

WEST-CAROLINA RECORD.

THE STRONGEST BULWARK OF OUR COUNTRY—THE POPULAR HEART.

CARPENTER & GRAYSON, EDITORS.

CLENDENIN & CARPENTER, PUBLISHERS.

VOL. I.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C., FEBRUARY 22, 1873.

NO. 5.

WEST-CAROLINA RECORD.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
1 Copy 1 Year in Advance, \$2.00
1 " " 6 Months, " 1.00

Any person sending us a Club of five with the Cash at above rates for one Year, will be entitled to an extra copy.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
SPACE 1w. 2mo. 3mo. 6mo. 12mo.
1 inch 1.00 2.50 4.00 9.00 16.00
2 " 2.00 4.00 6.00 12.00 20.00
4 " 4.00 10.00 20.00 35.00 45.00
8 " 8.00 20.00 35.00 60.00 70.00
1 column 15.00 40.00 60.00 80.00 125.00

Special notices charged 50 per cent lighter. Local notices 15 cents a line.

Agents procuring advertisements will be allowed a commission of 25 per cent.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
DR. J. L. RUCKER.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Gentle for the liberal patronage hereto, for the relief of the sick, and prompt attention to all calls, to merit a continuance of the same.
J. L. RUCKER, M. D.
L. J. CHURCHILL, O. M. WHITESIDE.

CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of Western North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the State and in the District, Circuit and Supreme Courts of the United States.

M. H. JUSTICE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Claims collected in all parts of the State.

J. L. CARSON.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections made in any part of the State if possible.

LOGAN & JUSTICE.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.

J. B. CARPENTER.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.
Collections promptly attended to.

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.
WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD RAILROAD.
EASTERN DIVISION: GOING WEST.
STATIONS: PASSENGER FREIGHT.
Leave Wilmington, 8:00 A. M. 6:00 A. M.
Arrive Salisbury, 4:45 10:00

GOING EAST.
STATIONS: PASSENGER FREIGHT.
Leave Salisbury, 7:40 A. M. 12:00 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington, 4:35 P. M. 5:00 P. M.

WESTERN DIVISION.
STATIONS: PASSENGER FREIGHT.
Leave Charlotte, 8:00 A. M. 11:30
Arrive at Elizabethtown, 11:30

RETURNING.
Leave Elizabethtown, 1:30 P. M.
Arrive Charlotte, 5:30
V. Q. JOHNSON, S. L. FREMONT.
Assistant Supt. Genl. Supt.

WESTERN N. CAROLINA RAILROAD.
Passenger Trains on this Road run as follows:
GOING WEST.
Leave Salisbury at 5:00 a. m.
Arrive at Marion, 12:48 p. m.
Arrive at Old Fort, 1:32

GOING EAST.
Leave Old Fort, 7:15 a. m.
Leave Marion at 8:04
Arrive at Salisbury, 3:32 p. m.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.
NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION: GOING NORTH.
STATIONS: MAIL EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte, 7:10 p. m. 6:25 a. m.
Arrive Greensboro, 12:50 a. m. 10:10
Leave Greensboro, 1:45 11:10
Arrive Goldsboro, 11:05 a. m.

GOING SOUTH.
STATIONS: MAIL EXPRESS.
Leave Goldsboro, 4:00 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro, 7:20 a. m. 3:30 p. m.
Leave Greensboro, 7:25 4:00
Arrive Charlotte, 7:20 8:30

If We Knew.
"If we knew the baby fingers
Pressed against the window-pane
Would be cold and stiff to-morrow—
Never trouble us again—
Would the bright eyes of our darling
Catch the frown upon our brow?
Would the print of rosy fingers
Vex us then, as they do now?"

"Ah! those little, ice-cold fingers,
How they point our memories back
To the hasty words and actions
Strewn along our backward track!
How those little hands remind us,
As in snowy grace they lie,
Not to scatter thorns—but roses—
For reaping, by and by!"

"Strange we never prize the music
Till the sweet-voiced bird has flown!
Strange that we should slight the
violets
Till the lovely flowers are gone!
Strange that summer skies and sun-
shine
Never seemed one half so fair
As when winter's snowy pinions
Shake the white down in the air!"

"Lips from which the seal of silence
None but God can roll away,
Never blossomed in such beauty
As adorns the mouth to-day;
And sweet words that freight our
memory
With their beautiful perfume,
Come to us in sweeter accents
Through the portals of the tomb!"

"Let us gather up the sunbeams
Lying all around our path;
Let us keep the wheat and roses—
Casting out the thorns and chaff;
Let us find our sweetest comfort
In the blessings of to-day—
With a patient hand removing
All the briars from our way."

