

THE LATEST NEWS.

FIGHTING IN KENTUCKY.

[From the Knoxville Register]

CAMP NEAR SALVISA, KY., October 8, 1862. As a courier is passing to Cumberland Gap, I shall hasten to give you some news in connection with yesterday's letter:

Major General Hardee engaged the enemy at Bloomfield, above Bardstown, on the 6th instant, killing five hundred and losing fifty in killed and wounded. It is reported that he took several thousand prisoners.

The enemy, 15,000 strong, occupied Frankfort yesterday. Our forces moved down last night in that direction. They will fight to day. Our troops are confident of success.

P. S.—Gen. Bragg engaged the enemy, under Buell, at Perryville, twelve miles below Harrodsburg, yesterday. The fight was bloody and hotly contested.

Gen. Bragg captured sixteen pieces of artillery, one brigade of infantry, and had drove them eight miles in the direction of Louisville. They are now in a desert—can't get water.

A fight will take place at Lawrenceburg to-day. We have whipped the Federals for three consecutive days.

DETAILS OF THE GREAT BATTLE IN KENTUCKY.

HARRODSBURG, KY, October 10, via Knoxville, Oct. 27.—Gen. Bragg's first Kentucky pitched battle was fought on the 8th inst. at Perryville, ten miles hence. The enemy had been following from Bardstown in force, and also threatened Frankfort. Withers' division was sent forward to support Gen. Kirby Smith, while the divisions of Cheatham, Buckner and Anderson were counter-marched to give battle to the foe in the rear. Our line of battle was formed right and left of Pike, and commanding the only accessible route.

The fight was opened with artillery at 6 A. M. Gen. Bragg and Staff reached the ground about 9 o'clock, a disposition for fight was shown on our right, which movement was awaited in force, and Cheatham and Buckner posted to meet it. At 3 o'clock, our troops advanced in splendid line, with Gen. Bragg's order to push along the whole line to close quarters. For one hour and a half the enemy maintained his ground bravely in the face of a murderous fire of artillery and musketry.

Our troops fought like heroes until the enemy began to falter. With a shout our boys moved forward and drove the enemy three or four miles entirely off the field. Meantime an attempt on our left had been repulsed. We captured twenty-one pieces of artillery and five or six hundred prisoners. For want of horses only eight pieces were brought off. The returns are not in, but our casualties are estimated at 1,500 so far as ascertained. With one more division the enemy would have been destroyed. Night put an end to the pursuit. The enemy's loss is believed to be more than double ours. Among their killed is General Jackson, and Gen. Crittenden is reported killed. General Buell is commanding, and we have prisoners from five divisions, making at least thirty thousand men. We fought with only twelve thousand men.

Our army is in the highest spirits. At Frankfort the matter was soon ended. The enemy under Gen. McCook fled before Kirby Smith. Withers cut off his rear, taking 700 prisoners and 14 wagons. Another battle is at hand. Bragg's depot of supplies being menaced he withdrew his army to protect them. The enemy immediately sent a flag of truce for permission to bury their dead. At daylight the next morning after the fight, not even a Yankee Surgeon was to be found on the field. Their wounded were all left.

Our wounded were removed the night of the battle. General Polk had a narrow escape. At dusk he left his staff and rode to stop a fire, as he thought of a Confederate Regiment on our own troops. He seized the Colonel by the shoulder and demanded, "Why do you fire on your friends?" The Colonel replied that he did not know that he was. "Who are you?" said Polk. "Colonel of the Twenty-third Indiana," was the reply. Polk again spoke to him roughly, and ordered him to cease firing. Before the Yankees found out who he was he put spurs to his horse and got away. Gen. Bragg says he has got the best troops in the world.

Two thousand Kentuckians have taken arms, and more are organizing. Gen. McGuire's army has arrived. The following officers are among the killed: Lieut. Col. Patterson, First Tennessee; Lieut. Col. Evans, Texas Rangers; Major W. Price, of the commissary Department; Capt. Cartright of Georgia; Wm. S. May, of Gen. Claiborne's Staff.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE.

