



I DEARLY LOVE THE FREE!

WRITTEN BY JONAS B. PHILLIPS, ESQ.
Music by Westrop.

I dearly love this happy land, its rivers rolling wide,
Its forests green, its silver lakes, its mountains
in their pride;
Beneath its banner's starry folds, the wand'ring
seeketh rest;
The home of true and gallant hearts, the hopes
of the oppressed,
Oh! still most dear this country fair must ever
prove to me,
For well I love her noble sons, I dearly love
the Free!

Where late the Savage bold and brave, the
forest wide did roam,
The son of Nature, wild and free, in Nature's
Sylvan home;
The City in her wealth and pride, now rears
her hundred spires,
No more is heard the song of war, around his
council fires;
How fair and bright and beautiful, this land ap-
pears to me,
I love it well and truly, for I dearly love the
Free!

In every clime beneath the sun, her banner
bright is known,
Her honor, wealth and greatness, earth's might-
y nations own;
The tide of her prosperity, which onward still
must roll,
There's every tie to bind true hearts, fair coun-
try, unto thee,
Who love as I do dearly love, the *Free*, the
Free and *Free*!

In distant climes in search of change, I do not
right to roam,
Thy banner gives protection, and thy ample
soil a home;
Here plenty yields her blessings, with a rich
and liberal hand,
And peace her downy plumes spreads above
this fertile land.
Then be thou still my home of joy, until life's
sands are gone,
And let me have a grave in thee, thou land of
Washington.

From "The Clockmaker, or the Sayings and
Doings of Sam Slick."

ROAD TO A WOMAN'S HEART.

As we approached the Inn at Amherst, the Clockmaker grew uneasy. It's pretty well on in the evening, I guess, said he, and Marm Pugwash is an onerous in her temper as a mornin in April; it's all sunshine or all clouds with her tantrums, she'll stretch out her neck and hiss like a goose with a flock of geese. I wonder what on earth Pugwash was a thinkin on, when he signed articles of partnership with that woman; she's not a bad looking piece of furniture neither, and it's a proper pity such a clever woman should carry such a stiff upper lip—she reminds me of our old minister Joshua Hopewell's apple trees.

The old minister had an orchard of most particular good fruit, for he was a great hand at buddin, and graftin, and what not, and the orchard (it was on the South side of the house) stretched right to the road. Well, there were some trees hung over the fence, I never seen bearers; the apples hung in ropes, for all the world like strings of onions, and the fruit was beautiful. Nobody touched the minister's apples, and when other folks lost them from the boys, he'n always hung there like bait to a hook, but there never was so much as nibble at 'em. So I said to him one day, Minister, said I, how on earth do you manage to keep your fruit that's so exposed, when no one else can't do it no how. Why says he, they are dreadful pretty fruit, an't they? I guess, said I, there an't like on 'em in all Connecticut. Well says he, I'll tell you the secret, but you needn't let on to no one about it. That are row next the fence, I grafted it myself, I took great pains to get the right kind, I sent clean up to Roxbury and away down to Squanahack creek, (I was afraid he was going to give day and date for every graft, being a terrible longwinded man in his stories,) so says I, I know that, minister, but how do you preserve them? Why I was agoin to tell you, said he, when you stopped me. That are out-ward row I grafted myself with the choicest kind I could find, and succeeded; they are beautiful, but so eternal sour no human soul can eat them. Well, the boys think the old minister's graffin has all succeeded about as well as that row, and they sarch no farther. They snicker at my graffin, and I laugh in my sleeve, I guess, at there penetration.

Now, Marm Pugwash is like the Minister's apples, very temptin fruit to look at, but desperate sour. If Pugwash had a watery mouth when he married, I guess it's pretty pucker by this time. However, if she goes to act ugly, I'll give her a dose of "soft sawder," that will take the frown out of her frontispiece, and make her dial plate as smooth as a lick of copal varnish. It's a pity she's such a kickin' devil, too, for she has good points—good eye—good foot—neat pattern—fine chest—a clean set of limbs, and carries a good— But here we are, now you'll see what "soft sawder" will do.

