

RECORDER.

UNITED WE STAND. DIVIDED WE FALL.

Vol. XI.

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No. 587.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY **J. N. HEARST,**
AT THE **PRINTING OFFICE**,
FIFTY CENTS IF PAID IN ADVANCE.
Those who give notice of their wish to have their paper discontinued at the expiration of the year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until countermanded. The paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the option of the publisher. Persons procuring six subscribers, shall receive the seventh gratis.
Advertisements not exceeding sixteen lines will be inserted three times for one dollar, and two cents for each continuation.
Subscriptions received by the printer, and all letters upon business relative to the paper must be post-paid.

NOTICE.

THE TAX GATHERINGS will take place as follows: At Peter S. Clark's on the 4th July; at John W. Smith's on the 5th; at Murphy's on the 6th; at Geo. Albright's on the 7th; at John L. Smith's on the 8th; at Michael Hill's on the 9th; at Peter L. Ray's on the 11th; at the Shallow Ford, James Cook's old residence on the 12th; at Chesley F. Paucett's on the 13th; at James Hutchinson's on the 14th; at John W. Smith's on the 15th; at George A. Melia's on the 16th; at Richardson Nicholas's on the 18th; at Ransom M. Keel's on the 19th; at the Court House in Hillsborough on the 20th; at Sneed & Parker's store on the 21st; at the residence of David W. Smith on the 22nd; at the residence of John Rhodes on the 23rd; at Herndon's store on the 25th; at John Rhodes's on the 26th; at Charles W. Johnston's on the 27th; at Charles A. Johnston's on the 28th; and at Burrows' neck on the 29th.

The Magistrates appointed to take the tax list in their respective districts, will attend for that purpose at the times and places above stated, and any difficulty is requested by the collector to be removed, as they cannot nor will they extend indulgence neither to the rich nor the poor.

Thos D Watts, Jr
June 6. 81-

NORTH-CAROLINA CONSTITUTIONALIST.

AND STATE RIGHTS' ADVOCATE.
"The Liberty of the Press, the Shield of Freedom—the Scourge of Tyrants."

WM S. RANSO AND WM. POTTER.

PROPOSE to publish in the city of Raleigh, North Carolina, a political Newspaper, under the above title. They promise to give to the public an independent and consistent Republican state right's paper; one that will always support its principles and regard the truth; that will labor to further the views of the true friends to liberty and democracy. They will contend for the "Union" to the last—support General Jackson for a re-election to the Presidency—oppose Henry Clay and the political pretensions of those who would advance his pretensions. They will oppose all sectionalism in the construction of the Constitution; that instrument by which the sovereignty of the states is secured, and our happy land so far saved from the direful influence of a grand, consolidated general government, believing the present Tariff laws to be violently oppressive and unjust, if not unconstitutional, they will use every exertion to effect their repeal. Though from their attachment to North Carolina, the proposers of this paper sincerely communicate and would gladly relieve its embarrassments, yet on most points agree with the politics of that patriotic and talented state, yet they must oppose its doctrine of "Nullification," as their reverence for the authority of the laws of their country, and their attachment to the Union, are too great to allow a counting thought at so destructive a sentiment. They have now candidly stated the outlines of their political creed, which they seriously believe to be that of North Carolina generally. It is a melancholy fact, that the politics of this state are much misrepresented, and that she does not now, nor ever did, stand as high as she deserved to be elevated among her sister states. Fairly to represent her, and to give to her talents, to foster her institutions—to bring forward her promising sons, and to give to her citizens correct statements, both of men and their principles, shall be the aim of the proposers of this publication. They are sons of North Carolina, and are not ashamed of their birth, nor do they blush to own her as a parent. They wish only to elevate her to that station to which her territory, population, and her moral and physical resources, entitle her. They will set up no high minded and patriotic opinions of North Carolina upon the friends of Republicanism, and the advocates of State Rights, generally, for patronage. As intelligence is essential to our peculiarly happy Government, the "Constitutionalist" will be a useful paper to all classes of the community, viz: the Farmer, the Mechanic, the Merchant, the Physician, the Lawyer, the Divine, and the Politician, being highly interesting to the friends of Government, important to the friends of the State, and the friends of the Union. The best papers of the day will be taken in by the editors, from whom constant and interesting extracts will be made.

M. Ranso (standing to retire from the paper) and the necessary number of subscribers (post-paid) will receive by time exclusive of the editorial department—Mr. Potter will contribute to the paper.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES.

