THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

North Carolina Argus.

CAMERON & FULTON, PUBLISHERS. This Argus o'er the People's rights doth an eternal vigil keep: No nothing strain of Mars's Sun can lull his hundred eyes to sleep. TERMS: TWO DOLLARS IN ADVANCE.

New Series.—Vol. II.—No. 37. Fayetteville, N. C., Saturday, October 20, 1855. Whole No. 93.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY

CAMERON & FULTON.

JOHN W. CAMERON, Editor and Proprietor.

SAMUEL FULTON, Assistant Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Two Dollars, in advance;
Two Dollars and Fifty Cents, if paid during the year;
Three Dollars, if not paid during the year of subscription;
No subscription received for a less period than a year, unless paid for in advance;
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor;
Those wishing to discontinue their papers at the end of the year, must notify the Editor of their intention two weeks before the expiration of the year, otherwise the paper will be continued to their addresses, and charged according to the above rates;
No paper sent out of the State, except the money accompany the order, unless to a known responsible name.
All Letters to the Editor, to insure attention, must be prepaid.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For square, of sixteen lines, or less, first insertion, $0.50
Each subsequent insertion under three months, 0.25
For three months, 4.00
For six months, 6.00
For twelve months, 10.00
Professional or Business Cards, not over five lines, per year, 5.00
Longer ones in proportion.
Advertisers must state the number of insertions they wish; otherwise they will be continued till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Council, Ray & Co.
Hay Street, Fayetteville,

ARE now receiving their FALL STOCK of STAPLE and FANCY

DRY GOODS,

In which may be found FOR THE LADIES:
Plain col'd, Plaid, White and Black **DeLaines, Cashmeres** and **Merinos,** Plain and Fig'd Fancy and Black **Silks,** Cloth **Mantles** and **Cloaks,** Cloak **Cloth, Skirts** and **Skirting.** Merino **Vests, Bonnets, Embroideries, &c.**

FOR GENTLEMEN:

Hats, Boots and Shoes, Vestings, Cassimers, white, Black and Fancy Stocks and Cravats, Ready-Made Clothing, &c.

—ALSO,—

Linseys, Kerseys and Plains, Blankets, Brogans, Table Cloths and Covers, Allendale Sheetings, Children's Kid Gloves, Wool Sacks and Comforts, Youths' and Boy's Clothing, English and Italian Crapes, Dimity, Embroidery Silks and Braids.

A good assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's BOOTS, SHOES, and GAITERS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.

Sept. 20. 89-tf

NEW STORE.

H. GRAHAM,

HAS opened a Grocery and Provision Store, East side Green Street, 3 doors North Market Square, where he would invite his friends and customers to give him a call.

H. GRAHAM.
Sept. 1855. 90-tf

OLD RYE WHISKEY.

THE Subscriber having received the Agency for the sale of Dr. FRANK WILLIAMS' **Rye Whiskey,** informs the public that a supply of the article can always be found at his store, on Gillespie street, at wholesale or retail.

R. MITCHELL.
Sept. 14. 89-6m.

LOST.

LOST or mislaid, a note for **One Hundred and ten 46-100 Dollars,** made by Christopher Munroe, payable one day after date, and dated Oct. 12th 1852, with a credit of Fourteen Dollars July 12th 1854. Said note was placed in my hands for collection by Dan'l B. Campbell, to whom it is payable. All persons are cautioned against trading for said note.

JOHN R. McLEOD.
Sept. 18, 1855.-89tf.

CORPORATION BONDS
Of the town of Fayetteville for Sale!

AGREEABLE to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, ratified Dec 25 1852, authorizing the Town of Fayetteville to issue her Bonds to the amount of $100,000, in the aggregate, for the purpose of paying her subscription to the Western Rail Road Company.

Therefore, it is ordered by the Commissioners of Fayetteville, that the Treasurer of the Town receive sealed proposals, until the 1st of November next, for the purchase of $50,000, in sums of $500 each of said Bonds, or any part thereof. Bonds to run twenty years, with Coupons attached,—interest payable semi-annually. The said Bonds shall be under the seal of the Corporation, and binding on the faith of the same.

