The New Berne Weekly Times.

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MASONS AND CATHOLICS—BRAZIL.

The recent attempt in Brazil to excommunicate Masons from the Catholic Church, has created a wide spread interest in the Order not before manifested, and has drawn forth much of interest to the Fraternity throughout the world. Visconde Do Rio Branco, President of the National Council of Brazil, in a speech made on the 5th of June last, made a most able and earnest defence of the Order, and worsted his antagonists from the beginning. We quote part of his speech on that occasion, the part which contains the gist of it:

"Bonifacio IV., Nicholas III. and Benedict XII. protected the Freemasons and conferred important privileges upon them. (Hear.)

Senator Mendes de Almeida—You are making a discovery greater than that of Columbus.

Visconde do Rio Branco—Your Excellency knows Masonry only by the books of its detractors—persons interested in breaking down what they consider a widely-spread and powerful element of social progress. Later, at the begining of the eighteenth century, Masonry became converted into a philosophical society, and took in some countries an active part in the politics of the day, and a persecution of it began. That persecution, Mr. President, did not stop at excommunication; many Masons ascended the scaffold and became victims. What, however, did religion and politics gain with that? Truth triumphed, Masonry continued to exist and make further spread, and it is now respected everywhere. Merely in two or three States was it forbidden up to modern times. I think in Austria, Russia and Spain; and the Senate knows that has been restored in the last country and that it flourishes throughout Germany. The Masons were not persecuted in the name of Catholicity alone, for even the Sultan of Constantinople persecuted them; so it may be seen that the persecution had an origin other than religion—it arose from the influence exercised by it then on the political events of some countries. For instance, it is known that in Great Britian Masonry contributed greatly to the restoration of the monarchy destroyed by Cromwell, and Charles II. ascended the throne of his fathers through the influence of the British Masons, especially of those of Scotland. But in Brazil Masonry has been almost useless to politics. It has kept entirely apart, peaceful and neutral, so that politicians of all creeds meet with the utmost fraternity at its meetings. The Masonic symbols, of which so much has been said, are allegories and traditions, signifying nothing contrary to religion: the noble Senators who so piously say amen to the excommunication of the Brazilian Mason may laugh at them, but they may not allege therewith that we are heretics or heresiarchs. The Temple of Solomon, whose allegory the noble Senator considered one of his stones of scandal, is merely the first manifestation of the dogma of a single true God, a remembrance alluding to the works of art of the ancient Freemasons, a symbol of the moral and universal temple in which Christian civilization should unite all humanity. All these symbols are drawn from sacred history, and, therefore, I do not know how they who do not disdain to employ the mythology created by paganism can see even a blasphemy in the expression "Supreme Architect of the Universe," as though God were not the creator of the world and that His wisdom, His power and His goodness are not adored in this formula. (Applause.) In fine, Mr. President, all I know of Masonry is that its maxims are love of God, of our neighbor and of virtue. I think, that there is not only an injustice, but even a mistake, a gross mistake, in politics and religion to seek to arouse this persecutory crusade against societies so numerous, so radicated in this country, so peaceful up to now and to whom many families are owing their subsistence: against societies in which the Catholic religion has sincere and devoted adepts who are living examples of domestic and civic virtues. The acts of the prelate of Pernambuco have raised a question of law or jurisdiction which has been submitted to the study of the government. Its decision will be given after the affair has been thoroughly studied in all its gravity and bearings. As regards the questions of fact, I ask of the noble Senator for Marantham that, whenever he wishes to know what Masonry is in Brazil—

Senhor Zacarias—Let him become a Mason.

Senhor F. Octaviano—It would be the best way."

It would be well if some professing christians, who prate continuously of the evils attending secret societies, would study carefully the workings of the institution of Masonry and learn more of the views of such eminent men as our own Washington and hundreds of other distinguished Masons, ere they expose their ignorance and combative spirit further.

WAR.

