TYPES. Click—click,
Go the types in the "stick."
They glide in together with ominous sound,
As swiftly the hand that callects them goes round
And arranges them firm in the "stick,"
Click—click.

Click-click, See them now in the "stick," What wonderful things they are now, as they sit: One moment 'tis satire, and then it is witneaning when single—combined, then they hit A terrible blow with their click—click— In putting up types in the "stick," Click—click.

Click—click,
See them now in the "stick,"
To the chief or assausin they sorrow betide,
And the wealthy oppressor in vain tries to glide
Away from the clicking—the world cannot bide
Him away from the sound of that click—clicking—the world cannot bide In putting up types in the "stick," Click—click.

Click—click,

As they go in the "stick,"
See guilt, at the sound, with a visage of fright,
Recoiling from self by day or by might.
As it views with suspicion each method of flight,
But it never can flee from the click—click,
Of putting the types in the "stick,"

Click—click.

Click—click,

As they go in the "stick,"

Monarchs and Kings their approaches dread;
They know that with Liberty types have been wed,
And visions they see of their thrones blood-red,
As they tremblingly how at the click—click,
Of putting up types in the "stick,"

Click—click.

Click-click. Go the types in the "stick."

States, Rulers and Monarchies, Pachas and Kings,
The Poet, the Painter, the Minstrel that sings,
Have a most "hely horror" of these little things— Of the noise that they make with their click—click, When setting them into the "stick," Click—click.

[From the London Times. COTTON AND AMERICAN SLAVERY.

The importation of cotton into this country has, since the import duty was abolised, increased sixteer-fold. Having been 63,000,000 lbs., it is now 1,000,000,000 lbs. This ig one of those giant facts which at a l head and shoulders higher than the crowd—so high and so broad that we can following, which is used on the President's home proves the said to be a feet not to see it. It at Washington, and is said to be proves the said to be a feet not to see it. proves the existence of a thousand smaller facts shot must stand under its shadow. It tells of sixteen times as many mills, sixteen times as many English families living by working those mills, sixteen times as much profit derived from sixteen times as much capital engaged in this manufacture. It carries after it sequences of increased quantity of freights and insurances, and necessities for sixteen times the amount of amount of produce we are turning out. There are not many such facts as these, arising in the quiet routine of industrial history. It is so large and so steady that we can steer our national policy by it; it is so important to us that we should be reduced to embarrassment if it were saddesly to disappear. It teaches as to persevere in a policy which has produced so wonderful a result; its beneficent operation makes it essential to us to deal earefully with it now we have got it. Some years ago an island arose in the Mediterranean and we were all discussing it and quarreling about it, and keeping up a brisk fire of diplomatic notes over it, when one fine mornof diplomatic notes over it, when one nor more ing the disgusted island suddenly went down again, and ships sent out to survey it sailed over quantity. A delicate tinge of this is very pretty the site it had occupied. We must not do any the site it had occupied. We must not do anything to disgust this huge lump of profitable work which has suddenly arisen among us. We are inclined to look upon it with a respectful and low wash, but chrome coes further and makes a

