

THE PLAINEALER.

WILSON, AUGUST 17, 1869.

C. S. McDANIEL, EDITOR.

We have heretofore alluded to the movement recently inaugurated in this State for the disruption of the Democratic party and the organization of another under the name of "Liberal Republicans;" and we have unqualifiedly opposed it from motives of the utmost purity.

Our "new movement" friends have gotten themselves most strangely confounded. Their organs in Virginia have indignantly denied that the election of Walker was a triumph of Democracy, but claim that it was a Republican victory, won by men in intimate sympathy and accord with the principles and policy of President Grant.

In a conversation had with Gen. Tarbell, Secretary of the Republican Executive Committee of Mississippi, the "head of the Great National Republican party" gave utterance to the following very liberal and very republican sentiments, giving permission to the representatives of the press present, to make them public and, indeed, requesting that they would do so:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—"In an interview with Gen. Tarbell, the Secretary of the Republican Executive Committee of Mississippi, at the residence of Secretary Fish in this City, on the 6th inst., President Grant remarked upon the small number of Republicans engaged in the National Republican party, in Mississippi, using the name of Judge Dent, and said that in his judgment, the fact was in itself evidence that they could not be otherwise than used by the opposition. The President said that his only desire was peace and amity, and he would do anything that was right to bring that about but that these people cast suspicion on their own motives by the fact that all their efforts seemed to be aimed at dividing, not aiding, the Republican party in their midst. It they were really in earnest they

would not be so anxious about those with whom they acted. To sincere men it could not be difficult to tell who in the South were, and had been, the administration's friends."

This then is Liberal Republicanism according to its recognized head. Dent, the moderate candidate for Governor of Mississippi, who like Walker, in Virginia, was chosen through motives of policy as the leader of the hosts opposed to proseription. Dent, Grant's brother-in-law is coolly snubbed, and Grant, "the head of the Liberal Republican party" gives the influence of his position and reputation to the party that has trampled the rights of the people of Mississippi beneath its feet and have insulted them by grievous wrongs, committed without number. If Grant and the catpet-baggers of Mississippi be liberal republicans, God save us from such association! We shall live Democrats and die Democrats, rather than accept or countenance any movement so fraught with danger and insult to the people of our love.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

RUFFIN STATION, CASWELL COUNTY, N. C., August, 14th 1869.

Leaving Wilson on Thursday's one o'clock train, after a long and dusty ride, we reached this place at about sunrise on Friday morning.

At Goldsboro we were struck with the bad arrangement for passengers leaving the Weldon train for the North Carolina road, they being only allowed about two minutes for a change of cars, thus rendering it impossible for them to obtain tickets from the Agent at that point.

The trains from Goldsboro to Raleigh, carry passengers and freight, and consequently run very slow and make very long stoppages at the various Stations. From Raleigh west the passenger and freight trains are run separate, and make good time.

Chang and Eng, the Sinese twins, accompanied by a grown daughter of each (intelligent and educated young ladies), were passengers on the same coach with us from Raleigh to Greensboro. The twins begin to show signs of age, their hair being silver gray, and their step somewhat feeble. They have abandoned all hope of ever being a separated, eminent European and American physicians having concluded that such an operation would prove fatal to both of them.

We also saw in the same coach "Rev." G. W. Welker, former Confederate orator—now Radical Senator from Guilford, State Director in the North Carolina Railroad, and special cory of Cape-Cod Ashley—a fit representative of the corrupt class of Radical leaders that now course our good old State.

We left the North Carolina Road at Greensboro, where we noticed great improvements for the convenience of passengers in the shape of new ticket office, sitting-rooms, etc. After an hour's waiting at Greensboro, (where we had coffee for five,) we took the Piedmont train, and two hours' ride in magnificent coaches, brought us to this point.

We comfortably quartered with friend Dameron, of the Ruffin Select School; which, by the way, is one of the best institutions of its class in the State. Situated in one of the healthiest sections of the South, surrounded by beautiful scenery and refined society, with perfect system and admirable discipline, it affords excellent facilities for procuring a practical and useful education. The school now numbers sixty-five pupils, quite a number of whom are from Edgecombe and adjoining counties. The tobacco and corn crops throughout all this section, have been seriously damaged by the drough-

many points having had no rain for six and eight weeks. Many large fields of corn are totally ruined and will not yield anything.

