 1869.

New York Fashions.

NEWPORT, September, 1869.

This charming watering-place is this year as in years past the most exclusive and aristocratic in the Union. The richest people are here in the greatest numbers, the equipages are the most imposing, the dressing themost lavish and at the same time the most artistic. Even the young men here dress as befits the escorts of such birds of Paradise looking belles. The usual costume for young gentlemen is white duck or light cloth pants, black, green, purple or golden brown velvet coat made sack shape with large and well worked pockets, vest of white Turkish Towel cloth, Sailor hat of straw with wide ribbons—bright kid gloves.

Ladies here frequently order their costumes from New York. This is found to be a better plan than taking several trunks along at the beginning of the season, for in this way the freshest styles can be exploited—and even hits of styles to be, such as are constantly coming over from Paris, can be embodied. The lady sends her measure and order, in a few days she has her suit. The following is an out door costume for damp days, made at the Metropolitan Furnishing Rooms: A suit of the new water proof material in shot colors, violet and golden brown. This was very simple but at the same time very stylishly made. The skirt was short and round, and faced around the bottom with a bias facing of the same, stitched on the Grover & Baker machine with a double row of brown silk same shade as the brown in the dress and between them a row of stitching in silk. A small tight fitting basque accompanied it, the waist of the skirt was finished to match the bottom so that it could be worn *over* the basque as well as under it, and thus have the effect of a round waist, the bottom of the basque and the sleeves were trimmed with bias bands stitched to match the waist and bottom. For occasions when greater warmth might be required the tunic could be worn. This tunic was a very happy compromise between a Watteau casque and a Mackintosh wrap. The fronts were sack shape, the sleeves being formed of the half-cape were loose and large, but the backs instead of having the plain night-gown look of the Mackintosh was pleated on at the neck in two box pleats and allowed to fall a la Watteau—a belt of brown leather stitched in fancy pattern on the machine was slipped through large button-holes formed in the seams of the half-cape sleeves and again in and out of a couple made under the Watteau pleat, thus allowing that and the sleeves to fall gracefully and free, and causing the front and the sides of the back to fit themselves to the figure. If desired, the edges of the tunic on each side of the fall might be looped up and thus effect a panier puff.

Another was a reception dress for chilly days. There are many such days always on the sea coast, though here fewer than elsewhere, owing to the peculiar geographical position of this island. This costume will give an idea of styles later in the season. It has a very heavy black silk with black velvet *revers* at the side. The fronts of the dress were of black velvet cut to fit the figure, and open to show the petticoat beneath. They are fastened pretty close together with black velvet bows, the sleeves are loose Pagodas striped with black velvet which formed battlements as a trimming. Accompanying this is a thin silk bodice, high necked, with tight fitting sleeves to be worn under it and a long narrow slip of the same to be buttoned up the front in imitation of a petticoat, the button holes are worked on tapes sewed on the inside of the dress, and the buttons which are of blue silk are sewn on the silk strips—the same style of buttons fasten the under waist, which is so beautifully fashioned and finished, that on warmer days, it can be worn over a white skirt when the slip that belongs up the front may be used to loop the upper skirts *en panier*—the buttons which are for use in one instance being for ornament in another. Blue satin slippers should be worn with it with white skirts. The back of this fell from the neck in the Watteau pleat, now so much affected—and an ornament of blue cord and black chenile held it down on the neck to about the depth of a yoke. A more effective mode of making many and distinguished looking toilets at a small outlay could not well be devised. We are glad to see the old fashion of trimming silk with velvet revived. Velvet is one of the few trimmings which it pays to purchase and to pay even a high price for. JAPONICA.

