which resembles a concerted scheme to overwhelm those who might be so unfortunate as to place any faith in their alluring promises? What is the tone assumed, and w at said of the town, which they would speak into existence as by the touch of magic? The place had great advantages by their calculationa large water course -a rich and populous country; come on all you that wish to make your fortunes; buy lots-we will have the river navigable in 2 years, for boats of 50 tons. Huge exaggeration. It is a great blessing, that sometimes, the most wicked disposition of the heari is counteracted by a strange weakness of the understanding. Instead of still playing the farce, by pretending a performance of their promises, they forget at once all their artifices, and are now wonderfully engaged in cutting a deep canal at the town of Fayetteville. The fact is too notorious not to sink deep in the minds of the people. Those supplies levied on them should have been empl yed to their advantage only, and like vapours rising out of the earth and gathered into a cloud, fall in sweet and refreshing showers on the same fields from which they were at first exhaled.

Take the advice, gentlemen, of one not personally concerned;-resign your charter, and save yourselves the reproach of having it wrested from your hands by the next as embly. You know the general duties of a corporation can be reduced to a single one, that of acting up to the design for which they were created, and you know in your conscience whether you have performed yours. The people are under apprehensiens that many of them are about to be stripped of house and home to satisfy leagued with the banks, and like a band of Patagonian giants are about to swallow up both wealth and sovereignty. Suspicions in all cases are sufficient grounds for enquiry; and as the least considerable man among us has equal interest with the most potent, in our liberties, so is he equally called upon to render his assistance in support of them; " whether it be the heart to conceive, the understanding to direct, or the hand to execute." AN ENQUIRER.

This day is just twelve month's since the awful conflagration of this place by fire; and, notwithstanding the miserable assistance that our fellow sufferers received from sources where much was expected, and the general embarrassment of the community, it is highly gratifying to witness the extensive re-erection of buildings, which have given to the town a much more beautiful appearance than it had previous to the fire. This, although a source of consolation, is not the only one-during the past season, when pestilential and contagious diseases raged in almost every seaport in the union; when the surrounding country was more sickly than it ever was in the memory of man-Wilmington was blessed with a degree of health unprecedented. This kind dispensation warmest acknowledgments to the Giver of every good and perfect gift, by some public manifestation of our thank fulness. Cape-Fear Recorder, of 4th inst.

Savaunah, Oct. 19.

POLICE OFFICE.

There is no diminution in our bill of mortality; but the present cold weather may be the herald of returning health, to the few remaining inhabitants, of this afflicted, desolated city. Our full population, including all classes of people, may be estimated at 9000. This population is composed of permanet residents, non-residents, those who remained here during the winter and spring months, transient persons, and blacks, and people of colour.

If as conjectured, not more than 2000, or 2500 souls remain, the desertion, or emigration occasioned by the prevailing malady, and other causes may be equal to 6000 .- Let the mortall y be calculated upon the basis then of the population since August, and it is not to be paralleled, in the meiancholy annals of any section of the world. God grant, that we are now in the last seene of this deep and afflicting tragedy. The police guard is in its full strength, and with other measures adopted, my present and absent fellow-citizens, may entertain few apprehensions as to the safety and protection of the city.

T. U. P. CHARLTON, Mayor. Number of deaths 17th and 18th inst

inclusive, Total number from 1st to 18th inst. inclusive,

POLICE OFFICE,

Savannah, October 31, 1820.

I have the happiness to announce, as authorised by a communication from the chairman of the Health Committee, that this city, "excepting catarrhs, appears to have recovered its Health."

T. U. P. CHAPLTON, Mayor.

Number of deaths, 28th, 29th and 30th, inclusive-14. Total 221. And 4 from the country exclusive of the above.

Savannah, (Geo.) Oct. 26. In order to ascertain the number of white inhabitants remaining in our city, a census was taken last week, and the following result shows a number far greater than we could have believed had braved the sickness un-

Male adults, Female do. 449 Children, 352

der which we have suffered:

Total. 1,494 The number of houses uninhabited are, inclusive of Decker ward, 343.

Important, if true.-We have received information via Havana, that the Cortes of Spain have absolutely refused to cede the Floridas in any form to the United States.

Savannah Reft. Oct. 21.

From the Cherry Valley Gazette of Oct. 31. CANAL AT THE LITTLE FALLS.

We understand that nearly all the xcavation of the canal at the Little Falls, that is done by blasting, will be completed the present season. The success of the contracters in this operation has exceeded their calculation, and the labour which has been done there the present season, is almost incredible. The report of some of the blasts, which they denote sand blasts, is tremendous, and have been distinctly heard in Springfield, a distance of twenty miles. We are told that 90 lbs. of powder have been used in one explosion.