We have met many old fashioned Democrats since we left Wilson, and all we have conversed with, express themselves as decidedly opposed to the "Lib-ral" Republican movement, or any other scheme looking to the abandonment of the old party.—Some have suggested that public meetings be held in the various counties, in order to give expression to the views of those who are opposed to abandoning principle for the sake of getting the "outs" into office.—What says Wilson? McD.

COMMUNICATED.

Mr. Editor:—During the last two months it has been my good fortune to travel through portions of the counties of Wilson, Greene, Pitt, Beaufort, Craven and Carteret; and from personal observation, and by inquiry, I can safely say that the crops of corn, cotton peas and potatoes give promises of an abundant harvest. In bits of a few miles, interspersed here and there, corn has been injured slightly, and in a few instances, seriously by the drought of July, but upon the whole, it is looking remarkably well, especially in Pitt, Beaufort and Craven. In these counties, as a general thing, the soil is deeper, more moist and the growing crop less liable to be damaged by dry weather. Cotton, especially, in all of the above counties has a luxuriant growth—it is branching beautifully and is well squared and balled. Receiving no detriment in the future, I have no hesitancy in saying there will be more than an average yield this year and, as a natural consequence there will be no sparsity of money next Fall and Winter. The Farmer's barns will teem with plenty and Merchants may anticipate a rich harvest. Peas, though not as promising as I have seen them, may yet improve and make a good crop.—Better potatoe crops I have never seen. In Beaufort and Craven this esulent is largely cultivated. The planters contiguous to Newborn raise potatoes for the Northern markets, and they consider this crop more remunerative than cotton. Early plantings are now large enough for table use. In fact, wherever the crops have been judiciously cultivated, the soil has generously tendered a rich return. Those, who do not know when and how to cultivate, can never expect, nor do they deserve to enjoy a plentiful harvest. From the most reliable information, incidentally gleaned along my route, I learned, that the freedmen have labored better this year than at any previous time since their emancipation. Evidently, they seem to be returning to the condition which nature has eminently qualified them to fill—good, active and cheerful laborers. Politically, they are becoming restive under the galling yoke of their Task Masters, the Northern Carpet Baggers, the Scalawags and the Renegades and manifest a willingness to assimilate themselves with the native conservative element of the country. The hand of destiny has unmistakably inscribed Ichabod on the escutcheon of Radicalism in the South.—Farmers are in excellent spirits.—They are beginning sensibly to realize that the surest road to competency and happiness leads through a well cultivated farm.

Illers about Towns and loafers around street corners will please note this fact and be no longer nuisances to their families and the community in which they reside. M.

FROM THE PETERSBURG EXPRESS.

It is quite popular to speak of certain issues as old, by which the idea is meant to be conveyed that they are dead and buried never again to be revived. Adherence to principle, opposition to endowing a mass of ignorant and semi-civilized negroes with the right of suffrage, devotion to the constitution and adherence to its provisions, have all been alike characterized as old issues, not to be revived nor to engage the attention of political disputants.

Rampant radicalism would have it imposed upon the people's mind, especially that of the South, that it is an old issue to oppose its tyrannies and injustice—that it is an old issue to regard it as different from the government of the United States,

the power of which it is wielding solely with the view of perpetuating its party domination, trampling under foot whatever opposes the accomplishment of its own party purposes, and if possible conforming Virginia, Mississippi and Texas to the radical mould.

Even at this moment the people of Virginia are uncertain what is to be the result of the excited canvass through which they have recently passed, not knowing whether they are to be trifled with by the radical Congress, or whether they are to be treated as full grown men.

It is true they were told that Congress had not given any pledge whatever that the result of the election would be ratified and confirmed by that truculent ruler of the republic. Still, having traced out a course of action to be pursued, the people of Virginia were justified in concluding that their action would be indorsed by Congress should it be conformed to the terms and plan laid down before them.