SOME DIFFERENCE.—We learn that the Judges of the Supreme Court made an estimate that their decision in the late railroad cases would reduce the taxes to be paid 27 cents from the gross amount. But the Public Treasurer in his Circular issued to the sheriffs, states the deduction at only 8½ cents. This is a wide difference and might be well enough to inquire into.—*Statesville American.*

The above paragraph is copied by nearly every paper in the State. We have before stated that the Governor and Council examined the decision of the Supreme Court in the University R. R. case, and concluded that it relieved taxes to the amount of 8½ cents. This interpretation was concurred in by every Justice of the Supreme Court. Acting upon it, the Public Treasurer issued the circular above referred to. If persons attempt to evade the payment of the tax, they will only involve themselves in useless trouble and expense. Papers that have copied the item from the *American* may save their readers some trouble by publishing this statement. —*Standard.*

A NEW WAY TO MAKE BUTTER.—A singular method of making butter has lately come into quite extensive use in France, based upon the observed fact that cream is changed into butter by being simply buried in the earth. The theory of this result is not very intelligible, though the fact is stated to be beyond question; and in Normandy and other parts of France, butter is actually prepared on a large scale in this way. The process consists in placing the cream in a linen bag of moderate thickness, which is carefully closed; then burying the bag about a foot and a half deep in the earth and allowing it to remain from twenty-four to twenty-five hours. After the expiration of this period the cream is found to have become hard, and it is then broken up by means of a wooden beater into small pieces, and enough water poured upon it to wash out the buttermilk. To prevent any mixture of earth, it is advisable to enclose the bag in a second one of larger size and coarser quality. This method of making butter saves a great deal of labor, and separates the butter more perfectly than the ordinary process; and it is stated that butter thus prepared is of most excellent quality.

UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS AND HOW TO USE THEM.—Though we have for some time been living under the rule of stamps, the question is one of every day asking: "How much of a stamp does this require?" The following embraces, it is said, the most general use of stamps as applied to manufacturers and particular classes of business that pay a special tax:

All notes and evidences of debt, five cents on each $100; if under $100, five cents; if over $100, five cents on each $100 or part thereof.—All receipts for any amount, without limit, over $20, two cents; if under $20, nothing. Checks of any amount, two cents. All deeds and deeds of trust fifty cents on each $500 in value of the property conveyed or the amount secured; when a deed of trust is fully stamped the note secured need not be; but they should be endorsed to show the reason why. Mortgage bonds need not be stamped if stamps are affixed to the mortgage. All the appraisements, estates or estrays, five cents on each piece of paper. Affidavits of every description are exempt from stamp duty. Acknowledgments to deeds, &c., are also exempt. Contracts and agreements, five cents for each sheet or piece of paper, except for rents or when for rent, fifty cents for each $300 of rent or less, if over $300, fifty cents for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof in excess of $300. Any person interested can affix or cancel stamps.

A USEFUL TABLE.—To aid farmers in arriving at accuracy in estimating the amount of land in different fields under cultivation, the following table is given by an agricultural cotemporary:

5 yds wide by 968 yds long contain 1 acre.
10 yds wide by 484 yds long contain 1 acre.
20 yds wide by 242 yds long contain 1 acre.
40 yds wide by 121 yds long contain 1 acre.
80 yds wide by 60½ yds long contain 1 acre.
70 yds wide by 69½ yds long contain 1 acre.
60 feet wide by 726 feet long contain 1 acre.
110 feet wide by 369 feet long contain 1 acre.
120 feet wide by 363 feet long contain 1 acre.
220 feet wide by 198 feet long contain 1 acre.
240 feet wide by 181½ feet long contain 1 acre.
440 feet wide by 90 feet long contain 1 acre.

List of Letters

Remaining in Office at Goldsboro', N. C., August 31st, 1869, and Advertised.