WM. WARDEN, Town Treasurer.
Sept. 26, 1855. 90-

New Fall and Winter Goods.
S. M. THOMAS

IS Receiving, direct from New York, a large and well selected assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Bonnetts, Boots, Shoes, Kerseys, Blankets, &c.

To which he would call the attention of the LADIES, his friends, and the Public generally,—to give him a call and examine his Stock before making their purchases. He intends to let the People decide whether they are pretty, or, whether they are CHEAP, when they examine his Stock and hear his prices.

He would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

Corner of Market and Gillespie St.
Sept. 27. 90-tf

VALUABLE FARM AND TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, on Tuesday of October Court, in the town of Carthage, **334 Acres of Land,** on Crapes Creek, on the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road, known as the Armstrong Land.

H. C. Armstrong, on the premises, will take pleasure in showing the land to persons wishing to purchase.

Terms made known on day of sale.
Sept. 25, 1855. 90-ts

GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.

The Subscriber has in Store a good Stock of Goods, in the **Grocery and Hardware** line; all of which will be sold wholesale or retail, or bartered for country produce, on terms the most reasonable.

A small lot of Saddlery for sale Cheap. Call and see.

G. W. I. GOLDSTON.

☞ Any of my friends in the country having business to transact in this place (such as renewals, &c.) can have it done on the usual terms by sending same to my care.

G. W. I. G.
Fayetteville, Sept. 1855. 90-tf

Fifty tons Guano.

THE Subscribers are receiving their Fall Stock of **GROCERIES,** embracing a large and general assortment in their line, which they offer to wholesale buyers at the lowest market rates for Cash, Country Produce, or on the usual credit to prompt paying customers.

ALSO,

Fifty tons best Peruvian Guano, for Cash, at 3 cents per pound.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.
Aug. 27, 1855. 86-tf

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

THIS CELEBRATED COMPOUND, SCIENTIFICALLY PREPARED FROM THE BEST ARTICLES OF THE MATERIA MEDICA,
Has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following good effects, viz:

Purifying the Blood,

and thus curing—
SCROFULA, SYPHILIS, ULCERS, and OLD SORES, OBSTINATE CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, and all diseases arising from the IMPRUDENT USE OR ABUSE OF MERCURY.
REGULATING THE STOMACH AND BOWELS,
Thus it cures—
Liver Disease, Indigestion, Bilious Complaints, Costiveness, and Piles. Strengthening the Digestive Organs,
Thus causing the food to nourish and support every part.
REGULATING THE SECRETIVE ORGANS, and by enabling them to perform their proper functions,
PREVENTING AND CURING
Bilious and other fashionable Diseases.
Will find it
quiet the NERVOUS SYSTEM,
Thus allaying NERVOUS IRRITATION, curing all diseases of the Nerves.
It is UNRIVALLED in the CURE OF FEMALE DISEASES!
Weakness, Irregularity, Obstructions, &c.

It is entirely Safe in all Cases

Acting in harmony with the restoring powers of nature, it never injures but always benefits and cures, as thousands of voluntary certificates from the best authorities testify.

☞ *Recollect that each bottle bears the name of* BENNET & BEERS, Druggists, No. 125 MAIN STREET, Richmond, VA. ☞ *None other is Genuine.*

Price One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five Dollars.

Sold by Druggists and Country Merchants in all the cities and counties of the United States, Canada and the West Indies.

WM. S. BEERS, Proprietor.
S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville.
59-1y J. W. DILLON, Little Rock, S. C.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of Goods in their line, for sale, on favorable terms,
July 26, 1854. 29-tf

DANIEL CLARK,
Successor to CLARK & WOODWARD,

HAS just returned from the North, where he has selected one of the best stocks of

READY MADE CLOTHING

Ever offered in this market, and to which he respectfully calls the attention of a discerning public.

N. B. Customers' Clothing made to order, as heretofore, in the best style of the art, and on reasonable terms.

Those gentlemen who wish to adopt the **very latest Styles** would do well to call in and examine **the large and beautiful assortment of SHANGHAIS** on hand at this establishment.