are benevolent and excellent people; but if a into water you use, before it is stirred in the mix-black man happen to have broken his shin and a ture. If a larger quantity than five gallons be white man were in danger of drowning, we much fear that a real Anti-Slavery zealot would bind up the black man's leg before he would draw the white man out of the water. It is not an inconsistency, therefore, that while we see only. cause of congratulation in this wonderful increase of trade, Lord Brougham sees in it-the exaggeration of an evil he never ceases to deplore. We, and such as we, who are content to look upon society as Providence allows it to exist-to mend it when we can, but not to distress ourselves immoderately for evils which are not of our creation. -we see only the free and intelligent English families who thrive upon the wages which these the black laborers who, on the other side of the Atlantic, pick the cotton pods in slavery. Lord Brougham deplores that in this tremendous importation of a thousand millions of pounds of cot-States, and has been produced by slave labor Instead of twenty three millions, the United States now send us eight hundred and thirty millions, and this is all cultivated by slaves. It is very sad that this should be so, but we do not see our way to a remedy. There seems to be rather a chance of its becoming worse. If France, who is already moving onwards in a restless, purblind state, should open her eyes wide, should give herself fair play by accepting our coals, iron and machinery, and, under the stimulus of a whole some competition, should take to manufacturing upon a large scale, then these three millions will not be enough. France will be competing with us in the foreign cotton markets, stimulating still further the produce of Georgia and South Carolina. The jump which the consumption of cotton in England has just made, is but a single leap, which may be repeated indefinitely. There are a thousand millions of mandkind upon the globe, all of whom can be most comfortably clad in cotton. Every year new tribes and new nations are added to the category of cotton wearers. There is every reason to believe that the supply of this universal necessity will for many years yet to come fail to keep pace with the demand, and, in the interest of that large class of our countrymen to whom cotton is bread, we must continue to hope that the United States will be able to supply us in years to come with twice as much as we bought

of them in years part "Let us raise another market," says the Anti-Slavery people. So say would, We know very well that the possibility of growing cotton is not confined to the New World. The plains of Bengal grew cotton before Columbus was born, and we, with our mechanical advantages, can actually and send it back to them in yarns and pieces cheaper than they can make it up. So, also, thou sands of square miles in China are covered by sands of square miles in China are covered by the cotton plant; and some day we may perhaps repeat the same process there. Africa, too, promises us cotton. Dr. Livingstone found a country in which the growth was indigenous, and where the chiefs were anaxious to be taught how to cultivate it for an European marke: There is

There is

years of artificial protection. It will come evenment. We would not even ask whether to introduce cotton culture upon a large scale into Africa would be to secure that African cotton would not be raised by slave labor. But even Lord Brougham would not ask us to believe that there is any proximate hope that the free ection raised in Africa will, within any reasonable time, drive out of culture the slave grown cotton of America. If this be so, of what use can it be to make irritating speeches in the House of Lords against a state of things by which we are content to profit? Lord Brougham and Lord Gray are not men of such illugical minds as to be incapable of understanding that it is the demand of the English manufacturers which stimulates the produce of slave grown American cotton. They are neither of them, we appropriate as realliess or so wicked as to wish we apprehend, so reckless or so wicked as to wish to close our factories and throw some two millions of our manufacturing population out of bread. Why, then, these inconsequent and these irritating denunciations? Let us create new fields of

PREMIUM WHITEWASH.

produce if we can; but, meanwhile, it is neith-

er just nor dignified to buy this raw material

from the Americans, and to revile them for pro-

As the time is at hand to commence prepara-

at Washington, and is said to be excellent:
Take half a bushel of nice urslacked lime,
slack it with boiling water, covering it during the process to keep in the steam. Strain the liquid through a fine seive or strainer, and add to it a peck of salt, previously well dissolved in water; three lbs, ground rice, boiled to a thin paste, and stirred in boiling hot; half a pound of clean glue which has been previously dissolved by soaking it well and then hanging over a slow fire, is a small customers to consume, to our profit, the immense kettle beside a large one filled with water. Add five gallons of hot water to the mixture, stir it well, and let it stand a few days covered from the dirt. It should be put on right hot; for this purpose it can be kept in a kettle on a furnace. It is said that about a pint of this mixture will cover a square yard upon the outside of a house, if properly applied. Brushes more or less small, may be used according to the neatness of the job required. It answers as well as oil or paint on wood or stone, and is cheaper. It retains its outside wall. Coloring may be put in, and made of any shade you like. Spanish brown stirred well mixed with Spanish brown makes a reddish low wash, but chrome goes further and makes a superstitious tenderness, rather as a gambler does upon a run of luck of cards, hoping it may last forever.

