

HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER.

Vol. VI.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1825.

No. 287.

PRICES CURRENT.

Commodity	Unit	Wilmington		Fayetteville		Newbern		Petersburg	
		July 19.	Aug. 11.	Aug. 11.	Aug. 6.	Aug. 12.	Aug. 12.	Aug. 12.	Aug. 12.
Brandy, Cognac	gall.	120 a 125	125 a 160	150 175	130 200	130 200	130 200	130 200	130 200
Apple	40	42	45	40 45	50 75	50 75	50 75	50 75	50 75
Peach	50	55	75	80	60 70	60 70	60 70	60 70	60 70
Bacon	lb.	10	6 7	5 1/2 6	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7	6 7
Beeswax	53	34 35	32 35	33	33	33	33	33	33
Butter	25	12 15	20 25	12 25	12 25	12 25	12 25	12 25	12 25
Coffee	18	20	18 23	18 23	17 23	17 23	17 23	17 23	17 23
Corn	80	100	70 80	45 50	55 60	55 60	55 60	55 60	55 60
Cotton	lb.	17	18	15 16	15 18	15 18	15 18	15 18	15 18
Candles, mould.	12	14	14 15	15 16	12 1/2 16	12 1/2 16	12 1/2 16	12 1/2 16	12 1/2 16
Flaxseed, rough	bush.	562 575	450 550	600 700	550 750	550 750	550 750	550 750	550 750
Gin, Holland	gall.	80 90	90 125	100 125	90 125	90 125	90 125	90 125	90 125
Gin, Country	36	40	43 45	40 50	35 40	35 40	35 40	35 40	35 40
Iron	10000	11000 12000	11000 12000	11000 12000	11200 12500	11200 12500	11200 12500	11200 12500	11200 12500
Lard	lb.	10	7 8	7 9	10	10	10	10	10
Lime	150	200	225 250	200	200	200	200	200	200
Molasses	36	40	37 40	30	38 40	38 40	38 40	38 40	38 40
Powder, Amer.	90	100	500 800	550 650	550 650	550 650	550 650	550 650	550 650
Rum, Jamaica	90	100	80 100	90 100	150 175	150 175	150 175	150 175	150 175
West India	70	75	70 80	75 85	75 100	75 100	75 100	75 100	75 100
New England	40	42 1/2 45	45 45	40 45	40 45	40 45	40 45	40 45	40 45
Rice	350	350	350 400	500	400 450	400 450	400 450	400 450	400 450
Shot	1100	1200	1100 1200	950 1050	950 1050	950 1050	950 1050	950 1050	950 1050
Salt, Liverpool	50	55	80 90	65 75	75	75	75	75	75
Turk's Island	50	50	65 75	60	60	60	60	60	60
Sugar, Brown	900	1000	900 1100	900 1250	900 1300	900 1300	900 1300	900 1300	900 1300
Loaf	17	19	18 20	15 25	15 25	15 25	15 25	15 25	15 25
Tin, Imperial & Gunpowder	150	175	150 175	150 163	150 163	150 163	150 163	150 163	150 163
Uyson	120	120	120 120	160 120	160 120	160 120	160 120	160 120	160 120
Young Hyson	400	430	400 500	500 1250	500 1250	500 1250	500 1250	500 1250	500 1250
Tobacco	9	11	7 8	12 13	75 100	75 100	75 100	75 100	75 100
Tallow	100	105	100 105	35 40	30 32	30 32	30 32	30 32	30 32
Wheat	33	35	32 35	35 40	250 400	250 400	250 400	250 400	250 400
Whiskey	125	150	125 150	160 175	200 225	200 225	200 225	200 225	200 225
Wine, Madeira	200	325	200 325	300	300	300	300	300	300
Teneriffe	300	325	300 325	300	300	300	300	300	300
Sherry	300	325	300 325	300	300	300	300	300	300
Port	300	325	300 325	300	300	300	300	300	300
Malaga	300	325	300 325	300	300	300	300	300	300

HILLSBOROUGH FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE exercises of this institution will commence on the first day of August next, under the immediate care of Miss LAVINIA BRAINERD, and under the inspection and superintendence of the Reverend WILLIAM M. GREEN. The course of instruction in this seminary will be carried on in a regular continued system of academic studies, embracing all the scientific and ornamental branches necessary to complete the female education.