Hard-hearted Spain still holds Cuba by the throat with an iron grasp, and will not let her go, although it would appear that the expense of keeping up a show of conquering the rebels is eating a fearful hole into the revenues of that country. The Cubans are now in a position, as understood, to dictate advantageous terms for a peace, but it appears they will have nothing but absolute independence, or continue the struggle indefinitely. They fight with all the valor of desperation, and display a more than Spartan courage, which seems to animate men, women and children alike. The latest news from the Island is so contradictory in character, that but little importance is attached to it. In Spain all is tumult and rioting. Don Carlos has re-entered the country amidst great enthusiasm among his followers. A desultory warfare is carried on, which threatens to overthrow the Republic momentarily, as the regular troops appear to be much disaffected. Russia has nearly, or quite settled affairs with the Khivans, having conquered them absolutely. The rumors of war so constantly promulgated from Central America attract but little attention. All is quiet in Panama, with no apprehensions existing of a renewal of the troubles between the National and State troops.

From the Republic & Courier.

[COMMUNICATED.]

To the Tax Payers of Craven County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

On the 14th inst., the following note was delivered to E. R. Stanly Chairman of the Board County Commissioners:

TO THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF CRAVEN.

GENTLEMEN:

At a very large and highly intelligent meeting of the Tax Payers of the County of Craven, assembled in the Court House, on Thursday night the 10th inst., to take into consideration such action as might be deemed proper to relieve the people of the County of the very high assessment upon their property, and from the excessive taxes levied by the said Board, said meeting appointed the undersigned committee of ten, who are authorized by said meeting to act for it, and to take such steps as by them "may be deemed requisite" to the redress of the said grievances.

At an adjourned meeting said committee reported a series of resolutions, a copy of which accompanies this communication, and which were all unanimously adopted. [These have heretofore been published.]

From these it will appear that the committee is authorized to submit for the consideration of your Board, *two* propositions:

1st. A *Reduction* by your Board of the present high assessment of the real estate in the county of Craven.

2nd. A suspension of the collection of the county taxes, levied to pay what are called old debts.

As regards the 1st., we respectfully suggest that the assessment is not only not warranted by law, but is forbidden by the same, and that it is most assuredly not justified by the real value of the lands in the County, while its direct effect is to greatly increase the State tax.

As regards the second, we beg leave to say, that if the taxes levied to pay what are called old debts of the County, are enforced, it will produce very great distress, and in many cases absolute ruin. The Committee and the meeting they represent are unanimously of the opinion that there is no necessity for this, except perhaps, for a very small amount, and that the same may be postponed without injustice to any one, while it will bring great relief; and in the end, and at no distant day, all lawful claims for old debts against the county can be fully and fairly adjusted and discharged.

In conclusion we invoke your immediate action in this matter, as it is desirable that the feverish excitement that now possesses the public mind should be allayed as soon as possible.

This communication is prompted on the part of the Committee and those whose organ they are, by a sincere desire that a compromise may be effected upon the basis here indicated, and if your Board will receive and act upon it in the same spirit, we believe great relief will be brought to the people.

The Committee respectfully suggest that in a matter of such public importance, to avoid all mis-apprehension or mis-construction on either side, it is desirable that all communications on the subject be in writing.

The Committee respectfully ask an immediate reply from the Chairman of Board Commissioners, saying at once whether he will call a meeting of the Board to take action on the matters which form the subject of this communication.

NAT. H. STREET Chm'n
July 14, 1873. For the Committee of Ten.

To this note couched in respectful language, and breathing the spirit of conciliation and compromise, no reply has been received.

Thus the appeal of the people against an assessment of their property, both excessive and unlawful, and against a tax for what are called old debts both exorbitant and for the greater part unnecesary, is treated by the Chairman, E. R. Stanly, Esq., with the utmost indifference and disrespect. Thus the Chairman, and the rest of the Board of County Commissioners practically proclaim that they will heed no demand upon them for a redress of grievances, but that the people must submit to their will, that they are the peoples' masters and bid them defiance.