Lord Brougham and the veterans of the old Anti-Slavery Society do not, we fear, share our delight at this great increase in the employment of our home population. Their minds are still green must not be mixed with lime. The of our home population. Their minds are still green must not be mixed with lime. The seared by those horrible stories which were burnt lime destroys the color, and the color has an [50-tf] in apon them in their youth, when England was effect on the whitewash, which makes it crack not only a slave owning, but even a slave-trading and pecl. When walls have been badly smoked State. Their remorse is so great that the ghost and you wish to have them a clean white, it is of a black man is always before them. They well to squeeze indigo pientifully through a bag

> THE DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPERS .- The following pleasant account of the Democracy and their newspapers is the work of one of the party -the Washington correspondent of the Haleigh Standard :

wanted, the same proportions should be observed

"The politicians at this point are now giving themselves up, body and soul, to the work of furthering the interests of their respective friends, who aspire to a nomination at Charleston. When will the people take the control of such matters in their own hands, and not be the unconscious dupes and instruments of self-aggrandizing policotton bales produce. Lord Brougham sees only ticians? How long will they permit an irresponsible clique of politicians to determine for them who shall be their nominee? To one who has access to political circles here, and who has his eyes and ears open it, appears as though Washsee the lion's share of the profit goes to the United ington city was alone the point from which should be announced the Democratic Presidential nomince, and that the Charleston Convention was but a packed concern, held submissive under certain pains and penalties to ratify the nomination of the man this self-constituted dictatorship of Washington city should present to them. press is bought up-men's pens and brains bought and paid for and used—sceming calitorials are scattered broad cast-north, east, south and seest,

declaring the popular voice is for a certain man. "States which are known to be hostile to the candidates of these parties are represented as having 'a strong under current' for him. The Vice-Presidency is held up as a temptation—men in doubtful States spoken of in connection with it and eulogized to the seventh heavens in the hope that the sugar coated pill will be taken, and these gentlemen use their influence in securing the votes of their respective States. Flaming editorials appear, for instance, in the Cincinnati Enquirer; to-morrow, and the next, and succeeding days the same editorial, differently worded, is exhibited in a New Hampshire, New York, Missouri and Georgia paper, representing the existence of an unexampled enthusiasm and strength of this particular candidate; the unsuspecting people bite at the gilded and tempting bait, thinking these editorials the honestly expressed convictions of their respective editors, while they are paid for in ready money or rich promises to be redeemed in the future. Trickery, intrigue and scheming seem to be the order of the day.

THE DEMOCRATIC CREED .- A comtemporary justly observes that it cannot be charged upon the Democratic party that it is "based upon a afford to take the Bengal cotton from the grovers single idea." It is trying to stand, just now, on the basis of a dozen or two conflicting ideas! The Democratic electionecrer who travels sands of square miles in China are covered by around among his own party, this year, will have the cotton plant; and some day we anay perhaps a hard time of it. He will be expected to avow

no lack of lauds and climate where cotton could be produced. It is said of gold that no substance in nature is more widely diffused and more consipersent; but, unfortunately, it is diffused under conditions which make it seldom possible to win it with a profit. So it is of cotton. The conditions under which it becomes available for our markets are not often present in the wild cotton which our travelers discover; nor are they to be in mediately supplied. Remember the efforts which the French have made to produce cotton in Algeria, the enormous prize they offered, the prices at which they bought up all the produce, the care with which such ton. The conditions under which it becomes available for our markets are not often present in the wild cotton which our travelers discover; nor are they to be immediately supplied. Remember the efforts which the French have made to produce cotton in Algeris, the enormous prize they offered, the prices at which they bought up all the produce, the care with which such fabrics were prepared from these cottons at Rouen and exhibited at the Paris. Exhibition, and then note the miserable result after so many years of artificial protection. It will come evencontrive to support all these different ductrines at once, he will be a faithful exponent of the traily; as the cotton wents of the world press at once, he will be a faithful exponent of the heavily, and more heavily it must come. We shall have cotton from India, from China and from Africa; we would advocate every means within reasonable limits to quicken the develop- is that the country is sure to go to destruction is that the country is sure to go to destruction unless they, each of them, get the offices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ANSON COUNTY. Obid H. Sinelair, Executor of Jamers Ressions, Jones Sinelair, Executor of James Sinelair, dec'd, vs. Juste Jarmon and wife Mary, Thomas Bullard and wife Martha, Jesse Beachum and wife Dorethy, Mickleberry McBride and wife@Florinda, Mahala Sinelair, Elizabeth Sinelair, Lewellen Sinelair, and Douglas Sinelair.