September 8, 1855. 87-t

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscribers are now receiving from New York, a large and well selected stock of seasonable goods embracing every article usually kept in a country store, among which are a large selection of **Ladies' Fine Dress Goods,** of the very latest designs and patterns; also a large assortment of Mantillas, Talmas, and Cloaks for Ladies, and in short, every thing else required as dress for Ladies and Gentlemen.

We respectfully invite our friends and customers, and the public generally to give us a call before making their purchases. Our stock is large and we are determined to sell on short profits.

M. W. McNAIR.
NEILL A. McNAIR.
Springfield, Richmond Co., Sept. 11, 1855. 88-tf

A. J. O'HANLON,

HAS just received and offers for sale—
85 Bags RIO COFFEE,
10 Hhds. SUGAR,
25 Bbls. do.
50 Kegs NAILS,
Paints, Brooms, Shot, Lead, Soap, Candles, Snuff, Candy, &c., &c.,

—ALSO—

100,000 CIGARS, of various brands, a part of which are prime and Cheap.

—ALSO—

NUTS of all Kinds.

Sep. 20, 1855. 89-2m

NOTICE.

PERSONS PURCHASING RAGS for me will recollect that I have never offered anything for WOOL or SILK Rags, and will allow nothing for them; but will give 2 cents per lb. for all coarse bagging and loose paper separate from the Rags.

D. MURPHY.
Sept. 12, 1855. 88-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:
CUMBERLAND COUNTY;

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1855.

Thomas S. Lutterloh v. James E. Metts.

ATTACHMENT,

Levied on a Lot in Campbellton, on the bank of the River Cape Fear, as the property of the defendant.—Judgment Conditional rendered.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James E. Metts, the defendant in this case, is not a resident of this county, it is therefore ordered that publication be made six weeks in the North Carolina Argus, a newspaper published in the town of Fayetteville, notifying the defendant to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at a Court to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, and plead, or the judgment will be made absolute, and the property levied on be sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

Witness John McLaurin, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Fayetteville, the first Monday in September, A. D. 1855.

J. McLAURIN, C. C. C.
90-6w-pr fee $3.20

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:
CUMBERLAND COUNTY;

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1855.

Alexander McAlister vs. Nathan K. McDuffie.

ATTACHMENT.

William J. Clements summoned as Garnishee.—Conditional judgment rendered.

It appearing to the Court that Nathan K. McDuffie, the defendant in this case, is not a resident of this State, and the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolina Argus, notifying the defendant of the issue of this attachment, and to appear, before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at a Court to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, and plead, or judgment will be made absolute, &c.

Witness John McLaurin, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Fayetteville, the 1st Monday of September, A. D. 1855.

J. McLAURIN, C. C. C.
90-6w-pr fee $3.20

TO RENT.

THE Dwelling and premises on Cold Spring Street recently occupied by M. J. Ramsay. Apply to

J. & T. WADDILL.
Sept. 24 1855. 90-tf

Carriage for Sale.

A Second-hand Family Carriage for sale cheap, as good as new.

Apply at the Drug Store of
FOULKES & McRAE.
March 10, 1855. 61-tf

FAYETTEVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

An Abstract of the SECOND ANNUAL REPORT of the President and Directors:

Policies issued past year 524; whole number issued 1233; covering property amounting to $2,126,853 00
Policies canceled and expired, 851,855 00

Amount now insured, $1,274,717 84

Am't of Prem. Notes, $116,533 30
" " " expired & cancel'd, 126,474 03

" " " now on hand, $189,859 33

Increase during last year, $61,275 07

Premium Notes averaging 14.89 per cent. on the amount insured, the actual cost of insurance during the year averaging less than ¼ per cent.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last report,	$772 89	
" for Premiums renewed,	6,103 28	
" for Policies, Surv's & Trans.	337 50	
" for Rent,	70 00	
		$7,283 67

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid C. H. Sneed, fire loss,	$850 00	
" " Lot & bal. Office build.	1,450 00	
" " Salaries,	1,550 00	
" " State Tax,	100 00	
" " Contingent expenses,	375 62	
" " Premiums returned,	20 65	
		$4,346 27
Balance,		$2,937 40

To wit:

Cash loaned out on Bond and Security, (on demand,)	$2,250 00	
Cash in Bank and in hands of Agents,	687 40	
		$2,937 40

ASSETS.