In the event of the refusal of Congress to ratify the result of the Virginia election, which there is probability of their doing, their course would simply range itself among the list of subjects which, like questions of principle and good and evil, we shall no doubt be told are only "old issues," not to be disturbed, and that we must address ourselves to the present "live questions" in which the perpetuity of the domination of radicalism is chief—that radicalism which a contemporary characterizes as "the same barbaric yawp of progress, which we now hear from the fanatical destructives and ignorant loyalists of this country, resounded amid the ruins of every republic attempted on earth, and been the signal for the enslavement of every people who aspired to liberty. The fellows who renew it in our day, impudently howling for an abandonment of old issues, are but imitation of a class accused in every age for their diabolism."

Great Fire in Philadelphia.

On Wednesday night week the U. S. Bonded Warehouse in Philadelphia on Lombard street wharf, known as Patterson's storehouse, was destroyed by fire with upwards of 40,000 barrels of whiskey and other valuable goods. The warehouse comprised a series of eight stories, each considered fire proof, the whole forming a building six stories high, 250 feet by 150 feet. The immense weight of whiskey stored in the south end of the building, directly over the engine-room, caused the upper part of the building to give way, thus letting the whiskey down into the engine-room. In an instant the fire spread throughout the six stories, and soon the burning whiskey ran down the gutters in Sowson street to Pine, and thence into the sewer leading into the river, and in a short time an explosion took place in the sewer, breaking a portion of it, but not doing any very great damage; the flames continued, however, through the sewer to the end of the wharf, which it set on fire, and came near firing a bridge lying near the pier. The fire extended to the adjoining houses in the block, and threatened their entire destruction. The loss is generally estimated at over five millions of dollars. One person has since died of injuries received. The total insurance on whiskey is \$2,288,000. New York and Eastern companies are the heaviest losers. The London and Globe lose \$180,000; Imperial \$819,000; Insurance Company of North America of Philadelphia \$127,000. Philadelphia companies probably lose \$400,000. Among the other heavy losers are a number of bankers, including Jay Cooke & Co., who had advanced money to whiskey men to pay the tax on June 30.

A Remarkable Lunatic.

The Pall Mall Gazette tells this story:—"The intellectual activity of a certain class of lunatics is curiously illustrated in the report on the lunatic asylum of Ireland, which has lately been printed and laid before Parliament. A man named Joseph Langfrey escaped from the Central Asylum with two other patients, none of the party being looked upon as lunatics by the medical officers, although confined there as criminal lunatics. Mr. Langfrey was described

as being of an extraordinary clever and ingenious mind. He could do things quite beyond what men in general can perform, and his cleverness was even exceeded by his versatility. He was a good shoemaker, a tailor, a weaver. He made from a scrap of iron a key by which he could open the door of his division. He put together a wooden sewing-machine of his own contrivance, with which he made clothes for himself; and his mind, just before his escape, seemed so intent on improving this machine that there was little apprehension of his attempting to escape.

"His career, it is stated, before he came to the asylum, was most extraordinary. He had been in the British army, in the French army, in the French navy, and had been in British, German, and Russian prisons. He had a fair grammatical knowledge of French, knew something of German, and was completely self-taught, his age, although he had passed the various phases of existence above described, was only 27. He spoke well and reasonably, the great defect in his character being a fickleness of purpose. He had that rambling disposition that is never sated with travel and adventure; that if his principles were good and upright he would in all probability have had a distinguished career in life. Langfrey was, in fact, not unlike one of Ouida's heroes. No trace of him has yet been found."

To tell our secrets is folly, to divulge the secrets of another is treachery.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Dutcher's Lightning Fly-Killer! Death to the Living! Long live the Killers! Sold by Dealers Everywhere!

A TERRIBLE INCIDENT.

In the mission life of Mrs. Ingalls, in Burnish's well told in the "Baptist Messenger," relating how she was sent for to visit one of the Buddhist high priests, who had been nearly killed, and how, while in the most holy place in their temple, where none but the priest had ever before been admitted, she was permitted unrebuked to use for him the sacred vessels which none but high priest dare touch, and to even overturn and sit on one of their gods to rest; all through the magic influence of the Pain Killer, called by them the "God medicine," so successfully had she used it in curing their many diseases, some of them considered heretofore fatal in that climate, among which were cholera, liver complaint, dyspepsia, the bites of venomous reptiles, &c. This speaks volumes for the Pain Killer.—London Times.