Petition for Account and Settlement, THIS CASE, IT APPEARING TO THE SATIS-FACTION of the Court that the defendandants, Josse Beachum and wife Dorathy, and Mickleberry McBride and wife Florinda, reside beyond the limit of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the North Carolina Argus or six successive weeks, notifying said defendants to e and appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the County of Anson, at the Court House in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in April next, hen and there to plead, answer or demur to plaintiff's petition, or judgment pro confesso will be rendered, and

the case heard experts as to them.

Witness: Patrick J. Coppedge, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Wadesborough the second Monday in January, A. D. 1800, and in the 84th year of American Independence. P. J. COPPEDGE Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

ANSON COUNTY. COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, 1 January Term, 1860. Miles W. Mask, Administrator of Nelson Harrington,

deceased, es. John B. Harrington and others Petition for Sale of Land. N THIS CASE, IT APPEARING TO THE SATIS. FACTION of the Court that the defendants, John Harrington, Hadley P. Harrington, Harriet E. serington, Boxy Ann Harrington, Philip Harrington. Jane Harrington, Benjamin Harrington and James II. Harrington, all reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the North Carolina Argus for six successive weeks, notifying said defendants to be and appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the County

second Monday in April next, then and there to plead answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition, or judg-ment pro confesso will be rendered, and the case bear parts as to them.
Witness: Patrick J. Coppedge, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Wadesborough the second Monday in January, A. D. 1860, and in the 84th year of American Independence.

P. J. COPPEDGE, Clerk. brilliancy for many years. There is nothing of the kind will compare with it, either for inside or Painting and Paper Hanging. THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY SOLICITS the patrousge of this place and surrounding eighborhood in PAINTING and PAPER-HANGING. promising to give entire satisfaction. Those wishing Fine Finish, Ornamental Graining, Marbling, beautiful Outside Finish, &c., would do well to address or call on me. SAM'L A. WISE, call on me. Wadesberg, N. C.

The books are at the Drug

Guano.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AGENT IN CHARLES-

Guano of Different Descriptions, all of which is either imported direct or received from the Importers, and warranted pure. All Orders from Factors and Planters supplied at the market price and shipped promptly.
PERUVIAN GUANO, direct from the Agents of the

Perdylan Government.

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AMERICAN GUANO, from Jarvis Island, received from the Importers in New York.

SOMBRERO GUANO, direct from Sombrero Island,
(W. I.;) contains by analysis of Professor Sheppard

of Charleston Medical C liege, 78 per cent. of Bone Phosphate of Lime. A valuable article for mixing with Peravian. A. A. MEXICAN GUANO, imported into Baltimore.

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Also, MANIPULATED GUANO, containing one half Peruvian and one-half Phosphate of Lime, from the best manufacturers. SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, from Baugh's Manufactory, Philadelphia. Highly recommended. FARMER'S PLASTER, From Croton Mills, New

York. In barrels, 300 lbs.
THOMAS J. KERR. Kerr's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

To the Public.

AM PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL KINDS OF work in my line, at the shortest notice—BRICK-LAYING, MAKING and BURNING BRICK; also PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL PLASTERING, and ALL PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL PLASTERING, and ALL KINDS OF CORNICE, CIRCLE, and CENTER PIECES, done in style. My work shall equal the best and latest done in this country. I carnestly solicit you, that have such work to do, to give me a call. I will make my prices to suit the times. All orders from the distance promptly attended to. Address:

EVANDER R. CONRAD.