When we entered the house, the traveller's room was all in darkness, and on opening the opposite door into the sitting room, was found the female part of the family extinguishing the fire for the night. Mrs. Pugwash had a broom in

her hand, and was in the act (the last act of female housewifery) of sweeping the hearth. The strong flickering light of the fire, as it fell upon her tall fine figure and beautiful face, revealed a creature worthy of the Clockmaker's comments.

Good evening, marm, said Mr. Slick, how do you do, and how's Mr. Pugwash? He, said she, why he's been abed this hour, you don't expect to disturb him this time of night, I hope. Oh no, said Mr. Slick, certainly not, and I am sorry to have disturbed you, but we got detained longer than we expected, I am sorry that—So am I, said she, but if Mr. Pugwash will keep an inn when he has no occasion to, his family can't expect to rest.

Here the Clockmaker, seeing the storm gathering, stopped down suddenly, and staring intently, held out his hand and exclaimed, well, if that ain't a beautiful child—come here, my little man, and shake hands along with me—well, I declare, if that are little feller aint the finest child I ever seed—what, not abed yet? Ah, you rogue, where did you get them are pretty rosy cheeks; stole them from mamma, eh? Well, I wish my old-mother could see that child, it is such a treat. In our country, said he, turning to me, the children are all as pale as chalk, or as yellow as an orange. Lord, that are little feller would be a show in our country—come to me, my man. Here the "soft sawder" began to operate. Mrs. Pugwash said in a milder tone than we had yet heard, "Go my dear, to the gentleman—go, dear." Mr. Slick kissed him, and asked him, if he would go to the States along with him, told him all the little girls there would fall in love with him, for they didn't see such a beautiful face once in a month of Sundays. Black eyes—let me see—ah, mamma's eyes too, and black hair also, as I am alive; why you are mamma's own boy, the very image of mamma. Do be seated, gentleman, said Mrs. Pugwash—Sally, make a fire in the next room. She ought to be proud of you, he continued. Well, if I live to return here, I must paint your face, and have it put on my clocks, and our folks will buy the clocks, for the sake of the face. Did you ever see, said he, again addressing me, such a likeness between one human and another, as between this beautiful little boy and his mother. I am sure you have had no sopper, said Mrs. Pugwash to me; you must be hungry and weary, too—I will get you a cup of tea. I am sorry to give you so much trouble, said I. Not the least trouble in the world, she replied; on the contrary a pleasure.

We were then shown into the next room, where the fire was now blazing up, but Mr. Slick protested he could not proceed without the little boy, and lingered behind me to ascertain his age, and concluded by asking the child if he had any aunts that looked like mamma.

As the door closed, Mr. Slick said, it's a pity she don't go well in gear. The difficulty with those creatures is to get them to start, after that there is no trouble with them if you don't clobber 'em too short. If you do they'll stop again, run back and kick like mad, and then Old Nick himself wouldn't start 'em. Pugwash, I guess, don't understand the nature of the critter; she'll never go kind in harness for him. When I see a child, said the Clockmaker, I always feel safe with these women folks, for I have always found that the road to a woman's heart lies through her child.

THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN.

The Journal of Commerce, which is good authority on morals and manners, as well as trade and commerce, sums up in the following just and impartial manner the vexed question of the rights of the sex:

"Some ladies have distinguished themselves by declaiming against the oppression of women, which they say exists in our Christian land. They say women are kept in a condition of inferiority to men, and that of right they ought to be equal. We have been thinking the matter over, and have come to the conclusion that the wrong is quite the other way; and that if right's ought to be divided half and half, we should be for a new division. Not on the ground upon which Miss Grimke goes, that men are not women, or permitted to engage in women's occupations, but because, when the simple question of superiority is at issue, the men always have to give up. If ladies and gentlemen meet on the sidewalk, who has to turn out? If there are not seats for all the company, who has to stand up? When there is danger to face, who must go forward? If there is curiosity to gratify, who goes behind? If there is too much company for the first table, who eats at the second? Who has always the right hand and the most respectable position? We could mention a hundred other cases, in which, on the simple question of right, every thing is yielded to the women. But there are many cases in which the condition of men is still worse. For instance, if on any public occasion a pew at church, or a seat any where, be occupied by men ever so respectable or aged, a smerly little beauty trips along and presents herself at the top of the seat, and they must all jump up and clear out as if they had been shot. Especially ought it to be noticed, that when matrimonial negotiations are to be made, the whole burden of performing the delicate and often very embarrassing part of making proposals, is thrown upon the men, while the women sit and say no, no, no, as long as they like, and never say yes until they have a mind to. Mrs. Angelina Grimke Weld may show a catalogue of equal grievances if she can.