Pupils from abroad can be accommodated with board in the most respectable families in the place, at the rate of ten dollars per month. Arrangements, however, are now being made, by which it is intended to instruct the more advanced pupils in housewifery, and in the various branches of domestic economy. Whilst all due attention will be paid to the ornamental and the ordinary branches of education, the instructors will deem it their imperative duty to pay especial regard to the morals and manners of the young ladies committed to their care.

There will be a select committee of literary ladies and gentlemen to attend the semi-annual examinations, to decide on the merits of the pupils, and to place them in the several classes. Those pupils who shall have completed their course of studies with acceptance, will receive a diploma with the signatures of their instructors, and of the examining committee, and under the seal of the seminary.

The studies of the several classes will be arranged in the following order:

First Class.—Reading, Writing, Orthography, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Modern Geography, Elements of Composition.

Second Class.—Ancient, Modern and Sacred Geography, use of the Globes, Map-drawing, Natural History, History of the United States.

Third Class.—Algebra, Elements of Euclid, Tytler's History, Rhetoric, Elements of Criticism, Astronomy, Chronology, Natural Philosophy.

Fourth Class.—Moral Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, Chemistry, Botany, Mineralogy, Logic.

In addition to the above, lessons will be given in Music, Drawing and Painting in all its styles, in plain and ornamental Needle-work, and in making fruit and flowers in wax.

There will be two vacations in the year. One of six weeks in the winter season, and another of a fortnight during the summer.

The first session will end about the middle of November, and a proportionate deduction in the price of tuition, be made on account of the necessary shortness of the session.

PRICES OF TUITION.

First Class, \$10 per session, Second do. 12 1/2 do. Third and Fourth do. 15 do.

All the ornamental branches taught at the usual price.

Hillsborough, July 11th, 1825. 82—

West Florida seems to possess more caverns, subterranean rivers, natural bridges, and springs, than any other part of the United States. This, it appears, is owing to the strata of limestone which covers the whole country, and is passing over and through which the waters have caused these remarkable and interesting formations.—A writer in the Pensacola Gazette, has given a variety of sketches of West Florida, in which he particularly notices these caverns, &c. In a late number of that paper, we find the following description.

[N. Y. Evening Post.]

REMARKABLE CAVERN.

The arch cave, situated in Jackson county, about a mile south of the public road leading to, and about three miles distant from the ferries on Chipola river, opens to the east by an aperture of thirty feet wide and four or five in height.—The passage descends, for three or four rods, at an angle of thirty five degrees, and the cavern gradually opens to an hundred feet wide and fifty feet high. A deep channel filled with transparent water, skirts the south side from some distance, then breaks off in wells and finally disappears. The course of the cave is about N. W. and resembles an arch of the Gothic order. In about sixty yards it is crossed by a stream twenty feet wide and five feet deep, which contains abundance of craw fish. After crossing the stream, the arch turns rather east of north and presents a half an hundred yards in length, pretty straight, but with an uneven floor, forming hills and valleys, the base a red clay covered with dust, decomposed from the rock above. A range of beautiful columns fills the centre of the hall, while thousands of stalactites stretch down their long tubes, towards the white bases which are growing up to meet them from the floor. Many large holes in the arch are filled with bats, who on the approach of light flit off into dark recesses of the rock with a noise like thunder.

After leaving the hall the passage becomes low, crooked and intricate for a few rods, but at length emerges into another lofty apartment, from which there are various avenues, all of which are yet unexplored, as are also the courses of one or two large streams, one of these bounds the principal course of the last mentioned apartment. This cavern has been explored about four hundred yards. The congelations in the arch cave, when formed on the sides of the rock, are the color of ice, but they often project into curls and folds in imitation of mouldings, draperies and other inimitable forms; these projections on bass relief are generally white, with a sparkling crystalline appearance. The regular stalactites are uniformly hollow, the outside a soft decomposition, the inside irregular, sparry crystals of a yellowish hue.

