

TO THE SOLDIERS OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

AFTER MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF a warfare scarcely equalled in the number, magnitude, and fearful carnage of its battles; a warfare in which your courage and fortitude have illustrated your country and attracted not only gratitude at home, but admiration abroad, your enemies continue a struggle in which our final triumph must be inevitable. Unduly elated with their recent successes, they imagine that temporary reverses can quell your spirit or shake your determination, and they are now gathering heavy masses for a general invasion, in the vain hope that by a desperate effort success may at length be reached.

You know too well, my countrymen, what they mean by success. Their malignant rage aims at nothing less than the extermination of yourselves, your wives and children. They seek to destroy what they cannot plunder. They propose as the spoils of victory that your homes shall be partitioned among the wretches whose atrocious cruelties have stamped infamy on their government. They design to incite servile insurrection and light the fires of incendiarism wherever they can reach your homes, and they debase the inferior race, hitherto docile and contented, by promising indulgence of the vilest passions as the price of treachery. Conscious of their inability to prevail by legitimate warfare, not daring to make peace lest they should be banished from their seats of power, the men who now rule in Washington refuse even to confer on the subject of putting an end to outrages which disgrace our age, or to listen to a suggestion for conducting the war according to the usages of civilization.

Fellow citizens no alternative is left you but victory or subjugation, slavery and the utter ruin of yourselves, your families and your country. The victory is within your reach. You need but stretch forth your hands to grasp it. For this and all that is necessary is that those who are called to the field by every motive that can move the human heart, should promptly repair to the post of duty, should stand by their comrades now in front of the foe, and thus so strengthen the armies of the Confederacy as to ensure success. The men now absent from their posts would if present in the field suffice to create numerical equality between our force and that of the invaders—and when with any approach to such equality have we failed to be victorious? I believe that but few of those absent are actuated by unwillingness to serve their country; but that many have found it difficult to resist the temptation of a visit to their homes and the loved ones from whom they have been so long separated; that others have left for temporary attention to their affairs with the intention of returning, and then have shrunk from the consequences of their violation of duty; that others again left their posts from mere restlessness and desire of change, each quieting the upbraidings of his conscience, by persuading himself that his individual services could have no influence on the general result.

These and other causes (although far less disgraceful than the desire to avoid danger, or to escape from the sacrifices required by patriotism) are, nevertheless, grievous faults, and place the cause of our beloved country, and of everything we hold dear, in imminent peril. I repeat that the men who now owe duty to their country, who have been called out and have not yet reported for duty, or who have absented themselves from their posts, are sufficient in number to secure us victory in the struggle now impending.

I call on you, then, my countrymen, to hasten to your camps, in obedience to the dictates of honor and of duty, and summon those who have absented themselves without leave, who have remained absent beyond the period allowed by their furloughs, to repair without delay to their respective commands, and I do hereby declare that I grant a general pardon and amnesty to all officers and men within the Confederacy, now absent without leave who shall, with the least possible delay, return to their proper posts of duty, but no excuse will be received for any delay beyond twenty days after the first publication of this proclamation in the State in which the absentee may be at the date of the publication. This amnesty and pardon shall extend to all who have been accused or have been convicted and are undergoing sentence for absence without leave or desertion, excepting only those who have been twice convicted of desertion.

Finally, I conjure my country women—the wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of the Confederacy—to use their all powerful influence in aid of this call, to add one crowning sacrifice to those which their patriotism has so freely and constantly afforded on their country's altar, and to take care that none who owe service in the field shall be sheltered at home from the disgrace of having deserted their duty to their families, to their country and to their God.

Given under my hand, and the Seal of the Confederate States, at Richmond, this 1st day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

JEFFERSON DAVIS,
By the President:
J. P. BENJAMIN,
Secretary of State.

Conscript Office, CAMP HOLMES, Aug. 6, 1863.

ORDER No. 17.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE PROCLAMATION of amnesty and pardon by the President an earnest invitation is extended to all persons absent without leave from the army, to report themselves at the Camps of Instructions immediately, to be forwarded to their regiments. All good citizens are instructed to use every means in their power to prevail upon persons of the class named to return to their duty. They will be well treated and past offences forgotten. Transportation will be furnished to their commands.

