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THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1921

YOUR LABEL IS YOUR RECEIPT.

The date to which your subscription is paid is given on the label, opposite your name, printed thus: "John Smith, 1920-21." You need not remember the date on which your label will indicate to you whether or not your remittance reached us. If your label does not change within ten days after you remit advise us AT ONCE.

With the near approach of March 4, many mills are resuming operations.

It is well to remember that pedestrians have rights as well as those who operate automobiles. Many of the latter, it seems, forget this fact.

Everything has the price-downward tendency but taxes. Upon the Legislature this duty devolves and also upon those in control of municipalities.

Washington, D. C. barbers are said to have increased the price of a shave as the face of Democratic office holders up that way are getting exceedingly long.

A proposition is on foot to establish a County Court in Guilford county and do away with the Municipal Courts at Greensboro and High Point. With the present record of crime such a court would be kept busy every day in the year.

Another army of unemployed will soon be turned loose and these will be the Democratic office holders. However, iron hands are scarce, and these unfortunates should not worry. They have had eight years of good picking in rich pasture lands.

Gov. Neff, of Texas, is abolishing the Pardon Board of the State while an effort is being made in North Carolina to establish one. He finds it unsatisfactory and a means of getting pardon easy. Perhaps we had better look before we leap in this direction.

Years ago the late "Buck" Blackwell, of Durham, inaugurated a home of your own movement that was most commendable. He built a number of cottages and then sold them on easy terms at the original cost. May his successors multiply in every community.

Soup houses in Detroit, and other large cities for the unemployed, during these days of the Wilson Democratic administration, is not a pleasant reminder of the days of a Cleveland Democratic administration. In this respect there is a marked similarity.

Senator Overman thinks the time is ripe for getting rid of the Congressional lobbyists. State Legislators in N. C. should stick a pin here. Legislative lobbyists are about as plentiful, proportionately, in Raleigh as lobbyists in Washington and about as rank.

Generally, Senator Harding is commended for his stand for a simple and inexpensive inauguration. State and municipal officials have herein a good example. Taxes can not be reduced any other way than by economy or increasing already burdensome taxes.

Everytime Senator Harding turns around the New York World throws a fit. We suppose it will have a complete collapse when Harding gives his approval to the Republican plan of cutting more than a billion dollars out of the Democratic demands for appropriations.

One thing can be said to the credit of the present Legislature thus far is that it has not passed many fool bills and in fact few of any kind but of a purely local nature. Let it keep up the record. Toward the close of the session the rush will come. Such is usually the case.

We do not hear of many getting on the house top and proclaiming that their taxes in this State were lower than they were last year. And this year they will be more unless the Legislature practices unprecedented economy. Values of property are listed top-notch and it will not be difficult to "raise more revenue."

During the consideration of the emergency tariff bill in the House, recently, Representative Garrett, Democrat, warned his party associates that "this measure is designed to split the Democratic party." No need to try to split it now, Mr. Garrett. The Wilson administration of the past eight years has smashed it.

Should the Legislature foolishly establish a State Constabulary, to assist the present army of Revenue and State Officers to enforce prohibition, an incentive for its passage

would doubtless be to land some of the present prohibition officers who will walk the official gang plank after March 4th. The State is Democratic, you know, and Democrats always take care of their own.

"I am going to have a Republican cabinet but no selection will be made because of party obligations without consideration for the best service of the country."

So said Senator Harding at Marion, Ohio, January 20th. And he will carry out this announcement to the very best of his ability. It will be a Republican Cabinet, to be sure, of qualified men, something we have not had for some time.

The present national debt is \$24,000,000,000, while foreign nations owe Uncle Sam \$10,000,000,000. On this little or no interest is being paid and hence just that much more has to come from the pockets of the people in the way of taxes. If those debts were paid and even the interest, our taxes would be less. It looks like poor business. Next week we hope to print some facts and figures in regard to our foreign creditors.

The present Legislature will do one thing, if nothing else, and that is increase the bond issuing privileges in this State. Already Bond interest is a mighty high item in North Carolina. If the pace keeps up, the State, counties and municipalities will virtually be mortgaged to bondholders. Individually, the Local Editor has found to be a costly experience. To State, counties and municipalities it is the same and one of the principal causes of high taxes, for out of the general fund the interest money comes first and what is left, is applied to other necessary purposes.

WHAT WAS THE WAR FOR.

The world-wide war—what was it for? With its millions of dead and wounded, devastation of property and debts which figures can hardly record! Some say it was to make the world safe for democracy and insure peace, yet with wars still raging, it is peace only in name. What was it fought for? Was it for the fulfillment of the prophecy of the return of the Jews to Palestine by a wresting of the Holy Land from the grip of the bloody Turk? In no other way could human agency accomplish this task. No individual nation, if it had the power, did it have the right to bring war upon Turkey for the purpose of capturing the Holy Land. The Bible says that the Jews shall return to Jerusalem and not until then will the end of the world come. "God works in a mysterious way, his wonders to perform." Was the world-wide war a consummation of this prophecy? It is an answer at least worthy of thought.