CAMP BRECKENRIDGE, nine miles from Danville—Oct. 17.—Fifteen thousand of our troops fought forty-five thousand, at Perryville, on the 8th instant. Our loss is between two and three thousand—the enemy's loss between four and five thousand. We captured seven guns and about 500 prisoners. Our troops slept on the field. Early next morning, the enemy sent a flag of truce to bury their dead. The same day Kirby Smith defeated Crittenden between Lawrenceburg and Salvisa, capturing 740 prisoners.

MORE CHEERING NEWS—BRAGG'S VICTORY OVER BUELL—PROBABLE EVACUATION OF NASHVILLE.

The Chattanooga Rebel has the following despatch: "LAWRENCE, Tenn. Oct. 17.—All is uncertainty. I believe the Yankees are leaving Nashville. In addition to the above, I am satisfied something is going on. Letters from Gen. Bragg's army to our friends in Nashville and Springfield, say that Buell's army is the worse whipped and badly cut up army of the war. No doubt is entertained but that we gained a glorious victory."

ANOTHER SUDDEN ADVANCE IN GOLD.

RICHMOND, Oct. 17.—The Baltimore American of Tuesday afternoon, reports an advance of 3 per cent in gold at New York. In the forenoon the opening price was 133.

GEN. PEMBERTON APPOINTED LIEUTENANT GENERAL, &c., &c.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Oct. 14.—A dispatch is in circulation on the street from President Jeff Davis to prominent citizens of this place, who had requested the removal of Gen Van Dorn, stating that Lieut. Gen Pemberton will take command until the condition of Gen. Joe Johnston's wound would permit him to assume it.

Gen. Van Dorn and Lovell ranked Gen. Pemberton, and it is understood that the rank of Lieutenant-General has been conferred on the latter to enable him to take the command.

The change has given universal satisfaction here there is no doubt of the reliability of the despatch.

REMARKABLE SPEECH OF JOHN VAN BUREN IN NEW YORK—THE TRIBUNE DENIES THAT BUELL WAS VICTORIOUS AT PERRYVILLE.

RICHMOND, October 17.—At the Democratic meeting in New York John Van Buren pronounced the Republican administration the most contemptible Government on the face of the earth. His plan was that McClellan should move on to Richmond; that then a Convention should be called, and Southern brethren invited to it. The Constitution should then be altered so that all should hereafter live in peace; and if the south would not stay, he would say to them, "Away with you; sisters depart in peace." The Democracy would not lose time in talking; and if the people called them traitors, just knock them down, and go to the polls. They had been told that the Southern people would not live, and, in his judgment, they ought not to live under Abolition sway, and he would not live with them if they would.

The Northern accounts from Kentucky are meagre and indefinite. The Tribune denies that Buell was victorious, and insinuates that he is either a fool or a traitor.

Cincinnati papers of the 11th are filled with accounts of the great battle between Generals Bragg and Buell. The tenor of their accounts is that Buell is badly defeated and driven across Kentucky river, and that Bragg is vigorously pursuing.

A Confederate burial party, sent to Corinth, were detained as prisoners by the Yankees. They were subsequently paroled, and arrived at Holly Springs on the 16th.

ARMY NEWS.

Persons arriving from the North report that the dash of General Stuart into Pennsylvania has produced a great commotion and tremor in the country of the Abolitionists. This is about the third time Stuart has made a "circle round the enemy," and hitherto his reconnaissance have been followed by something else, not promotive of the health of the John Brown army. Let us be patient.

From the same source we learn that McClellan contemplates anything else than an advance into Northern Virginia. The Lincoln Proclamation has had the effect, upon many of his officers and men, of producing certain twinges about their necks, which bring to mind the sad and lamentable fate of the redoubtable John Brown, whose exploit in that vicinity was once openly condemned by themselves.

