

sprung up at N. E. which had increased, by 11, to a pretty heavy blow. At 12, it had assumed the desolating power of a West India Hurricane, and at 1 o'clock was at its extreme height—having come round, by the north, from N. E. to N. W. at which latter point we encountered its greatest fury. Shortly after 2 o'clock, it began to abate in violence, and by 3, was again a perfect calm.

The loss of property by this disaster has been very great—here is scarcely a house which was covered either with slate or tile, that has escaped without injury; many having been entirely unroofed.—Several wooden houses, sundry sheds, carriage-houses, and fences, besides numerous chimneys, were blown down;—most of the ornamental and fruit trees, were prostrated with the ground.—Goods and merchandise of every description, and to an incalculable amount, have been partially damaged, or entirely ruined, in the stores which were unroofed.—It is, however, impossible to form any thing like a correct estimate of the value of property thus injured or destroyed. The destruction in window glass, is immense. The rain poured down incessantly during the continuance of the gale.

There were many hair breadth escapes from the falling of chimneys, which, in several instances, went down through the roofs, and filled bed-chambers, &c. with masses of bricks.

The havoc occasioned by this tremendous visitation in the city, is without a parallel in the memory of our oldest inhabitants. The tornado which passed over a part of it, in the year 1811, was perhaps of equal, or even greater violence; but its effects were then confined to a very narrow limit, while the desolation on this occasion, is extended to every part of the city and suburbs.

But, the most melancholy part of our duty, on this heart rending occasion, remains to be performed—many valuable lives have been lost—some by the falling of houses, and others on board the shipping and small craft in the harbor. Reports are various, as to the losses in the harbor, but we cannot enumerate them all—such deaths as have come to our knowledge, are mentioned.

The new wooden house of Mr. Jacin Laval, in Hampstead, near Cooper's river, was blown over, and dreadful to relate, Mrs. Laval, with two of her children, Mr. John Wilson, (burber) and two negro servants, were instantly killed, or died soon after being extricated from the ruins. Mr. Laval himself, and two other of his children, were much bruised.—Mrs. Laval, and her little ones, were buried yesterday.

The awful fate of Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Middleton, is the subject of universal regret and commiseration. The latter perished in flying for safety to a neighboring house. The alarm being given that the house was falling, she rushed out, in company with her husband, and a little girl of not more than nine or ten years of age; a terrible blast of wind soon separated them, alas! for ever! in her fright, and overcome by the violence of the wind, she fell into a small pool of water not far from the door—the little girl endeavoured in vain to extricate her, but not being able to do so, she crawled back to the house; before assistance, however, could reach Mrs. M. her spirit had taken its flight into another and a better world.

The remains of Mrs. Middleton, together with those of Mrs. Morris, and her son, were entombed last evening in the cemetery of the family of the latter, at the French Calvinistic Church, attended by the weeping relatives of the respective families. Those of M. La Dargence, who perished with them, were interred in the same burying ground.

The body of William Young, a young man about 18 years of age, was cut out of the bottom of one of Mr. Saltus' schrs. ashore on James' Island. The body of a negro man, one of the crew, was taken out at the same time.

The account of the destruction occasioned by this disaster occupies more than three columns in the paper from which we copy; we have room only for the following:

Accounts from James Island, state that the hurricane has been very destructive to the cotton crops on that Island.

In St. Johns, Berkley, many houses were prostrated; and on the plantation of Dr. M. Haug one negro was killed, and another was badly wounded.

A messenger arrived yesterday, from St. James, Santee, who represents the damage to the plantations on that river as immense—many

buildings are blown down, and much rice destroyed, both in the fields and in the barn-yards.

We have heard of several dwelling and negro houses being blown down in St. Thomas and Christ Church parishes, but of no lives being lost.

Distressing particulars of this awful visitation, is hourly crowding upon us. To the South and West, the desolation does not appear to have extended far; but to the North and East, its ravages are extensive indeed.

The city was agitated all yesterday afternoon by a report that the settlements at North Inlet the summer residence of the inhabitants of Georgetown and its vicinity had been swept away, and that all the inhabitants with one exception only, had perished. After waiting in breathless anxiety for some hours, a messenger arrived just at dark from Georgetown, with intelligence that two families only had fallen victims, one being that of Robert F. Withers, esq. of which himself and one servant only were saved, having been drifted about all night upon a piece of scantling; the other was that of Dr. Myers, whose house fell and crushed to death all who were within. Mrs. Botsford, the venerable relict of the clergyman of that name, is also stated to have perished.

