



A PROCLAMATION, By the President of the United States of America.

The approaching close of another year brings with it the occasion for renewed thanksgiving and acknowledgment to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe for the unnumbered mercies which He has bestowed upon us.

Abundant harvests have been among the rewards of industry. With local exceptions health has been among the many blessings enjoyed. Tranquility at home and peace with other nations have prevailed. Frugal industry is regaining its merited recognition and its merited rewards.

Gradually, but, under the providence of God, surely, as we trust, the nation is recovering from the lingering results of a dreadful civil strife.

For these and all the other mercies vouchsafed, it becomes us as a people to return heartfelt and grateful acknowledgments, and with our thanksgiving for blessings we may unite prayers for the cessation of local and temporary sufferings.

I, therefore, recommend that on Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of November next, the people meet in their respective places of worship, to make their acknowledgments to Almighty God for His bounties and His protection, and to offer to Him prayers for their continuance.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 14th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

U. S. GRANT, President. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

Religion in Public Schools.

In the Irish Convention at St. Louis, last week, was discussed one of those ponderous questions which has shaken States and Empires. Whether religious instruction shall be taught in the public schools, propounds a question whose answer is perhaps more complicated than any other in the whole subject of education.

As an abstraction, it will be readily asserted that as the State is bound to furnish an education to its youth, then it follows that such education shall be of the highest kind. And what is of greater concern than instruction in religious matters? But when we come to settle what shall be the character of the religious instruction taught the young by authority of the State, we find two great divisions of public sentiment.

Should the time ever come when it will be really attempted to introduce religious instruction in the schools, dozens of sects will be claiming that their peculiar tenets be the religion taught, as the Catholics are now doing. They are now demanding, and wherever they have been sufficient strong enforcing an education paid for by the State, and yet definitely and denominationally religious.

The aspiring spirit of Romanism, which is constantly invading all regions, institutions and governments for the aggrandisement of their church, has so far made it the only religious body which has successfully asserted a right to teach its doctrine by the assistance of the public money.

Another class which desires religious and moral instruction in the public schools, are those who occupy a middle ground. It would secure its object without giving offense to either the Catholic or Protestant divisions of the religious world. This party cannot find a logical basis on which to plant their feet without finding themselves assailed by the Romanists, or by that very numerous class which demands the exclusion of religious teaching of all kinds. Though the question may be asked the Roman Catholic why does he display an interest in the public schools of the United States, when in those countries which, in religion, are predominantly his own, as Spain, Portugal or South America, the people are left in ignorance, yet he evades them by demanding his constitutional rights. Any religious instruction, says the Catholic, which is hostile to his liberty is either directly or indirectly outlawing his opinions. It will be no answer to this assertion to reply that under the present circumstances, all free and common education must be hostile to Romanism.

He will answer that the sentiments of the public are wrong and evil, and injuriously affect what he knows to be right.

The difficulties which surround this question are great, yet the demands of the Catholics, and perhaps other religious denominations, are forcing their consideration upon the country. And

a careful survey of the whole subject must convince every candid man that if religious instruction is to be permitted in our public schools, (when we get them) it can only be the result of much compromise, that partial interests must yield to what is admitted as nationally predominant, if not universal, in the sphere of morals and religion.

The New York World says that the victory in Ohio is proof that if the Democrats "repudiate compromising alliances, and scorn cowardly coalitions, their unflinching confidence in their own principles inspires respect and wins converts." "Oh, for an hour of Duffield!" Horace Greeley's pen and voice is silent in the grave, and those who trembled at their power now insult the dead whom they once flattered and afterwards betrayed. Compromising alliances! Time was when the Democrats, quitting their own disorganized ranks, sought an exponent for their principles outside of their party. Covering their tattered emblems with the fig leaf of Liberal Republicanism, they sought to impose upon the country with that show of decency. Now that the imposture is discovered, they call their allies and victims by harsh names.

We do not care particularly about the quarrels in the Democratic camp, but we are admirers of faith and consistency.

EDITORIAL BUDGET.

The newly appointed Captain-General of Cuba left Santander, Spain, for Havana, on Thursday. The Government squadron is yet at Gibraltar.

Ardnerskie Castle, England, formerly the residence of the Duke of Abercorn, has been burned. Many works of art, including numerous etchings by Landseer, were lost.

The discovery has just been made at Rome, on the Esquiline Hill, of some enormous ancient vessels in pottery-ware, the largest ever found, and of such a size that a man could easily live in one. The fact is therefore clear that the famous tub of Diogenes was not made of wood, but of earthenware, as is, in fact, implied in the passage of Juvenal.