Gov. Clinton, of New-York, has issued his proclamation, recommending to your calls: in a word, that you have the people of that state to observe Wednesday, December 6, 2s a day of public prayer and thanksgiving.

> A postmaster and several other persons have lately been convicted in Pennsylvania of taking money from letters sent by mail.

> The building of another 74, is to be Go-port, whence the Delaware was lately launched.

> It is said a person of the name of Domham, lately returned to Bethel, Vi. after an absence of near 30 years, (having been impressed on board a British man of war,) and found his wife married to a third husband.

> The governor of South Carolina has set apart Thursday, the 16th of November, to be observed as a day of humiliation, thanksgiving and prayer.

> It is said \$ 350,000 in amount in foreign gold was deposited at the U.S. Must on the 23d ult, coined into half eagles on the 24th, and forwarded to Biston on the 25th.

> Burlington, (Ver.) Oct. 27. Early Sleighing .- On Tuesday night and Wednesday, the snow fell Boston.) about eight inches deep on the level. It is said to be 12 inches deep in some of the adjoining towns.

> Salem, (Mass.) Oct. 31. On Saturday last we had our first Snow for the season. It fell during the most of the forenoon, and for an hour or two the atmosphere was quite filled with it: some cool and shaded spots still remain whitened, though vesterday was one of our pleasant autumnal days, with a mild west

> From Bell's London Messenger of the 24th of September.

> The intelligence of the last two days has been much more important than may at first appear. The state of one important business amongst ourselves, renders us in a degree insensible to the actual nature and consequences of what is passing around us. It is only under these circumstances that we could forget that three revolutions are actually in progress in the continental nations, and that a general, not to say an universal, spirit is now current, which menaces to enkindle another war in

> We hope, and indeed most confidently believe, that it is not at present within the intention of our ministers to suffer the British government to become embroiled with any of the parties on this occasion; and we do believe that every British minister, not excepting lord Castlereagh, is too well aware of the ill effects of war upon our trade and industry-they all, we presume, know too well that the very utmost resources of the country would not support another such of those after-reckonings as always follow upon the conclusion of war.

From the Louisville Public Advertiser.

The storm which seems to be gathering in Europe, and which in its ex losion, may deluge that part of the world in blood, clearly demonstrates the sound policy and wisdom of Mr. Monroe and his constitutional advisers, in conducting the foreign relations of the United States. The enemies of the president and his administration, have wished to plunge this nation into a war with Spain. and thus give the Holy Alliance a pretext for intermeddling in our affairs, and to turn on us the flames of war, which must rage on themselves. Our government has been urged to make a precipitate acknowledgment of the independence of the South American colonies, particularly of the republic of La Plata, which has since experienced several revolutions and counter revolutions, in the struggles of its leaders for power, and has asked France to give it a king of the Bourbon dynasty.

Party politicians were opposed to Mr. Monroe, on account of his appointment of Mr. Adams as secretary of state. He is a gentleman of the first order of talents, and possesses coolness and moderation. He has been the minister of the United S ates at the court of Berlin, St. Petersburgh, and London, under the administrations of Washington, Adams, Jefferson, and Madison, and resided in Russia several years. In the present troubled state of Europe, and the ascendency of Russia, his appointment as secretary, was wise and fortunate. Indeed, the selection of all the cabinet members, demenstrates Mr. Monroe's discernment and judgment, for no president before him has been blessed with such an able and undivided cabinet.

The Prussian Post Office and French Ambassagor.

M. de Guines having ascertained that his letters and despatches were opened and copied at the Berlin post office, sent thither his despatches written in cypher early one morning. immediately commenced in the yard at | enclosed in a note to the post-master conceived in the following terms: . 1 send the enclosed despatches as early as seven in the morning, instead of waiting till the regular hour, that the post-master may have time to get them copied early enough to go by the mail to-day. The reason of my using this precaution is, that the despatches are import nt. and it is essential that they should not be delayed; consequently I should feel great uneasiness at their being kept till next post, as has been the case with some of my despatches." This sort of diplomatic plain dealing struck every one with astonishment. Some of the parties threw their eyes on the ground, others assumed a malignant smile. Frederick was the person the most completely mortified, the disgraceful proceedings having been published so as to convey an idea of his sanction and connivance; accordin this place. (170 miles N. W. of ingly, he ever afterwards took his measures in such a manner that no letters were in future opened but in obscure towns lying near the frontiers of his states.

CHARCOAL.