Cash on interest and in Bank, &c.,	$2,937 40
Rent due,	190 00
Real Estate, paying 13 per cent.,	1,800 00
	$4,927 40
Premium Notes on hand,	189,859 33
Amount Capital to meet any losses,	$194,786 73

In conclusion, the President and Directors congratulate the members and the public on the very fortunate and successful operations of the Company the past year. We have met with no loss since seventh March, 1854, (Sneed's,)—unless it be the case of Strangland & Einston, at Kinston, whose Store was blown up—*a very extraordinary case,*—which is still under investigation.

The following Directors were elected for next year:

Geo. McNeill, H. L. Myrover, Chas. Benbow, Henry Lilly, Jas. Kyle, S. W. Tillinghast, S. T. Hawley, T. S. Lutterloh, Wm. McLaurin, N. A. Stedman, J. G. Shepherd, S. J. Hinsdale, D. A. Ray, J. D. Williams, A. A. McKeithan, J. H. Cook, A. S. Hall, A. Wright, J. G. Cook, of Fayetteville, and R. T. Brown of Wilmington.

OFFICERS:

GEO. McNEILL, President.
H. L. MYROVER, Vice President.
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.
J. G. SHEPHERD, Attorney.

Executive Committee for the next quarter:
Geo. McNeill, S. W. Tillinghast, Wm. McLaurin.
May 20, 1855. 72-y

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to us previous to the 1st January will call and settle either by note or cash, and oblige us.

McDONALD & WHALEY.

N. B. A good assortment of **Saddles** and **Harness** always on hand for cash or on time to punctual customers.

Feb. 17, 1855. 58-tf
Observer copy.

Looking Glasses.

10 CASES, assorted, from 7 × 9 to 15 × 26 inches. Will be sold low, and *safely packed,* by

W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Dealer in Crockery, China, Glass-ware, &c.
Aug. 29, 1855. 86-3m

BRIDGE, DYGERT, & ORRELL,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
of
HATS, CAPS, FUR GOODS, Straw Goods, Umbrellas, &c.,
31 and 33 Dye Street,
NEW YORK.

EDWARD BRIDGE,
CHAUNCY DYGERT,
DANIEL M. ORRELL.
84-3m

REMOVAL.

S. M. Thomas

HAS REMOVED from his former Stand, near the Robbin House, Hay Street, to the corner of **Market and Gillespie Streets, S. W. from the Market House,** where he would be happy by Mr. *S. S. Arey,* where he would be happy his friends, and all those in want of **good Cheap GOODS,** to call and examine his which comprises **Staple and Fancy D. Y. GOODS, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Boots and shoes, &c.**

S. M. THOMAS.
Fayetteville, Aug. 27, 1855. 86-tf
Observer copy.

WILMINGTON AND Fayetteville Passenger Line.

THE NEW STEAMER "MAGNOLIA" will leave Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays at 15 minutes after sunrise, and Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays at o'clock. Passage $4.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.
June 14, 1855. 77-tf

ANDREW J. STEDMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
PITTSBOROUGH, N. C.

☞ Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Chatham, Moore, and Harnett Counties.
July 14, 1855. 79-tf

CROCKERY, CHINA, Glass Ware, &c.

I AM now opening my FALL SUPPLIES, comprising a very **General Assortment** of every thing suitable for the country and town trade.

My stock has been carefully selected, in person, from the best manufacturers and in the best Market in the country.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS may rely upon buying from me at prices which will save them all the *trouble and delay* of ordering from the North.

W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Dealer in Crockery, China and Glassware,
Aug. 22, 1855. 84-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND'S REVENGE.

BY OLD GRAY.