It is added, that little or no injury was sustained by the gale in Georgetown; some houses were partially unroofed, fences blown down, &c. but no lives lost, to our informant's knowledge.

Letters from St. James', (Santee) state, that on Murphy's Island, at the entrance of the Santee, the devastation by the storm is great beyond conception—whole plantations have been nearly swept away; and melancholy to relate, 50 negroes have been lost by being drowned or crushed to death by the falling of houses, in Mrs. Harry's plantation. Mr. Blouin, the overseer, was the only person saved in his family. Miss Sarah Bochet was likewise lost, her body was found next morning on the beach. Mr. John Middleton's dwelling house and both mills are much injured; and nearly all of the negro-houses blown down; his overseer's wife and three negroes were drowned in Cedar Island—the overseer was piked up alive in the marsh. Mr. Stølbred's mill has also been destroyed, and every house is more or less injured.

A letter from Mr. Home's overseer, on South-Santee, states, that 23 negroes out of 90 were lost—only three of their bodies had been found—several of the negro houses blown down. It was also reported that gen. Thos. Puckey's plantation has received great injury, and many of his negroes lost. Messrs. Charles & Thomas Huggins, (between the Santees) lost all their slaves, and crop, with the exception of five hands. Mrs. Horry lost 39 slaves and the overseer.

At Capers' Island, the tide rose several feet higher than it had done in any of the gales within the last 20 years.

SELECTIONS.

Information of the ratification by France of the treaty lately concluded with her minister here, has already reached this country. The promptitude thus shown by the French government is an agreeable proof of the sincerity of the disposition of the French nation to be on terms of perfect good understanding with the United States. *Nat. Int.*

Count Landros and col. Schmaltz, with their families, have arrived at Hampton Roads in the French corvette Le Tarn, from Rochfort. Count Landros and col. Schmaltz, are charged with special missions from the French to the South American governments. They have in charge also, the commercial treaty between the United States and France as finally ratified by the latter government, and will proceed with it to Washington, from whence they will return, and embark on board the Le Tarn, for the Gulf of Mexico and Lima.

The Charleston City Gazette relates an instance of singular courage, and escape from danger, which occurred at Pine-Hill, on the 14th ult. A little son of Mr. Spratt's, about four years old, whose playing near the mouth of a well, 37 or 38 feet deep, accidentally slipped and fell into the water; there he remained for some minutes, when a negro girl who was washing near, with admirable presence of mind, descended by the bucket-rope, and catching the child, she placed him safely in the bucket. She then climbed up by the stones and

carefully drew the fortunate infant to the top of the well, alive and safe.

The following melancholy circumstance occurred lately in the town of Otseile, in the county of Chenango, N. Y. A large number of men were employed in raising a barn; two young men were scuffling, and the neck of one was broken in the affray; in this situation, he was carried before his father, who was holding a corner post of one of the bents—when, dreadful to relate, the father shocked at the horrid spectacle, left his hold, by which means the timbers fell and killed seven men on the spot.

A drove of 300 merino sheep lately passed through the borough of York, Pennsylvania, destined for the state of Ohio. No state in the union is more active in retrieving past errors than Ohio—Her citizens have learnt, that sale and barrier, and speculating in bills of credit, without productive labour leads to inevitable bankruptcy.

Singular Inadvertence.—We perceive that the governor of South Carolina has issued a warrant for an election of representatives to congress, in two districts, to be holden "on the second Monday and Tuesday in October" next. Now it so happens this year, that the second Tuesday comes before the second Monday. This election will therefore commence on Monday the 14th, and terminate on Tuesday the 8th.

Boston Galaxy.

A letter from a gentleman in Pensacola, to his friend in Columbia (S. C.) dated 15th ult. says, "The Yellow Fever which has been raging in this place with unusual violence, has nearly depopulated the city. Not fifty Americans now remain in the place. Those that could fly have gone, the rest are numbered with the dead; many of the Spaniards have shared the same fate; none that have been taken have as yet recovered; it usually carries them off the 5th day, sometimes sooner, and appears to be more malignant than any disease that has heretofore made its appearance in Louisiana. It must stop soon for want of victims."

A fatal disease of a bilious complexion, is said to prevail at St. Louis, (Missouri) which carries off many of its citizens.—A very short time back there were but two doctors in St. Louis—now there are eighteen who find employment for their professional services.

A counterfeiter, named Abraham I. Fisk, who lived on the Ohio River, has been sentenced to the Calaboos in New-Orleans, for ten years, for passing counterfeit notes.