RICH AS CROESUS.

Directly and indirectly, \$172,000,000 was collected for the Federal Treasury in North Carolina last year. Owing to this fact, the State and Municipal authorities should be wondrously considerate while Uncle Sam is making such heavy demands upon our people and should lessen expenses and reduce taxes until we get through paying our part of this tremendous government indebtedness. There is such a thing as taxing people beyond reason and endurance and if the State through its Legislature and the Municipalities, keep up "raising more revenue" at the present trend, they need not be surprised to hear the people murmur and groan their discontent regarding burdensome taxation. Property was reassessed at abnormal values and some of the members of the legislature and those lobbying around Raleigh, with demands for increased appropriations, are endeavoring to create the impression that under the new and very recent revaluation system, North Carolina is as rich as Croesus. But this is not the case. Already there is agitation in the Legislature for another valuation and reduction in the amounts recently assessed and it demands attention. There is a great difference on land that produced \$1 a pound to \$200 before revaluation and \$200 to \$2000 now. The assessment was abnormal and not just and should be rectified.

JUST LISTEN.

Now wouldn't it be in a pickle if by any misfortune Mrs. Sharpe had defeated Dr. Brooks for Superintendent of Public Instruction?—Democratic Exchange.

Mrs. Sharpe is a lady of exceptional ability, naturally and acquired. She has raised a family and has for years held a prominent position in the faculty of the State Normal College at Greensboro. Could any person be better qualified by experience to know the needs of the schools of the State? Such twaddle as the above is disgusting. Most of the school teachers in this State are women. The best schools the Local Editor was ever privileged to attend, were conducted by women and then to say that if a woman of Mrs. Sharpe's ability and qualification and experience as mother and teacher, would make it a misfortune if placed at the head of the State school system. Some of the largest colleges in the United States have lady principals. But for the women as teachers in the home and in the schools, the educational opportunities in this State would in the past and still be in a deplorable condition. Mrs. Sharpe did not seek the nomination, but it sought her and it was with great reluctance that she consented to be a candidate, only doing so in the hope that she could enlarge her sphere of usefulness to the educational interest of the Old North State.

CANNOT ENFORCE THE LAW

A strong appeal is made to the Legislature that Federal agents can not enforce the prohibition law and an appeal is made for the establishment of a State Constabulary, to add another force and pay roll to prohibition enforcement. It is said that the Legislature is not very favorably impressed with the appeal. If Federal, State and Municipal officers, aided by sumptuary and drastic legislation, cannot enforce the law, then it comes with poor grace to appeal for more officers. Virginia has tried a similar law and abolished it in disgust. If the law cannot be enforced, then it would seem that public sentiment is not behind it. The real truth is, many a man likes a glass of beer, a toddy, etc., who is not a drunkard, and hence at heart is not in sympathy with a law that deprives him of this privilege. A gentleman in this city told the Local Editor, that from his youth up he was used to his morning dram. He is a member of the church, an officer therein and a sober and good citizen, and while he voted for prohibition, he would have his drink if he could get it legally, if not, just the best way he could. He was after the saloon and the other fellow and did not imagine that his own privilege would be affected. We believe that malt and vinous privileges would do much to aid the present deplorable conditions. Another way would be to remove the tax and give in liquor like tobacco and other commodities. Also the State could manufacture and sell and regulate as easily as the Government did sugar and other necessities, and derive a much needed revenue therefrom. One thing is certain, the revenue is needed. Prohibition enforcement as it is at present carried on is by no means a success or satisfactory. A State Constabulary will not improve conditions. We have officers and laws enough and we are giving law and money in abundance a fair trial. If they fail, what then?

A HIGHER INTEREST.

A question of raising the legal rate of interest to 8 per cent, has bobbed up in the Legislature. The argument advanced is that it will attract capital to the State. If we would issue less bonds and keep more of this bond interest here, it would retain much capital that goes out constantly in a golden stream. On the surface, the increased rate of interest is seductive. The business man, hard pressed for money, may see in the measure his salvation, and the promoter, to hear the hum of new enterprises, may conclude that it possesses bright possibilities for him. Even the 6 per cent law is abused by those who lend money by charges for negotiations, fixing up papers, etc., above the 6 per cent rate. As to the 8 per cent rate, it is a dangerous piece of legislation and fraught with evil. Speaking on this subject the Monroe Journal says: In reality, money is already costing from seven to ten per cent, so to increase the legal rate to eight per cent would mean a corresponding increase in the rates now demanded, which would be from nine to twelve per cent. When the legal rate was eight per cent in this state, the money-lenders exacted twelve per cent, and we are now being asked to increase the rate to nine per cent. The argument is that the eight per cent law would bring more capital into the state can also be questioned. Some concerns have been "living nine per cent" to Wall Street banks, but are apparently unable to secure the money they need. The argument that the eight per cent law would bring more capital into the state can also be questioned. Some concerns have been "living nine per cent" to Wall Street banks, but are apparently unable to secure the money they need. The argument that the eight per cent law would bring more capital into the state can also be questioned. Some concerns have been "living nine per cent" to Wall Street banks, but are apparently unable to secure the money they need.