I was always fond of dogs. Goldsmith in his beautiful style, makes a touching and eloquent plea for the dog, where alluding to a sort of mania for dog-killing which prevailed at the time of which we speak, in consequence of unreasonable apprehension of the spread of hydrophobia, he says among other fine things that the dog is the only animal which will leave his own kind voluntarily to follow man.

This is true, and the truth should bind man to be the dog's protector and friend.

An American brig Cecilia, Capt. Symmes, on her voyage, had on board a splendid specimen of the Newfoundland breed, named Napoleon, and his magnificent size and proportions, his intelligent head, broad white chest, white feet and white tipped tail, the rest of his glossy body being black, made him as beautiful as his peerless namesake, who, no doubt would have been proud to possess him. He was owned by a seaman named Lancaster, who was naturally enough, fond of him.

Capt. Symmes, however, was not partial to animals of any kind, and had an unaccountable and special repugnance to dogs; so much so indeed, as if his ancestors had died of hydrophobia, and he dreaded to be bitten like his unfortunate predecessors.

This dislike he one day developed in a most shocking manner, for as Napoleon had several times entered his room and by wagging his great banner of a tail, knocked paper and ink-stand off his desk, on the next occasion the Captain seized a knife, and cut half the poor animal's tail off.

The dog's yells brought his master to the spot, and seeing the calamity and the author of it, without a moment's hesitation he felled Captain Symmes to the cabin floor with a sledge hammer blow, which, had it had it hit the temple, would forever prevented the Captain from cutting off any more dog's tail.

The result was that Lancaster was put in irons, from which, however, he was soon released.—Capt. Symmes partly repented his cruel deed, on learning that Napoleon had once saved his owner's life.

The white shark, as all my nautical friends are well aware, is one of the very largest of sharks. It averages over twenty, and I have seen one twenty-seven and a half feet in length. It is generally considered to be the fiercest and most formidable of all sharks.

But a few days elapsed after the catastrophe of poor Napoleon ere he became the hero of a most thrilling occurrence, the very thought of which has often thrilled me with horror. During the interval the noble beast was not at all backward in exhibiting his wrath at the captain by low growling when he approached.

As pain did his master, fearful for the life of the dog, to check these signs of anger.—Capt. Symmes, however, made all the allowance he could and offered no further harm to him.

One morning as the Captain was standing on the bowsprit, he lost his footing and fell overboard, the Cecilia then running about ten knots.

"Man overboard! Captain Symmes overboard!" was the cry, and all rushed to get out the boat as they saw the swimmer striking out for the brig, which at once rounded to; as they were especially apprehensive on account of the white sharks in those waters they regarded his situation with the most painful solicitude.

By the time the boat touched the water, their worst fears were realized, for at some distance beyond the swimmer, they beheld advancing upon him the fish most dreaded in those waters.

"Hurry, hurry! men, or we shall be too late," exclaimed the mate. "What's that?"

The splash which occasioned this inquiry was caused by the plunge of Napoleon into the sea, the noble animal having been watching the cause of the tumult from the bows of the vessel. He had noticed the Captain's fall and the shout, and for a few moments had vented his feelings in deep growls as if conscious of the peril of his late enemy and gratified at it.

His growls, however, were soon changed into those whines of sympathy which so often show the attachment of the dog to man, when the latter is in danger. At last he plunged, and rapidly making his way to the now nearly exhausted Captain, who, aware of his double danger, and being but a passable swimmer, made fainter and fainter strokes, while his adversary closed rapidly upon him.

"Pull, boys, for dear life!" was the shout of the mate, as the boat now followed the dog whose huge limbs propelled him gallantly to the scene of danger.

Slowly the fatigued swimmer made his way, while ever and anon his head sank in the waves, and behind him the back of the voracious animal told what fearful progress he was making, while [illegible] in the bow of the boat, stood with a [illegible] uplifted hand, watching alternate [illegible] swimmer, and the faithful animal [illegible] his own life.

"[illegible] what a swimmer!" exclaimed [illegible] watched the speed of the splendid [illegible] "[illegible] Shark will have one or both if [illegible] do their duty."