Murder.—The following circumstances relating to the murder in Allegany county, Md. on the 23th ult. are gathered from an eye witness: It appears that Mr. Dunwoody, the deceased, who had lately emigrated from Ireland, rented a farm in Allegany county; that observing a number of stray horses on the farm (our informant thinks there were four) which had committed some injury by the trespass, he confined them; that a Mr. Cressip, who also lived in the neighbourhood, owned the horses, and sent his son to claim them; that he was met by young Dunwoody, a son of the deceased, who consented, after some altercation, to return three of them; but insisted on retaining the fourth until restitution should be made; that Cressip insisted on this one also being restored, and threatened to shoot him in case of further refusal. Dunwoody still declined giving him up, when Cressip returned home, took his rifle, and proceeded to put his threat in execution. On reaching the place the elder Dunwoody, who had by this time joined his son, ordered him to begone, and advanced with a pitchfork to intimidate him. Cressip fired, and Dunwoody fell dead without speaking a word. Cressip's fortitude instantly forsook him—he was frantic at what he had done, and called upon the surviving Dunwoody to take immediate revenge by shooting him also.—He yielded without resistance to the persons who had collected, and was led away by them. Passing his father's, he obtained leave to enter the house unattended, for the purpose as he said of changing his clothing. Being thus from his guards, he availed himself of the opportunity and made his escape.

Little Rock, (Arkansas,) August 20th

A grand council of the chief warriors, &c. of the Cherokee and Ossage Indians, took place at Fort Smith, the beginning of this month, for the purpose of concluding a treaty of peace and amity between the two nations. We

are happy to learn, by a gentleman who left there since the council broke up that an amicable treaty of peace has been the result of the council. Gov. Miller, col. Brearly, U. S. agent of Indian affairs, were present at the council, and assisted in concluding the treaty—in our next, or soon after, we shall probably be able to give some further particulars of this treaty.

We understand that gen. E. P. Gaines arrived at Fort Smith a few days ago. Maj. Bradford has also arrived.

[Gazette.]

Petersburg, Oct. 4.

Ferocious attack by Dogs.—The following particulars have been related to us by a gentleman who was an eye witness of the occurrence. A few evenings since a party amusing themselves at the house of a friend near the western extremity of the corporation, were at a late hour interrupted by the cries of an animal seemingly in the greatest agony of bodily pain. They determined immediately to go to a wood not far distant, from whence the sounds appeared to come. The moans became less frequent and more faint as they proceeded. Upon reaching the spot, they found a fine milk cow lying upon her back, nearly exhausted as from the effects of a recent struggle, and two large Dogs of the Bull kind, tearing her flesh in a most shocking manner—in short devouring the poor animal alive! The dogs as soon as alarmed made their escape; while the cow was raised from the ground in a state more dead than otherwise. We have frequently heard of the carnivorous propensities of the Bull Dog; but this instance of attack upon one of the largest of our domestic animals for the purpose of satisfying the cravings of hunger, exceeds any example within our recollection. *Int.*

The AURORA newspaper establishment has been sold by Mr. Duane, its veteran proprietor, to Mr. James Wilson, editor of the Siebeville Herald, who, at a former period, had charge of the Aurora for some time. Mr. Duane, it has been already announced, is about to be absent from the United States. The following extract from his parting address to his delinquent subscribers presents too true a portrait of the negligence with which the just claims of the publishers of newspapers are often treated:—*Nat. Int.*

"There is one subject, which if I were alone concerned, I should scorn to notice on any occasion like the present—I mean the vast amount due to me for value delivered; my duty to others, however, compels me to make an anxious appeal to the justice, and, indeed, to the generosity, of those who are indebted to me—if they had repaid my services with the fidelity with which I am conscientious those services were performed, I should not have had occasion to relinquish this paper, (a painful operation,) or to seek, in my sixty-third year, in a foreign clime and new pursuit, the means necessary to the support of a numerous family.

MARRIED,

On the 10th inst. by the Rev. John Campbell, Mr. JOHN WILSON of this place, to Miss ELIZA ROBERTS, daughter of Mr. JOHN ROBERTS, of this county. Lately, at the residence of Mrs. Branch, in Franklin county, GIDEON ALSTON, jun. esq. of Warren county, to Miss ELIZA BRANCH, daughter of the above lady, and sister to governor Branch.

DIED,

At the seat of Judge Badger, in Warren county, on Sunday the 6th inst. Miss FRANCES BADGER, sister to the Judge. At Spadee Bluff, Arkansas Territory, on Thursday, the 1st of August, after a short illness, col. Mathew Lyon, U. S. Factor for the Cherokee nation on the Arkansas, aged about 76 years.

