RECORDER.

UNITED WE STAND. CONSTITUTION. DIVIDED WE FALL.

Vol. IX. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1828. No. 444.

PRICES CURRENT.

		Wilmington, Aug. 20.		Fayetteville, Aug. 21.		Newbern, June 7.		Petersburg, Aug. 15.	
		cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
Brandy, Cognac,	gall.	127	130	150	16	150 a 175		125	200
Apple		28	30	35	37	40	50	34	75
Peach,			—	45	50	75	80	45	75
Bacon,	lb.	7	1	7	1	6	7	6	8
Flour,	bbl.	24	25	22	23	28		20	25
Beef,		15	1	11	20	18	25	12	25
Coffee,		14	15	14	17	18		12½	17
Corn,	bush.	50		35	40	35	40	35	40
Cotton,	lb.	9		8½	9½	8	9	9	10
Candles, mould,		15	16	16		15		14	17
Flaxseed, rough,	bush.		—	75		70	80		—
Pork,	bbl.	900		400	425	600	700	500	700
Pork,	lb.		—	25	28	35	40		—
Rice, Inland,	gall.	100	110	90	125	100	125	90	100
Country,		37	40	45	45	45	50	35	
Rum,	gn.		—		—		—	11000	12000
Lard,	lb.	9	10	8	10	7	8	6	7
Salt,	sack	150	175	200	250		—	150	200
Molasses,	gall.	35	37	35	40	29	30	37½	40
Nails, cut assorted,	keg.		—	9			—		8
Oats,	bush.		—	50	25		—		—
Feather, American,	lb.		—		80		—	550	650
Sugar, Havana,	cwt.	100	150	125	150	90	120	15	200
West India,		90	100	70	8	85	90	100	150
New England,		42	42	42		42	45	42	45
Rice,	wt.		00	55	300	300	325	400	500
Salt,			—	100			—	825	
Salt, Liverpool,	bush.			75		65		75	
Salt, Turk's Island,		40	45	75		55			—
Shot, Brown,	cwt.	500	1000	850	1150	900	1000	800	1300
Steel,	lb.		—	19	22	18	20	18	25
Tea, Imperial and Gunpowder,			—	150	175		—	125	150
Hyson,			—	120			—		—
Young Hyson,			—		—		—	100	125
Tobacco,	cwt.	10	400	350	375		—	350	700
Twine,	lb.	10		8		10			—
Wheat,	bush.		—	60	65		—	85	90
Whiskey,	gall.	26	30	25			—	30	35
Wine, Madeira,			—	250	400	300	375	250	500
Teneriffe,			—	125	150	125	150		—
Sherry,			—	160		150	160		—
Port,			—	230	280		—		—
Malaga,			—	75	125		—		—

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

BY DENNIS HEARTT,

AT THREE DOLLARS A YEAR, OR TWO DOLLARS FIFTY CENTS IF PAID IN ADVANCE.

Those who do not give notice of their wish to have their paper discontinued at the expiration of the year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until countermanded.—And no papers will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

Whoever will procure six subscribers, and guarantee the payment, shall receive the seventh gratis.

Advertisements not exceeding sixteen lines will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each continuance.

Subscriptions received by the printer, and most of the post-masters in the state.

All letters upon busines relative to the paper must be post-paid.

CAMP MEETINGS.

A METHODIST Camp Meeting will commence at Salem meeting house in Orange county, fourteen miles west of Hillsborough, on Friday the 29th of August next, and end on Tuesday following.

A Methodist Camp Meeting will also commence at Prospect meeting house, in Caswell county, seventeen miles north west of Hillsborough, on Friday the 5th of September next, and end on Tuesday following. The meetings will be under the superintendence of the Rev. Peter Doub, presiding elder of the Yadkin district. The friends of Zion are respectfully invited to attend.

July 29. 40—

Merchants, Millers, and Traders of Orange.

TAKE NOTICE.

BY an act of assembly passed in 1818, you are required once in every two years, to have your Weights, Measures and Steelyards examined and adjusted by the standard keeper of your county. Such of you as fail to comply with the law, by the first Monday of September next, may expect to pay the forfeiture incurred by virtue of said act of assembly.

Wm. Horton.

Standard Keeper for Orange county.