Adams, Mrs	Jones, Milly Col
Arrington, Miss	Johnson, Bet. Col 2
Ballenberger, Jos.	Jones, Clara A. 2
Barnes, Wiley	Kornegay, A.
Barnes, Harry	Lancaster, Eliz.
Bess, Calvin	Lewis, Needham
Bizzell, Jennie	Loften, Catherine
Bones, T. J. & Son	Massie, Joshua Col
Boykin, Frank	Miller, Wm J.
Brown, Wm	Morrow, Geo
Bruton, Jno	Murphy, Clarisy
Burke, Betsey	Oaks, Morteiner
Campbell, Mrs T.	Oldam, Calne Miss
Carver, Louis	Robinson, Wm Col
Curr, Daniel	Ross, Joshua
Clarke, Col. C. J.	Rouse, Janey Miss
Cox, Wm	Rolbach, & Co
Cogdell, Francis	Sellers, Troy
Cox, Nathan R.	Smith, Lucenie
Davis, Allen	Stevens, Kenton
Davis, Mrs Ang.	Summerlin, A. Jr.
Deans, Julia	Summerlin, Miss m
Everett, Julia Col	Taylor, Wm
Esley, Miss Sallie	Thompson, Mrs
Event, Jno	Thompson, Wm
Eschenbach, S. G.	Thompson, Mary
Firman, Mrs Mary	Underwood, E. Col
Frazier, Isaac	Uzzell, Lewis
Garnett, Mrs Matt.	Washington, E.
Greene, Gus	Watkins, Mrs Cratu
Grantham, Wm. U.	Westley, Jane Col
Grantham, Solon	Whitley, Miss M.
Hardie, H.	White, Ellis 2
Hastings, Hillery 2	Whitfield, Joe Col
Howell, Sincy	Winslow, Cale J.
Herring, Bryant W	Williams, Rev J. B.
Heath, James	Wills, Miss Louisa
Hill, Winney	Wiggs, Mr Jno
Hill, Warren & Co	Washington, C. S.
Holland, Isaac	Wotson, Richard
Hart, Mrs Villa	Wolf, Mrs Moline

Persons calling for the above letters will please say in a loud and distinct voice Advertised

H. L. GRANT, P. M.
per J. H. SMITH, Asst.

A Perilous Adventure at Niagara Falls.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 26.—Prof. Jenkins, in the presence of an immense crowd of spectators, crossed the gorge below Niagara Falls yesterday, on a machine of his own invention, without velocipede motion.—The machine is a bicycle, and turned upside down would resemble in some degree a velocipede. The wheels, three inches wide, are made heavy and of wood, without tires, but in their places are grooves one and three-quarter inches deep. The front wheel is three feet two inches, and the hind wheel two feet ten inches in diameter. The connecting rods are iron, so also the balance pole, which is eight feet long and tipped with ten-pound balls, and weighs twenty-eight pounds. The whole thing, with the man, weighs 298 pounds. The propelling power is a pinion cog-wheel, made of brass, about nine inches in diameter, which is made to gear to cogs which surround the front wheel at the bottom of the groove.—The two-inch hemp cable was fastened immovably on the American shore but on the Canada shore coiled around a windlass to facilitate tightening.—The defection of the rope was about thirty feet. The machine moved slowly forward, the rope swaying gently from side to side until the rider had passed out about thirty feet, after which he crawled along at a snail's pace to the middle of the abyss, where he raised and waved his hat. From the centre to the American shore it was evidently hard work to propel the bicycle. The time occupied in passing over the rope was just eleven minutes.

Extract from a Private Letter from Hawaii, Sandwich Islands.

* * * * * Although the eruption is not so violent now, the volcano is a fearful sight to behold. The rivers of lava still flow, and the smoke from the crater ascends in awful majesty. During this volcanic upheaval it has been very sickly here. A peculiar sort of low malarious fever, which has grown out of the foul condensed vapors of the volcano, has prevailed to an alarming extent, and at one time it was feared it would depopulate the island. But fortunately a sea captain (calling here for supplies) distributed PLANTATION BITTERS to the suffering, and quick and thorough cures were the result. The news spread like wild-fire.—Messrs. Ching-Takin & Co., Commission Merchants, had these Bters for sale. In a short time their office was beseiged and their supply exhausted. A steamer was dispatched to San Francisco by order of the Hospital Department, and a new and enormous supply obtained as soon as possible. From that moment the scourge was stayed. Not another fatal case occurred, and the epidemic has now entirely disappeared. * * * Is this wonderful remedy known in your city? I hope so, for it is a sure cure for all fevers and miasmatic sickness. You may tell your friends so for me.