The following gentlemen, for whom I have workers, kindly permit me to use their names as references:

John Stacy,
Dr. B. B. Horton,
Dr. W. C. Rumsey,
Dr. B. H. Tillman,
J. R. Hargrave, Esq. Wadesboro', N. C. The following gentlemen, for whom I have worked

DENTISTRY.

B. HORTON, RESIDENT DENTIST, wadespore, N. C., will operate on TEETH at the following low rates who call at my office to have for persons who call at my office to have their work done and pay cash: GQLD PLUGS, \$1.50 each; TEETH on PIVOT, \$4; TEETH MOUNTED on GOLD PLATE, \$8 each, up to aix teeth; all above that, \$6 each, A FULL SET ON SUCTION, or AT-

MOSPHERIC PRESSURE, \$75.
All the above operations warranted for five years, and when I put in a full set on Suction they can have six months to try them in. I can refer those who may wish it to some of the most respectable citizens for whom I plugged testh upwards of ninetcen years ago, which are still in and doing well; also, teeth on pivot and gold plate, some upper sets on suction which have been worn several years and are still adoing well; but

punctual customers. The public are respectfully in-vited to call and examine her stock.

BONNETS MADE and TRIMMED in a superior manner in a short time. DRESSES CUT in the latest ashion upon an improved plan by measurement.

1860 1859. FALL AND WINTER.

AM NOW RECEVING MY STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting of the usual varieties of SILKS, POPLINS, THIBET CLOTHS, BOMBAZINES, DE LAINES, GINGHAMS AND CALICOES; CLOAKS AND SHAWLS; READY-CLOTHING; HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING; HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES &c., &c., &c., which are all of the latest styles and best quality. My stock embraces also the usual va-rieties of PLANTATION GOODS, HARDWARE, &c. All the above goods will be sold on as advantageous terms as they can be purchased elsewhere. Call and

terms as they can be purchased cisewhere. Call and see.

JOHN STACY,
At the Brick Store.

At the Brick Store.

Those indebted to me for notes and accounts for 1856 and 1857, are requested to call and settle soon as possible. I must have my old debts. I have waited as long as I can. I shall expect all my old debts to be settled this fall.

[55:17]

J. S.

NEW GOODS LARGE STOCK. THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW RECEIVING HIS FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of as great a variety as is to be found in any Country Store. The articles enumerated below form a part of my Stock, with many others too tedions to mention. They will be sold to punctual dealers on as good terms as can be found elsewhere. Ladies' Dress Goods, consisting of a great variety of

Fancy Silk Dresses. Black Silk do. Black Susterners. Gro de Rhine.
Silk Poplins. Plaid Poplins. French Merino.
Robes de Laine. Worsted Goods—a great varie
Ginghams and Prints. White Goods. Bleached and Brown Domestics. Kerseys, Osnabergs, and Blankets. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods-a general assort-

Ready-made Clothing, a general assortment.

Hats. Caps. and Shoes, of every style and quality.

Hardware and Cutlery. Nails Iron and Steel.

Groceries—good stock and quality. Groceries—good stock and quanty.
Bagging, Rope and Twine.
China, and Queen's and Glass Ware.
Drugs and Dye Stuffs, a great variety.
JOHN P. KENDALL.
Cedar Hill, Anson, N. C., Sept., 1859-64-tf

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PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, Is open every day from 8 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m.

AMBROTYPES.

MELAINOTYPES, CRYSTALOTYPES, SPHEREO-TYPES, OR ANY OTHER KIND OF TYPES, Taken in the very first and best style of the Art. Connoisseurs and all competent judges pronounce them superior to any pictures taken in this part of

So you who have beauty to Hourov should take H.
And you who have none should so let him make R.
N. B.—INSTRUCTIONS given, and APPARATUS and MATERIALS furnished to any person wishing to engage in the Business on reasonable terms.