Will the people of the County of Craven submit to this high assumption of "men dressed in a little *brief* authority" or will they act like men and will they "dare maintain their rights" by appealing to the peaceful but potent agency of the law?

If the tax-payers submit to the present arrogant and presumptious course of the commissioners, they will thereby admit that they are the slaves and the Commissioners are the masters. For let the people bear in mind, that he who commences by asserting his rights, and when the crisis comes, tamely submits to have them trampled upon, will fail to obtain that redress which a straight-forward, manly and independent, but yet moderate course will always bring.

To the people of Craven, therefore, your Committee say, act or surrender at discretion, you have no middle course left.

But there is another significant fact in this connection that the committee feel constrained to notice: While they have been waiting for a reply to their communication, flaming posters are seen everywhere, telling the people that their taxes are now due, "to come forward and pay them, that they *must* pay *promptly*," signed O. Hubbs, Sheriff.

Now, while it is true that the taxes are due on the 1st Monday of July, yet, the Sheriff has no authority to *compel* the people to pay before the 1st day of October, and he therefore has no right to require *prompt* payment before that day. Is this done with the sanction of the Commissioners, and is the object to frighten the people, and thus force to pay sooner than they are required to do, a tax which it is believed many cannot pay at all? Why does this advertisement of the Sheriff with this peremptory and illegal demand for immediate payment of the State and county taxes appear just at this moment? Does he not know that he cannot compel the people to pay their taxes before the 1st day of October?

If it is accidental it is certainly very remarkable, if designed, the object is or would seem to be very apparent.

But as if with the purpose to add insult to injury, and in the same lofty and arrogant bearing that characterizes the Commissioners and the Sheriff, the Editor of the *Times* newspaper, published in New-Berne, in full sympathy with the Commissioners and their coadjutors, and with *none for an oppressed and insulted people*, has the audacity to insert in his paper of to-day, that the committee of ten have entered into a combination to buy up all vouchers in anticipation of payment of taxes. Thus in this hour of the peoples' troubles they are insulted through their committee, and the public are told to keep a close look out on their committee, that they are conspiring together to the peoples' injury. This too from a paper which has been literally supported by these very people, and whose Editor "laughs at their calamites, and mocks when their fear cometh."

In conclusion fellow citizens, your Committee deem it necessary thus to notify you of what they have endeavored to do, and of the refusal of the Commissioners or their Chairman E. R. Stanly Esq., to treat with the least consideration your reasonable appeal to them.

You see therefore, there is but one alternative left, which you have in such an event charged the Committee to adopt, that is: to resort to the peaceful but effective redress of the law:

Nat. H. Street, Chairman.
Amos Wade,
Samuel W. Latham,
Wm. H. Oliver,
Wm. Foy,
Alex. Justice,
Cicero Green,
John H. Haughton,
Joel Kincey,
Thos. H. Gaskins.
} COMMITTEE.

The above, from the columns of the *Republic-Courier*, is reproduced in our columns for the special benefit of our readers, who are no doubt curious to know how the committee of ten get on. A few words will suffice for us to express our opinion of the action of this committee.

The following joke, viz:

"*Confidence Again Restored in Financial Circles.*—There was a corner in County vouchers yesterday, produced by a rumor obtaining circulation that the Committee of Ten had entered into a *combination* to buy up all the vouchers in anticipation of payment of taxes. In conection with the above, we observed one of the counsel of that body examining a safe criticly. What *weight* has this proceeding?"

which appeared in the TIMES of the 18th, is made the basis for an outrageous and contemptible attack upon us personally, which needs no comment from us, as it shows plainly on the part of the committee an animus of feeling which we call by its right name—political prejudice.