* * * * * H. M. C.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CHOLERA.

A Cure for this Disease may be found in the use of

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

I have used the medicine known as PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER in my family for the last twelve months, and have great pleasure in testifying to its very valuable properties. I would not on any account be without it During the existence of the Cholera last year, I used no medicine of any sort but the Pain Killer, although myself and several members of my family were attacked by it severely, and I am happy to say that the Pain Killer was equal to every emergency; it was both a preventive and a certain cure. I consider I should not be doing my duty to the community did I not say this much. If I were attacked by the Cholera to day, the Pain Killer would be the only remedy I should use. I have thoroughly tested it, and know it can be relied on. F. E. BERGINSEND,
Galena, Illinois.

Sold by all Druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SCIENCE ADVANCES.

As soon as an article purporting to be of utility has been tested, and its merits endorsed by public opinion, unprincipled parties endeavor to replenish their depleted purses by counterfeiting, and substituting a spurious for the genuine article Some time since, mercury, in the disguise of pills, powders, &c. was given for all diseases of the stomach and liver, while quinine was freely administered for the chills. At length HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS made its advent, and an entire new system of healing was inaugurated. The beneficial effects of this valuable preparation were at once acknowledged and mineral poisons suffered to sink into that obscurity to which an enlightened age has consigned them. There have been many spurious Bitters palmed upon the community, which, after trial, have been found perfectly worthless, while HOSTETTER'S has proved a blessing to thousands, who owe to it their restoration to health and for many years we have watched the steady progress of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in public estimation and its beneficient effects as a cure for all complaints arising from the stomach [illegible] it can be relied upon as a certain relief and remedy. Its proprietors have made the above preparation, after years of careful study and sitting, and are now reaping the reward claimed by this valuable specific, and which they so richly merit. It is the only preparation of the kind that is reliable in all cases, and it therefore demands the attention of the afflicted. Sept. 1, 16 1m

THE KIDNEYS.—THE KIDNEYS ARE TWO in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz.: the Anterior, the Interior and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the exterior The exterior is a conductor also terminating in a single tube, and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper repels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others unable without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however sight may be the attack it is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM—Pain occurring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disordered in stomach and chalky concretions.

THE GRAVEL.—The gravel results from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys.—These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed, and gravel ensues

DROPSY is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz.: when generally diffused over the body, is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.—Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel, dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and gouty affections. Under this head we have a ranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water, scanty secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water; Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gouty & Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase of color, or dark water. It was always highly recommended by the late Dr Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites, the absorbents into healthy exercise, by which the watery, or calcareous, depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is taken by men, women, and children Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 25, 1867.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:

DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with a disease of the bladder and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experiencing but little relief

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room.—From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a full statement of my case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you, and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.

M. McCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. WM. BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. THOS. B. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. S BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon R. C. GRIER, Judge, United States Court.
Hon G. W. WOODWARD, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia
Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. BANKS, Auditor General, Washington, D. C.

And many others, if necessary.

Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's Take no other PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP IN steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON August 30.

Turpentine—Only 40 bbls. received which changed hands at $3 for virgin, and $2 50 for yellow dip, ℔ 280 lbs.

Spirits Turpentine—Market steady. Sales of 122 bbls. at 38½ cents ℔ gallon.

Rosin—Sales of only 148 bbls. at $4 for No. 1.

No other transactions reported.—*Journal.*

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.