The properties of charcoal are the same, from whatever wood it may be made. One of the most singular of these is, that it is not liable to decay by age. Hence, it was customary with the ancients to char or burn the outside of stakes, or other wood, which were to be driven in the ground, or placed in water. In the ancient tombs of the inhabitants of northern nations, entire pieces of charcoal are at this day frequently to be found. Besides the great use of charcoal in the composition of gunpowder, and to artists and manufacturers, it has recently been employed with considerable success in correcting the rancid and disagreeable smell of train oil, so as to render it fit to be burnt in chamber lamps, and several manufactories of this

have lately been established in London. Newly made charcoal, if rolled up in clothes which have contracted a disagreeable odour, will effectually destroy it; and if boiled with meat beginning to putrify, will take away the taint. When pulverized, it forms, perhaps, the best tooth-powder known. The mode of doing this is to reduce it to powder, wash it repeatedly with pure water, and then dry it by means of a strong heat in close vessels. The vapour of burning charcoal is extremely permicious; and persons exposed to it in confined rooms are sometimes destroyed in a very short time. The best remedy is immediately to take them into the strongest draft of cold air that can be obtained, to loosen all their garments, and apply volatile spirits to their nostrils.

COMMUNICATION. Departed this life at Harmony Hall,

loth instant, ELIZABETH F. SAWYER, daughter of the late capt. Willis Sawyer, of Bertie county, in the 22d year of her age. In this young damsel were combined every amiable trait of character to endear her to all who knew her. She was furnished by nature, with a meek and a conciliatory temper; rendered eminently lovely and excellent by the possession of the fruits of the spirit. She made a public profession of religion, and joined the Baptist church, at Lynch's creek, about five years ago. She exhibited in life the character of the christian, and exemplified in death the excellency of that support which religion affords. Amidst the pains and ravages of a lingering disease, she was not heard to murmur or complain against the dispensation of Providence. In the near approach of death, she frequently said she was entirely resigned to the will of God; that she was not afraid to die. Two days before her exit, in extreme pain, and labouring with great difficulty of breathing, she appeared for a little while to have a short respite; her mind was no doub engaged on divine things, and had some heavenly visions, for a smile was on her countenance, and she was heard to say many things respecting the babe of Bethleham; the message of the angle to the shepherds; his star in the east; his mission into the world; his meeting the woman of Samaria at the well, &c. And then in an extacy said, yes, I can drink of that water. A few hours after, all in a rap ure she began again to praise God, her uncie and aunt with whom she had lived for many years, being that moment out of the room, returned, she reached out her feeble arms, clasped them round the neck and exclaimed, I) my dear uncle, my dear aunt, help me to praise God; to her weeping sister, O my dear sister, don't weep, but rejoice; help me to praise God-to the friends around she gave her hand, and said, I desire to talk and say much to you, but I am too weak. The last words the she was neard to say, (when all was silent) " who is that singing," and in a few minutes fell asleep in the arms of Jesus.

To her friends and relatives, her death may seem a dark Providence; but when by faith they penetrate the veil, whither Christ the forerunner for his disciples entered, the vision is luminous and glo-

'Tis finish'd, the conflict is past, The heaven-born spirit is fled; Her wish is accomplished at last, And now she's entomb'd with the dead. The months of affictions are o'er,

The days and the nights of distress; We see her in anguish no more, She's gained her happy release. No sickness, or sorrow, or pain, Shall ever disquiet her now;

For death to her spirit was gain, Since Christ was her life when below. Her soul has now taken its flight To mansions of glory above,

To mingle with angels of light.

And dwell in the kingdom of love. The victory now is obtain'd; She's gone her dear Saviour to see; Her wishes she fully has gain'd—

She's now where she longed to be. The coffin, the shroud, and the grave, To her were no objects of dread; On him who is mighty to save, Her soul was with confidence stay'd.

Then let us forbear to complain, That she is now gone from our sight; We soon shall behold her again, With new and redoubled delight

