HILLSBOROUGH, N. C. PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY DENNIS HEARTT,

AT THREE DOLLARS A YEAR, OR TO DOLLARS Those who do not give notice of their wish that the year, will be presumed as desiring gentinuance until countermanded. And no repaid a closs at the option of the publisher. Parsons procuring six subscribers, shall recare the seventh gratis.

Alvertisements not exceeding sixteen lines all becauseful three times for one dollar, and waity hye cents for each continuouce. sharriptions received by the printer, and

met of the post-masters in the state. Alletters upon business relative to the paper must be post paid.

CATTON OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

Hillsborough Academy.

This frustees of the Hillsborough Male Academy give notice that the exercises of this institution will commence its fall session on the Sin day of August next, under the su-penatendence of Mr. W. J. BINGHAM, A. M. wose well known reputation as a clussical scalar and peculiar tact of imparting instruc tion, has given reputation to this school which is second to lone in the southern states.

in the southern states, in the southern states, in the state of Hillsburough, the state of the public patronage.

The Faginia department will be taught by the NOR VOOD, whose qualifications, pages and literary, are of the first order.

ad can be had in private families at \$8

No stadent will be received that does not board in a private house. By order of the Board.

J. Taylor, Sec'y. Ir P The Harbinger at Chapel Hill, Star and Register at Ra eigh, People's Press at Wilmington, Observer at Fayetteville, speciator at Newbern, Natel man at Salisbury, wil publish the above three times and forward their accounts to this office.

NOTICE

7 sHALL attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the

Jone 24

Tax due for the year 1833 o wit:
At Peter S. Clark's on Monday the 7th of at John Newlin's on Tuesday the 8th at Ruffin's mills on Wednesday the 9th at George Albrights on Foursday the 10th-et John Long's on Friday the 11th -- at Michael Poit's on Saturday the 12th-at John S. Tur-rentine's on Monday to e 14th-at George Fau cetts Store on Tuesday the 15th- at C F Faucett's on Wednesday the 16th-at James Hatchi son's on Thursday the 17th -- at Andrew McCauley's on Friday the 15th-at Gerra A. M. hane s on Saturday the 19th at ourt House in Hillshorough on Monday

e 21 st. a. Richard Nichols' on Tuesday the 221 at Runkin McKee's on Wednesday the 23: at Park r's Store on Thursday the 240. -at Divis' (old place) on Friday the 25ththats Wilkerson's on Saturday the 26that James Trice's on Monday the 28th-at He adap's Store on Tuesday the 29th at Change ill on Aednesday the 30th-at Bur-

row- Chucke' on Thursday the 31st. The Magistrates appointed to take the Tax Letter 1834, will attend in their respective e places above named. Punctuality is re-

James C. Turrentine, Shiff

ACON AND LARD.

A @ ANTIFY of BACON and LARD, for Stephen Moore.

State of North Carolina, Person County. Superior Court of Law, - Spring

Term. 1834.

hel Buschmell) Petition for Divorce and Almao v. mie El achiertt.)

ring to the satisfaction of the Court. The defendant is not an ionaletant of in It is ordered, that publication be but for six weeks and essively, that, on e desendent appear at the next term out; to be hold at the court loose in ogh on the 7th Monday after of September next, then and there to a demorrer, plea or answer to the pethe same will be taken onfere, and set down for hearing exparte.

lunean Rose, c. s. c. Price adv \$2 50

NOTICE.

IL those who are in lebt of to me, will be well to call as soon as too sible and pay



I adl offer for sale some OUNTHOUD and KITCHEN To block on Tuesday the I will also expose to sale my

Thos. Jeff. Faddis.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

THE subscriber, for the purpose of raising a find to pay off her lawful debts, will of fer at public sale, at the Court House in Hills-. o., the first Saturday in July next, interest, being absolute in the following Lars viz Lot No. 86, north west of Hills botungh, b mg one acre; Lots No. 146, 131, 13: and 133, south west of Hillsborough, bor-Mrs Jane Woods' life interest. And also of No. 134, subject to the life interest of Mrs. Namey O'Fairbill. Each Lot to be sold sepe-

Anne Maria Bannan.