The sheriff is attacked in order to injure, and prejudice the people against, and hinder him in the discharge of his duties; and for what? Nothing—only for doing that which every sensible business man would do in his place, viz: calling the attention of the people to the fact that their taxes are due and payable. The law does not allow him to sell before October, as every fool knows, and no man can accuse him of ever having acted oppressively in the matter of taxes.

The Commissioners are arraigned for not meeting at once and replying to the *note* of the committee, through their chairman, Mr. Stanly, who has better sense than to overstep his duties and call a special meeting, and compromise himself and the Commissioners through him. (Their regular meeting time is the first Monday in August.)

We have seen attempts to make political capital, and heard bunkum before to-day, but this production of the committee of ten is above and beyond anything we ever saw put forth by sensible men in that line. We caution the people against this rampant, litiguously-inclined combination of agitators, and warn them that if they go much further, Craven County will be sued on all hands, and *the taxes which will be levied next year will be enormous.* It is understood and believed, not only at home but abroad, that repudiators and political wire pullers are at the bottom of the whole movement, and any man with common sense can see this when he knows that this committee is composed exclusively of Conservatives appointed by Conservatives, of whom about twenty-five were tax-payers, and who presume to act for the whole people, many of whom quietly smile and ask, What scheme next for making lawyer's fees will be gotten up?

Love By Wire.

The report of Mr. Scudamore, the Director of Postal Telegraphs in Great Britain, contains a romance of the most original description. After saying how successful he found the system of employing male and female clerks together, and how much the tone of the men has been raised by the association, and how well the women perform the checking or fault-finding branches of the work, he goes on to speak of friendships formed between clerks at either end of the telegraph wire. They begin by chatting in the intervals of their work, and very soon become fast friends. "It is a fact," continues Mr. Scudamore, "that a telegraph clerk in London, who was engaged on a wire to Berlin, formed an acquaintance with, and an attachment for"—mark the official style of the language—"a female clerk who worked on the same wire in Berlin; that he made a proposal of marriage to her, and that she accepted him without ever having seen him. They were married, and the marriage, which resulted from the electric affinities, is supposed to have turned out as well as those in which the senses are more apparently concerned." Nor must the prudent reader run away with the idea that these young persons were very rash, or that they married without due acquaintance. For it is a fact that a clerk at one end of a wire can readily tell by the way in which the clerk at the other end does his work "whether he is passionate or sulky, cheerful or dull, sanguine or phlegmatic, ill-natured or good-natured."

An Electric Joke, with a Sequal.

An amusing innovation agitates certain Sacramento loungers, and its operation is thus chronicled by the *Bee* of that city: "The authorities at the telegraph office in the passenger depot have conceived and ultimated a very happy idea of affording a cheap and effectual amusement to loungers thereabout. A box running the full length of the front of the office on the outside has heretofore furnished a tempting seat for the habitues. This has been covered with zinc, which has been connected with the batteries that were contained in the box. A person sitting upon the box without touching his hands thereto will not feel the electricity, but if his hands drop on the box, or he puts them thereon to assist him in rising, he receives such a sudden and astonishing shock as sends him an unbelievable number of feet toward the lofty roof and the adjacent river. Any good day a person may see some of these unfortunates unexpectedly struck with this domesticated lightning, describing a fifty feet parabola in the air. Inside the office an almost imperceptible wire conducts the electricity into the iron handles of a spacious arm-chair. A large gentleman sat down therein the other day, and, leaning luxuriously back, he laid his hands upon the arms, and in that very instant he was astounded to find himself trying to butt a hole through the ceiling. The sequel to this joke is not quite as amusing as the story, for the Assistant Superintendent happened to take a seat in one of the chairs, and on his return to the floor from his ærial flight he dismissed some of the practical jokers."

A PENNSYLVANIA TRAGEDY.

A Stranger Horribly Murdered in Chester County.

PHILADELPHIA, July 14.