In the neighbourhood of this cave, Col. Stone attempted in three several places to dig wells, but in each instance came upon hollow spaces which prevented success, and the well digger, frightened with the danger of intombing himself in some unknown cavern, desisted from digging. The soil of the neighbourhood is among the richest of the Chipola lands; the face of the country is formed of wide valleys in a dishing form, with narrow ridges, through which the limestone often projects, crowned with dog-wood, grape vines and hydrossia shrubs; the caves which have been examined are under these ridges.

REMARKABLE SPRING.

At twelve miles distant from the Tallahassee, is the Big Spring, the source of the Wakulla river. This celebrated fountain is one of the greatest natural curiosities in the United States. Ascending the river about one mile below its source, it becomes so much obstructed by flags and river weeds, that it is with great difficulty that a boat can be propelled up the stream; suddenly this immense spring breaks upon the eye. It is nearly one mile in breadth, and of a circular form. The water is almost as transparent as air itself. It is an unfathomable depth, which gives the water a deep blue tint, similar in appearance to the water in the Gulf stream.—It is said that a plumb was drawn down 250 fathoms of line without finding any bottom. After arriving in the centre of the spring in a small boat upon a clear day, the appearance of the azure vault above, and the blue depth below us, gives rise to a succession of the most singular ideas. It appeared after abstracting the surrounding foliage from the mind, that we were suspended in the immense regions of space. The water is highly impregnated with decomposed limestone, which gives it that extremely transparent appearance, which can only be accounted for by supposing that water impregnated with calcareous substances, has much less refractive powers for light,

than water in a state of purity. The temperature of the water is very low, even in the warmest weather it has an icy coldness. It has however a nauseous taste, by being highly impregnated with the sulphurets of lime. On the northern side of this spring, a beautiful hammock rises gently from the water; this is the site of the former English factory for the Indian trade, while this country was under the British crown, and afterwards the residence of the celebrated Ambrister, who was executed during the Seminole campaign. This fountain is fed from subterraneous sources which gush from the bowels of the earth with incredible force, rising in the centre with the velocity of boiling water; some idea may be formed of the power with which it gushes from the earth, by its displaying a column of water of more than two hundred and fifty fathoms in height, and removing with violence the water on the surface. This spring is about twelve miles from fort St. Marks, and about twenty from the ocean."

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION.

The Boston Medical Intelligencer contains an account of a new mode of treatment for consumption and other diseases of the lungs, invented by Dr. Middleton, a distinguished English physician. Being himself affected with a disorder of the lungs and having lost two promising children by pulmonary consumption, he directed his whole attention and studies to those diseases. All his other professional business was given up, and his investigations gave rise to the mode of treatment, which he is now communicating to the world gratuitously.

His theory is founded upon the absorbing power of the lungs, which is so great, that he states the lungs of a sheep will take up four ounces of water, injected by an aperture in the windpipe, in the course of a few hours without occasioning any apparent suffering. Medicines, in substance or in a fluid state, as Dr. Middleton has proved by a variety of experiments, are carried into the circulation much sooner when thrown into the lungs than into the stomach. Dr. Middleton's plan then is, instead of loading the stomach with drugs and debilitating the whole system for the cure of a local disease, to administer it directly upon the lungs, and supply the stomach with a generous though not too stimulating diet. The medicines to be employed are calcined sponge, dandelion or stramonium for tubercles on the lungs, and myrrh and bark in more advanced stages of disease. These are administered by means of an instrument called an *inhaler*, which is a block tin case, in which is a cylindrical wheel having bristles inserted in its sides, and turned by a crank on the outside. At the top is a mouth-piece which conveys the preparation to the lungs. The substance to be inhaled is first reduced to an impalpable powder, and being put into the inhaler, is set afloat by the wheel. When the air of the box is sufficiently loaded, the patient closes the nostrils, while he makes a full inspiration from the mouth-piece of the inhaler, by which the powder is conveyed to the seat of the disease.—This is repeated three or four times a day.—The success that has attended Dr. M.'s own practice has demonstrated the superiority of his system to any other heretofore practised upon. He considers consumption a contagious disease, and cautions persons against inhaling the breath of those who are labouring under infections of the lungs.

