

The trial occupied three days, a long and interesting account of which is given in the last Fayetteville Observer. There was much evidence in its favor, and it appears that the weight of evidence was in Mr. Atkins's favor, leaving the impression upon the minds of the jury that it was a case of justifiable homicide.

University of Pennsylvania.
At the commencement of this University, held on the 2d of April, 1847, the degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon 163 young gentlemen. Seventeen were from this state, as follows:

William P. Champ, subject of Essay, the Influence of Atmospheric Air on Human Life; John W. Davis, Intermittent Fever; Daniel Du Pre, Bahian; Charles P. Dewey, Strabismus; Otaviano Hooker, Dyspepsia; David McKinnon, Acute Gastritis; John R. Mercer, Counter Irritation; George W. Michael, Asphyxia; Thomas S. Myrick, Malaria and Miasmata; Mark P. Perry, Intermittent Fever; Samuel Perry, Remittent Fever; Daniel E. Smith, Mercury; Alexander Taylor, Colicæ Pictouana; John R. Thompson, Coup; John T. Watson, Physiology of Vision; John L. Williams, Quinine in Fever; George W. Ruffin, Intermittent Fever.

Distressing Event.—Maj. ROBERT DONNELLY, an old and highly respected citizen of this county, was drowned at Gilbreath's ford, in Haw River, on Wednesday, the 31st ult. He had gone into Orange on a visit to a relative, and was returning alone on horseback. It is supposed from the position in which his body was found below the ford, that the horse stumbled when going into the water, throwing off and probably stunning the rider so much as to destroy his power of exertion. The horse was taken up next day, on this side of the river; but as he was not recognized, a day or two elapsed before the sad fate of Mr. Donnelly was suspected. The body was recovered on Monday morning, and brought home for interment at Buffalo church, where the remains of many of his family repose.

Maj. D. we presume, must have been the rise of eighty years of age; but remarkably hale and stout. He had been for perhaps half a century a member of the Presbyterian church—a great part of the time bearing official trust in the church; a man of the strictest integrity; of agreeable and uniform temper and disposition. Few have spent so long a life with so perfect freedom from reproach. He is sadly missed in his wonted sphere and in the relations which he filled, as the sincere manifestations of grief on the part of his brethren, his neighbors, his family and his servants painfully testify.

Greensborough Patriot.

From the N. C. Volunteers.—A friend has favored us with the sight of a letter from an officer of the North Carolina Regiment, one of the passengers in the S. N. Gott, which vessel was supposed to have been too much crowded. We are happy to say that the fear entertained of loss of life from that cause, are shown not to have been well founded, except that one man, out of the 250, died on the passage, viz: Thomas Curren, a private in Capt. Black's Company, a native of Granville county. He was originally a volunteer in Capt. Cameron's Orange company, which was united with Capt. Blalock's. The commencement of the voyage was rough, a gale for four days, all the troops combined below, and all sea sick but one or two.

Fayetteville Observer.

The coinage of the Mint at Philadelphia last month exceeded two millions of dollars, being the largest amount (says the Union) ever coined in one month since the Government was founded. It was as follows:

In gold coins, \$1,988,880
In silver coins, 88,600
In copper coins, 2,031
\$2,079,511

The following letter, received by a merchant in Philadelphia from a friend at Tampico, communicates intelligence of the highest importance, if true:

"Tampico, March 12, 1847.
"A gentleman direct from San Luis Potosi arrived in this city to-day, and states that Santa Anna had forwarded a recommendation to the Mexican Congress to sue for peace. Five or six thousand Mexican soldiers had deserted, and the balance of the army was represented as being in a deplorable condition. Upwards of 3,000 were killed and 1,700 wounded during the late battle near Saltillo."

Mr. POLK, (says the Tribune,) carried New Hampshire by 9,000 majority and more. The Loco Foco gubernatorial candidate succeeds this year by about 10,000 majority, a loss of upwards of 80,000 less than three years. In this ratio of loss, what will be the Loco Foco majority in 1848!

Lancing the Wound.—The Washington Union says:—The barbarous custom of lancing the wounded on the field of battle, accounts for the death of most of our brave officers. The blood boils at this inhuman assassination by these Mexican barbarians."

Glorious News.

Office of the Herald and Tribune,
Mobile, April 4.