BOOKS LOST.

Pillsborous

HAVE either loaned or lost the following Books, viz.
Letters on Patriotism, by Lord Bolingbrook,

Don Quixotte 2 vols. Gray's Hudibras, 2 vols.

Tales of the Genii, 1st. vol. Burnit's History of the Reformation, vol. not recollected. This book belongs to the State Library, and I am extremely anxious to pro-

Persons having any of the above named books, or any others belonging to me, will please return them. V. M. Murphey.

METHODIS PROCESTANT CAMP MEETING

A CAMP MEETING will be held by the mi nisters and members of the METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH, at the Ridge Meeting-house, about seven miles south west of Hillsborough, to commence on the 15th of August. Ministers and christians of all denominations, are respectfully invited to attend and ein in the work of the Lord.

28 - 3w

NOTICE THE subscriber having qualified at May term, 1834, of Orange County Court, as Administrator of the estate of JAMES CAIN, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to come forward and settle the same, and all persons who have claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pled in bar of re-

Archibald Cain, Adm'r.

Corto erivaire FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having discontinued the publication of the YADRIN AND CATAWBA JOURNAL, offers the whole printing establish-

It consists of a first rate Super Royal Rame Screw Press. Type from Eight Line Pica Brevier sizes; a great variety of Cuts, Rules, e ds. Flowers Galleys, Cases Chases, -in short, all that is necessary for the immediate establishment of a Printing Office.

Any g ntieman, desiring to embar! in the Printing Business, can g ta good bargain by

Hugh Welch.

N. B. Postage must be paid on letters, or they well not be taken out of the office. Saleshare, May 1

SEEDS. Trees. Plants. Domestic Animals. Implements. Books &c &c

For Sale at the AMERICAN FARMER ESTABLISHMENT, No 16, S Calvert street, Baitimore, Md.

THE subscriber presents his respects to tarmers, gardeners, and dealers in Sreds, recellment the United States, particular y his customers, and informs them that he has ree ived from Europe from his swn Seed Garden and from various parts of this country his annual supply of the LD AND GARDEN SEEDS, and that he is prepared to execute or-ders, wholesale and retail, with promptness and a country, at as low prices, and on as fa-vocable terms as can be afforded by any deal-er on the United States, for first rate acticles.

FRUIT and ornamental trees and plants, grapevines, shrubbery, gorseburry, raspberry, currant, and strawberry plants bulbous and other flower routs, will at the proper seasons, be presented to order from the best sources classing at the principal nurseries and garbsember is agent; ni-o

PLOUGIES forrows, cuits abus, steaw cutters, wheat face, corn sucless, threshing ma-chines, and all other hin is of agricultural and horticultural implements, will be procured from the best minufactories in Bellimore, at the man facturer's prices.

D DALLSTIC ANI SALS, part, while castle of the reproved Dirium Shortown, the De-von, and the Holst in breeds, Sleep of the Bikew d. Southdown, and various fire wooled breeds, Swine of several valuable kinds, especiable of the Barnez breed: Does of several varieties for the intrier and sportsman; vari-Br men and Austrialia goese, game and othor towls and several other strengs of animals, all of classe treeds, (and no others.) are either kept for sale at the experimental and breeding farm of this establishment, or can be procured from the host sources, to order

BOOKS, agricultural, horticultural, and bolanical in most greater variety than at the mikatores; some of them race and particutany valuable, are kept constantly for sale. In almost, all articles, wanted by farmers and ards was in the profession of their husiness, intended either to be kept on hand, or proented when ordered, for a small commission. 1 P And though last in older here, yet