August 5. 41—4w

LOST OR MISLAID,

A NOTE of hand, drawn by Dr B O'Fairhill in favor of the subscriber, with William P Clancy as security, for seventeen dollars forty-five cents, with a credit of two dollars seventy-five cents. All persons are therefore hereby cautioned against trading for said note, or the said Dr. O'Fairhill from paying the same to any person but the subscriber.

William Cabe.

August 12. 43—3w

FOR SALE

A NEW and well finished OX-CART, with a pair of strong and well broke OXEN. Price eighty dollars—six months credit. Apply to

G. M. Johnston.

July 15. 38—

CASH FOR GOOD WHEAT.

DELIVERED at the mill of William Mebane & Co. three miles below Hillsborough. CASH for FLAX SEED.

J. Webb.

June 21. 36—6w

State of North-Carolina.

Wake County.

Superior Court of Law—Spring Term. 1828.

Washington Peace vs. *Susannah Peace* } Petition for Divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Star and North-Carolina State Gazette, printed in Raleigh, and the Hillsborough Recorder, for the defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition; otherwise judgment pro confesso against her will be entered, and the cause heard ex parte.

Teste **R. Hinton,** *Clerk.*

Price adv. $7 00 35—3m

REMOVAL.

THE subscribers having removed their Saddlers Shop to the building west of Thos. Clancy & Co. they take this method of informing their friends and customers that they are prepared to supply them with all articles in their line as cheap as can be bought in the state, and they venture to say, if not superior, at least as good as can be had any where. Their work has hitherto proved good; and having the best of workmen and northern materials, they feel assured that they can give general satisfaction to all who may call upon them for work.

J. B. M'Dade & Co.

Jan. 15. 13—tf

A Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale a Valuable Plantation, lying on Little river, in Orange county, eight miles north east from Hillsborough, and immediately on the road to Gen. Carrington's store. There are on the premises

A good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Smoke House, and Barn,

with all other necessary out houses, all in good repair. There is also on the plantation a very

Valuable Apple Orchard.

The Land is of the very best quality, and adapted to the culture of corn, wheat, tobacco, and cotton. As it is presumed that any person wishing to purchase will first view the premises, I deem it unnecessary to say more. The terms of sale will be made easy, and can be known by inquiring of Thomas Clancy, esq. in Hillsborough, or of myself in Greensboro'.

John C. Latta.

June 30. 36—6w

BLANKS.

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

NOTICE.

THERE will commence a Camp-Meeting of the Christian Church, at Apple's meeting house, in Guilford county, on Friday before the first Sunday in September.

The General Meeting of the Christian Church will commence at the Union meeting house, in Orange county, twenty miles west of Hillsborough, on Thursday before the last Sunday in September.

John Allen.

July 29. 40—

NOTICE.

HAVING purchased of Mr. WM HUNTINGTON, his materials, &c., and rented the shop, I would inform the public that I will carry on the business in all its branches. All work in my line will be promptly attended to and well executed. I hope, by close application, to merit a continuance of the custom which has been so liberally given to this shop.

Lemuel Lynch.

**** I can safely recommend Mr. Lynch to my customers, as a very attentive industrious young man, and a good workman.*

Wm. Huntington.

July 29. 40 tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being very anxious to bring all his business to a close, has sold his stock of materials, and rented his tools and shop, to Mr. LEMUEL LYNCH, and has no interest in the work done in the shop from and after the 1st day of August next.

As this step has been taken for the purpose of attending exclusively to the settlement of all accounts, it is hoped and earnestly desired, that all who are indebted will call and settle with the least possible delay. Longer indulgence need not be expected.

He has on hand, and will continue to keep, a handsome assortment of Watches, Jewellery and Silver-Ware; all of which will be sold on better terms than such articles have ever been sold for in this place; and will be kept for sale at the same stand as heretofore.

Wm. Huntington.

July 29. 40—tf

CASH FOR

WHEAT delivered at my mill, three miles below town, 40 cents a bushel—FLAX SEED, delivered at my house, 50 cents—Clean picked WOOL, 25 cents a pound.

My WOOL CARDING MACHINE at the Tilt Hammer is now in good repair and ready for business.

I have for sale strong Road Wagons, Plantation Wagons, and Two-Horse Wagons, cheap for cash.