American Arms again Victorious! SAN JUAN DE ULLOA IS OURS.

The Pensacola Gazette received a few moments ago, brought over the following glorious news:

The U. States war steamer Princeton, bearing the broad pennant of Com. Conner, arrived at this port this morning, and came to anchor off our wharf, at half past nine o'clock; exchanging salutes with the Navy Yard as she passed. The Princeton sailed from Vera Cruz on the 29th ultimo, and brings the glorious intelligence of the reduction of that city with the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, and the entire unconditional surrender to our arms.

We understand that the Princeton brought a bearer of despatches for Washington. He is now writing at Hall's Landing, to convey the glorious tidings eastward.

We are indebted to one of the officers of the P. for the following summary of the proceedings in this most brilliant achievement—an achievement that will round more to the glory of our Army and Marine, among the nations abroad, than any that yet had place in our military annals.

March 9th.—Disembarkation of troops commenced

13th.—Investment of the city completed.

18th.—Trenches opened at night.

22d.—City summoned to surrender—on refusal, seven mortars opened a fire of bombs.

24th.—Navy Battery, three long 32 pounders and three 68 pounders—Paixhan gun—opened a fire in the morning; distance 700 yards.

25th.—Another battery of four twenty four pounders and three mortars opened. This day the Navy Battery opened a breach in the wall of the city; the fire was very destructive to the town.

25th.—Early in the morning the enemy proposed for a surrender. Commissioners on the American side—Generals Worth and Pillow, and Col. Totten.

27th.—Negotiations completed—city and castle surrendered.—Mexican troops marched out and laid down their arms. The American troops occupied the city and batteries of the town and castle—at noon of that day the American Ensign was hoisted over both, and was saluted by our vessels.

The garrison, of about 4,000 men, laying down their arms as prisoners of war, and being sent to their homes on parole. Five Generals, 60 inferior officers, and 270 company officers being amongst the prisoners.

The total loss of the American army, from the day of landing, (March 9,) is 65 persons, killed and wounded.

Officers Killed.—Captain John R. Vinton, 2d Artillery; Captain Alburton, 2d Infantry; Midshipman T. R. Shubrick, navy.

Officers Wounded.—Lieut. Colonel Dickinson, South Carolina Volunteers, severely; Lieut. A. S. Baldwin, navy, slightly; Lieut. Delozin Davidson, 2d Infantry, very slightly; Lieut. Lewis Neill, 3d Dragoons, severely. All the wounded are doing well.

Of the Mexicans, the slaughter is said to have been immense. The commanding General was stationed in the city, while his second in command held the castle. Their regular force was about 3,000, and they had about the same number of irregulars. Outside the city was Gen. La Vega with a force of from 6,000 to 10,000 cavalry. Col. Harney, with between 200 and 400 U. S. dragoons, charged on and repulsed this immense force with terrible carnage; scattering them in all directions. They had barricaded a bridge, to protect themselves, but our artillery soon knocked away this obstacle, and gave Harney's command a chance at them.

In the attack on the town and Castle only our smaller vessels, drawing not over nine feet, were available. But few shot and shells were thrown into the Castle—the attack being mainly on the town.—None of the enemy's missiles struck our vessels; and midshipman Shubrick, who was killed, was serving a battery on shore.

With the city the hopes of the enemy fell, as they had no provisions in the Castle to sustain a protracted siege.

The Princeton is commanded by Captain Engle; as she sailed from Vera Cruz, Com. Conner's flag was saluted from the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa.

The Commodore is a passenger on board, having been relieved by Commodore Perry.

Santa Anna.—The insurrection at the capital had assumed such a grave aspect, that it was currently reported and believed in Vera Cruz, Santa Anna had marched thither, at the head of 4,000, in order to quell it, and re-establish order.

Gen. Taylor.—The Baltimore Patriot has the following pretty good one—good because true:

"A gentleman, after reading Gen. Taylor's despatches, yesterday, remarked that one of his great characteristics was modesty. 'Yes,' replied a celebrated wag, who was standing by, 'that is true, but no one can say he is a retiring man.'"

The President has ordered Custom Houses to be opened, and duties collected, in all the Mexican ports in our possession; and for that purpose has established and published a Tariff of duties. This seems to be a wise measure; but as to any power possessed by the President, alone to order it, we can imagine none. However, after leaving war, we do not see why he should stop at the exercise of any other power.