FIRST IN IMPORTANCE to every titler of the soil and keeper of Domestic Amonals, the subscrioffers to them THE SEEDS OF KNOW LEDGE, in their vocations, "fresh and genu-ioe," having been carefully gathered from the field of experience, and the garden of science the whole dam up in papers and labelled THE FARMER AND GARDENER, AND LIVE STOCK BRUEDER AND MANAGER; and dispensed from the printing press of this establishment every Friday in the form of a weekly Agricultural Paper, at \$5 a year, pay

N. B. This periodical is essentially similar to the late AMERICAN FARMER, the publi cation of which has been for some time past suspended. Address

L IRVINE HITCHCOCK. American Farmer Establishment, Note. - An "Extra" number of the Farmer ontaining a prospectus of the establishment, and a catalogue of Seeds, and other article-

for sale, will be sent gratis to any person wh shall furnish his address, post paid, for that pur-May 20

JOB PRINTING. Executed at this Office with neatness, accuracy and despatch.

NORTH GAROLINA STATE LOTTEBY. For the benefit of the SALISBURY ACADEMY.

FIRST CLASS-HIGH AND LOW SYSTEM To be drawn at Salisbury on the 10th day of July, 1834.

STEVENSON & POINTS, Managers.

OAPITAL \$8,000

SCHEME.

	Prize (is	83	,000
	Prizes				is	5.	000
	Prizes				is	.2	000
5	Prizes	of	300		is	1	500
10	Prizes	of	200		14	2	000
50	Prizes	of	100		is		000
60	Prizes	of	50		is	3	000
100	Pr zes	of	20		is	2	000
250	Prizes.	of	10		14	2	500
20,000	Prizes	of	4	70	15	94	000

20,485 Prizes, amounting to 120,000 MORE PRIZES THAN BLANKS.

TICKETS \$4-HALVES \$2-QUARTERS \$1.

MODE OF DRAWING.

This Scheme, founded on the High and Low System, has 40,000 Tickets, numbered from 1 to 40,0.0 inclusive. On the day of drawing, the 40 000 numbers will be put into one word. and all the prizes above the denomination of \$4,70 in an ther: they will be drawn out alternately, fi st a number and then a prize un til all the prizes are drawn. From 1 to 20,000. inclusive are low, and from 20,001 to 40,000, inclusive, are high. The prizes of \$4.70 to be award d to the high or low division, to be de-termized by that which may dr w the capital prize of \$3:00. The prizes of \$4.70 payable in tickets in the next Scheme—all other prizes payable in cash forty days after the drawing. All prizes subject to a deduction of fifteen per

Im Tickets, Shares and Packages, to be had in the greatest variety of numbers, of

ALLEN PARKS, Agent. HILLSBOROUGH, NORTH CAROLINA. . . * All orders from a distance, (post paid,) enclosing the Cash, will be thankfully received

and promptly attended to, if andressed to Men Parks, Agent.

Hillsborough June 17.



CAIN & KIRKLAND A RE now receiving, from New York and Philadelphia their Stock of ECCOD DALLESE

which renders their assortment complete They therefore solicit their former customer and the public generally, to call and examin them, as they are determined to self as ches as goods of the same quality can be purchased elsewhere in North C

They carnestly request all those incounts; and as this notice is intended for a indebted to them without exception, they be: none will exempt themselves from it.

C. S K. April 29



THURL TRUE, Clock and Watch Maker and Jeweller.

RESPECTIVILLY informs the citizens of the historiangle and the surrounding country, that he is again commenced business. the toward Hillsberough, in the house former ty occupied by Messis. Turner & Phillips. He has on hand a good assortment of Watch Materrals, and will repair all kind of work en trusted to his care with neatness and despatch

Watches, Clocks, and Time Pieces, repaired by him, will in all cases be warrante for twelve months; and those disposed to pat rouse him, are assured that no pains will be spared to give the most general and entire sa Thankful for former favors, be re specificity solicits a renewal of patronage.