James Webb.

July 29. 40—4w

NORTH CAROLINIAN

WILL stand the fall season, at my stable in Hillsborough. The season to commence on the 4th of July.

Josiah Turner.

July 1. 36—

State of North-Carolina.

Orange County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1828.

Priscilla Thompson, vs. The Heirs and Executors of Henry Thompson, sr dec. } *Petition for Dower.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that James Thompson, Stephen Baldridge and Nelly, his wife, Samuel Clenny and Mary, his wife, and Elizabeth Murdock, widow and relict of Robert Murdock, dcsd. heirs at law of the said Henry Thompson, sen. deed. are not inhabitants of this state. It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Hillsborough Recorder for six weeks successively, that unless the said Jas. Thompson, Stephen Baldridge and Nelly, his wife, Samuel Clenny and Mary, his wife, and Elizabeth Murdock, appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the County of Orange, at the Court House in Hillsborough, on the fourth Monday of August next, then and there, to plead, answer or demur to said petition, judgment will be entered *pro confesso* as to them. Test,

J. Taylor, *Clerk.*

July 8th, price adv. $2 00. 39 6w

HOUSES and LOTS in Hillsborough for sale.

By BARNABAS O'FAIRHILL, on a credit of one year.

AS my object is to present the most infamous intercourse of adultery that perhaps ever was known, and seemingly permitted in a christian country, I will sell all, beginning at the house where Nancy Gawly now lives and carries on her infamous debaucheries with her old stumpey humpey.

February 12 17—tf

TRUST SALE.

ON Thursday the 18th September, I shall sell the personal property of William B. Jamieson, at the dwelling house of the said Jamieson, to satisfy two deeds of trust duly proved and registered, made to secure certain debts due to Miss Margaret Jamieson.

The property consists of a likely slave named Sally, and about 75 Sheep, 50 Hogs, 10 Cows, 4 Horses, and all the Household and Kitchen Furniture. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

John Scott, *Trustee.*

August 5. 41—7w

From the Massachusetts Journal.

REMARKABLE CASE.

A case of deceptive circumstantial evidence lately came to our knowledge, than which, we believe, a more remarkable cannot be found on record. Our information was communicated to us by one who was personally engaged in the investigations attending it.

In a country town in the state of Maine, a few months since, the wife of a labouring man, who had lived for a long time on very indifferent terms with her, suddenly died. As she was in apparently perfect health on the day of her death, and there had been violent quarrels between them, the man was regarded with a considerable degree of suspicion. At the burial of the wife, her relatives attended. To these the husband had always cherished a great hostility; but on this occasion he was particularly urgent that they should return with him, after the funeral, to partake of a meal at his table. They were ill-disposed to do this, both on account of their recollection of the treatment of his wife, his uniform hostility to them, and the very suspicious circumstances of the wife's death. He continued to urge them to return to his house and partake of the entertainment with so much earnestness, that after resisting for a long while, they found that they could refuse no longer. The meal was placed before them, at which a dish of BAKED BEANS was abundantly served, and of which they were urged to partake liberally. Much time had not elapsed after the meal before every individual of the party was taken sick, some were so violently affected that their lives were despaired of. These very suspicious circumstances determined the neighbors to have the man arrested, and this was accordingly done. The house was searched and a quantity of arsenic was found, of which it was afterwards ascertained that he had bought a considerable quantity of an apothecary a short time before the death of his wife. Another corroborating circumstance was that the accused had on the day on which his wife died, carried to her while at work in the field a glass of liquor—an act of courtesy which, such were the terms on which they had lived, it was quite out of his custom to proffer. The man was placed in custody, and preparations were made for his trial. The physician who attended the deceased was satisfied that the death was from poison, and would give his evidence to that effect.

Public opinion was greatly excited on the subject, and the conviction of the individual was confidently anticipated at the approaching session of the court.