Rev. J. E. Clough, Missionary at Ongole, Southern India, writes:—"We esteem your Pain Killer very highly for scorpion stings, cholera, &c., and cannot very well get along without it." Rev. I. D. Colburn, Missionary at Tavoy, Burmah, writes: "I shall be happy to assist in extending a knowledge of a remedy so speedy and effectual."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES E. CLARK, WITH G. W. McGLAUGHON & CO. Cotton Factors. AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Corner Washington and Lee Streets, TOBACCO WAREHOUSE, NORFOLK, VA.

Will attend promptly to orders of COTTON, GRAIN, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, FISH, &c., and purchase of supplies. Liberal Advances Made on Consignments. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. augt 16 29-4E

N. C. STONE WARE. Consisting of JARS, JUGS, CHURNS, PITCHERS and MILK CROCKS. A. T. S. C. Ground Alum Sulfate in sacks, Molasses, Lard, &c. Just received and for sale at the Corner Store, Brick Row, by M. W. JARVIS, Agent. Wilson, N. C., August 16, 1869.

PREMIUM For the FIRST SALE of NEW COTTON. WE OFFER AS A PREMIUM FOR THE FIRST SALE of NEW COTTON sent to us

A SILVER CUP, Now being prepared KADER BIGGS, & CO., New York, Va. augt 16-2w

KADER BIGGS & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND COTTON FACTORS, Bell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va.

Liberal advances on Consignments. \$27 Shipments to Liverpool FREE OF FORWARDING COMMISSIONS, and the usual advance made. \$27 Special attention paid to the sale of COTTON and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE—and prompt returns made. BAGGING and ROPE and TIES furnished on liberal terms. August 16 29-6m

GOOD NEWS FOR THE BLIND. CHAMBERLAIN HAS JUST RECEIVED complete assortment of the Patent Accommodating Spectacles. Sent to us

I have the exclusive right for the sale of these Spectacles in this County. S. W. CHAMBERLAIN, Brick Block, Below Court House, SIGN OF THE BIG WATTEL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. WORTHINGTON'S CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA MEDICINE! A SPECIFIC FOR ALL BOWEL AFFECTIONS.

Such as CHOLERA, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MORBUS, COLIC AND ALL PAINFUL AFFECTIONS OF THE STOMACH & BOWELS.

Below we offer a few testimonials to show its great value. These are only a portion of ten thousand. This Medicine can be had in bottles of four, five, ten, and twenty cents. Dr. Worthington says he gave it to his child at only one day old with a most happy effect. Never allow any Druggist or Professor his prescription on you and tell you it is good. Read for yourself, and call for DR. WORTHINGTON'S CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA MEDICINE, and if he has not got it, tell him to order it—everybody ought to have it.

TESTIMONIALS: MENICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE OF N. C., Raleigh, June 28, 1862.

DR. JOHN S. MEDICAL PURVEYOR, Richmond, Va. Dear Sir:—This will be handed to you by Dr. R. H. Worthington, of Martinsville, N. C., who is the proprietor of the Jovely celebrated Remedy which bears his name. He visits Richmond to secure materials, and may also very readily be procured. It is highly appreciated, as the stock in North Carolina is entirely exhausted, and all the surgeons whom I have supplied greatly prefer it to any article known for Diarrhoea and kindred ailments. He may find it difficult to get articles from the trade, and as the medicine is for the army, he thought you might have some in excess. I am, very respectfully, your friend, F. F. PESCUDE, Medical Purveyor N. C. Respectfully referred to the Purveyor General of the Confederate States, with the statement that the medicine within named has long enjoyed a high reputation in this State, both in and out of the army. Respectfully, E. WARREN, Purveyor Gen'l for State of N. C.

OFFICE OF SURGEON GENERAL C. S. A. If Dr. Worthington can furnish quantities of his medicine, we will place it in the army as a remedy in bowel affections. S. F. MOORE, Surgeon General C. S. A.