The escape was of short duration. Ere the boat could overtake the dog, the enormous shark had neared within three oar's length of the Captain, and suddenly turned over on his back, preparatory to darting on the sinking man, and receiving him in his vast jaws, which now displayed their rows of long triangular teeth.

The wild shriek of the Captain announced that the crisis had come. But Napoleon, who seemed inspired with increased strength, had also arrived, and with a fierce howl leaped upon the gleaming belly of the shark, and burried his teeth in the monster's flesh, while the boat swiftly neared them.

"Saved! we're half as smart as that dog is!" cried the mate, as all saw that voracious monster shudder in the sea, and smarting with pain, turn over and overagain, the dog retaining his hold and becoming submerged in the water.

At this juncture the boat arrived, and Lancaster, his knife in his teeth, plunged into the water where the Captain had now also sunk from view. But a few moments elapsed ere the dog rose to the surface and soon after Lancaster with the insensible form of the Captain.

"Pull there, and give me an oar!" cried the mate, "for that fellow is preparing for another launch."

His orders were obeyed and the second onset of the marine monster was foiled by the mate's splashing water in his eyes, as he came again, and but a few seconds too late to snap off the Captain's legs, while his body was drawn into the boat.

Foiled a second time, the shark passed the boat, plunged and was seen no more, but left a track of blood on the surface of the water a token of the severity of his wounds from Napoleon.

The boat was now pulling towards the brig, and not many hours elapsed before the Captain was on deck again, feeble from his efforts, but able to appreciate the services of our canine hero, and most bitterly to lament his own cruel act which had mutilated him forever.

"I would give my right arm!" he exclaimed, as he patted the Newfoundlander, who stood by his side, "If I could only repair the injury I have done to that splendid fellow. Lancaster, you are now fully avenged and so is he, and a most Christian vengeance it is, though it will be a source of grief to me as long as I live."

SKETCH OF THE LIFE AND SERVICES OF DOCTOR KANE.