The extraordinary case which occurred in the Western Country, in 1823, of the oozing of clots of blood [bones] from the face of a girl, has been confirmed in a letter to professor Chapman, from a respectable gentleman who was an eye witness and a scientific observer of the phenomenon. The letter is published in the number that has just appeared of the Philadelphia Journal of the Medical and Physical Sciences.

An establishment for printing calico is about to be established in Troy, New York. It is supposed the buildings and machinery will cost about one million of dollars. A large manufacturing house in Manchester, England, is said to be deeply interested in this establishment.

Requited Love.—What words can be more delightful to the human ear, than the unexpected effusions of generosity and affection from a beloved woman. A gentleman, after great misfortunes, came to a lady he had long courted, and told her his circumstances were so reduced, that he was actually in want of five guineas. "I am very glad to hear it," said she—"Is this your affection for me?" he replied, in a tone of despondency; "why are you glad?" "Because," answered she, "if you want five guineas, I can put you in possession of five thousand."

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY DENNIS HEARTT,
AT THREE DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE
HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

Those who do not give notice of their wish to have the paper discontinued at the expiration of the year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until countermanded.—And no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

Whoever will procure seven subscribers and guarantee the payments, shall receive the eighth gratis.

Advertisements not exceeding sixteen lines will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each continuance.

Subscriptions received by the printer, and most of the postmasters in the state.

All letters upon business relative to the paper must be post-paid.

The Anniversary Sermon

for the Sunday School Society of Orange County, will be preached by the Rev. William Hooper, in the Presbyterian church in Hillsborough, on the first Sunday in September, at 11 o'clock A. M. and a collection taken up in aid of the funds of the institution. It is hoped the friends of Sunday Schools, who may find it convenient to do so, will attend.
Aug. 10.

The Presbytery of Orange

will meet at the church of Northside, in Granville county, on Thursday the 25th instant, being the 1st of August.
J. Witherspoon, Stated Clerk.
Aug. 10.

FLAX SEED.

THE subscriber will give Eighty Cents cash per bushel for Flax seed, delivered at his mill, or at the store of David Yarbrough or Wm. Kirkland & Son.
William Pickett.
Aug. 1. 85—2

NATHANIEL J. PALMER,

Attorney at Law.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the practice of the law, and will attend the courts of Randolph, Chatham, Guilford and Orange counties. Business entrusted to his care will be promptly and diligently attended to. He may generally be found, while not attending the courts, at the Hillsborough Book Store.
Aug. 1. 85—1f

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.

Charles L. Cooley & Co.

HAVING commenced the Boot and Shoe making business, in the room directly above the Hillsborough Book-Store, desiring to carry it on in all its various branches. Having on hand, and intending to keep a constant supply of the best materials, and to have their work done in the best manner and at the shortest notice, they hope they shall be able to please those who may favour them with their custom. Those disposed to make trial of their work are invited to call.
Aug. 1. 85—

Cash for Flax Seed.

80 CENTS will be given for Flax Seed, delivered at the Old Fort Hammer, or at the store of J. P. Seed & Co.
S. S. Claytor & Co.
July 19. 85—1f

SMITH & M'GEE.

HAVING established themselves in the business of Hillsborough, inform their friends and the public that they intend carrying on

TAYLORING BUSINESS,

in all its branches. All orders will be punctually attended to, and executed in the best style and latest fashion; and by every exertion on their part, will be made to please their customers, they hope to meet with a liberal patronage.

Smith & M'Gee.
Hillsborough, July 23. 84—3w

Ten Dollars Reward.