But it must be distinctly understood that after the expiration of the time set by the President, the most vigorous measures in the power of the government will be instituted for the arrest and punishment of all absent from their commands without leave. None need expect to evade longer the service which they justly owe to their country. Let them report at once to their militia officers to be sent to camp, or come in person without delay.

II. A Camp of Instruction will be opened at "Camp Vance," near Morganton, on the 10th of August. All persons subject to conscription in the 9th and 10th Districts will report to Capt. James C. McRae, Commanding Camp Vance.
By order of **COL. PETER MALLETT,**
Commandant of Conscripts for N. C.
J. W. MALLETT, Adj't. 243-3t

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING SUE D OUT LET ters Testamentary on the estate of **DUNCAN NIVEN,** deceased, at July Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the county of Anson, A. D. 1863, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, at the late residence of the deceased, in the county aforesaid, on the 25th August next, the following property, viz: a tract of about 500 acres of land—all the stock of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, &c., all the Farming tools, Wagons, Carts, 1 Yoke Oxen, Corn, Fodder, Wheat, Oats, Cotton, Bacon, Lard, Household furniture, &c.
Terms made known on day of sale.
ARCH'D NIVEN, Executor.
July 27th, 1863—241 td

Strayed,

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON THE 6TH OF August, a small **CHESHIRE-SHIRE MARE.** The said Mare has some white on the face, and three white feet. She was purchased last Spring of Mr. **JAMES LITTLE,** of Union county, and is probably trying to get back. Any person taking her up will be liberally rewarded, or any information respecting her thankfully received. Address **H. TYSON,** Lilesville, N. C.
August 10th, 1863—243-2t*

Headquarters Ex. Bd. of Surgeons, AND ENROLLMENT OF CONSCRIPTS, SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, N. C. ASHBORE, N. C., July 28th, 1863.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERAL ORDERS No. 14, Conscript Office, Camp Holmes, N. C., notice is hereby given that the Enrolling Officers and Examining Board will visit the counties comprising the 7th Congressional District at the following times and places:

- 80th Regiment, N. C. Militia, at Wadesboro, Anson county, August 20th.
- 81st Regt., N. C. Militia, at Wadesboro, Anson county, August 21st and 22d.
- 83d Regt., N. C. Militia, at Albemarle, Stanly county, August 24th and 25th.
- 62d Regt., N. C. Militia, at Troy, Montgomery August 27th and 28th.
- 51st Regt., N. C. Militia, at Carthage, Moore county, Aug. 31, and September 1st, and 2d.
- 49th Regt., N. C. Militia, at Pittsboro, Chatham county, September 1st and 2d.
- 50th Regt., N. C. Militia, at Pittsboro, Chatham county, Sept. 7th, 8th and 9th.
- 63d Regt., N. C. Militia, at Ashboro, Randolph county, Sept. 11th and 12th.
- 64th Regt., N. C. Militia, at Ashboro, Randolph county, Sept. 14th and 15th.
- 65th Regt., N. C. Militia, at Lexington, Davidson county, Sept. 17th and 18th.
- 66th Regt., N. C. Militia, at Lexington, Davidson county, Sept. 19th, 21st and 22d.

The Colonels of Militia Regiments in this District will see that the following persons are present at the time and places above specified:
All persons arriving at the age of 18 since the last enrollment; all persons between the ages of 18 and 40 years who may be specially ordered before the Board or Enrolling Officer; each and every person between the ages of 40 and 45 years, whether previously exempted or not, and all substitutes discharged from the service.

All persons who fail to report (included in the above order) at the places of rendezvous at the time appointed will be considered as deserters.
J. M. LITTLE, 1st Lt. P. A. C. S. and Enrolling Officer.
P. G. SNOWDEN, Surgeon P. A. C. S.
Chairman Ex. Bd. Surg., 7th Cong. Dist., N. C.
July 28th, 1863. 241 4t.
Papers ordered to publish the former advertisement will discontinue and publish the above.