The people who call themselves Conservatives in Virginia, are forming what they style Kemper-Kampaignt Klubs. The initials, which they seem fond of using alone in the headings of their advertisements of meetings, are suggestive of the Ku-Klux Klan. These same people are earnestly endeavoring to make the election a contest between the races, and this is also suggestive.

The British dispatch boat from the harbor of Cartagena arrived at Alicante on the evening of the 18th with news that the insurgent frigate Numancia ran into the Fernando el Catolico. Over half of the crew of the latter was drowned. The catastrophe is attributed to the inexperience of the officers. Another version of the affair is current here. It is reported the Numancia fired into and sunk the Fernando el Cotoico because she parted company with and refused to obey the signals to rejoin the former.

There was a quiet little election in the town of Bushnell, Ill., a few days ago, to obtain an expression of the wishes of the citizens for or against licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor, and the Judges decided that as it was desirable to obtain the general sentiment, they would receive the votes of the women also. This being made known, 125 ladies assembled at the Methodist Episcopal Church, and thence marched to the polls and deposited their ballots, unanimously against license. The vote of the town was strong the same way.

Among the matters influencing the selection of candidates for the Massachusetts Legislature is the Hoosac Tunnel. It is expected that this work will be completed before the term of the next Legislature will expire, and it will, therefore, become necessary for that body to take some definite action as to how and in what manner the tunnel shall be used. The Northampton Gazette strongly opposes the granting of the monopoly of this enterprise to certain railroads, and says: "It is of great interest to the prosperity of this section of the State that there should be no consolidation of the tunnel with other roads. It was not the intention of the people that the expensive work undertaken by them should be given away to any line of road, but that it should be kept open for all roads that have a right to make use of it."

Advices from Panama to the 8th instant have been received. On the night of the 29th of September the Corroso party, which had been lurking some time in the woods some distance from the city, came in and occupied the suburbs, which the Government had left unprotected. They opened fire on the morning of the 24th, and kept it up almost incessantly until the 6th instant, when they retired. While hostilities

were going on, General Corroso arrived from Costa Rica on the 30th ultimo, and having managed to land secretly, at once took direction of the proceedings against the Government of Gen. Neira. He at once announced that Gen. Neira had ceased to be the legitimate president of the State of Panama ever since he was overthrown by the revolution of the 5th of April, which expelled him from the State, and that he (Corroso) being the first designated appointed to be a substitute in such case, claimed to be the legal president. In the contest both sides were armed with rifles of the most approved pattern. The Government had the advantage of possessing cannon, which have caused great destruction to many valuable houses during the continuance of this contest.

Fortunately Admiral Almy arrived and hoisted his flag on the United States steamer Pensacola. Seeing the unprotected state of transit from the disordered condition of the city, and there being no national force on the part of Colombia, the Admiral landed one hundred and fifty men at the railroad station, and afterward, at the request of the Government itself, sixty men with their officers in the City Square. The Government, expecting that a General favorable to the rebel party might come over the railroad, sent out a force and demanded that the train should be stopped, and had all the passengers searched. The Admiral, on being informed of this daring attempt on the freedom of the inter-ocean transit, ordered that a guard of United States marines should accompany each train, and shoot down any armed men who should endeavor to interfere with it. The inability of the Government to protect the transit calls forth much comment. It is hoped that Admiral Almy will not give up the possession and protection of the transit until he is sure that it will be no further disturbed. A Constituent Assembly, which was organized to settle matters here, has done little else than to authorize a forced loan of \$20,000 on the city and \$40,000 on the province. The state of affairs unsettles all business in Panama.

WAIFS.

France has got three million horses left, despite the voracity of the gourmands. There is also a jackass or two remaining.

Chicago papers are making light of a young man who swallowed a bottle of kerosene, mistaking it for cough syrup. A Connecticut gentleman claims to have discovered a peice of the balloon. He will be promptly bound over to keep the "peice."

Iowa laid the corner-stone of her new Capitol without any speeches. It is an imposing edifice all the same. Fifty Baptist ministers in Nova Scotia find themselves out of business. All the bluebees have been under water at some time or other.

Chicago dry goods merchants provide lunches for their customers, thus putting them under polite obligations to strike a bargain.

Here is the latest description of a kiss: "Twas night. A real warm couple stood in the pale, cold moonbeams. Their lips touched, and there was a sound like a cow hauling her hoof out of the mud." A colored youth "cleaned out" a parcel of boys who pitched into him at New Lisbon, Ohio, the other day, and exclaimed: "Bress de Lord, dis nigger did not come all de way from Richmond for nothing!"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION THIS (Tuesday) evening at 7 1/2 o'clock. THOS. B. CARR, Secretary.

EVANS & VONGLAHN

HAVE on hand fine Calf Boots, fine Calf Balmorals.