MISSIONARY MOVEMENT.

At the meeting of the Green River Baptist Association, October 4th to 6th, 1872, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Association appoint a Board of Missions, consisting of five members, which shall co-operate with the Executive Board of the N. C. Baptist State Convention in raising funds for the prosecution of the work of missions. That this Board shall appoint a committee of three in each church in the Association, whose duty it shall be to bring before their respective churches the claims of the mission work and give them the privilege of contributing any amount that they may desire, said amount to be applied exclusively to the work of missions. The contributions thus made are to be forwarded to the Board of Missions, and by said Board to be forwarded to the Treasurer of the Executive Board of the Baptist State Convention. Said Board of missions shall make to this Association at its regular sessions, a full report of all moneys received from the different churches, exhibiting vouchers showing the disposition made of the same. C. B. JUSTICE.

On motion it was agreed that the Moderator and Clerk be appointed two of the Board provided for in the foregoing resolution. The Moderator then appointed Elders W. H. Logan, H. D. Harrill, and Brother J. W. Lewis as the other three members of the Board.

The above appointed Committee met, January 6th, 1873, at the office of C. B. Justice, Rutherfordton, N. C., members present Elders H. D. Harrill, T. B. Justice, C. B. Justice, and Bro. J. W. Lewis, and organized by appointing T. B. Justice, President, C. B. Justice, Sec'y, and H. D. Harrill, Treasurer.

According to instructions contained in the foregoing resolution, the committee made the following appointments of Committees for the different churches (to-wit):

Head First Branch—B. E. Rollins, M. Melton, W. Fortune.
Mt. Vernon—N. J. Rollins, H. B. Wilson, T. Bland.
Cane Creek—R. K. Wilson, J. T. Long, G. W. Guffy.
Mt. Zion—D. D. Baltimore, H. D. Price, S. J. Weaver.

Mt. Lebanon—L. L. Deck, A. E. Wilson, B. W. Tobery.
Sho. —P. C. Hamrick, T. C. Page.
J. E. Henry.
Cool Spring—W. Harrill, G. T. Bostick, J. G. McArthur.
White Oak—O. J. Nelson, J. Walker, W. Splawn.
Rock Springs—A. O. Lynch, E. L. Taylor, R. Whiteside.

Mt. Pleasant—A. M. McMahon, T. Toms, W. S. Hill.
Pleasant Hill—J. T. McFaddin, O. Taylor, B. Hill.
Bethel—J. H. Morris, G. Kaylor, J. B. Grayson.
Mt. Creek—J. T. Lewis, D. W. Geer, Elbert Keeter, Sr.

Bills Creek—W. F. Fliun, Barzilla Ledbetter, J. Taylor.
Millsford's Cove—J. W. Morgan, T. P. Hemphill, J. Hall.
Silver Creek—G. B. Arledge, A. E. Jones, Albert Jackson.
Dysartsville—L. McCurry, J. K. Denton, J. L. McCurry.
Camp Creek—C. Clement, J. R. Walker, Jr.

Zion Hill—J. F. Pendergrass, I. H. Reel.
Cooper's Gap—I. M. Frady, L. Cowart, M. R. Laughter.
Marion—W. D. Justice, T. F. Hawkins, Berry.
Harmony Grove—J. C. Grayson, B. P. Simmons, G. M. Walton.

Bethlehem—J. A. Reel, N. Souther, G. R. Morgan.
Round Hill—R. O. Ledbetter, M. Harris, I. P. Sorrells.
Rutherfordton—W. O. Wallace, J. M. Allen, G. M. Whiteside.
Cherry Springs—O. Moor, J. B. Coxey, J. Keeter.

Floyd's Creek—K. T. Carpenter, S. E. Bostick, H. P. Miller.
Pine Knob—A. B. Haynes, W. B. McIntire, H. P. Lynch.
On motion, ordered the Secretary to prepare and have published in the West-Carolina Record, and address to the different Committees and Churches, setting forth the object of the Committee and also the plan of operations. Bro. J. W. Lewis was requested to assist the Secretary in the preparation of said address.

The Committee then adjourned to meet at the call of the President. T. B. JUSTICE, President. C. B. JUSTICE, Secretary.

ADDRESS

TO THE COMMITTEES AND CHURCHES.