A special dispatch from West Chester says a horrible murder, almost equalling the West Farms tragedy in Dover, Del., has just been discovered in Chester county. Jennersville is in Penn. Township, Chester county, one mile north of the line of the Baltimore Central Railroad, and six miles northeast of the borough of Oxford. On the 30th of June last a strange man arrived at the hotel of that village and stopped there, saying that he had come from Baltimore and was an agent but giving no name. He was, in appearance, a young man, probably not over 30, with black whiskers. On the following day a team driven by one Wm. E. Udderzook stopped at the tavern, and the "agent" was invited by Udderzook to take a ride. He accepted the invitation, and they went away together. The team had been hired by Udderzook at Parkesburg, and he returned it in the evening, when the person who took charge of it remarked that there was blood on the wagon. Udderzook made a plausible explanation of the circumstance, and immediately left the neighborhood. The strange man was never afterward seen alive.

On Friday last it was noticed by a man that a large number of buzzards were hovering about a wood a short distance off the Newport and Gray's pike, between the villages of Cochranville and Penningtonville. The man at length went to the place to see what they were doing, and found unearthed the head and body of a man, as well as his arms and legs, which were separate from the body. He gave notice to the neighborhood, and the horribly mutilated body was finally recognized as that of the stranger who has been staying at Jennerville. A jury was impaneled by the Deputy Coroner, but the verdict is sealed and has not yet been handed over to the Coroner of the county. The murdered man was stabbed in three or four places, his throat cut, and both arms and both legs were severed close to the body. Udderzook cannot be found. He is, or was until lately, on the Baltimore police force. He is young and has red whiskers. The object of the murder unquestionably was plunder. No clothes were found except a pair of shoes. It is reported that the man was known to have a considerable sum of money on his person. The severed limbs were buried in a separate spot from the body, and not far from the house of one Rhodes, a brother-in-law of the supposed murderer.

For Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits & General Debility, in their various forms, FERRO-PHOSPORATED ELIXIR OF CALISAYA made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York, and sold by *all* druggists, is the best tonic. As a stimulant tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal. If taken during the season it prevents fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers.

THE FALL OF THE DEMOCRATS.

Well! well, "things have come to a pretty pass when a man can't wallop his own—mule," but, so it is with the Democracy and Beauregard. Some of them want to do the walloping even so much; they itch to do it, but it wont do, and the more cautious are cautioning the reckless and rampant to be careful. The *Robesonian* takes Father Ryan of the New Orleans *Star and Catholic Messenger* to task for entering his protest against Beauregards unification policy and does it prettily, implying rather than saying that the semi religious character of Father Ryan's paper should prohibit him from interfering with such affairs. We admire Father Ryan's pluck and straightforwardness in this matter although we do not (of course) sympathise with his sentiments, but as for such papers as cover up their true sentments and play "pig and puppy," we have no word of praise. They may wriggle as they please, Beauregard has expressed the true sentiments of the rank and file of the Democracy, who are tired of fighting over the recognition of caste and race in the political ring, who desire and will have unity and a show for success upon a good basis or will abandon the old hulk altogether, and proclaim themselves Republicans as Gov. Wise and many others have done. We hear it said every day that many new converts have come into our ranks, having become disgusted with the deceit and lack of principle in the leading Democrats, and they not only say so, but act so squarely. We believe that if a vote was polled in this State to-day, on party lines, the Democrats would find themselves in such a hopeless minority that they would throw up the sponge and concede the next Legislature to the Republican party without a struggle.

Regitrars of Voters and Inspectors of Elections.

At the last regular monthly meeting of the Commissioners of Craven County the following appointments of Registarars and Inspectors was made to conduct the election of Township officers, and the ballot for or against the constitutional amendments:

No. 1 TOWNSHIP.

Swift Creek Precinct.—Geo. W. Willis, Registrar; Berry Nelson, Charles Sutton, Wm. B. Morris and Spencer Roach, Inspectors.

No. 2 TOWNSHIP.