HOW FAR OFF IS PROSPERITY?

Congress doing but little cheese paring, and the appropriations for the year's business will doubtless exceed four billion dollars. Mr. Burleson's airplanes will be suspended, and mails will return to the railroad routes. The Shipping Board will be given equally reduced appropriations—and in these measures a few "measly millions" will be saved—if partially wrecking our merchant marine for want of sufficient money to permit it to function is "saving." In any event burdensome taxes cannot be escaped in the present year. In Washington one watches the figures of the Treasury, the Federal Reserve Board, the results of the many surveys of agriculture, industry, labor, crop report etc. That forms the basis for identifying Government's relation to progress. The financial reports are very good, the situation with agriculture is equally bad—very bad. Over two million laboring men are unemployed. There are a lot of business smashes taking place, but the shelves of the nation are depleted—bare in many cases. Factories must get busy. From the angle, therefore, of Federal vision, the situation is 50-50.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME.

A campaign to "Own Your Own Home" is under way in this city. To impress the idea more forcibly a miniature home and rent house have been placed in the Court House Square. Also piles of building material at reduced prices, while the names of local contractors are given and Building and Loan Associations who propose to lend money to those desiring to own a home. The Local Editor of the Union Republican throughout his thirty-odd years connection with this paper, has repeatedly advocated this "own your own home" policy. It is important for many reasons. Interest is as cheap as rent and stimulates an interest, an ambition that will tend to leave a balance for payment on the principal. Then a home owner is a citizen more directly identified with the welfare of a community. It does not take a renter long to "pull up stakes" and move away when the best comes of standing by your town or city when it is necessary for every shoulder to be put to the wheel and every ounce of public spirit

puts "Prosperity" still out at sea, and sailing towards American shores on a ship that will arrive from six weeks to six months. If she does not land somewhere within that broad interval of time, then every statesman, every prophet, and every son of a prophet, is very much mistaken in signs.

BRYAN TO RE-ORGANIZE DEMOCRACY.

William Jennings Bryan and his brother Charles W. Bryan announce that they are going to organize the Democratic party along Bryan lines. As a matter of news we give their statement: "We have been developing plans for thirty days to have the Democratic party describe and win the support of progressive forces," Bryan said.

"The plans include drafting of constructive national, state and municipal legislative programs, representing the consensus of opinion of the progressives. The program will include: Curbing the privacy of profiteers, elimination of governmental extravagance, restoration of popular rule.

"The legislative programs are being developed by the students of government and are to be presented to the people. If possible, these platforms will be adopted in county, state and national conventions. "Selection of state and national leaders will be determined at meetings called for that purpose. "The time and place of meetings will depend on the organized opposition, if any."

About all the reforms proposed were promised by the Wilson administration and Bryan's "16 to 1" and Bryan's "Cross of Gold" are still fresh in memory. The Bryan brothers may resurrect the Democratic party and they may not. The people have had about enough of Democracy to last them for this generation and prefer to take no more chances in Democratic promises.

AS WE GO TO PRESS.

A fire at Athens, Ga., causes a loss of \$4,000,000.

Martinsville, Va., votes \$250,000 in bonds for streets and schools.

New England Railroads say they must have more revenue or go bankrupt.

The Doughton-Campbell congressional contest is attracting attention at Washington.

The Senate passes the packers bill which provides for Federal regulations of the meat industry.

At Statesville, N. C. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Benson died within 48 hours of each other. Both had pneumonia.

The Freewill Baptists will build a college in this State at Ayden, N. C., and \$300,000 is being raised for that purpose.

The Warrenton home guard are on duty at Warrenton where the negroes from the Norfolk race riot are confined in jail.

During December there were 56 fatal accidents and 87 serious accidents in this State by automobiles during the month of December.

The negro M. E. Church at Chapel Hill, N. C. was destroyed by fire Sunday night, and one dwelling house, caused by the explosion of an oil lamp.

Gov. Morrison has a double lynchings to look into as among his first duties.

The airplane route from Chicago to New York will charge passenger rates by weight—so much per pound.

Flora Peterson, of Harrisburg, Cabarrus county, ran away Sunday, saying she was going to Gastonia. Her stepfather, R. D. Arthur, fails to find her there. Once before she ran away and was found clerking in a store at Greensboro, N. C.