All kinds of SILVER WORK made accord ing to order. He has on hand a small assortment of WATCHES AND JEWELLERY

which will enable him to accommodate his cus

All kinds of work from a distance will be thankfully received, and executed with punctu ality and according to order. March 18th.

WANTED. S AN APPRENTICE to the Watch Mak A s AN APPRESSION IN trade, a boy fourteen or fifteen years of age.

Lemuel Lynch.

April 29.

WANTED.

AS APPRENTICES to the Tailoring Busi ness, two boys of moral and industrious habits, from fourteen to fifteen years of age. Early application is desired.

John Cooley. December 31.

From the Raleigh Register.

Derord er.

Internal Improvement.

Much has been spoken and written upon the subject of the Internal Improvement of this state, during the last twelve months; and although no practical results have flowed from the discussion, it is believed not to have been entirely unprofitable. Interesting and important information has been extensively diffused, public attention has been excited, a spirit of inquiry has gone abroad, the community have been induced to examine the subject, and with communities, as with individuals, "Knowledge is Power." Without intelligence, no people will long continue either prosperous or free. Ignorance, slavery and poverty never exist separately.

There is no more accurate criterion by which to determine the advance of a country in intellectual improvement, than the scale upon which physical improvements have been constructed. The existence of one gives rise to the other. There is no at present too small to justify our enterprove our internal condition would be universal, if a good common school education had been the inheritance of every youth in the state. On the other hand, if we shall succeed in our attempts to improve the system of agriculture, accelerate and redouble commerce, and thus afford the necessary excitement to universal industry, the means of education will be brought within the reach of all classes of society. Nothing more is necessary. It is only when it is forbidden fruit, that men hesitate to pluck of the tree of know-

These positions seem to be nearly self evident. The history of the world is but a series of examples all tending to prove their truth. We may ascend from the lowest grade of savage life to the highest eminence of civilized society, and meet with demonstration at every step of our progress.

There is nowhere in North Carolina, a like extent of country, abounding in more fruitful vallies, or blessed with a more salubrious and propitious climate, than that possessed by the Cherokee Indians upon our borders. We have by no means attained the utmost degree of improvement within our reach, but our condition is immensely better than theirs. He have ordinary wagon roads, and, at wide intervals, schools and academies. They have neither roads nor schools; if they had the one, they would have the other. History furnishes no instance to the contrary. The system of Internal Improvements, devised and executed by the state of New York, gigantic as it is, is not more decidedly superior to ours, than her common school system is to the scheme of education which prevails among us. We may take occasion to lay before our readers at no distant day, some details upon this subject which have both astonished and delighted us. It cannot be necessary to pursue this subject further. Those who doubt, if there be any such, by an examination into the histor and condition of our sister states, and othor civilized communities, will find that the same causes produce like effects every where.

If then, physical produces intellectual, and intellectual, physical improvement, it becomes important, where we have not the requisite means to prosecute both at ouce, to ascertain which first demands our attention. Upon this question, there has been some diversity of opinion, but we are free to confess that we have never been able to perceive substantial ground for doubt. It is true, that the constitution under which we live makes the support of common schools and universities an imperative duty upon the General Assembly; but the time and the manner in which this important duty shall be effected, is confided entirely to the discretion of that department of the government. If we advert to the course pursued by the Legislature, we shall find that that body. as if hesitating about the proper point of beginning, have directed their attention almost simultaneously to each, without doing any thing very effectual for either. Ten thousand dollars in money and a liberal grant of western lands, were at an early period in our history given to the University, and we have now a fund, amounting probably to \$140,000, as the foundation of a system of common schools. The history of our efforts to provide a system of inland transport is accurately and minutely stated in the report of the Board of Internal Improvements to the last General Assembly-a document which we shall presently take occasion to recommend more particularly to the public attention. It exhibits the striking fact, that the foundation of all the prejudice and misrepresentation which exists upon this subject, is an actual loss to the state, resulting from inexperience, the absence of professional skill, and the employment of incompetent and faithless agents, of something more than \$50,000. It shows us further, that as the loss sus- community in a state of deeper lethargy