FOR the 21st of July, between Hillsborough and Raleigh, a pair of saddles, containing the following papers, viz: One from Mark Moore for one hundred and fifty dollars, given about six weeks ago and due him a month or less in the time it was given; one from H. Davis to said note. One of July Hicks, with the Anderson Hicks securities, for one hundred and fifteen dollars, at interest on the note; this note was made payable to Randolph, North and Charles' firm, and I had several credits on it. One note on John Hicks for twenty-seven dollars, with one half security, which note I paid off myself, and one of my name. One note on Follover L. Hicks for eleven or twelve dollars. One note on John Starg, for one hundred dollars, due in six months after it was given. Also several bills of sale for negroes; three bills of sale of Joel Yancey, one of Wm. Simpson, one of Benjamin Brown, and others not recollecting. Two books, the Masonic Chart, the other the Mason's Monitor. Also a Freemason's apron, one deposited taken in Granville county, N. C. for lost, two pair of white pantaloons, two shirts, three or four cravats, two watches, and some receipts. I hereby forewarn all persons from trading any of said notes or property. Please, if you should see the same to William N. Smith of Orange county N. C.

William A. Hicks.
July 27. 84—3w

Valuable Lands and Mills FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell, on accommodating terms, a valuable tract of land, containing two hundred and fifty acres, on which is a Grist Mill, two pair of stones, and a Saw Mill, situated in the upper part of this county. In the absence of the subscriber, the land will be shown by Thomas Holt, or Marmaduke Thompson.

Archibald M. Holt.
Orange county, July 27. 81—1f

COTTON GINS

HAVE received from Mecklenburg a load of Cotton Gins, made by Wm. T. Alexander, who is a Gin maker, ranks amongst the first in the State. Some of his Gins are in operation in this county, and are highly commended. A constant supply will be kept throughout the year.

D. Yarbrough.
May 23. 75—

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having qualified as executor to the last will and testament of William H. Whitred, deceased, at February term of Orange county court, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said deceased, to bring them forward within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of a recovery.

James Webb, Esq.
March 29. 67—3m

PRICES OF TUITION.

First Class, \$10 per session, Second do. 12 1/2 do. Third and Fourth do. 15 do.

All the ornamental branches taught at the usual price.

Hillsborough, July 11th, 1825. 82—

SADDLERY.

JAMES B. MADDE & CO.

INFORM the public that they have now on hand a large and splendid assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Horsemen's Caps, &c.

which they will sell very low for Cash, or will take in exchange, Beef Cattle, Corn, Wheat, Flour, or Lard, Flax Seed, Sewing Thread, Shoe Thread, Plank, Shingles, Bees Wax, and other saleable produce. They will also take gold notes or judgments in payment, or give a credit of three or six months to those whose credit can be relied on. They are determined that their work shall be well executed, in the most fashionable and substantial manner, of the best materials; which they hope will secure to them a liberal portion of public patronage.

All those indebted to them are requested to call and settle their respective accounts, either by cash or note.
Hillsborough, 12th July. 82—

State of North-Carolina, GUILFORD COUNTY.

Court Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1825.

James Pheon and others, vs. Robert D. Lindsay.

John Wiley and Wm. Gausbee summoned as garnishees. Garnishment filed.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state: It is ordered, that the penalty of this writ be published in the Hillsborough Recorder for three months, that unless the defendant appear at our next court, to be held on the third Monday of August next at the court house in Greensborough, at plead or reply, that judgment final will be entered against him.

A. Truitt, from the minutes.

John Hanner, Clerk.
Price ad \$4 65 77—3m

State of North-Carolina, ORANGE COUNTY.

Court Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1825.

Am Nickols vs. Leved on land, &c. Si. fa. to the heirs at law of Baldwin Nickols, administrator. deceased.

IT appearing to the court, that George Nickols, one of the children and heirs at law of Baldwin Nickols, deceased, is not an inhabitant of this state, therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Hillsborough Recorder six weeks, for the said George Nickols to be and appear at the next house in said county to be held at the court house in Hillsborough, on the fourth Monday of August next and there to show cause, if any he lay, why the said land should not be sold to satisfy the debt aforesaid, with costs of suit.

John Taylor, Clerk.
Price ad \$2 50. 77—6w