Repairs at reduce prices, and warranted to perform well.

THE subscriber having removed his shop into the house formerly occupied by David Kyie on Main street, opposite the Farmer's Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is prepared to execute all kinds of business in his line, in the very best style; and he prays strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage:
Samuel Lynch.
May 14. 78-6m

State of North Carolina.

Superior Court of Hillsborough.
In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty one, the first of the month of August, the Court met for the purpose of holding a term of the Superior Court of Hillsborough, in the County of Hillsborough, and the following cases were called on for trial:
Stephen Taylor vs. John Rogers and Margaret his wife.
The plaintiff, Stephen Taylor, claims a right to a certain parcel of land, more or less, lying on 100 acres of land, more or less, in the County of Hillsborough, Charles Phillips and others, whereon Geo. W. Burwin now resides.

It appearing to the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this state; it is ordered, that publication be made in the Hillsborough Recorder three months, for them to appear at the next term of the court, on the second Monday in September next, and plead or demur to the attachment, or judgment will be given against them by default.
A. B. Bruce, c. s. c.
Price adv. \$6 50. 72-3m

A VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE.

The subscriber being desirous to remove to the west, wishes to sell his valuable plantation, lying in Orange county, two miles west of Hillsborough, on the main road leading from Hillsborough to Greensborough, in sight of New Providence Meeting House. The plantation contains between three and four hundred acres, and has on it a large two story Dwelling House, well finished, partly new, with a good barn, stable, and all necessary buildings, with a large Apple Orchard of 1000 bearing trees, and a Peach Orchard of excellent fruit—these orchards never bear. The place is high, healthy, and level, and has more good spring water than any other place in the county, and 7 or 80 acres of fresh land, very good. Persons who wish to purchase will do well to call and view this farm, with the crop on it.
William Holt.
June 12. 82-3m

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscriber being desirous to quit trading, offers for sale a tract of land, lying on Cane Creek, in the County of Orange, and is situated in the town of Hillsborough, adjoining the lands of William W. W. Lhas Sullivan & Co. The tract contains about two hundred and twenty acres. The fertility of soil this tract is not surpassed by any other in the county. There are about sixty or seventy acres of cleared land on the tract, more than half of which is in corn, and in the last three years has produced a good crop of corn, and the necessary out buildings for the accommodation of a family, and the whole tract is in good repair, under good management. The property is an excellent mill site, where there formerly has been a mill, and a new one might be erected at a small expense. He will take bonds with good security, or young negroes in payment. Any person wishing to purchase land, would do well to call and view the premises, and make early application to the subscriber in Hillsborough.
James Clancey.
Hillsborough, May 2. 77-6m

LOTS FOR SALE.

NOTICE, that in pursuance of the authority vested in them by an act of the General Assembly of the state of North Carolina, passed at the last session thereof, the Commissioners of the town of Hillsborough will, on Thursday the 18th day of August next, proceed to sell the Common belonging to said town, lying west and north of the lots of said town, on a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. This part of the common, before the day of sale, will be run off into sections of proper size, to be convenient for building lots. It contains a great many high and elegant spots, suitable for residences, and commands a full view of the Occochee mountains and a great part of the improved part of the town. It is the most healthy part of the town; convenient to the Male and Female Academies, now in full operation and highly celebrated; and a great portion of the ground is rich and fit for cultivation. To persons of the low country, who are desirous of a healthy situation and the advantages of first rate academies, this sale will afford an opportunity of locating themselves satisfactorily.
At the same time they will sell, on the same terms, a number of lots in the present surveyed part of the town.
By order of the Commissioners,
Geo. W. Bruce, T. Clerk.
February 22. 67-1ds

JOB PRINTING,
Executed at this Office with neatness, accuracy and despatch.

CIRCULAR.

Office of American & Foreign Agency for Claims, NO. 49 WALL-STREET, New-York, January, 1831.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern, having claims, debts, inheritances, &c. payable or recoverable abroad, that this Agency has established, under the special auspices and patronage of distinguished individuals in this country, a regular correspondence with eminent Bankers, &c. in the principal ports and capitals of Foreign Governments, in commercial relations with the United States; through the mediation whereof such valid claims as may be confided thereto, will be expedited for settlement, and promptly and effectively recovered; when furnished by the claimants with the suitable legal proofs and vouchers, together with the requisite Power of Attorney, to be taken and acknowledged before any Judge of a Court of Record, or other competent civil magistrate, a municipal authority, or notary public; and the whole duly authenticated by the governor of the state or territory in which the same may be perfected, and legalized by the appropriate foreign consul.