A careless watch invites a vigilant foe.

Notice—Taxes.

SHALL attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the Tax due for the year 1837, to wit:
On Monday the 2nd of July, at Jesse Durbin's.
Tuesday the 3rd, at John Newland's.
Wednesday the 4th, at Rufus's Mills.
Thursday the 5th, at Michael Albright's.
Friday the 6th, at Mrs. Mary Long's.
Saturday the 7th, at Michael Holt's.
Monday the 9th, at John S. Turrentine's.
Tuesday the 10th, at George Faucett's.
Wednesday the 11th, at Chesley F. Faucett's.
Thursday the 12th, at James Hutchinson's.
Friday the 13th, at Andrew McCauley's.
Saturday the 14th, at George A. McLean's.
Monday the 16th, at Hillsborough.
Tuesday the 17th, at Alva Nichol's.
Wednesday the 18th, at Mrs. Lydia McKee's.
Thursday the 19th, at Abner Parker's.
Friday the 20th, at William Lipscomb's.
Saturday the 21st, at Harris Wilcoxon's.
Monday the 23d, at Tracy's and Pratt's.
Tuesday the 24th, at Moring's, (formerly Z. Herndon's).
Wednesday the 25th, at Wm. Trice's.
Thursday the 26th, at Chapel Hill.
Friday the 27th, at Wm. H. Woods's.

The Magistrates appointed to receive the list of Taxes for 1838, will attend in their respective districts at the times and places above mentioned.

JAS. C. TURRENTINE, *Shf.*
June 7. 23-

Notice.

THE Warden of the Poor, for Orange county, will meet at the Poor House on the first Monday in September next.
A Superintendent will be appointed on that day; persons desiring the appointment can therefore make application.
All persons having business will attend at that time; and all applications for admitting persons should then be made.

ED. STRUDWICK.
June 6. 23-

Notice.

THE WOOL CARDING MACHINE at Freeland's Mills, is now in readiness for the despatch of work, at the usual prices.

J. J. FREELAND.
June 6. 23

Strayed

FROM the subscriber, a BLACK MULEY COW, with a white streak down her back, a little white about her belly, marked with an under bit out of the left ear, and a hole in the right, slitted out by some means, apparently by a knife, but I think by a dog. Any information given will be thankfully received, and all expenses paid.

JOHN HORNER.
June 5. 23-

Military.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Commissioned Officers of the Second Orange Regiment, that the election for Brigadier General will take place at David Mebane's on the first Saturday in July, where you are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of Major General C. Cotton,
BENJ. TROLINGER, *Col.*
June 6. 23-

Public Sale.

WILL be sold, on Wednesday the 27th of June next, a valuable HOUSE AND LOT, in the village of Chapel Hill, formerly occupied by Mrs. Mitchell, on a credit of nine months, the purchaser giving bond and security. Further particulars made known on the day of sale. Sale to take place on the premises.

WILLIAM N. PRATT, *Atnr.*
May 29. 22-

BETHNONT Female Academy.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that the exercises of this institution continue under the care of Mrs. ELIZABETH MORROW, and as she gives her vacation in the winter, the school will continue, without intermission, until November. Young ladies will be charged only from the time of admission.

The manner in which this School has been heretofore conducted is highly satisfactory, and we take great pleasure in recommending it to the patronage of parents and guardians, who intend giving their daughters and wards the advantages of a liberal education. The price of tuition is eight dollars per session. Drawing and Painting five dollars extra.

Board can be obtained in respectable families, at a short distance from the Academy, at five dollars a month.