Houses and Lots in Hillsborough, FOR SALE.

DR O'FARRELL will sell all his houses and lots, either in the whole or singly. Prime Cider by the quart, and domestic Wine equal to any imported. Also Montanus's Hebrew Bible, and Buxtorf's Hebrew Lexicon and Grammar.

Oct. 16. 40—1f

OFFICIAL LIST Of the FIFTH DAY'S DRAWING of the HILLSBOROUGH

MASOIC LOTTERY,

Now drawing under the superintendance of the Managers.

Those numbers without any prize affixed, are blanks.

No. 3584, being the last drawn number, is entitled to a stationary prize of Five Hundred Dollars.

4	77	5	181	258
11	5	109	194	260
37	5	121	198	266
67	5	127	206	294
69		145	212	297
70	5	155	229	310
76	5	162	241	324

325	1723	2810	3865
327	5	1739	3868
334	5	1747	3875
338	5	1752	3881
347	5	1782	3853
352	5	1787	3902
355	5	1788	3946
359	5	1798	3953
366	5	1799	3959
369	5	1808	3962
381	5	1812	3977
391	5	1832	3985
411	5	1864	3997
416	5	1875	4006
419	5	1877	4010
426	5	1879	4021
429	5	1890	4032
436	5	1911	4033
442	5	1932	4038
452	5	1933	4042
464	5	1940	4068
465	5	1972	4087
466	5	1976	4097
469	5	1979	4100
480	5	1987	4102
485	50	1999	4108
498	5	2002	4113
499	5	2021	4135
500	10	2042	4139
503	5	2082	4146
515	5	2090	4150
516	5	2091	4167
521	5	2100	4192
524	5	2109	4198
528	5	2110	4218
529	5	2111	4236
549	5	2114	4251
563	5	2126	4252
584	5	2131	4259
591	5	2145	4264
617	5	2146	4269
630	5	2156	4288
634	5	2174	4291
638	5	2181	4307
661	5	2180	4318
666	5	2193	4324
682	5	2202	4328
686	5	2207	4333
691	5	2208	4344
700	5	2210	4356
704	5	2215	4365
711	5	2245	4375
713	5	2255	4385
721	5	2270	4388
729	5	2272	4391
736	5	2273	4395
777	10	2275	4398
786	5	2276	4401
793	5	2288	4413
810	5	2293	4418
834	5	2294	4422
843	5	2303	4433
861	10	2306	4434
889	5	2312	4444
906	5	2325	4453
911	5	2330	4459
919	5	2332	4469
922	5	2333	4472
942	5	2341	4478
949	5	2342	4485
975	5	2343	4491
976	5	2356	4495
1010	5	2366	4499
1024	5	2373	4505
1039	5	2378	4508
1040	5	2386	4513
1049	5	2391	4519
1059	5	2392	4525
1067	5	2397	4532
1078	5	2401	4535
1083	5	2404	4539
1121	10	2405	4540
1125	5	2407	4545
1148	5	2433	4548
1164	5	2439	4555
1166	5	2460	4558
1173	5	2462	4565
1191	5	2467	4569
1251	5	2469	4596
1200	5	2490	4605
1280	5	2495	4629
1298	5	2496	4631
1300	5	2500	4642
1305	5	2500	4671
1348	5	2506	4671
1353	5	2511	4712
1354	5	2521	4716
1375	5	2525	4730
1377	5	2532	4739
1382	5	2535	4746
1418	5	2546	4757
1420	5	2548	4758
1421	5	2578	4762
1432	5	2579	4770
1442	5	2588	4776
1446	5	2609	4791
1472	5	2611	4807
1498	5	2632	4836
1499	5	2633	4843
1513	5	2638	4845
1519	5	2646	4859
1529	5	2649	4879
1540	5	2654	4918
1564	5	2690	4930
1619	5	2702	4936
1623	5	2704	4936
1633	5	2723	4945
1666	5	2735	4963
1668	5	2788	4976
1669	5	2790	4976
1689	5	2793	4976
1703	5	2796	4976
1720	5	2806	4976

The next drawing will take place on Friday the 18th instant, before which time all those persons wishing to purchase tickets would do well to call on the managers, or other persons holding tickets for sale, and do so, as they will rise to six dollars as soon as the wheels are opened on the morning of the next day's drawing.

The Managers.

October 14.

JOB PRINTING,

Executed at this office with neatness and despatch.