Gaskins' Mill Precinct.—Alonzo J. Holton, Registrar; John A. Wiggins, Willis Pettipher, Henry T. Fulcher and George W. Caton, Inspectors.

No. 5 TOWNSHIP.

Adams' Creek Precinct.—George H. Grover, Registrar; Thomas Grover, John R. Holland, John H. Nelson and Edward F. Carraway, Inspectors.

Temples' Precinct.—Edmond W. Fisher, Registrar; John W. Gaskill, Jesse P. Godet, William Temple and B. F. Borden, Inspectors.

No. 6 TOWNSHIP.

Lee's Farm.—Adam Cully, Registrar; Rev. Edward Bull, Hardy B. Bennett, Thomas H. Mallison and Edward M. Piver, Inspectors.

No. 7 TOWNSHIP.

Conner's Precinct.—Garret G. Moye, Registrar; Luke Martin, Wm. Ed. Sumner, George D. Conner, and Chas. W. Hardison, Inspectors.

James City Precinct.—Phillip J. Lee, Registrar; William J. Hodges, Jacob Grimes, Michael N. Fisher and Clifford Simpson, Inspectors.

No. 8 TOWNSHIP—*City of New-Berne.*

First Ward.—Wm. L. Palmer, Registrar; John Patterson, Thomas Powers, E. M. Pavie and T. A. Green, Inspectors.

Second Ward.—David N. Kilburn, Registrar; E. W. Carpenter, Daniel Stimson, Edward Gerock and Seth M. Carpenter, Inspectors.

Third Ward.—Richard Tucker, Registrar; Wm. W. Lawrence, J. A. Suydam, Jr., Thomas Stanly and W. S. Styron, Inspectors.

Fourth Ward.—R. T. Berry, Registrar; A. W. Nelson, Joseph B. Mason, George Allen and George Bishop Inspectors.

Fifth Ward.—Robert G. Mosely, Registrar; George S. Smith, George S. Fisher, Lemuel S. Wood and John M. Hargett, Inspectors.

Sixth Ward.—Amos York, Registrar; Daniel H. Harris, John R. Good, Wm. S. Phillips and James H. Pool, Inspectors.

Seventh Ward.—Joseph Mumford, Registrar; Virgil A. Crawford, George Physick, Jacob Gooding, Jr., and A. L. Bynum, Inspectors.

Outside city New-Berne.—Geo. W. Nason, Jr., Registrar; Israel P. Nelson, Edward R. Dudley, J. H. Richardson and Alex. Miller, Inspectors.

No. 9 TOWNSHIP.

Davis' Precinct.—C. L. Wetherington, Registrar; John Mosely, Alfred Sutton, Hezekiah Davis and Cicero Green, Inspectors.

Core Creek Precinct.—Nathaniel F. Wetherington, Registrar; George W. Daugherty, Miles Kimble, Aaron B. Rivers and George W. Charlton, Inspectors.

Fort Barnwell Precinct.—R. A. Russell, Registrar; Edward H. Hill, John Jones, James W. Biddle and George W. West, Inspectors.

JAMES C. HARRISON, ex-officio Clerk,
Board County Commissioners.

A correspondent, writing from Athens, curiously contrasts the mixtures to be found there of ancient and modern civilizations. Railroads spin their trains amid the temples of three thousand years; steamers dash their swells upon the Pireus, and the scream of their whistles resounds from Athos, Pentelicus and Cytheron to Olympus and the heavens beyond their gods. Dr. Ayer's world renowned medicines, those consummations of modern science, are posted on the Acropolis, the Parthenon, the Areopagus and the Thesion, while the modest cards of Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Sarasparilla, Ague Cure and Pills look from the windows of the shops in the streets of Athens, where they are sold.—N. Y. Sunday Globe.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE $60 a week guaranteed, respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address with return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 173 Greenwich St., N. Y. 4w

"**PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL CHARMING.**" How either sex may fascinate and gain the love & affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free by mail, for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding Night Shirt, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAMS & Co. Phila. Phila. 4w

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS.—VIRGINIA.