At Roanoke, Va., T. Chester Fleck was fined and sentenced to 60 days in jail for running over and killing Mrs. D. L. Davis, wife of an N. & W. freight conductor, with his automobile, Dec. 27. The evidence showed that Fleck paid Davis \$10,000, upon the receipt of which Davis recommended that Fleck be given no imprisonment.

Yadkin County Jurors.

Following is a list of the jurors drawn for the next term of Yadkin county superior court which convenes here on the first Monday in March: J. C. Fleming, E. S. Angell, M. M. Cavey, C. A. Madison, S. L. Doub, S. E. Norman, W. M. Swaim, H. P. Poindexter, Nathan Adams, H. E. Davis, J. S. Hoots, R. M. Wells, J. H. Craver, C. S. Reavis, J. V. Houser, G. W. Prim, C. E. Shore, R. W. Wooten, J. F. Matthews, J. S. Phillips, J. W. Cristovens, K. L. Gregory, J. A. Smith, U. J. Shore, M. P. Holcomb, D. M. Vestal, G. W. Reavis, Sr., A. B. Ward, A. E. Shore, H. P. Craver, N. D. Mackie, J. H. Mathis, W. C. Stallings, S. M. Speas, W. H. Bryant, and Ben Rutledge.

FOR SALE.

2000 square feet of land in Yadkin county, N. C., with a small building on it. For sale at a low price. Write to-day.

Paint Without Oil.

REMARKABLE DISCOVERY THAT CUTS DOWN THE COST OF PAINT SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. A Free Trial Package is Mailed to Everyone Who Writes. A. L. Rice, a prominent manufacturer of Adams, N. Y., discovered a process of painting with a new kind of paint without the use of oil. He named it "Paint Without Oil." It comes in the form of a dry powder and a paint consisting of cold water to make a paint without oil. The proof, sanitary and durable for outside or inside painting. It is the cement principle of painting. It adheres to any surface, wood, stone or brick, spreads and looks like oil paint and costs about one-fourth as much. Write to A. L. Rice, Inc., Manufacturers, 259 North St., Adams, N. Y., and a free trial package will be mailed to you, also color card and full information showing how you can save a good many dollars. Write to-day.

needed to keep things going, for dull times come and go with every community. A man with a wife and children needs a home for their protection and comfort, should be called away from the active scenes of life, or when old age comes to him and his wife, that they may have a "fig and shade tree" under which to pass their declining years, and not a weekly or monthly payment to meet when work is dull or physical infirmity render a cessation from duty a necessity. Winston-Salem is rapidly growing to be a city. Other towns and cities in the State are growing in population. As a city grows home ownership declines. In New York city, for instance, ninety per cent of the citizens are renters. The same rule applies to farms and farmers and it is as important for a young man in the country to own a farm as it is for a young man to own a home in a city. The first effort of the Local Editor many years ago was to own a home. Pardon for a personal allusion. It took him and his wife the first 9 years of their married life to reach the goal, with increase in family, sickness, death, taxes, interest and other things to contend with. It requires many a sacrifice, and not an 8 hour day but about every hour of day light and many an hour at night of hard and steady work. And every other young married couple can and should do the same. The ultimate joy and satisfaction in it pays for every moment of toil and energy extended and gives an aim and object in life to ward which to attain, aside from the financial advantage resultant. And we believe every young married couple in town can own a home if they will and every couple in the country should strive to obtain a farm upon which to work out their destiny. We are not speaking alone to the young folks of Winston-Salem and Forsyth county, but to every part of the State where the Union Republican circulates and that is from Cherokee to Currituck, and the sum and substance of it all—Own Your Own Home.

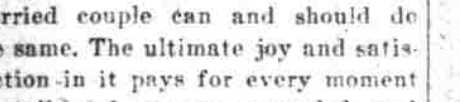
After a few applications you cannot find a fallen hair or any dandruff. Besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance.

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette

It's toasted

DANDERINE

tops Hair Coming Out: Thickens, Beautifies.



A few cents buys "Danderine." After a few applications you cannot find a fallen hair or any dandruff.

This notice issued by order of Court directing that publication be made once a week for six successive weeks in the Union Republican a newspaper published in the City of Winston-Salem, and in the said Western District of North Carolina.

The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH-CAROLINA. W. B. Ellis, vs. Clara N. Ellis, NOTICE.

To: Clara N. Ellis. NOTICE is hereby given that an amended bill of sale has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of North Carolina, in the case of W. B. Ellis vs. Clara N. Ellis, by the plaintiff defendant, Clara N. Ellis, by the undersigned, W. B. Ellis, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

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The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the complaint filed in the said proceeding of the plaintiff and to apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear in person in the District Court of the Western District of North Carolina, at Greensboro, on the 26th day of February, 1921, at 10 o'clock in the fore