Wilmington, Charlotte & R. E. R.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst., the Passenger Train on this Road, will run as follows:

| UP TRAIN. | DOWN TRAIN. |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. | Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. |
| Leave Wilmington, 9:00 o'clock, A. M. | Leave 10:45 A. M. 7:30 A. M. |
| Riverside, 10:00 " | Laurinburg, 8:47 " |
| Northwest, 10:40 " | Shoe Heel, 9:06 " |
| Marville, 11:28 " | Red Banks, 9:22 " |
| Roadside, 12:17 P. M. | Moss Neck, 9:57 " |
| Brown Marsh, 12:52 " | Lumberton, 10:36 " |
| Bladenboro, 1:27 " | Bladenboro, 11:35 " |
| Lumberton, 2:28 " | Brown Marsh, 12:10 P. M. |
| Moss Neck, 3:05 " | Roadside, 12:45 " |
| Red Banks, 3:59 " | Marville, 1:32 " |
| Shoe Heel, 3:55 " | Northwest, 2:29 " |
| Laurinburg, 4:36 " | Arrive at Riverside, 2:58 " |
| Arrive at 103, 5:28 " | Wilmington, 4:00 " |

By order of **R. P. ATKINSON,**
Master of Transportation.
May 16th, 1863—822-2m

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED PRACTISING PHYSICIANS, OF AN-son County, are constrained (much to our regret) by the increase of the high prices of Medicines and the Necessities of Life, to still further advance our charges.

We will, from the 16th of May, 1863, charge **ONE DOLLAR** per mile. **Night Visits, \$1.50** per mile, and all distances under five miles, **\$1** for Prescription—Extra for costly prescriptions and Blistering, and **50 cents** for each additional case. And we will require half yearly settlements, in January and July.

When Produce, &c., is required, those who will sell at the old prices, to the amount of bill, can have the medical account reduced to the same rate.

DRS. E. F. ASHE, **H. Y. HOWZE,**
W. C. RAMSAY, **C. B. COPPEDGE,**
JOHN A. McRAE, **ALBERT MYERS,**
A. L. JACKSON, **P. T. BEEMON,**
JAMES A. TILLMAN, **W. M. H. GLASS,**
J. C. SMITH, **W. KENDALL.**

A NEW STAGE LINE, TRI-WEEKLY.

WE ARE NOW RUNNING A TRI-WEEKLY Line of four horse coaches from Wadesboro, via Rockingham to the Wilmington, Charlotte & R. Railroad.

Leave Wadesboro on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 12 o'clock, M., on Sundays at 7 A. M., connecting with the down trains on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 7 1/2 A. M.

Leave the head of the Road on the arrival of the trains Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, arrive at Wadesboro (for the present,) at 12 o'clock, M., on the following days.

As soon as arrangements can be made, we design running the coaches through to Wadesboro on the same days the trains leave Wilmington.

July 9, 1863—239-4t.
Daily Wilmington Journal copy ten times and send bill to this Office.

Notice.

MONEY IS PLENTY AND OF BUT LITTLE value only to pay debts with. Therefore the undersigned would respectfully ask those who owe him (through the Argus) notes and accounts on his own account and also as Administrator on the Estate of **JOHN PRATT,** deceased, to call at Lilesville, without delay, and pay up. **MR. SIMEON E. LILES,** will wait on those desirous of paying.

If you will consult self-interest, you will most assuredly comply with the above request, while money is plenty and cheap. When the above debts were contracted it took one hundred cents to pay one dollar, now you can pay six dollars with one. Oh, think and act wisely.
J. J. COX,
June 9th, 1863—235-4t

BOOTS AND SHOES, REPAIRING &c.

HAVING MADE UP MY MIND TO GO into the manufacture of **BOOTS, SHOES,** and to do all kind of Repairing, &c., I take this method of notifying the public that I have rented **Cap't. J. C. CARAWAY'S** Shoe Shop, at High Mount Tannery, where I shall be happy to repair and manufacture Shoes, Boots, &c. for all the old customers of the Tannery, and for the public generally. I will work cheap, taking into consideration, the times, and the cost of everything necessary to the support of man.
232-1y **J. C. STAFFORD.**

NEW

Livery Stable

IN WADESBOROUGH.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES PLEASURE IN AN-nouncing that he has at last effected arrangements in establishing a long needed institution in this place—A **LIVERY STABLE.** His building is large and commodious, and every means will be taken by him and those under his charge, in giving satisfaction to the public.

HORSES AT LIVERY, will receive every attention **Horses, Buggies, and Hacks,** ready at all times to convey parties to any point they wish to go, and Horses taken to board either by the **FEED, DAY or MONTH.**

The patronage of the public is most earnestly solicited, either in putting up their horses with me for the **FEED, DAY, or in Driving my Horses, Buggies, or Hacks.**

MR. JAS. THREADGILL, Superintendent, will be on hand at all times, to attend to the wants of those who may honor me with their patronage.
J. C. CARAWAY, Proprietor.