THOMAS D. OLDHAM,
JAMES THOMPSON,
ELIJAH PICKARD.
May 29. 22-

Attention!!

To the Commissioned Officers and Musicians belonging to the 47th Regiment of North Carolina Militia.

YOU are required and commanded to attend at Hillsborough, on the first Saturday of July next, at 10 o'clock, for drill and court martial, and for the election of Brigadier General.

E. G. MANGUM, *Col.*
May 29. 22-

Notice.

LOST or mislaid, two notes of hand, one on Thomas Hargis for forty-five dollars, dated in March 1837, credit at \$4.00—also one on Giles M-base for forty-five dollars, dated 24 March 1838. All persons are therefore forewarned, that if said notes, and the drawers from paying the same to any person but the subscriber.

JOHN M. RAY.
May 29. 22-

Flour and Corn.

THE subscriber continues to keep at his Mill a supply of FLOUR & CORN MEAL.

THO. W. HOLDEN.
May 29. 22-

Job Printing.

NEATLY & EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Mount Pleasant Academy.

THE examination of the Students of Mount Pleasant Academy, will take place on the 16th of next month, at which time a few select speeches and dialogues will be delivered. Friends invited to attend.

The Fall Session will commence on the 16th of July.

D. W. KERR, *Principal.*
May 22. 21-3w

SPRING GOODS.

O. F. LONG & Co.
HAVE just received, and now offer for sale at their old stand, their Spring Supply, consisting of every variety of Goods usually kept by the merchants of this place, viz:
A Large and General Assortment of
Dry Goods, &c.
COMPRISING
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Satinets, FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS, PRINTED LAWNS & MUSLINS, Black & Coloured Silks, &c. &c. &c. &c.

ALSO
Hardware and Cutlery, Shot Guns, Hats, and Shoes, Bonnets, Crockery, Cotton Yarn, School Books, Stationary, &c.

All of which they will sell at the lowest prices for Cash, or on a short credit to punctual dealers only.

May 8. 13-

Spring and Summer GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

THE subscriber has just received from New York a General Assortment of
Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c.
COMPRISING
CLOTHS, SILK GOODS, HATS, SHOES, BONNETS, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

and all articles usually brought to this market; all of which will be sold low for Cash. He is very thankful for the patronage here before received, and hopes his friends and the public will now give him a call.

Country produce, such as Cloth, Feathers, Tallow, and Beeswax, will be taken in exchange for Goods.

B. CHEEK.
April 27. 18-

Clock & Watch-making Business, and Jeweller.

The subscriber thus tenders his sincere thanks to those who have so liberally patronized him since his commencing business in Hillsborough. For a short space he has been withdrawn from his labors by sickness, and would crave the indulgence of those whose work has been thereby delayed. Having been again restored to health, he hopes to be enabled to prosecute his business to the entire satisfaction of all who may favor him with their custom.

He has on hand a good assortment of
Watches, Jewellery, &c.
which he wishes to dispose of on reasonable terms.

Orders from a distance for Watches, or for the execution of work, will be faithfully attended to.

LEMUEL LYNCH.
December 7. 69-

WILLIAM W. CRAIG'S Invaluable OLYMENT, FOR THE CURE OF External Discharges, viz: White Swellings, Scrofula and other Tumours, Sore Legs and Ulcers, Old and Fresh Wounds, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings and Inflammations, Scalds and Burns, Women's Sore Breasts, Scald Head, Rheumatic Pains, Chillsains, Tetters, Eruptions, Biles, White-lows—and a most effectual remedy for the removal of Corns.

Also, Beckwith's Anti-Dispeptic Pills,
FOR SALE BY
ALLEN PARKS,
September 8. 35-

Boarding House.

A FEW regular Boarders can be accommodated by the subscriber, at the old stand of John Fildes, deceased.

Persons desiring it can also be accommodated during Court work.

THOMAS D. CRAIG.
February 15. 63-

Bacon and Lard.

3,000 lbs. of BACON, and a quantity of LARD,
For sale by
ALLEN PARKS, 16-
April 13.

Packet Book Found.