Having also established a similar correspondence throughout the United States and British America, the like claims for recovery in any part thereof respectively, will be received and efficiently attended to in behalf of American as well as Foreign claimants. Orders for the investment of funds on mortgage of freehold property, or in the purchase of public securities of the United States, canal loans of the states of N. York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, &c. punctually and faithfully executed. Applications addressed to this Agency, in cases requiring the investigation of claims, search of records, or the intervention of legal proceedings, should be accompanied with an adequate remittance to defray the preliminary charges and disbursements attending the same, and all letters must be addressed (post paid) to the undersigned, (Counselor of the Supreme Court of the United States) in the Office of the Agency, 9 Wall street, New York.
Samuel H. Palmer, Attorney.
March 33. 70-

ATTENTION!

To the Officers, non-commissioned Officers and Musicians belonging to the Back Creek Battalion, second Orange Regiment.
You are hereby notified and ordered to attend at Mass. Hill on the 15th of July next, at 11 o'clock, equipped as the law directs for drill muster and court martial; and on the 16th you will march with your respective companies, ready to parade at 11 o'clock, equipped as the law directs, for battalion exercise.
G Jordan, Lieut. Col.
June 20. 82-

REVIVED.

THE establishment at Webb's Tilt Ham-mock, six miles east from Hillsborough, is revived. The establishment consists of a Blacksmith's shop, with three first rate smiths; a Grind Mill, Oil Mill, Saw Mill, Wheat thrashing machine, and Wool Carding Machine. The subscribers hoping to receive considerable custom to their Carding Machine, have taken great pains and been at considerable expense, to prepare it for carding. Those who intend favoring us with their custom will do well to bring their wool in the early part of the season, as we do not intend running the machine when the weather becomes cool. Those who bring their wool nicely prepared for carding, may expect to receive nice rolls. We will card wool for 7 cents per pound cash, or 10 cents per pound credit, or one fifth part of the wool. We will furnish oil for the greasing of wool gratis. A constant supply of Wagons, made by first rate workmen, and ironed off in the best manner, will be kept on hand for sale.
W. Piper & Co.
May 27. 80-

CHEAP WOOL CARDING MACHINE.

I HAVE just put into operation, at my mill, on Cane Creek, Orange county, a first rate double WOOL CARDING MACHINE, and will card wool for five cents a pound, or take the sixth pound tale. Next week I will have a picker in operation, which will open the wool so well that the cards will make much better rolls. The hurs and trash of all kinds must be picked out by hand; put one pound of grease for every ten pounds of wool. I prefer the grease brought to mix with the wool at the machine.
N. B. I have reduced the price from 8 to 5 cents per pound, which will be a saving of more than 50 per cent, to the people; therefore I hope to receive a portion of their patronage.
Wm. Lindley.
June 2d. 82-3w

State of North-Carolina, Orange County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term 1831.
Alexander Strain & others, Petition for distribution of the estate of Alexander Strain, deceased.
William D. Strain, adm'r & others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court now here that David St. John, David Nelson and his wife Mary, George Tate and his wife Nancy, and Archibald Crutchfield and his wife Sally, defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State; it is ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Hillsborough Recorder, for six weeks successively, that unless the said defendants appear before said court on the fourth Monday in August next, at the court house in Hillsborough, and then and there file their answer to said petition, that judgment pro confesso will be rendered against them, and the petition heard ex parte.
J. Taylor, c. c.
July 1. 82-



RURAL ECONOMY.

May your rich soil, Exuberant, nature's better blessings pour O'er every land.

INDIAN CORN.

There is a singular beauty and propriety in the device of North Carolina, which represents Ceres, extending to our sons a rich swelling ear of rye! Tuscarora.—Would, that we had been more faithful to our emblem! Indian corn in my opinion, and in the long run, I believe, has been found the most profitable crop ever cultivated. There is no want of any good thing where proper attention is paid to its culture in this country. It at once gives competency, and slowly but certainly assures wealth. Arthur Young remarks the same of its superiority in France, Spain, and noticed the plenty and happiness it diffused wherever cultivated, when he visited those countries in the year eighty seven. It is adapted to more soils, seasons and climate, produces more food for man and beast, makes a greater return to the soil, and is a better preparation for the succeeding crop than any other article that is cultivated. But it has been our great misfortune that custom to a ruinous extent, has crowded corn out of its proper place and estimation, and surpassed a baneful, erring supremacy over the business and practices of our farmers, whose erring cupidity and present wants have blinded them to their true and permanent interests.