We consider this a particularly appropriate time to give a brief sketch of the life of Doctor Kane, now that he is before the world in a more conspicuous position than he has ever occupied before. He was born in Philadelphia, on the 3d of February, 1822, so that he is at present about thirty-three years old. In 1843 he graduated, after a seven years' course of studies, at the Pennsylvania Medical University, and soon after he entered the United States navy as assistant surgeon. While acting in this capacity he was appointed as physician in the first embassy to China from this country. His naturally adventurous disposition led him to project a visit to the interior, but the difficulties were so numerous that he could not accomplish his purpose as fully as he desired. He, however, succeeded in travelling over a large section of the country; and before his return he visited the Philippines, Ceylon and other islands in that region, and even succeeded in penetrating into the interior of India, his travels through which were full of adventures and perils; but perils to a man of Doctor Kane's temperament appear only to have the effect of making them more attractive. While in India, he descended the crater of the Tael of Lerzon, suspended by a bamboo rope from a projecting crag which hovered above the interior scoria and debris, over two hundred feet. This act of daring nearly cost him his life, for the natives regarded it as a sacrilegious act, which could only be effaced by the death of the suspicious offender.—Doctor Kane, however, eluded their pious vengeance, and afterwards went to the sandwich Islands with the celebrated Baron Loe of Prussia, where he was attacked by a whole tribe of the savage inhabitants of those islands. Against these he successfully defended himself, but the hardships he and his companion subsequently underwent were more than the latter could endure, and he sunk under them. Dr. Kane alone passed overto Egypt, ascended the Nile as far as the confines of Nubia, and remained during a whole season among the ruins of ancient Egypt, in antiquarian research. Leaving Egypt, he visited Greece next, which he traversed on foot, returning to the United States in 1846. When he arrived his love of adventure would not allow him to remain inactive, and he applied, almost immediately after his return, to the government for a commission to Mexico. Failing to obtain this, he accepted an appointment on board of a United States vessel, bound to the African coast. Arriving there, he could not resist the temptation to see the slave marts of Whydah, but was met in his journey by that terrible enemy of the white man, the African fever. He was brought home in a state of extreme ill health and emaciation; but although almost unable to move, he made his way to Washington, from Philadelphia, against the earnest entreaties of his family, presented himself with shaven head and tottering limbs to President Polk, and demanded what had before been refused him, a commission to Mexico. The President could not deny his request, and entrusted him with important despatches for the Commander-in-Chief, General Scott. He was given as an escort through Mexico the notorious company of Colonel Dominguez, who started with him from Vera Cruz. As they were approaching Nopaluca, near Puebla, they were informed by a Mexican that a large body of Mexican soldiers were on their way to intercept them, and at that time were but a short distance off. Dominguez refused to proceed any further, and was about retreating, when Dr. Kane commanded him to remain with him, threatening the vengeance of his government if his company should leave him. Having succeeded in preventing him from turning his back on the enemy, he finally induced him to attack them. Placing himself at the head of his escort, Dr. Kane took advantage of a rising ground to sweep down upon the Mexicans, who were then thrown into confusion by the intrepidity of his charge. Rallying, however, they made a stout resistance, and it was not until after a severe skirmish that they were defeated, and the principal part of them taken prisoners. These consisted of a number of distinguished officers in the Mexican army, who were on their way to join [illegible] commander. Among them was General T[illegible] who led the cavalry at Buena Vista, an[illegible] General Gaona and his son.—The latter was dangerously wounded by Doctor Kane, who, in a personal encounter, ran him through the body, with his sword. When the skirmish was over, the Doctor, finding that his antagonist was seriously injured, had recourse to his surgical skill to save his life, and the result proved that it was of no ordinary character—With no other instrument than the bent prong of a fork and a piece of packthread, he tied up an artery from which the life of the young soldier was fast ebbing, and placed him in a condition that he could be conveyed safely to Puebla. No sooner, however, had he concluded this humane act, than he was informed by young Gaona that he overheard Dominguez say he would take the life of his father, because he had, at one time, put him in prison. Dr. Kane instantly interfered, placed himself between his escort and his prisoners, and threatened to shoot the first man who attempted the life of Major Gaona. Dominguez become infuriated, ordered his men to charge;—but the first man of the company, named Pallaseoz, fell before the fire of Dr. Kane, who plied his revolver with fatal effect upon all who came within its reach. With a severe lance wound in his thigh, he managed to keep them at bay, and saved his prisoners from their fury until he arrived in Puebla, where they were placed under the charge of Col. Childs. Dr. Kane, whose wounds were very serious, was detained here for many days, during which he was attended and nursed with the most tender care by the family of Major Gaona, who is now among the most ardent friends and admirers of our noble and gifted countryman. There is one thing in this romantic adventure which we should not omit to mention. Dr. Kane thought, and still thinks, more of the surgical skill which he displayed at that skirmish than of his capturing the prisoner, or defending them from the treachery of his escort.

AN AMERICAN RAT DOG.

Last summer, Bob L. crossed the Atlantic to spend a little time and a good deal of money in looking at the women and wonders of the old world. Among the wonders which he took along, "jist for the fun of the thing," was a small sized snapping-turtle. Having a week's leisure at London, Bob packed up his traps and went over to Ireland. The first night he passed "on the sod" was at a little roadside inn, about fifteen miles from Dublin. Having partaken of a supper of bacon and eggs, Bob walked into the bar, and placed the turtle on the floor. The first person to notice the "critter," was Mr. Flinn, who kept who kept the house.

"And what do you call that?"

"That is an American rat dog."

"A what?"

"An American rat dog."

"Masha, go long—and do you call such a spaloon a dog?"

"I do indeed, and he is worthy of his name."

"Will he fight?"

"Yes, sir, not only fight, but will whip any eight pound dog in Ireland."

"Will you hold me ten shillings on that?"

"I will."

"Enough," said Flynn. "Barney, get the brindle pup we bought of Sheriden yesterday, and let him out."

Barney did as desired. The brindle pup purchased of Sheridan was brought in. The brindle pup took a look at his American relation, and then made a plunge. She caught the brindle pup by the nose.