This celebrated watering place is now open to receive guests. Those who are afflicted with Scrofula, Glandular Swellings, and Cutaneous Eruptive Diseases, Erysipelas, Tetter, Eczema, &c., Chronic Diarrhœa, and Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Chronic Throat, Dropsy and Piles, should lose no time in coming to this fountain of health to be healed. For the cure of many of the above diseases, this water stands unrivalled among the Mineral Water of the United States.

4w JAMES A. FRAZIER, Proprietor.

NEVER

Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

are a sure cure for all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diptheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all Diseases of the Lungs.

In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will, in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, **send at once to the Agent in New-York,** who will forward them by return mail.

Don't be Deceived by Imitations.

Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents a box.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New-York.
4w Send for Circular. Sole Agent for United States.

CHOLERA AND EPIDEMIC DISEASES PREVENTED BY USING BROMO-CHLORALUM,

The New Odorless and Non-Poisonous Powerful Deodorizer and DISINFECTANT.

Its daily use destroys all bad odors and pestiferous emanations about your premises, and thereby prevents contagion and disease; contains no poison and has no odor of its own, and is always safe.

Dr. BROCKETT, a celebrated writer on Cholera and Yellow Fever, maintains that a few drops of BROMO-CHLORALUM in a tumbler of water, drank daily, will prove a sure protection from these diseases. 4w.

Prepared only by TILDEN & CO.,
Sold by all druggists. New-York.

Agents Wanted for **SAINTS AND SINNERS OF THE BIBLE.**

Dissected, analyzed and portrayed as real men and women, just like Saints and Sinners of our own day. Original, Racy, Striking and Popular. Reads like a novel. Send for circular. ZEIGLER & M'CURDY, 518 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 4w

WATER WHEEL NUMEROUS TESTS HAVE PROVED **N. F. Burnham's New Turbine WATER WHEEL** To be the Best Ever Invented.

Pamphlet free, Address, York, Pa. 4w

DR. TUTTS VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

The startling drawback on nearly all medicinal agents has ever been that in their process of purgation and purification they have also debilitated the system. To obviate this difficulty physicians have long sought for an agent that would

PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN

At one and the same time.

Their research has at last been rewarded by a discovery which fully realizes the fondest desires of the medical faculty, and which is justly regarded as the most important triumph that Pharmacy has ever achieved. This important desideratum is

Dr. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pill.

Which purifies the blood and remove all corrupt humors and unhealthy accumulations from the body, and yet produces no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tones the stomach and invigorates the body during the progress of their operation. They unite the heretofore irreconcilable qualities of a STRENGTHENING PURGATIVE and a PURIFYING TONIC.

Dr. Tutt's Pills are the most active and searching medicine in existence. They at once attack the very root of diseases, and their action is so prompt that in an hour or two after they are taken the patient is aware of their good effects. They may be taken at any time without restraint of diet or occupation; they produce neither nausea, griping nor debility, and as a family medicine they have no rival.

Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all Druggists.
Principal office, 18 and 20 Platt St., New York. 4w

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN JURUBEBA BLOOD PURIFIER

Is the most powerful cleanser, strengthener, and remover of Glandular Obstuctions known to *Materia Medica.*

It is specially adapted to constitutions "worn down" and debilitated by the warm weather of Spring, and Summer, when the blood is not in active circulation, consequently gathering impurities from sluggishness and imperfect action of the secretive organs, and is manifested by Tumors, Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Scrofula, &c., &c.

When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowziness and inertis take the place of energy and vigor, the system needs a *Tonic* to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.

In the heat of Summer, frequently the *Liver* and *Spleen* do not properly perform their functions; the Uterine and Urinary Organs are inactive, producing weakness of the stomach and intestines and a predisposition to bilious derangement.

Dr. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

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