Wadesboro' N. C.-50-6m B. B. HORTON.

The Song of the "Old States." "WESTWARD BOUND."

I will sell also Three Mundred Acres, lying

I will sell also Three Hierafred Acres. Iying on Big Brown Creek, nearly all of which is the best low grounds, adjoining the lands of L. L. Polk, T. J. Polk, and others.

Any person wishing to settle permanently in the "Old North State," would do well to examine my land, as I feel assured that I can suit them in land and terms.

J. C. CARAWAY.

Wadeshore', June 1, 1859-38-tf

E. S. ZEVELY,

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND. STAMES, STAMES, STAMES.

SEALS, SEALS, SEALS, SEALS, SEALS, STENCILS, STENCILS, STENCILS, WOOD-CUTS, WOOD-CUTS, WOOD-CUTS, ENGRAVINGS, ENGRAVINGS, PRESSES, PRESSES,

PRINTING PRESSES, COPYING PRESSES, PROOF PRESSES STAMPS for marking books.

Stamps for marking clothes. Stamps for business cards. Stamps for envelops, Stamps for fac simile signatures. Stamps for post offices. Stamps for merchants. Stamps for lawyers. Stamps for mechanics, Stamps for railroads. Stamps for farmers. Stamps for banks, Stamps for everybody.

All sorts of stamps for all sorts of stamping. The NINE YEARS. NIST YEARS. NINE YEARS.

SEALS for private initials. Seals for notaries public. Seals for commissioners. Seals for societies. Seals for corporations.
Seals of all sorts for all sorts of people.

STENCILS for marking books, papers, clothing, coxes, barrels, bales, packages, &c. WOOD-CUTS, or wood engravings, for all sorts of things and all sorts of uses.
CHEAP FOR CASH, CHEAP FOR CASH,

SENT BY MAIL, SENT BY MAIL, TO ANY PART OF THE WORLD, TO ANY PART OF THE WORLD. PRINTING PRESSES.

SEAL PRESSES. COPYING PRESSES, STAMPING PRESSES.

Presses for printers, presses for murchants, presses for book-sellers, presses for every body—with and without self-inkers attached,
All iron, neat, staunch, durable, efficient, and in all respects satisfactory for from \$5 to \$50, and sent to any part of the terraqueous world by express.
Address E. S. ZEVELY.

Bon. For further particulars see the "Bulletin" ublished by E. S. Zevely, at Cumberland, Maryland. NEW BOOK STORE IN CHERAW, S. C.,

Cumberland, Maryland.

(NEARLY OPPOSITE D. MALLOY'S STORE.)

T. S. MARSHALL HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSOSTMENT OF MISCELLANEOUS AND SCHOOL BOOKS.

> BLANK BOOKS, AND STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS. ALBO,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PANCY GOODS, OR NOTIONS, To which he invites the attention of Ladies and

CHAS. E. SMITH, BEALDS IN

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs,

Perfumery and Fancy Articles of Every Description in his Line.

NEW AND FRESH DRUGS.

A large lot just received, for Family and Physicians' Uses, which can be relied upon as being un-UINE and PURE.

PERFUMERY

Of the most enouge and PRAGRANT selections. To this bance and EXTENSIVE assortment he would more especially call the attention of the Ladies and of the Young Men in our community-of course Old Bachelors not excepted.

ALSO POMADES.

For imparting a rich, glossy and healthy condition to the flair-from the best manufacturers in this

TOILET ARTICLES.