I wish it not to be understood, that because I prefer Indian corn I would cultivate nothing else; but I would inculcate the idea that the whole routine of cropping should be pursued with a fixed and steady eye to the production of this. A rotation is necessary. The earth tires by the exertion to promote any one particular growth, as the muscles of the body do by any continued mode of exertion. A man cannot stand always upon one leg, nor can the earth produce always one kind of crop. We see what nature is disposed to do if left to herself. A field, that when in the forest state produced oaks, will, when exhausted by cropping and turned out, yield gums, persimmons, or pines. Perhaps I should say, that the earth contains a particular power for each production. One year it yields nourishment for corn, the next for wheat, or something else; and in due course of time the corn power is renovated and may be brought into play again.

I will suppose you to have bedded up your land in the fall or in the winter, or as early as you found practicable. The earlier done the better, for if after ploughing it has the benefit of a fortnight's freeze it pulverizes the earth more than two ploughings.

"He who will not plough in winter by reason of the cold," says Solomon, "shall beg in time of harvest and get nothing." The wise king of Israel was probably a good farmer, as well as a good builder, though we hear less of it. Well, you have bedded up your land; now plant as soon in the spring as you can, for though early planted corn grows slowly, may be pinched, gets the yellows, yet it is the most productive after all. Later corn grows off better, makes a more showy appearance in the field, but it wants stamina, and the ears are comparatively few, small and light. Early corn therefore, if not too early to stand well, is the best of

all things considered. Unusual seasons may now and then make a difference in favor of late corn, for if that which is planted early roots in the ground or is killed, replanting to supply what is missing makes an unequal growth that never produces well.

If you are a lazy farmer, or what is about the same thing in effect, if your cot on crop is too large and the weeds and grass in consequence get the start of your work, you begin an uphill course that will likely keep you in a hard scuffle, and that not a gainful one, for the rest of the season. You will be rolling the stone of Sisiphus. Instead of driving your business your business will drive you. Prepare for planting then with all convenient haste. If grass and weeds have begun to show themselves, kill and bury them as well as you can, not by deep ploughing to disturb the bottom of your bed, and awaken and pour up the worms interred there, as well as exhume the precious deposits you have made; but with shallow, light furrows. Next open your drills with a deep stroke of a trawl hoe, or double mould board plough.—Strike deep and plant low. Corn roots run horizontally, and if you plant near the top of the ridge, your crop will starve and perish for lack of food and moisture.—Mind this, and cheap profit will give you that which paid for in dear experience. When the great Virginia farmer first recommended the drill system, to my lame endeavors to pursue it, I planted too high on the ridge, lost my crop and then quarreled with Taylor for his own errors, as I suppose many others have done.

A double mould board plough is better than a single one, because it cuts more truly (a direct line being matter of some consequence,) and because it opens a wide furrow and places the grass and weeds, which may have a threatening aspect, at a more agreeable distance. Go down to, or nearly down to your deposits, but not below it. One horse has not strength to open the furrow deep enough, nor steadiness of movement necessary to give it a uniform direction. You must have two horses, and if these work with the common double tree, they will, by concurring alternately for the ridge and furrow give a more zig-zag row than you will find it either pleasant or profitable to work after. The double tree must herefore be five feet long, (equal to the width of the beds) to enable each horse to walk in a water furrow.

Drop your corn thick enough, making a liberal contribution for moles, partridges, black birds, and grub worms as well as an allowance for rot. I may probably at a future time provide a special defence against some of these foes. It is better to be obliged to thin corn than to replant. A stalk from replanted seed may, as I have said, show well, but it is often barren. If it does not silk early enough to receive the falling pollen of the rest of the field, it will be very partially impregnated, or not at all, from its own floating and scanty farina. I suppose I need not say that the tassel is the male, and the silk the female part. Transplanting is better than replanting. For this purpose a part of a row now and then in a fertile place should be more thickly sown to furnish seeds, and these may be transplanted at any time but best when the ground is moist and the sky overwhelmed, observing to crop, by a smooth cut, a good portion of the blades. If for any cause there is a delivrance of one third of the necessary plants in a field, neither replant or transplant, but plough up at once and seed over again. By this means you save labor and avoid both an unequal and a grassy crop.

Marrying Daughters.—The Spaniards say, "at eighteen marry your daughter to her superior; at twenty to her equal; at thirty to any body that will have her."