EVANS & VONGLAHN

HAVE in Store Ladies' fine Cloth Bais, Ladies' fine Kid Bais, &c.

EVANS & VONGLAHN

HAVE on hand, always, a fine assortment of CHILDREN'S SHOES, of all colors and sizes.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AND SEE THEM.

Drs. Greene, Lindley & Bentley's

GREAT FAMILY MEDICINES!

THE GREAT VEGETABLE ALTERNATIVE.

COMP. EXT. CORYDALIS For all cases arising from impure blood.

DR. GREENE'S FIT CURE. For the cure of Erysipelas, Spines, and convulsions of all kinds.

MEDICATED HONEY, for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, and all diseases of the Lungs and air passages.

NEURALGIA SPECIFIC. A certain and speedy cure for Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Headache, and all nervous pains.

WARREN VALLEY AGUE CURE. Contains no Quinine. A most positive remedy for Chills, Bilious Fever, and congestions of Liver and Spleen. Acts like a charm. For sale by GREEN & FLANNERY, N. C. 13-d&wtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Enoch Morgan's Sons

SAPOLIO

A substitute for soap for all household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

For windows is better than turpentine water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans paint and wood, in fact the entire house, better than soap. No stopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for scouring knives is better and clearer than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than soap and sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

polishes brass and copper utensils better than acid or oil and rotten stone.

SAPOLIO

for washing dishes and glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than soap.

SAPOLIO

removes stains from marble mantels, tables and statuary, from hard-finished walls, and from china and porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes stains and grease from carpets and other woven fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work, and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

a new and wonderfully effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

as an article of the bath, "reaches the foundation" of dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

cleanses and beautifies the skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or faces.

HAND SAPOLIO

removes tar, pitch, iron or ink stains and grease, for workers in machine shops, mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the skin white and soft, and giving it a "bloom of beauty," it is unsurpassed by any cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and everybody should have it. You will like it.

Don't Fail to try these Goods.

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write for one Pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

Enoch Morgan's Sons

20 PARK PLACE, N. Y.

or LOMBARD ST., BALTIMORE, MD. 61-1y

OPERA HOUSE.

BENEFIT CONCERT.

THE CHOIR OF ST. JOHN'S LODGE, ASSISTED BY MRS. D. KAHNWEILER, MISS GREENWALD AND PROF. TAMBURELLO.

Will give a first class

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

For the benefit of the Oxford Orphan Asylum

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 22d, 1873.

The importance of this work is well known, and the appeal of the destitute should not go unheeded.

LET ALL CHARITABLY DISPOSED BE PRESENT. ADMISSION SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS. Doors open at 7:30. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock. Reserved seats can be procured on and after Monday the 20th, without extra charge, at P. HEINSBERGER'S LIVE BOOK STORE. The Piano and Organ to be used upon the occasion have been kindly loaned by Mr. P. Heinsberger, free of charge. The use of the Opera House has been kindly given by the Lessee. 12-11

To the Ladies!

Mrs. E. A. LUMSDEN

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK with the Finest and Handsomest Stock of

French Millinery

Ever offered in this city. DRESS-MAKING A SPECIALTY. All the LATEST STYLES and PATTERNS were selected in person from the leading houses of New York City.

The use of the Opera House has been kindly given by the Lessee. 12-11

Doctor M. J. DeRosier

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the public.

Office, South side of Market Street, adjoining the residence of Hon. Silas N. Martin.

Residence, Third Street, North of Mulberry. Oct 13-12-2w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

A DWELLING HOUSE conveniently arranged, and pleasantly located on Fifth Street, with fine water and a plater rain water on the roof.

Inquire of T. B. SERVOS, At City Hall.

LOST.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, on Market Street, between Third and Fourth, a small GOLD LOCKET, with monogram. The finder will receive a suitable reward by leaving it at

GEO. MYERS', 11 and 13 Front st.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED my BAR from the Southeast corner of Water and Dock streets to the building on Second, between Market and Princeps streets, recently occupied by R. L. Harris, where GOOD LIQUORS can always be had.

JOHN M. BREMER, Oct 13-12-1w

JUST Arrived per Steamer Raleigh.

A NOTABLE invoice of Hams, Breakfast Strips and Shoulders of our own curing; also, choice of our own Leaf Lard, in 20 pound Oak Cans, especially for family use. - Also a trial.

We return our thanks to our customers and friends for their kind favors and liberal patronage extended our new enterprise, and are determined not to be outdone in prices and quality of Goods. An examination of our superior Stock of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, will convince the most skeptical that money can be saved by giving us their orders.

Remember the corner under the Seaman's Home. J. H. MEGARITY & CO., Sept 23-108-

Mullets Mullets.