From certain movements elsewhere, we may be justified, any day, in looking for another tremor in the enemy's country, resulting from an invasion of Yankee land in a direction not at all looked for by the abolitionists. The horses are saddled, and the troopers are booted and spurred.

NEWS.

The Provost Marshall at Staunton, Va., has been guilty of interfering with the passenger trains from that place to Richmond, in a manner to cause his being presented to the War Department.

Hon. James Brooks, of New York, Editor of the Express, recently delivered a bold speech in that City, denouncing in unmeasured terms Lincoln's late proclamations.

A Mr. Mansfield, a druggist in Memphis, Tenn., who had taken the oath of allegiance to Lincoln, has been sent to the penitentiary in Alton, Ill., for sending medicines to the Confederates, and his entire property confiscated amounting to several hundred thousand dollars.

Joseph A. Worth, Esq., of Fayetteville, N. C., has made nearly 100 bottles of castor oil this year. He is now anxious to purchase Palma Christi Beans from any who may have them.

The Philadelphia North American says that 3,000 new Union recruits in Missouri have joined the Southern army.

The Cincinnati papers state that in consequence of the great drought in that section, the yield of the late crops will be reduced nearly one-half.

A correspondent of the Charlotte Bulletin mentions that "Maj. Gen. D. H. Hill had three horses killed under him and the heel of his boot knocked off without other injury.

The Two Ninety.—It is reported, that information has been received that the Confederate steamer "290" had been "playing the mischief" with the Yankee shipping in the Gulf of Mexico and adjacent waters. Among her prizes, it is said, was a whaleman, laden with oil.

A gang of fellows have been arrested in Jackson, Miss., who lately returned from Texas having bought 7,000 head of cattle there with counterfeit Confederate notes. They were arrested by order of the Governor of Texas.

Among the goods recently sold at auction in Charleston, as English goods, prints have been found with Yankee labels. Most of the goods now running the blockade, are undoubtedly Yankee goods.

The Confederate steamer 290, it is said, has recently captured five Yankee vessels well laden. The 290 is commanded by the intrepid Capt. Semmes.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—A public meeting has been held in Savannah to consider the condition of our army, and to provide for a contribution of clothing, etc. Messrs. W. H. Wilberger & Co., proprietors of the Pulaski House, have offered the entire stock of carpets of their establishment, to be converted into covering for

the soldiers. Some idea of the munificence of this donation may be formed, when we state that it comprises the carpeting of one hundred and twenty rooms, and when cut up will make over five hundred comfortable and good sized blankets.

SALT.—The Mobile Tribune, of the 2d inst., says that a Salt Mine which promises to yield a great abundance of that precious and necessary article, has been discovered at a place not very remote from that city, but which, for prudential motives, it does not name.

A Knoxville letter says that the Salt Works at Goose Creek, forty miles beyond Cumberland Gap, are now accessible to our people. A gentleman just from there says there is an immense supply of salt on hand, and that it is selling at one dollar per bushel.

We regret to learn that B. G. Graham, Esq., late Post Master at Greensboro', died of diphtheria on Friday last. He was a good officer and a highly respected citizen.

A gentleman informs the Raleigh (N. C.) Journal, on reliable authority, that there is a factory within a hundred miles of Raleigh representing a capital of nine thousand dollars each, which has been and is now paying a dividend on each share of two thousand dollars every three months!

We understand, says the Standard, that some of our manufacturers have already signified their determination not to avail themselves of the benefit of the exemption act in their favor, refusing to sell their goods to the State or Confederacy at 75 per cent. profit on the cost of production. They are determined, therefore, to ask their own price, whatever may be the consequences to the Confederacy! We hope better things of them.

The ticket agents on the N. C. Railroad are now taking Confederate bills of all denominations. We learn that it was only for a few days they refused them at all, and then for the purpose of gaining information with regard to the counterfeits.