A PACKET BOOK containing Ninety Five Dollars, was found by James R. Montgomery, near Providence Meeting House in this county, and lodged in the Post Office at Albright's. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and receive the same.

D. ALBRIGHT, *P. M.*
Orange county, March 19. 13-3w

Lemay's Almanacks, FOR 1838, Calculated for the Meridian of Raleigh, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE, VERY CHEAP.

December 22. 61-
Banks for sale at this Office.

PROSPECTUS OF THE Hillsborough Recorder, ENLARGED.

TO THE PUBLIC.
After some unexpected delays, we have this week been enabled to present the Recorder to its readers upon an enlarged sheet. This has emphatically been called the age of improvement; but in all the multiplied forms in which this spirit has manifested itself during the last twenty years, perhaps in none is it more perceptible than in the appearance of the public press. The newspapers of our villages now, surpass in size and neatness those formerly issued from our largest cities. It has long been our desire that the Recorder should reflect a portion of this spirit of the age; and an effort to accomplish this desire, we felt was due to that portion of our friends who have continued to sustain us through good and through evil report. This enlargement of our sheet necessarily involves a considerable additional expense; but we are mistaken in the people of Orange, if we may not safely throw ourselves upon their generosity, and with confidence hope that they will duly appreciate the benefits of a free and honest press, and extend to it such a portion of patronage as will, in some degree at least, compensate the care and toil and expense necessary to sustain it.

It is now more than eighteen years since we commenced our establishment at this place, during which time we have had many difficulties to encounter. The storms of political strife engender many prejudices which it is sometimes vain to attempt to allay; and the zeal of popular enthusiasm creates preferences which yield nothing to honesty of purpose. These things tend greatly to depress a village newspaper, the prosperity of which depends almost solely on the patronage of the county in which it is published; and we ought not, perhaps, to expect entirely to escape their influence. But we have had more potent adversaries than these. It is said of the church of Rome, that she withholds the Bible from the common people, that they may not, through ignorance of the true meaning, be led into heresies; the priests only are to read and interpret for them. So it is with some of our self-styled Republicans; they are afraid to trust the people, and if it was in their power, they would entirely prohibit the circulation of all papers which do not perfectly square with their notions. Not able to contend openly for their doctrines, they would suppress all inquiry. And this is the spirit which has been operating for several years to undermine the circulation of the Recorder, and if possible to break up the establishment. At one time this was very high being accomplished; we were reduced almost to the last extremity; the star of our hope had sunk almost to the very horizon. But amid all this darkness, we were sustained by a consciousness of the integrity of our purpose and the justness of our cause; and perseverance has enabled us to witness the return of a brighter day. Our star of hope is now again in the ascendant; and we trust that under its enlightening influence we shall be permitted long to battle for truth and sound principles, with our flag nailed to the mast—"UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE LAWS."

Our enlarged sheet will enable us to embrace a greater variety of matter than heretofore; and we shall endeavor to gratify the various tastes of our readers, by placing before them every good thing we can select from our exchange papers and other periodicals, whether of Morality, Literature, or Politics. In all our selections our object will be, to blend instruction with amusement, to inform the judgment, elevate the mind, and mend the heart. In political matters, we shall nothing extenuate through favor, nor set down ought in malice, but on all occasions shall endeavor to give the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

Having fewer advertisements, our paper in its enlarged form will perhaps contain as much reading matter as any other paper in the state. We shall endeavor always to procure good paper, and to make the impression fair and legible. When these things are considered, with the fact that the whole contents of the paper will be selected expressly for the people of this section of county, we hope those who have been in the habit of sending abroad for their papers, may be induced to bestow their patronage upon their own press, and thereby build up an establishment respectable in its appearance and useful in its operation.

To those of our friends who coincide with us in opinion, we might make an appeal, urging upon them the expediency of exerting their influence to extend the circulation of our paper; but we deem it unnecessary. They surely have discernment enough to know, that before their principles can triumph, light must be spread among the people.

We would also remind those of opposite politics, that the columns of the Recorder are always open to respectful and decent communications, as well from their party as our own, and that we shall endeavor on all occasions to give an impartial and faithful account of the transactions of the day. And further, when any important measure shall come before Congress, upon which we may think the public mind requires to be enlightened, we shall consider it a duty always to give speeches on both sides of the question.