The brindle pup gave one yell and put for the door. When last seen he was rushing towards Dublin as if he had eight tin cullenders tied to his tail.—Whether Flynn gave up the money without getting a shelalah to act as umpire, will be known when the next steamer arrives.

A SEASONABLE REBUKE.

FROM THE RICHMOND (VA.) DISPATCH.

DISSOLVING THE UNION.—It is funny to hear the complacent and dogmatic manner in which sundry politicians of the North and South talk of dissolving the Union. They speak of the matter as if it were one of the easiest things in the world, as if *they* could do it. That is the grand mistake of these malcontent [illegible] sectional agitators. They imagine that they [illegible] Republic in the [illegible] have but to spen[illegible] gressional harangu[illegible] newspaper article, [illegible] into a thousand fr[illegible] of any other mor[illegible] great country than t[illegible] Catilines, who, even t[illegible] in as strong as his will, [illegible] place the smallest stone in [illegible] American Confederacy. Outside of [illegible] discontented and aspiring men lies an im[illegible] body of the American people, as unmoved [illegible] indifferent to the mimic whirlwinds which rage in the contracted minds of a few nullifiers as the ocean is to the tempest in a teapot. Before one solitary link can be broken in the golden chain which unites our glorious band of Republican States the Americane PEOPLE must be consulted the mighty millions of farmers, mechanics, and tradesmen, the laboring and producing classes, the men who have interests to be affected by a change of Government, and who have not the most remote intention of permitting those interests to be tampered with without their knowledge and consent. Whenever the Union is dissolved it will not be dissolved by Congress. The People will unmake as they made the Government. It was their work; they built it up; it is consecrated by their blood; all their earthly treasures are deposited in it. Depend upon it they have authorized no men or set of men, either in Congress or out of it, directly or indirectly, to pull down that structure. That is a work they reserve to themselves.

IDLERS ABOUT CITIES.—One of the New York papers having stated that there are not less than ten thousand persons now in that city out of employment, the Louisville Times says:

"We have not a particle of sympathy for these idle prowlers about the purlieus of cities. 'Ten thousand persons out of employment in New York!' Why don't they go to the country, even if they have to walk, crawl, and beg their way through? Let them come to the West, the broad fertile West, throwing its arms wide open and bidding all the world to come! Come, ye poor and oppressed, and make homes for yourselves and your children. Come to the West, where common labor commands a dollar a day, with cheap food, cheap rents, and where a man's a man, if he is honest and intelligent, be he rich or poor. Yes, come along; and if you are worthy to be called men, you will come in carts, wheelbarrows, go-carts, and wagons. We would not give a fig for a man that could not walk from New York to Texas and wheel three babies and a wife before him in a wheelbarrow. The great Michigan Senator in his youth footed it from Vermont to Michigan; and one of the Supreme Judges (Perkins) of Indiana left the tracks of his raw-hide boots in the sand and mud all the way from New York to the Hoosier State. Energy, Young America! Great country is out West."

A dog, belonging to Col. Metmann, has distinguished himself in the Crimea. During the battle of Tchernaya, he broke his chain, fought in the ranks, saved the life of a sergeant and private, and took three Russian prisoners. He was wounded in the foot, which only the more enraged him. He threw himself upon a Russian officer, flung him to the ground, and dragged him prisoner by his coat collar to the French. He will receive some mark of honor, as a dog in the English army now wears a medal for his devotion to his master.

"How do you get along with your arithmetic?" asked a farther of his young hopeful. 'I've ciphered all through addition, partition, abolition, subtraction, distraction, abomination, justification, hallucination, intoxication, damnation, creation, and adoption.' Hopeful will shine on some short line railroad.

AN EPITAPH OF THE (H)OLDEN SORT.

"Should public pap, from Billy's lap,
By Pierce *with-holden* be,
Then *Holden with* the government
B'gad you'd never see;

"For *Holden* to a President,
When falling like a rocket,
Would never stick, unless the chick
Be *Holden* in his pocket!"

Asheville Spectator.

A codfish breakfast and an India-rubber coat will keep a man dry all day.