Gold 133½.
Cotton firmer at 35 cents.
Spirits Turpentine 42@43 cents.
Rosin $2 30@$8.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Purest, Best and Cheapest

Estab. COLGATE & CO. NEW-YORK 1806.
LAUNDRY SOAPS!

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

COLBURN'S PATENT
RED JACKET AXE

Is better than our regular shaped for these reasons: *First*—It cuts deeper. *Second*—It don't stick in the wood. *Third*—It does not jar the hand. *Fourth*—No time is wasted in taking the Axe out of the cut. *Fifth*—With the same labor you will do one-third more work than with regular Axes. Red paint has nothing to do with the good qualities of this Axe, for all our Axes are painted red. If your hardware store does not keep our goods, we will gladly answer inquiries or fill your orders direct, or give you the name of the nearest dealer who keeps our Axes

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sole owners of Colburn's and Red Jacket Patents.

GEN. RUSSELL'S SCHOOL, New Haven, Conn.—FALL SESSION begins Sept. 13th. Catalogues sent on application.

THE ESTEY COTTAGE ORGAN is the best and cheapest. Contains the latest improvements VOX HUMANA and VOX JUBILANTE. J. ESTEY & CO., Sole Manuf'rs, Brattleboro, Vt.

$9 A Day for all. Address A. J. FULLAM, N. Y.

EMPLOYMENT THAT PAYS For particulars, address S M. SPENCER & Co., Brattleboro', Vt.

ASK your Doctor or Druggist for SWEET QUININE—it equals bitterr quinine. Is made only by F. STEARNS Chemist, Detroit.

WORDS OF WISDOM for Young Men on the Ruling Passion in Youth & Early Manhood, with Self-help for the erring and unfortunate.—Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, BOX P, Phila., Pa.

THIRTY YEARS' Experience in the Treatment of Chronic and Sexual Diseases.—*A Physiological View of Marriage.*—The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly 300 pages, and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his books treat, either personally or by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.

Great Distribution

By the Metropolitan Gift Co.

CASH GIFTS TO THE AMOUNT OF $100,000

EVERY TICKET DRAWS A PRIZE.

5 Cash Gifts, each $20,000
40 Cash Gifts, each $1,000
10 " " 10 000
200 " " 600
20 " " 5,000
300 " " 100
5 Elegant Rosewood Pianos - each $500 to $700
75 " " Melodeons " 75 to 100
300 Sewing Machines - " 60 to 175
500 Gold Watches - - " 75 to 300
Cash Prizes, Silver Ware, &c., valued at $1 000,000.

A chance to draw any of the above Prizes for 25c. Tickets describing Prizes are *sealed* in Envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25c a *Sealed Ticket* is drawn without choice and sent by mail to any address. The prize named upon it will be delivered to the ticket-holder on payment of *One Dollar*. Prizes are immediately sent to any address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before you pay for it. *Any Prize exchanged for another of same value.* No Blanks. Our patrons can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCES:—We select the following from many who have lately drawn Valuable Prizes and kindly permitted us to publish them: Andrew J. Burns, Chicago, $10,000; Miss Clara S. Walker, Baltimore, Piano, $800; James M. Matthews, Detroit, $5,000; John T. Andrews, Savannah, $5,000; Miss Agnes Simmons, Charleston, Piano, $600. We publish no names without permission.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:—"The firm is reliable, and deserve their success."—*Weekly Tribune, May 8.* "We know them to be a fair dealing firm."—*N. Y. Herald, May 28.* "A friend of ours drew a $500 prize, which was promptly received."—*Daily News, June 3.*

Send for circular. Liberal inducements to Agents. Satisfaction guaranteed. Every package of Sealed Envelopes contains ONE CASH GIFT. Six Tickets for $1; 13 for $2, 35 for $5; 110 for $15. All letters should be addressed to

HARDER, WILSON & CO.

DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE,

LATELY MUCH IMPROVED—AND THE NEW

Universal Clothes Wringer

Improved with Rowley's PATENT DOUBLE COG WHEELS, and the PATENT STOP, are now unquestionably far superior to any apparatus for washing clothes ever invented, and will save their cost twice a year, by saving labor and clothes.