With these brief remarks we submit our cause to the people of Orange, and trust that they will mete out to us a due portion of liberality.

Hillsborough, N. C., May 9 1838.

Tailoring Business.

RENOVAL
MR. Levin Carmichael has removed his establishment to the building once occupied by David Yarbrough, esq., as a Dry Goods store, and recently by Dr. Norwood, as a Doctor's Shop. He would take this occasion to return his thanks to the many friends who have bestowed their patronage upon him, and earnestly solicits them to give him a call at his new stand.

The Latest Fashions will be regularly received from New York, Baltimore, and Philadelphia; and he has excellent Northern workmen to execute his work. Every attention will be paid to his work, and no effort will be spared to please his patrons. He flatters himself that he has generally succeeded in making his work fit; and he thinks he can insure it to be as well executed as any in the Southern country.

January 25. 17-62

MR. CARMICHAEL has just received his Spring and Summer Fashions, and is prepared to fit Gentlemen up in the most neat and fashionable style. Give a call, gentlemen.

April 27. 18-

LOOK AT THIS!

LATIMER & MEBANE,
HAVE just received from New York and Philadelphia, and now offer for sale, the largest and best assortment of
Rich and Fashionable Dry Goods
ever offered in this market; amongst which are almost every article of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
ALSO
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats & Shoes,
besides many other articles too tedious to mention. The Goods were principally purchased with cash, and will be sold low for the same.

LATIMER & MEBANE.
September 6. 21-

Land for Sale.

Some person may get a large gain in a TRACT of LAND, containing 400 Acres 12 miles North West from Hillsborough, and one-fourth of a mile from Mount Pleasant Academy, on the main road to High Rock.

THOMAS REEVES.
March 1. 10-

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the TRACT of LAND whereon he now lives, four miles south east of Hillsborough, containing 300 acres. It has on it a good Dwelling House, Kitchen, and Smoke House, a good Barn, and other out-buildings. The Plantation is handsomely situated; it is well watered, having two streams running through it, and several good springs; has on it a good Apple and Peach Orchard, and a quantity of first rate Meadow.

Persons disposed to purchase are invited to view the premises. Terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.

AARON STRAYHORN.
February 8. 67-

Forwarding Agency.

The subscribers inform the Merchants of the interior, that they are well engaged in the forwarding way, and wish that with the facilities and experience they possess in the transaction of this business, to merit the patronage heretofore conferred. They have large Ware Houses at the river and in town, for the reception of forwarding goods apart from other buildings, and completely safe from fire.

WILKINGS & BELDEN.
February 10. 67-

YEMEN,

WILL stand at the stable of the subscriber, in Orange county, and perhaps at one or two other places a part of the cool season, the places not named; I wait for information from those who expect to put to him, that I may be able to select the best stands before I advertise him. The terms will be low, much more so than any horse of his value—to wit, 30 dollars to insure, and 25 dollars the season, which may be discharged by 20 dollars in the season. The season has now commenced, and will end the 10th of July. I request all those who intend to favor him with their custom, to put early; the advantages are many and great in raising early colts. For blood and performance, see bills.

JAMES MOORE.
January 25. 69-

Notice.

IT is hoped that all those indebted to the firm of HUNTINGTON & LYNCH up to the 1st of October 1837, will call and settle their accounts with the subscribers in the city, as a settlement is absolutely necessary to the adjustment of their affairs. Those who neglect this notice will not be discharged.

LEMUEL LYNCH.
October 26. 65-

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY DENNIS HEARTT,
AT THREE DOLLARS A YEAR, OR TWO DOLLARS FIFTY CENTS IF PAID IN ADVANCE.
Those who do not give notice of their wish to have their paper discontinued at the expiration of the year, will be presumed as consenting its continuance until countermanded. And no paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements exceeding sixteen lines for each subsequent insertion, longer for proportion. Court advertisements twenty five percent higher. A deduction of 3 1/2 percent will be made to advertisers by the year.