CAMP OF INSTRUCTION, Raleigh, N. C., June 25, 1862. I take pleasure in giving testimony to the great value of Dr. Worthington's Remedy in all the diseases for which it is recommended. I think it peculiarly useful in the army, and have found it of the very best service in the treatment of the bowel affections which form so large a part of the sickness of camp life. It has been very extensively used in this camp, and with uniformly good results. F. M. GARRETT, Surgeon in Chief.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Aug. 5, 1869. Dr. R. H. Worthington: It affords me pleasure to state that I have used your Cholera and Diarrhoea Medicine on several occasions, and have always found it very reliable. We have used it for the benefit of the pupils of this institution, and in every instance the person using it has been speedily restored. I regard it as an excellent family medicine. Yours, truly, S. M. FROST, President Wayne Female College.

The following is from Judge Heath: I have made use of Dr. Worthington's Cholera Medicine in a single case of Cholera, and violent disease: its effect was immediate and the cure perfect. I think it an invaluable prescription. Edenton, N. C., Oct. 16, 1864. R. R. HEATH.

FROM HON. K. RAYNER, LITTLETON, HARTFORD, N. C., October 26, 1864. I have used Dr. Worthington's Cholera Medicine with my negroes, and have found it to be a most capital remedy in bowel affections. KENNETH RAYNER.

Dr. R. H. Worthington—Dear Sir:—I have used your Medicine in many cases of bowel disease, for which you prescribed it, and in every instance its effects have exceeded my most sanguine expectations. I regard it as an important addition to the list of family medicines. G. J. BARRIS, Southampton Co., Va.

Dr. R. H. Worthington—Dear Sir:—I have been using your Cholera and Diarrhoea Medicine for three years. I have given it to my infant with signal success. GEORGE W. NEAL.

From Rev. J. H. Davis, of Martinsville, N. C. Dr. Worthington's Cholera and Diarrhoea Medicine has been used with the finest effect under my observation for the last two or three years in this institution. We find it a safe and prompt remedy in diseases of the bowels, for which it is principally designed, and but little loss of efficacy in derangement of the nervous system. We keep it constantly on hand, and resort to it with increasing confidence with every repetition of its use. J. H. DAVIS, President F. C. College.

Dr. Worthington:—Your Cholera Medicine is the best medicine I have ever used for Cholera affections. F. L. RICHMOND, Edenton, N. C. J. A. RISHBOTHAM, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Dr. R. H. Worthington—Dear Sir:—Please send me one dozen of your Cholera Medicine, for I can't do without it; it is the best I ever used. W. S. G. ANDREWS, WILLSBORO, Ark., September 3, 1857.

MARTINSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 2, 1858. Dr. R. H. Worthington—Dear Sir:—We, the undersigned, citizens of Hertford county, believe your preparations most valuable in the household, as a family medicine, and we have ever used. We say what we believe. We have ever found it to be of beneficial effect in relieving those affections for which it is recommended. J. W. HILL, M. M. WILSON, L. T. SPIERS, E. CLARKE, W. E. HARRISON, H. T. LAWSON, G. PARKER, JOHN W. HARRIS, S. PARKER, T. J. HOLLOMAN, W. D. NEWSON, J. WILSON HARRISON, James Smith, J. L. ANDERSON, S. S. HARRIS (clerk of the Superior Court), G. B. CAMPBELL, D. D. JONES, J. YETTS, J. H. MAGUIRE, J. T. TRADER, A. W. DARDEN, SAMUEL MOORE W. C. PARKER, GEORGE A. BUTT, S. D. WILSON, BENJ. A. SPIERS, J. A. DUKER, J. B. F. COLLETT, T. D. BOONE, L. C. LAWRENCE, L. W. ROFFE, URSH VAUGHAN, L. M. COPPER, Clerk County Court, David H. Barnes, Judge Superior Court, F. J. DEANES.

This Medicine has been heretofore so high that it was not every one that had one dollar to spare to buy a bottle. Having made arrangements with Dr. W. to give us the exclusive wholesale agency for the Medicine, I have induced him to put it up in two sizes, viz: 25 cents and 50 cents a bottle.

JAMES T. WIGGINS, PROPRIETARY WHOLESALE AGENT, 43 MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA. To whom all orders should be addressed. For sale by Druggists and Merchants every where.