Those who have used them give testimony as follows:

"We like our machine much; could not be persuaded to do without it, and with the aid of Doty, we feel that we are masters of the position."—*Rev. L. Scott Bishop M. E. Church.*

"It is worth one dollar a week in any family."—*N. Y. Tribune*

"In the laundry of my house there is a perpetual thanksgiving on Mondays for the invention."—*Rev Theodore L. Cuyler.*

"Every week has given it a stronger hold upon the affections of the inmates of the laundry."—*N. Y. Observer*

"I heartily commend it to economists of time, money, and contentment."—*Rev. Dr Bellows.*

"Friend Doty—Your last improvement of your Washing Machine is a complete success I assure you 'our Machine,' after a year's use, is thought more of to day than ever, and would not be parted with under any circumstances."—*Solon Robinson.*

"Your Washing Machine has been in daily use in our laundry, and the housekeeper expresses herself as highly pleased with it. It certainly accomplishes a greater amount of work with less labor, and does not wear the clothes near so much as the old fashioned washboard. By using it, one hundred [illegible] dispensed with."—*Wm. M F. Round, Superintendent of Infant Department of St. Catharine's Nursery, N Y City.*

PRICES.—A Fair Offer.

Send the retail price, Washer $14, Extra Wringer $9, and we will forward either or both machines, free of freight, to places where no one is selling; and so sure are we they will be liked that we agree to refund the money if any one wishes to return the machines free of freight, after a month's trial, according to directions.

No husband, father or brother should *permit* the drudgery of washing with the hands, fifty two days in every year, when it can be done better, more expeditiously, with less labor, and no injury to the garments, by a Doty Clothes Washer, and a Universal Wringer.

Canvassers with exclusive right of sale make money fast selling them.

Sold by dealers generally, to whom liberal discounts are made.

R. C BROWNING, Gen Agent,
32 Cortlandt St, New York.
August 11 13 2m

Dr. W. T. Robinson,

HAVING PERMANENTLY LOCATED, offers his professional services to the citizens of Goldsboro' and vicinity.

Office one door north of Weil Bros'.

June 23, 6 3mos.

GOLDSBORO'

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE FALL SESSION WILL OPEN on the 9th of August and continue 20 weeks.

TERMS:

Tuition and Board, exclusive of lights and washing,	$95,00
Tuition in Collegiate or Academic Department,	20,00
Preparatory Department,	12 50
Fuel,	1 50
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20,00
" " " and "	30 00
Use of Instrument,	3,00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each	5 00

Ornamental Branches at usual prices.

Pupils will be charged from time of entrance to close of session.

A deduction will be made from tuition for protracted illness of two weeks or more

One half of the expenses and pay for books and stationery will be required in advance. J. W. ADAMS,
June 22, 6-tf President.

Bingham School,

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

WM. BINGHAM, ROB'T BINGHAM, W. B. LYNCH.

THE SESSION OF 1869—'70 BEGINS August 25th and continues 40 weeks.

The course of instruction includes the ordinary English branches, Ancient languages, French, Mathematics, Book Keeping and elements of Natural Science.

Expenses, including tuition, board, fuel, washing, books and *clothing*, $365.

Circulars sent on application.

June 22, 6-2m.

D. H. LONG. A. C. ROWLAND.

D. H. LONG & CO.,

General Commission & Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

No. 11, Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

Will sell in this, or forward to Northern markets *Cotton, Grain, Peanuts, and all kinds Green Produce.*

REFER TO:

Messrs. Burruss, Harris & Co., Bankers, Norfolk, Va.
Wm. B. Lamb, Truck, Norfolk, Va.
Capt. James Cornick, " "
Wm. Beasley & Son, Petersburg, "
R. B. Creecy, Elizabeth City, N. C.