Neither the Association, nor the Central Committee propose to compel any person, or church, to contribute any thing for missionary purposes, but simply to bring the subject before the different churches and congregations and allow each one to give whatever amount he may feel it to be his duty to contribute. It is hoped, and expected, that the different church committees will bring before their churches at as early a day as practicable, the subject of missions; reading to them the foregoing proceedings and also this circular that they may have a thorough understanding of the plan proposed; and then take up a collection for Home and Foreign Missions, giving to all an opportunity to contribute whatever amount they may wish. Although, the progress of the Gospel seems to be slow; yet in reality it has been rapid and grand. Starting out without any worldly pomp or grandeur; advocated and preached by the little band of Disciples; while the great, the noble and the wealthy of the world opposed it; by its own power, derived from God, it has expanded and spread until in each of the five grand divisions of the earth are to be found those that are acknowledged Christians.

Difficulty after difficulty has been overcome, obstacles have been surmounted. There has been no opposition found that could successfully resist the progress of the cause of Christ. To-day, when we review the past, instead of being discouraged and faint, we should renew our strength and press onward. Idolatry, Infidelity, Skepticism, and Popery have all been made to tremble before the simple truths

of the Gospel. Churches have been built up in China, Africa, Hindoostan, Burmah, England, France, America, Mexico, and even Rome, the seat of the man of sin. This has all been done through the preaching of the Gospel by the missionary, either at his own expense or else paid by his brethren.

But still there is a great work to be done. There are in China, Africa, Burmah, Hindoostan, Arabia, Italy, and even America, and in some localities of North Carolina, persons that never heard the Gospel. Italy has but recently been thrown open to the Gospel. Dr. Cote is there laboring to plant the Cross of Christ upon a firm basis. Churches are being built up, many of the people seem anxious to hear.

Dr. Jeter is in the city of Rome superintending the erection of a house of worship for the church there; this field, in the providence of God, has fallen to the Baptist of the South, as vanguards they entered in advance of all others.

The last time Dr. Yates met his church in China, before sailing on his recent trip to America, the house was packed, the windows and doors crowded, and the yard full; at the close of the services an old man, bowed under the weight of many years, came to him and said:—Mr. Yates, I want to hear the Gospel; my people want to hear it, but this house is too small; won't you build it larger so that we may come and hear?"

An old sister said brother Yates, when you see the brethren in America tell them how grateful we feel to them for sending us the Gospel, ask them to send us more ministers; you are getting old; the field is too large for you and to please send out others.

When A. D. Phillips was in Africa looking after the interests of the cause he was met with urgent appeals on every hand for missionaries, with strong promises from Kings and great men that they would protect the missionaries and gladly hear them preach. Other fields are equally inviting, and solicitous for the Gospel.

The great Commission teaches us to preach the Gospel to every creature; Paul says: "I have robbed other churches, taking wages of them that I might do you service." We are told, "Truly ye have received, freely give." The laborer is worthy of his hire." "How shall they believe in him of whom they have not heard, and how shall they hear without a preacher, and how shall he preach except he be sent?" God, "commanded men every where to repent." This command must fall to reach them unless we send the Bible and Missionaries to them.

The Saviour told his Disciples to preach the Gospel to every creature. After the gift of the Holy Ghost they still lingered at Jerusalem, loth to separate, until Herod stretched forth his hand to vex them, and then under the dreadful persecutions that followed, they went out into the surrounding nations and preached repentance to lost sinners. So if we fail to carry out the command of Christ with cheerfulness we may expect some turn of God's providence to force us to comply with the divine will.

While all other enterprises may disappoint us and fail, the cause of Christ is sure to succeed. "On this rock," says Christ, "I will build my church and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it." My Father that gave them me is greater than all and no man shall be able to pluck them out of my Father's hand. The heathen are to be given to Christ for an inheritance and the utmost parts of the earth for a possession. The Kingdoms of this world are to become the Kingdom of our God and His Christ.

We may hoard up treasures for our children, only to prove a curse to them, or the saving of

a long and laborious life may take wings and fly away. We may store their minds with education, but can't tell whether or not, the accursed influence of Satan is to touch and blight it all. But when we give into the treasury of the Lord and send forth the minister and the Bible we may feel assured that we are making an investment that is safe, and are engaged in a cause that will succeed.

And now brethren, knowing that thus far the work has succeeded;—that there yet remains much to be done;—that God approves of our doing it as his servants,—and that it must and will succeed, we appeal to you as brethren in Christ to aid in doing this work by making liberal contributions for missionary purposes.

All moneys collected may be forwarded to Elder H. D. Harrill, Burnt Chimney, Rutherford County, N. C., who will receive and receipt for the same.
C. B. JUSTICE,
J. W. LEWIS.