SCHOOL BOOKS, PAPER, &c. Just received a supply of School Books, &c., viz: McGuffey's 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Readers. Webster's Dictionary and Spelling Books. Smith's Grammar. Mitchell's New Primary Geography. Do. Do. Inst. Do. Anderson's Latin Lessons. Copy Books. Commercial Note, Cap and Lead Note Paper, Envelopes, open end, &c., white and colored. Steel Pens, a good assortment. Which I offer for sale at my store, corner Brick Block. M. W. JARVIS, AGENT. Wilson, July 25th, 1862.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BININGERS' OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

Especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, possessing those intrinsic medicinal properties which belong to an Old and Pure Gin.

Indispensable to Females. Good for Kidney Complaints. A delicious Tonic. Put up in cases, containing one dozen bottles each, and sold by all druggists, grocers, &c. A. M. Binninger & Co., established 1778, No. 15 Beaver Street, New York. S. B. WATERS & CO., Exclusive Agents, Wilson, N. C. August 3 27-5m

SAM. B. WATERS & CO., Groceries.

A. J. MORRISON'S Whiskies, Brandy, Gins, &c.

Also agents for BININGER'S GINS, AND FINE CALIFORNIA WINES, Warranted pure, for Medicinal purposes.

CIGARS, SMOKING TOBACCO, SNUFFS, &c., &c.

WOOD & WILLOW WARE, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

MEAL and FLOUR constantly on hand, and arriving weekly.

Agents for PURCHASE OF COTTON.—Highest Cash Prices paid. Cash or Barter given for all kinds of Produce.

Prompt attention given to all consignments.

Orders received for LUMBER of all kinds, delivered at Depot, from E. J. Felton's Steam Saw Mill, at lowest cash price. S. B. WATERS & CO., Agents, Wilson. Call and see us. August 3 19-3m

E. ROSENTHAL, JUNE 1st, 1869.

I have opened this day my SECOND NEW STOCK OF SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

I have the prettiest stock of Dress Goods on hand now that has been here this season, having just received a new lot of the LATEST STYLES. Also, BLACK DRESS SILKS, SILK PARASOLS, LACE SHAWLS & MANTILLAS, CORSETS, of all sizes, HOOPSKIRTS, small and extra size.

In fact my stock is now again complete. My BEST CALICOES reduced to 15 cents per yard; Second quality 11 cents.

Also, received and opened to-day, a new stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, Cassimere and Linen, of ALL SIZES. And always on hand and received weekly, a full stock of LADIES' Shoes and Gaiters,

which I am having manufactured to order, and which I guarantee. Thankful for past favors, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same. E. ROSENTHAL, on Court House Square, 15-17 June 1

C. J. ROUNTREE, REPAIRER OF WATCHES, A FEW YARDS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE SQUARE, WILSON, N. C., Offers to the public, and especially to the profession of the vicinity, a stock of

Drugs and Medicines, which in point of quality has never been equaled in this community, and to the purity and excellence of which he invites professional scrutiny. He also has in store an assortment of

PATENT MEDICINES, consisting mainly of those which have been approved of after long trial in our midst and from which cure is taken to exclude all worthless and unknown nostrums. Among other articles to be found in his stock are: Dyes, blues, (ground), and Flavoring Extracts. Pepper, Alepica, Ginger, Cloves, Cloves, &c., ground and warranted perfectly pure. Sassa, Hair Dye and other toilet articles. Also, an Oil for the Hair, composed of oil of Bessine, &c., &c., with little of the offensive smell of Benzine, &c., and cheaper. "Flor de Mayo" and "Opoponax" only used a trial. "Fly Paper" destroys flies with safety and convenience. Lamps and Oil, Lamp and Bods, Stationery, &c., &c., of desirable kinds. He is constantly receiving a variety of

Paints, Oils and Varnishes, which are sold very low.

Extraordinary compound with warm and cold. Persons wanting medicine at night will find a sleep in the store. "In short, he is determined that nothing shall be lost by those who favor him with patronage, in quality of articles, or prices charged for them."

"Petroleum Lubricating Oil" for machinery, just received and for sale cheap. 18 1y