tained by a state, the wealth of which is equal to a hundred and fifty millions, is not greater than is frequently the result of a single mercantile misadventure, so the amount annually expended during the period the system was in progress, was less than the actual capital employed by various individuals in North Carolina upon their respective farms. These, then, are the immense sacrifices, the gigantic efforts, of three quarters of a million of people, of one hundred and fifty millions of wealth, diffused over a surface of fifty thousand square miles, in the great cause of physical and intellectual improvement!

Tante molis erat concere gentem But to return to the immediate point of discussion, we do not know that we can express the views we entertain, with respect to the inquiry, which object FIRST demands attention-physical or intellectual improvement-more clearly or forcibly, than by extracting a few sentences from the last Executive Message to the General Assembly.

"The aggregate amount of the fund is one who doubts that the desire to im- ing upon any general system of education. Indeed, were this fund much larger, it may well be doubted whether the period has yet arrived, when it can be judiciously expended for the promotion of the wise and benevolent purposes contemplated by the founders of our government. The sparseness of our population presents great, perhaps insupera-ble difficulties. When, as the result of a wise and liberal system of legislation, the inlets upon our coast shall receive the improvement of which they are susceptible; when our great natural highways, the rivers connected with them, shall assume that condition in which Providence designs them to be placed by our hands -when these channels of communication shall be intersected by rail-roads and canals, and as the natural consequence of this state of things, agriculture shall receive her appropriate reward, we will have laid the foundation of a school system, as extensive as our limits, and as enduring as our prosperity. A few individuals will not have been selected and cherished as the peculiar objects of public patronage; but the general character of the country will be elevated, and thousands now too poor to afford the blessings of education to their children, will find this, though the most important, but one of many advantages incident to an improved condition of life. Extended commercial facilities will stimulate to agricultural exertion-increased production afford the means of education, and the diffusion of knowledge operate as the most certain preventive of crime."

It seems to us, that little reflection is necessary, to satisfy any one of the correctness of these views. In the natural order of things, national wealth must precede national education. All analogies point to this conclusion. The individual who settles in a wilderness, must first subdue a portion of the wild lands, before his attention can safely be diverted to any other object. The soil must be first tilled, and then the first fruits may be well devoted to the cultivation and improvement of the mind and the heart.

If this point be conceded, the remaining subjects to be considered, -are-1st. What plan of improvement is best calculated to advance the general prosperity of the state? 2d. In what manner can the funds be obtained, necessary for the successful prosecution of this plan? These inquiries engaged the attention of both the Internal Improvement Conventions which were held in this city last year, and are fully discussed in the report of the board for Internal Improvements. By a comparison of this report with the memorial of the convention to the legislature, it will be seen, that similar opinions are expressed, and the same conclusions (substantially at least) arrived at by both.

We have not sufficient confidence in our own judgment, to suppose that we could devise a better plan, and if we had, we should forbear to recommend it, because the one under consideration was the result of liberal concession and compromise, on the part of the gentlemen of high respectability and intelligence representing the interests and wishes of a very large portion of the state. We will no longer detain the reader from the report referred to, but copy so much of it as relates to the topics we have discussed. We ask for it an attentive perusal, and engage to consider it more fully, at a convenient

REPORT.

"The board are aware of the increased interest the subject has awakened in every section of the state, and of the great responsibility it imposes upon them. The partial failure of plans hitherto devised, admonishes them of the necessity of giving to every scheme suggested thorough examination, and requiring the clearest evidence of its practicability and usefulness, before it is recommended to public patronage. Another unsuccessful attempt to improve our condition, will leave the