AT BINFORD CROW & CO'S, you will find large fine MULLETS, for sale low. Fresh arrivals every week from the seashore.

They also receive fresh Groceries by every steamer and sail vessel, and will be glad to have their friends give them a call.

TIES AND BAGGING

Always on hand. SOUTH WATER STREET. sept 23-108-1w Wilmington, N. C.

REDINGOTES.

WE ARE NOW MAKING THESE STYLISH ARTICLES for our customers.

IT IS WORTH LADIES' ATTENTION

Will do well to call at Mrs. STROCK'S and examine samples.

Dress-Making

IN ALL ITS LATEST STYLES.

Mrs. STROCK'S

Millinery and Dress-Making Rooms, Oct 14-11-1w Princess Street, Evans' Block.

Harris' News Stand.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that my son, Mr. R. L. Harris, has turned over the NEWS STAND to myself, and that it will hereafter be conducted in my name for the benefit of myself and family. I would, therefore, respectfully solicit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to it. For the present Mr. John Craig is alone authorized to act for me.

Papers and other publications not on hand will be ordered promptly. Papers and Periodicals delivered at places of business and residences without extra charge. oct 13-12-1w Mrs. M. C. HARRIS.

A CARD.

HAVING PURCHASED THE DRUG STORE of Messrs. Green & King, on Third Street, opposite City Hall, I will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Which will be sold at low prices for CASH, and every effort made to merit a share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed on all Medicines warranted to be the best that can be purchased. Competent Druggists will have charge of the business.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Carefully and correctly compounded at all hours, DAY OR NIGHT. oct 13-12-1w JAMES C. MUNDS.

A Premium for Cash!

WILL BE PAID IN

CLOTHING

AT MUNSON & CO'S.

For those in want no better time could be found than the present to replenish your wardrobe.

CLOTHING CHEAPER THAN EVER

At MUNSON & CO'S, City Clothiers.

Notice by Assignee of his Appointment - In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, In Bankruptcy For the Cape Fear District.

In the matter of Thomas O. Brown, Bankrupt

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Thomas O. Brown, of the county of Bladen, and State of North Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

W. E. FARRIE, Assignee, P. O. Wilmington, N. C. oct 17, 1873-1aw3w

B. F. FULLER,

City Bill Poster, AND DISTRIBUTOR.

All orders left at the Opera House will be promptly attended to. sept 27-1125lm

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GREAT EASTERN

REMEDY.

Electric,

Cures Everything.

For sale by all Druggists.

Oct 15 127-30

OUR DOUBLE STORES

11 and 13 Front Street.

STOCKED WITH A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Daily Opening of Fresh Groceries!

We call attention to our carefully selected stock of CORNED MEATS and CHOICE WINES for table use, together with our brands of WHISKY, "Blue Grass," "Bower," and "Woodburn," and a fine stock of ELEGANT LIQUORS.

At GEO. MYERS, 11 and 13 South Front street. oct 7-11

TAXPAYERS

NOTICE

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of New Hanover county will hold a meeting, commencing Monday October 29th and continuing until Saturday, the 25th inst., both days inclusive, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., for the purpose of hearing and examining complaints of tax payers upon the matter of assessments of Real Property, in manner and form as set forth in Section 17 of Revenue Act, being entitled "How complaints of excess proceeds

with," as follows:

Sec. 17. If any person shall complain before the Commissioners that his property, either real or personal, has been improperly valued, or that he is charged with an excessive tax, he shall present his claim in writing and they shall hear any evidence adduced by him, and shall summon and examine any witnesses necessary for a just decision of the question. If they decide against the complainant, they shall also give judgment against him for the costs of the investigation; but if the County Commissioners shall find that he has cause for the complaint, he shall direct the clerk to render a true and correct thereof, and the account the Auditor, who shall credit the sheriff with the overcharge in his settlement of that year.

Complainants will follow the requirements of the Act in making their complaints, as the Board desire to fully complete the assessments within the time designated.

SILAS N. MARTIN, Chairman. oct 29-51

IN STORE.

5,000 sacks Salt;

8,000 bushels Corn;

1,000 bushels Oats;

300 bales Hay;

1,000 bushels Meal;

300 rolls Bagging;

1,000 bundles Ties;

800 Spirit Casks;

250 barrels Glue;

1,000 bundles Hoop Iron;

200 papers Rivets;

150 boxes Cheese;

125 barrels Mullets;

800 barrels Flour;

65 boxes Dry Salt Sides;

100 boxes Smoked Sides and Shoulders;

125 barrels Sugar;

400 bags Coffee—all grades;

125 boxes Tobacco;

30 barrels and half barrels Snuff;