Of French and English manufacture, and of every lescription-suitable for the most fastidlous; in fact sever has there been in this place such a large and beautiful assortment of the above-named articles which he now offers to the public on the most liberal terms.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

Amputating, Instruments and Dental Forceps of every variety. Also new style Electro-Magnetic Ma-

N. B .- Physicians in the surrounding counry can obtain COMPLETE OUTFITS without the try can obtain COMPLETE OUTPITS without the time and EXTRA expense of sending North, and can rely upon all the CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS as being the best that can be obtained and warranted FREE FROM ADULTERATION. The citizens of Anson and the adjoining Counties are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves, when they will find the Proprietor ever attentive, ready and willing to show his assortment to all who will favor him with a call.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

For the ourse of Dynpopala, Indigestion, Navore.
Platislency, Los of Appellie, or any Milines
Complishes arising from a morbid traction
of the Sumark or Boverts, producing Cramps,
Dynastery, Calie, Cholera Morbus, &c.

Descriptor, Coice, Colorers, directors, deIn view of the fact that every member of
the human family is more or less subjected to
some of the above complaints, besides innumerable other conditions in life, which,
by the assistance of a little knowledge or
exercise of common sense, they may be able
so to regulate their habits of diet, and with
the assistance of a good tonic, accure per
manent health. In order to accomplish this
desired object, the true course to pursue is,
certainly, that which will produce a natural
state of things at the least hazard of vital
strength and life; for this end Dr. Hostetter
has introduced to this country a preparation called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH strength and life; for this end Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BYTTER'S which at this day is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease. Diarrhous, dysentery of flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent brief use of this preparation. Pyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent when taken in all its various forms, than any other; the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digustree of the digus tive organs, can be cured without fall by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTER'S as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind, then why not use an article known to be infallible? Every country have their Bitters as a preventive of disease, and strengthening of the system in general, and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which has attended to advance the destiny of this great preparation in the medical scale of science.

FEVER AND AGUE.

This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its resenties grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short space of time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be defeated and driven from the losty by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, any of the above stated diseases can not be contracted when exposed to any ordinary conditions producing them, if the litters are used as per directions. And as it neither creates its the palate, and rendering unnece sary any change of diet or interruption to usual pur-suits, but promotes sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is thus removed as specify as is out sistent with the production of a thorough and perma

For Persons in advanced years Who are suffering from an enfective constitution and infirm body, these flitters are invaluable as a restora-tive of strength and vigor, and needs only to be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing, these litters are independable, especially where the mother's neuralment is innerequate in the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's and here it is where a good tome, sum as possesses. Riomach Bitters is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remody for all cases of detailty, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtues of the Bitters, will recommend their

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for Hestattan Chirmanian Stomach Bitters, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

83" Prepared and said by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all Druggists, gracers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America and Germany. BCOVIL & MEAD.

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Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Palus, Reactburn, Loss of appetite, Despondency, Castiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others offseted a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Barchave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our fatherland scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Nextling with great success among them, I now offer it to it a American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

It is paticularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Constraily instantaneous in effect, it such its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing now health and vigor in the system. NOTICE,—Whoever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

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The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has

The great popularity of this delightful Aroma has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing. Be not persuaded to buy anything else until you have given Boerhave's Holland Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how

Bitters a fair trial. One bottle will convince you how infinitely superior it is to all these imitations.

150. Bold at \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for \$3.00, by the Sole Proprietors, BENJAMIEE PASK, Jn., & Co. Manufacturing Pharmaceutists and Chemists, Pittsburg, Pa., and in Wadesboro' by 8-tf C. E. SMITH.



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A Benevolent Institution, Established by Special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, Afflicted with Virulent and

Epidemie Diseases. THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, IN VIEW OF the awful destruction of human life caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Sargeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensery for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all whe apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in case of extreme powerty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the

most approved modern-treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in the Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Generalea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bindder, &c., and order piscases of the Ridneys and Diader, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year. The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote them-selves, with renewed real, to this very important and much despised cause.

selves, with renewed seal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhoa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-Abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a scaled envelope), FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage. Other Reperts and Tracts on the nature and treatment of Sexual diseases, diet, &2., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment diseavered during the last year are of great value.

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By order of the Directors,

EZEA E. HERRTWELL, President.

Geo. Fairchied, Secretary.

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