Edmund J. Lilly, Esq., has been elected President of the Bank of Fayetteville, in place of John D. Starr, Esq., deceased.

Lieut.-Col. J. A. DeLangel has been appointed to the command of the Arsenal at Fayetteville in place of Capt. Booth deceased.

The Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, elected Mr. John W. Thompson, Secretary and Treasurer, in the place of Mr. Jas. S. Green, deceased.

"STATE JOURNAL."—On and after the 1st of November, the "State Journal," published at Raleigh, will be published daily, tri-weekly and weekly. The terms of the daily will be \$6 per annum, six months \$3.50, three months \$2, one month \$1; the tri-weekly \$4 per annum. Address John Spellman, Editor and Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C. The daily paper is to be essentially a newspaper—not a political paper. It will contain the latest telegraphic news, proceedings of the Legislature, and State news generally.

A correspondent of the Fayetteville Observer, writing from camp at Raleigh, says:

"Conscripts are arriving rapidly under the energetic and efficient management of Gov. Vance. They generally are more easily disciplined and are men of more tender feelings (those that have come in) than any class of military men we have. They are mostly good citizens in moderate circumstances, with young and dependent families: They are not able to get substitutes or to leave home until actually compelled. They come here to do their duty and submit to orders, because there is necessity, and not for frolic and excitement."

Two Federal vessels lying some four miles below Fort Caswell, N. C., on the 10th, having driven off a working party engaged in leveling the hills, Gen. Rains sent to Col. Lamb, at Fort Fisher, to bring over his two long range seige guns, belonging to Starr's Fayetteville Battery. Thirty-one shots were fired by our guns, ten taking effect. The third shot disabled one of the steamers. Both were considerably splintered, and they so busy in leaving that they did not fire but three times. The crippled steamer did not fire. One 11-inch shell exploded near one of our guns, the other two shells fell far short. Our last shot was thrown over the bow of one of the steamers when she was five miles off, the projectile being in the air about twenty-eight seconds. The seige guns are of wonderful range, throwing further than the best guns the enemy have on the river.

STRAYED,

FROM THE PREMISES OF THE SUBSCRIBER, A COW, CALF, and BULL. The cow is a tolerably large one, horned, and red, with faint brindle marks; the calf, red and white; the bull a dark red brindle, almost black, with some white along the back. The latter is not quite two years old, and had on when he left a strap and bell. All three are probably together, and have very likely gone in the direction of White's Store, the cow and bull having been brought from the plantation formerly occupied by Mr. Cooley. Any information leading to their recovery will be thankfully received, if left with the Editor of the Argus; or if any one will return them to him they will be suitably rewarded. 205-1f

Notice.

ON THE 30th INST. I WILL SELL AT AUCTION, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of Rilla Gaddy deceased, a negro man and woman and their ten children. Credit 6 months, bond and good security. JOEL GADDY, Adm'r. October 8, 1862. 103-6.

TANNER'S OIL FOR SALE.

BY THE BARREL OR GALLON, At High Mount Tannery. J. C. CARAWAY. 201-5.

RAW HIDES WANTED, At High Mount Tannery. Twenty cents will be paid for GREEN, and Forty cents for DRY.—Cash J. C. CARAWAY. 101-5.

CAMP MANGUM, October 10, 1862.

ALL MEMBERS OF COMPANY B, 31st Regiment N. C. Troops, who are absent, with or without furloughs, are hereby ordered to report here, or wherever the regiment may be, without delay—or be considered deserters, and treated accordingly.

By order of J. V. JORDAN, Col. 31st Regt. 204-6. C. B. LINDSAY, Capt. Co. B.

Death of Gen. George B. Anderson.

