

Hillsborough Recorder.

UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE LAWS—THE GUARDIANS OF OUR LIBERTY.

VII.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1836.

No. 866.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

DENNIS HEARTY,

PRINTS AND SELLERS AT THE STORES

DO NOT TAKE NOTICE OF THEIR WISH

TO CONTINUE THE PAPER UNLESS THEY

BE ADVISED BY THE PUBLISHER

OR BY THE EDITOR

OR BY THE PROPRIETOR

OR BY THE MANAGER

OR BY THE ASSISTANT

OR BY THE CLERK

OR BY THE BOOKSELLER

OR BY THE STATIONER

OR BY THE PRINTER

OR BY THE COMPOSER

OR BY THE SETTER

OR BY THE PRESSMAN

OR BY THE BINDER

OR BY THE DELIVERER

OR BY THE CARRIER

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NOTICE.

THE partnership of S. & W. Moore

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Those indebted to the above firm will please

call on the subscriber as soon as convenient

and settle their respective accounts.

The business will be continued by the sub-

scriber.

WHO IS NOW RECEIVING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS.

suitable to the season,

which will be offered at unusually low prices

for Cash, or on short credit to punctual

customers. He is determined to sell, and would

therefore respectfully request those wishing to

purchase, to call at and examine his stock.

HE HAS ALSO

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

LEATHER

constantly on hand.

STEPHEN MOORE.

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FRENCH AFFAIRS.

We have been favored, says the New

York Star, with the following copy of

the Despatch from the Duke de Broglie

to Mons. Pigeot, Charge des Affaires of

France, relative to the explanations re-

quired by the Chamber of Deputies pri-

or to the fulfillment of the treaty.

[TRANSLATION.]

PARIS, June 17, 1835.

Sir:—There no longer exists on our

part, any obstacle to the entire accom-

plishment of the treaty concluded on the

4th of July, 1831, between France and

the United States. The project of law

relative to the indemnities, reciprocally

stipulated in that treaty, after having suc-

cessively passed the two chambers, has

received the royal sanction.

I say on our part, for every thing now

depends on the government of the United

States: it belongs to them to remove

the only obstacle that still subsists. By

virtue of a clause inserted in the art. 1st.

by the Chamber of Deputies, the French

Government must defer making the pay-

ments agreed upon, until that of the United

States shall have explained the true

meaning and real purpose of divers pas-

sages inserted by the President of the

Union in his message at the opening of

the last session of Congress, and at which

all France at the first aspect was justly

offended.

The Government having discovered

nothing in that clause at variance with

its own sentiments, or the course it had

intended to pursue, the project of law

thus amended on the 18th of April, by

the Chamber of Deputies, was carried on

the 27th to the Chamber of Peers. I

herewith annex the expose which accom-

panied it. This document will show you,

in a few words, in what light we con-

sider the respective position of the two

countries. I also annex the report of the

committee, presented to the Chamber of

Peers on the 3d of June. You will,

thereby, see how far that House con-

curred in the opinion of the Chamber of

Deputies.

M. Livingston has left Paris, without

waiting for the vote of the Chamber of

Peers—leaving M. Barton as Charge

d'Affaires. The letter by which he ac-

credited him to the French Government

is of the 25th April. You will find sub-

joined a copy of it.

In a note dated 27th, M. Livingston

assigns as the cause of his departure,

the silence observed by the French Gov-

ernment in relation to a previous note of

the 18th, in which that minister, agree-

ably to orders from his government, de-

manded explanation of an expression

made use of by M. Serrurier, in a note

addressed to M. Forsyth at the time

he left. That explanation, or, should it

again be demanded, we will show our-

selves very willing to furnish, admitting

it should be asked for again, when we

shall ourselves have received those we

have a right to expect.

Annexed are copies of the two notes

of the 18th and 27th.

On the 29th, M. Livingston had ad-

dedressed to me a third note of great length,

in which, whilst he forbears making al-

lusion to the amendment introduced by

the Chamber of Deputies, he fully enters

into its principle and probable conse-

quences, as you may ascertain by read-

ing that paper.

As long as the amendment was but a

simple project, the initiative of which

did not even belong to the government,

I thought proper to abstain from enter-

ing into any controversy on the subject

with the minister of a foreign government.

Now that project has become a law by

the concurrence of the two Chambers, and

the sanction of the King; it is my duty

to justify it against objections which are

utterly groundless.

I shall first recall a few facts—the

project of law relative to the execution of

the treaty, signed on the 4th of July, 1831,

had been presented three times to the

Chamber of Deputies, viz. the 6th of

April, 1833, the 11th of June of the same

year, and the 13th