Things being thus circumstanced, the physician, whose evidence, as we have related, was decisive on the point of the death being occasioned by poison, happened to be on a visit to the town of B. The circumstances being generally known, Dr. M. who was a personal friend of this physician, sought an interview with him, and inquired of him if he examined the body internally after death, and on being answered in the negative, he placed before him in a strong manner the situation in which he would find himself when called on before a court and jury for evidence of his assertion that the death was by poison. It was soon decided that disinterment and an examination of the body should be immediately made, and Dr. M. with another medical friend, accompanied the first named physician to the place of the presumed murder. The people of the vicinity expressed great satisfaction at knowing of this intention, and were eager to assist in the disinterment; associated that it would only add confirmation to their belief in the guilt of the accused. The body was quickly removed from the earth. A question then arising where the examination should take place—for as it had been buried three weeks no one was willing that it should be brought into his dwelling house—a neighbouring barn was first proposed, but to this the physicians objected on account of the want of light. The meeting house was then named, and thither the body was carried. It was placed on a table in the centre aisle, and the examination commenced in the presence of the assembled and eager multitude who filled the pews and galleries.—Dr. M. prepared to open the abdomen and the gentleman who accompanied him undertook in the mean while the examination of the head. To the former of course the attention of all was chiefly directed. The operation of opening the head, however, advanced more rapidly than that of the abdomen, and the removal of the cranium discovered to the surprise of the operators and the spectators, a suffusion of blood in the organ and all the unequivocal marks of apoplexy, while the stomach and the other digestive organs were found to exhibit not the slightest indications of the presence of any poisonous substance. The surprise, and probably in their excited state of mind against the supposed criminal,—the disappointment, of the spectators was extreme. The result of the examination was however irresistible in proof that this death was occasioned by apoplexy, and not by poison, and the man's life was saved,—for it is scarce to be doubted that a jury would have convicted him upon the evidence of the circumstances which we have enumerated.

It will be asked, how is the circumstance of the sickness of the wife's relatives, which was evidently caused by the meal which the man urged them so earnestly to take, to be accounted for? It is explained by a singular fact, of which one or two other instances are known to have occurred. The beans, of which the meal was principally composed, had been baked in earthen vessels, and were allowed to grow cold. they had been kept long enough to have turned acid to a slight degree, and when they were placed in the oven to be reheated, the action of the acid on the sides of the jar, which was coated, and of which the sulphuret of lead is the chief ingredient, a poisonous substance was thus developed, and incorporated into the contents of the jar, and those eating beans were attacked with symptoms of illness more or less severe, according to the part of the jar from which the beans were taken or which they ate. After this, it was not difficult to admit, that the arsenic found in the man's possession, might have been purchased for the destruction of rats, as he had constantly averred was the case.

We leave this statement, the authenticity of which may be confidently relied on, to the reflection of our readers. They can have little doubt, that had this individual been brought to trial, (as he would have been but for the interposition of the D. physicians,) without the examination of the body, his life would have been sacrificed—few juries would have hesitated to convict him. It would have been one instance added to the many on record, of the danger of a reliance on mere circumstantial evidence however strong, and the importance of thoroughness in the investigation of all questions of the fatal jurisprudence.

From the New York Evening City Gazette.

Great excitement seems to have been occasioned in Boston, by the late sudden and unexpected marriage of JOHN WINSLOW WHITMAN, esq. editor of the Bachelor's Journal. As we have the honor of belonging to that respectable class, called OLD BACHELORS,—not from choice, by heaven, but from necessity,—we regret, exceedingly, that an occurrence of the kind should have taken place; but we cannot believe, with many of our brother editors, that the eloquence of Major Noah could have induced this unfortunate young man to proceed to such an act of desperation. The following paragraph respecting him is from the "Bower of Taste;" a literary periodical published in Boston, and edited by Mrs. K. Maria A. Ware, of whose reputation our readers are probably well acquainted.

"*How have the mighty fallen.*"—We learn that a great bulwark which has recently been erected in defence of celibacy, has by "Providence" been deprived of one of its most ornamental and strongest Pillars. Lo! Sampson—the Philistines are upon thee! Thy amber-tressed locks are shorn, and thou hast become weak as another man!" In short the "Editor" of the "BACHELORS JOURNAL"—"MARRIED!"—Think of that, Lovers!—even he, hath yielded to the spell of "Power!" Even he, who whilom flourished his goose-quill so manfully in defence of "single blessedness." We hope he will forward us some of his cake for his notice.

Nihil tan firmum est cui periculem
Non sit etiam ad juvandum.

It is an honour to their (the Spaniards') laws, that a man loses his testimony who can be proved once to have been drunk.