DIED, at Charrette village, in Missouri, on the 26th Sept. last, in the 90th year of his age, col. Duniel Boone, the first settler of Kentucky. He was a native of Bucks county, Pennsylvania; he left that state at eighteen years old, and settled in North Carolina. - He was one of the few men of our country whose enterprize led him to search in the wilderness for the best tracts of land for man to inhabit. As early as the year 1775, he removed with his family and settled on the Kentucky River, [with the loss of his eldest son, killed by the Indians,] at a plain now called Boonsborough, then an Indian country, where he remained until the year 1799. During this period of time, although most of his life had been spent in agricultural pursuits, and he had been frequently honored by his countrymen as a member of the Virginia legislature, and lived at the close of the revolutionary war, in peace and plenty, yet such was his delight in hunting, such his devoted ness to it, that, in the year 1799, with a numerous train of followers, he removed from Kentucky, and settled on the Femme Osage River, which empties itself into the Missouri river, about 50 miles above its mouth, then a wilderness. The year after he discovered the Boon's Lick country, which now forms one of the best settlements of the state. In that year he also visited the head waters of the Grand Osage river, and spent the winter upon the head waters of the river Arkansas. At the age of eighty, in company with one white man and a black man, whom he laid under strict injunction to return him home to his family dead or alive, he made a hunting trip to the head waterof the Great Osage, where he was suc cessful in trapping of Beaver, and in taking other game.

Colonel Boone was a man of common stature, of great enterprize, strong intellect, amiable disposition and inviola-Orange county, on Friday evening the ble integrity. He died universally re-

gretted by all who knew him; and such is the veneration for his name and character, that both houses of the general assembly of this state, upon information of his death being communicated, resolved to wear crape on the left arm for 20 days, as a token of regard and respect for his memory. Missouri Gaz.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership of CHILD & CLANCY is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said concern are most earnestly requested to come forward and act-tle their accounts, either by bond or other-wise, as we are determined to close the busi-ness of said concern as soon as practicable.

James Child, Thomas Clancy.

November 13.

NOTICE.

JOHN VAN HOOK, JAMES CHILD and THOMAS CLANCY, having connected themselves together in partnership, intend carrying on the mercartile business under the firm of JOHN VAN HOOK & CO. do most respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they will receive from the north, in eight or ten days, an extensive as-

Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

which they intend to sell on the lowest terms for cash—only'—they hope, therefore, that no application will be made for credit, as all will be refused indiscriminately.

John Van Hook, James Child, Thomas Clancy.

Valuable Land FOR SALE in the Haw Fields.

THE subscriber offers his tract of land for sale, containing

Eight hundred and forty. eight Acres,

situated in the Haw Pields, ten miles west of Hillsborough. The attention of such as may wish to purchase land in this part of the country is invited; the terms will be accommodating. For farther particulars apply to the proprietor.

S. Strudwick.

November 13.

NOTICE.

SHAIL offer for sale at my plantation, on the 4th of December next, on a credit of twelve months, (purchasers giving bonds with pproved security,) my Crop of Corn and Fodder, my stock

of Horses and Hogs. Household Furniture, and Books.

S. Strudwick.

November 13.

State of North-Carolina. ORANGE COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law and Equity, September Term, 1820. James Webb and Frederick Nush.

executors of Jumes H hitled, de-

vs.

Joseph Dickey and Chesley F. Fau-In Equity.

James Whitted, deceased IT is ordered by the court that this cause be referred to Thomas Clancy, esq. to take and state an account of all the dealings and transactions of the firm of Joseph Dickey and Co., of the stock in trade, dealings and transactions, of each of the said copartners, for, of, or concerning the said firm, of the profits or loss gained or sustained by the said firm, and of the losses therein by the fraud; covin, laches, or neglect of said defendant Joseph Dickey, with liberty to examine all the books, entries and accounts, papers and vonchers of the said firm, and also the said parties respectively and their witnesses on oath, and to make report to the next term of this And for as much as it appears to the court that the said defendant Joseph Dickey does not now live within the limits of this state, but hath romoved thereout and resides in distant parts: It is ordered by the court, that the said commissioner Clancy may proceed to take and state said accounts, and make reports, without personal service of the warrant, or notice of reference on said Joseph, and after giving notice of the time or times of taking and stating said accounts, by way of public advertisement in the newspaper called the Hillsborough Recorder for and during the term of sixty days, which advertisement shall be deemed, taken and held to be as valid as personal service of notice, to all intents and purposes. And it is also ordered and decreed. that said commissioner Clance shall, in his said report, state such special matter as the parties may require him to state.

A copy from the minutes.

Test, James Webb, c. & M. E. mus

PURSUANT to the foregoing order, I do hereby appoint the 18th day of January next, at my office in the town of Hillsborough, to take into consideration the several matters and things thereby to me referred; at which time and place the said Joseph Dickey, and all others concerned, are nereby notified and required to appear and produce before me, on oath, all books, papers, vo chers, accounts, and evidences whatever in his or their custody or power, relative to the matters in question in the above cause, at which time and place I shall proceed to state the said accounts and report thereon.

Thomas Clancy,

Commissioner appointed by the Court of Equity.

Hillsborough, Nov. 8.