The Lien Law.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That every building built, rebuilt or repaired, together with the lot on which said building may be situated, and every lot, farm or vessel or any kind of property, whether real or personal, not herein enumerated, shall be subject to a lien for the payment of all debts contracted for work done on the same or for materials furnished.

SEC. 2. The lien hereby created shall attach for the value of such labor or materials furnished, upon the property mentioned in the first section of this act, on filing the notice herein-after provided for, and shall be preferred to every other lien or incumbrance which shall attach upon the property subsequent to the time at which the work was commenced or the materials furnished.

SEC. 3. The notice of the lien here provided for shall be filed:
1. In cases where the sum demanded does not exceed two hundred dollars, with any Justice of the Peace of the county wherein the property is situated or the defendant resides.

SEC. 4. The notice of the lien shall be filed as provided in the preceding section, at any time within six months after the performance and completion of the labor or the final furnishing of materials or the gathering of the crop; and shall specify:
1st. The amount of the claim.

2d. The person against whom the claim is made.

3d. The situation and description of the property to said lien in concise language.

SEC. 5. Proceedings to enforce the lien herein created must be commenced in the courts having jurisdiction of the sum or sums demanded.

SEC. 6. Upon judgement being rendered in favor of the plaintiff, the execution therein shall direct the officer to sell the property of the defendant upon which said lien has been attached.

SEC. 7. The act of the General Assembly, ratified 6th day of April, A. D. 1869, and also the act of the 23th of March, 1870, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 8. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

A Determined Woman.

From Christianburg, Montgomery county, Va., we obtain the following particulars:

"A young man, whose name we could not learn, wooed and won the affections of a Miss Price, daughter of Mr. Chapman Price, formerly of this county but now a resident of Craig. The parents of the young lady bitterly opposed her marrying the youth in question, because of his dissipated habits. But as is usual in such cases, opposition only added fuel to the flame and confirmed the maiden in her determination to cling to her lover through thick and thin. Last week, learning that Mr. Price would be from home, he procured a baggy and went to his residence to elope with his daughter to West Virginia, to be married. His affianced was ready and willing to go with him, but the mother set her foot firmly down, and vowed that he should not have the girl from the house, at the same time pointing to the gun and telling him that if he attempted to carry her off she would shoot him. Treating these as the idle threats of a woman, the lovers continued their preparations for departure. All things being ready they proceeded to the buggy—the young lady was handed in—the youth had taken his seat by her side and was in the act of driving off, when Mrs. Price, cut short the whole proceeding by shooting the aforesaid youth with the gun above mentioned. The physician who dressed his wound pronounces his recovery extremely doubtful, if not impossible. This is a sad occurrence, but the universal verdict will be, 'served him right.' If a few more Mrs. Prices would shoot a few more worthless lovers, fewer foolish girls would be rendered miserable for life by indiscreet marriages."

Beyond Per Cent.

General Craft, one of our prominent lawyers, was hailed, while passing Freeman's jewelry store, by the proprietor, with, "General, come in here a moment, we have something for you to solve. If a man brings a watch to be fixed, and it cost me 10 cents to do it, and I keep it a week, and charge him \$6, what per cent do I make? We have been figuring, and made it 900 per cent, and have only got it up to \$1. How much do you say it would be at \$6?" "Well," replied the General, "I do not wonder at your perplexity; for it is well known, and the celebrated Babbitt calculating machine has demonstrated that at certain points in progressive numbers the law that governs them changes. In this case the law would change, and long before it would reach the \$6 it would run out of per cent, and into what is known as *larceny*."—Harper's Magazine.

Uncle Broadhacres, after trying a horse described as "thoroughly broken and afraid of nothing," came to the conclusion that there was no misrepresentation. He moved as though every bone in his body had been broken, and as he was continually afraid, while there was nothing to be afraid of; he seemed to answer the description.

A distinguished clergyman in Boston performed the marriage ceremony, and the couple walked away without bestowing any fee. But the bride turned and said: "We are very much obliged to you, sir, and I hope one of these days we shall be able to retaliate."

A young lady writes to an exchange giving a receipt for having fun. She says, invite half a dozen boys, and girls to your house when your pa and ma are away, a part half-dollar silver piece in a dish with molasses an inch deep in it, and offer it to the boy who gets it with his mouth. The more the boys try to get it the more fun will there be. That girl deserves a diploma.

A boy in the book-room of the common-wealth office in Topeka, loaded the foreman's pipe with powder. The pipe was discharged, so was the boy. The foreman thinks he will ultimately recover the use of one eye.

A Millwright lady had several hundred dollars worth of pint lace clipped off her clothing by an adroit thief while she was at church singing "Strip me of the robe of pride; clothe me in humility."