N. B. I wish to purchase several good DRAUGHT HORSES. Persons having horses to dispose of would do well to give me a call.
October 23, 1862 205t **J. C. CARAWAY.**

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

WE WANT RAGS—GOOD CLEAN COTTON and **LINEN RAGS.** Save them and bring them to us, and we will have them made into paper to print the Argus upon. Save your rags, everybody, and when you come to town bring them with you, and we will buy them. They cost nothing but the trouble of saving them. Bring them in! Bring them in!

\$50 Reward.

I WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD FOR THE apprehension, confinement and delivery of my boy **JACK,** who ran away from me on the 18th of the present month. Said Jack is of a dark copper color, very quick when spoken to, five feet 10 or 11 inches high, weighs about 140 pounds and about 30 years of age.
THOS. J. GADBY,
Deep Creek, Anson co., N. C.
April 28th, 1863—228-4t

\$200 Reward.

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ABOUT the middle of August last, **JACK,** a bright mulatto, about 36 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches in height, spare built, slow-spoken, has a large scar on the left cheek extending from the corner of the mouth two thirds of the way towards the ear, and is by trade a carpenter.

One hundred dollars will be paid for his delivery to the Subscriber living 8 miles south of Wadesboro, Anson county, N. C., or for his confinement so that he may be had, and \$100 more, for evidence sufficient to convict any white person or persons, for harboring the said slave Jack.
JAMES C. BENNETT,
Wadesboro, December 18, 1862. 212-5m.

Hides and Leather.

WE WILL TAN HIDES ONE HALF for the other or 75 cts per pound. We will also give \$12 1/2 per cord for good oak bark delivered at our tannery.
ROBINSON & MURR,
March 18, 1863—232-4t

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

HORSES,
HORSES,
HORSES,
HORSES,
HORSES,
At the **LIVERY STABLE,**
Wadesboro, N. C.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
221-4t **J. C. CARAWAY.**

Dentistry.

B. B. HORTON, RESIDENT DEN-tist, Wadesboro, N. C., is fully prepared to perform any operation on the **TEETH.** He has now on hand a good supply of Gold FILL, **TEETH,** and all other materials to a successful practice of his profession. Teeth mounted on Gold or Silver Plate, from one to a full set, or suction, or clasps. All work warranted for 5 years. After 23 years practice, I have no hesitancy in saying: I can give entire satisfaction to those who patronize me.
N. B.—I will attend to all calls from home, but shall have to charge mileage, in addition to my other fees.
B. B. HORTON,
Wadesboro, Jan. 27, 1863—215-4t

W. T. DAVIS,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER, IS AT HOME, READY AND WILLING TO DO all kinds of repairing, mending and cleaning, in the best manner, and at the shortest notice consistent with neatness, durability and strength.
Feb. 4, '63—216-4t

SPECIAL NOTICE.

HIGH MOUNT TANNERY REOPENED, HIDES AND BARK WANTED.

HAVING FAILED TO FIND A PURCHASER for my Tannery, I have determined to commence, immediately, the tanning of Raw Hides—such hides as will make sole leather, for 50 cents per pound and 75 cents per upper.
I will pay **THIRTEEN DOLLARS** per cord for good Oak Bark delivered at my Yard.
I will buy Hides—dry at \$1 per pound—50 cents.
J. C. CARAWAY.
March 23d, 1863—223-4t

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED, BY THE SECRETARY of the Treasury, Chief Agent for the purchase of Cotton for the Confederate Government within the State of North Carolina, and will pay for the same in 7 per cent Bonds or cash.
Sub-Agents visiting the different parts of the State, buying in my name, will have written certificates of appointment.

By order of the "Secretary of the Treasury," all Cotton purchased by myself, or my Agents, on and after the 18th day of March, 1863, will be paid for in 7 per cent Bonds or Cash, and not 8 per cent Bonds as stated in a former advertisement. Up to that time, however, the 8 per cent Bonds will be furnished as stated.

Patriotic citizens are now offered an opportunity to aid the Government by selling to it their cotton rather than to private capitalists.
LEWIS S. WILLIAMS,
Charlotte, March 20, 1863—224-4t