We record, with unfeigned regret, the death of this gallant and promising young officer. Our readers are aware that Gen. Anderson was wounded in the foot at the battle of Sharpsburg, Md., and was compelled to leave the field. It appears that his surgeon supposed the wound to have been caused by a fragment of a shell which did not lodge, and his wound was pronounced to be slight.

As soon as he could travel he was brought to this place where his family reside. The wound becoming more and more painful his physician, Dr. C. E. Johnston discovered that the missile was still in his foot and as we announced last week, he removed a minnie ball from it. We learn that trisepelas supervened, either before or immediately after the removal of the ball, and that the condition of the patient was not only very painful, but exceedingly critical.

On Wednesday last, after full consultation, his physicians determined as a last resort, to amputate the limb above the ankle. He bore the operation, though very painful, with much fortitude, but his system had been already prostrated under his previous sufferings. Every effort within the compass of human skill and the kindest attentions was made for the sufferer, but all in vain. On Wednesday evening it was discovered that he was sinking. He breathed his last on yesterday morning, at the house of his brother Col. W. E. Anderson, of this City.

Seldom has a death occurred here which has excited so much sympathy. Young, brave and skillful, Gen. Anderson bid fair to be one of the most useful and able of our North Carolina officers; but alas! how soon he is cut down. His young, devoted wife and infant child, far from her native home in Kentucky, and surrounded by strangers, are special objects of sympathy.

But she will find friends among the friends of her gallant husband who will make ample amends for the loss of her friends at home. Gen. Anderson was a native of Wilmington and was, we presume, between thirty and thirty-five years of age.—Raleigh Standard.



NEW Livery Stable

IN WADESBOROUGH.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING that he has at last effected arrangements in establishing a long needed institution in this place—A LIVERY STABLE. His building is large and commodious, and every means will be taken by him and those under his charge, in giving satisfaction to the public.

HORSES AT LIVERY, will receive every attention.

Horses, Buggies, and Hacks, ready at all times to convey parties to any point they wish to go, and Horses taken to board either by the FEED, DAY, or MONTH.

The patronage of the public is most earnestly solicited, either in putting up their horses with me for the Feed, or Day, or in hiring my Horses, Buggies, or Hacks.

Mr. P. C. HUTCHINSON, Superintendent, will be on hand at all times, to attend to the wants of those who may honor me with their patronage.

J. C. CARAWAY, Proprietor.

N. B. I wish to purchase several good DRAUGHT HORSES. Persons having horses to dispose of would do well to give me a call.

October 23, 1862, 205-1f J. C. CARAWAY.

Good News.

The old Coach Shop, so well known by the people of Anson and the State, where lately business was carried on by the firm of Ruscoe & Caraway, has been re-opened, and will be conducted by J. C. Caraway, Proprietor, under the management of G. D. GIBSON. Further particulars next week.

SHOES! SHOES!

A FEW GOOD SHOEMAKERS WANTED. Apply soon, to ROBINSON & MURR. Wadesboro, Oct. 14, 1862. 206.

NOTICE

TO SALT MANUFACTURERS! For Sale, Two Steam Boilers,

IN GOOD ORDER, with the exception of a small crack in one of them, which a few hours' labor will make perfect.

To those engaged in making Salt, or who are about to engage in that business, they will be invaluable. The Boilers are 18 feet long, and about 16 inches diameter. They will be delivered at Cheraw, if required. Apply to C. W. FENTON.

Wadesboro', N. C. 204-1f

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME, OR TO THE FIRM OF RUSCOE & CARAWAY, by note or account, will please come forward and settle, by Note or by paying the Cash. Those indebted by note will please come and renew the same.

I shall be at the Tan Yard at all times for the purpose of settling my accounts. J. C. CARAWAY. Wadesboro' Sept. 27th, 1862. 102-6.

SHOES! SHOES!

600 PAIRS OF SHOES, OF GOOD QUALITY, for sale at High Mount Tannery, near Wadesboro'. 204-6 J. C. CARAWAY