Loss of Crops.—The London Bankers' Circular, of February 12th, says:—"If the ministers are nearly right in their estimate of the value of the potatoes lost in Ireland, the whole loss of the British Islands within the last twelve months from potatoes, barley, oats, pigs, and the disease in cattle, cannot be less than sixty millions sterling."

Corporation Proceedings.

At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the town of Hillsborough, held on Saturday evening, the 3d of April, 1847—

Present, Lemuel Lynch, M. P., John H. Webb, George Laws, R. Nichols, R. J. Ashe and Wm. H. Brown; Absent, L. Carnichael and S. Moore—

An account of George Laws', for fifty cents paid H. Evans for removing nuisance, was allowed and ordered to be paid.

William F. Strayhorn, esq. was appointed to take the list of taxable and taxable property within the corporation.

On motion, the following ordinance was unanimously adopted:

Be it ordained, That from and after the passage of this ordinance, no person or persons shall exhibit within the limits of this corporation any wild beasts or other show, or circus, or hold a concert of vocal or instrumental music when the object is to make money, without first paying into the town treasury the sum of five dollars; and the town collector is hereby authorized and required to collect the same and pay it over to the treasurer, to be used in the same manner as the taxes collected from other sources.

E. A. HEARTT, Town Clerk.

PETERSBURG MARKETS.

[Reported for the Petersburg Intelligencer.]

Friday, April 9, 1847.

Tobacco—The quantity now arriving is large, but of very inferior quality. Lugs bring \$1 a \$2—common leaf \$2½ a \$3—midding \$3 a \$4—good \$4½ a \$6—fine, none offering.

COTTON—Brisk at 11 a 11½c.

WHEAT—\$1.25 a \$1.20—But little offering.

CORN—78 a 80c.—wanted.

FLOUR—Continues to advance—Superfine \$6½ a \$6½, Family \$7 a \$7½.

BACON—Hog round, 10c—the supply fair.

LARD—10½ a 11c.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 18th of March, by Jesse Gant, esq., Mr. JOHN HARVEY to Miss ELIZABETH LONG.

Obituary.

Died, in Memphis, Tenn. on the 16th ult. Mr. DAVID A. FAUCCETT, son of Mr. James Fauccett of this county.

CONNEL'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.—Burns or Blistered surfaces, sore eyes, weak backs, pain in the side, a soreness of the chest, disabled limbs, and all inflammations are speedily cured by Connel's Magical Pain Extractor. This remarkable medicine possesses many virtues never found in any other article. It has the most perfect power over all pains by fire, positively allaying the suffering almost immediately upon its application. If any disbelieve the statements, we would earnestly entreat them to call and examine the numerous unsolicited certificates of remarkable cures wrought by this salve. It has for months past been sold upon the following liberal terms, to wit: If the user was not perfectly satisfied and even delighted with its effects, and furthermore, if it did not fully answer our recommendation, their money was returned immediately at their request. On these terms this absolute Heal-All is now sold, and we simply ask if the public can demand anything more reasonable.

Comstock & Co., 21 Courtland-st., New York, sole Proprietors.

For sale by
D. HEARTT, Hillsborough.

Equity Sale.

Thomas Hogan and others, against Anthony Pelletier's Heirs.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity for Orange county, made in this case at March Term, 1847, I shall offer for sale before the court house door in Hillsborough, at 12 o'clock on Monday of May Court, for cash, a LOT and the Improvements in the village of Chapel Hill, whereon Anthony Pelletier resided at the time of his death, adjoining Jesse Hargrave and John Hutchins.

Title will be made on the purchaser paying his bid, and possession given immediately.

JAMES WEBB, c. M. E.
March 29.

A LOT of nice LARD,
For sale by
LONG, WEBB, & Co.
March 31.

United States Army.

\$12 bounty, or \$12 and 150 Acres of Land, at the option of the Recruit.

RECRUITING SERVICE.

WANTED for the United States Army, Able-bodied Men, between the ages of 18 and 25 years, being above 5 feet 3 inches high, of good character, and of respectable standing among their fellow-citizens. None need apply to enter the service, but those who are determined to serve honestly and faithfully, the period of their enlistment, viz: "during the war" with Mexico, or for the term of five years, as the recruit may elect.

Table of established rates of pay agreeably to existing laws.

GRADE.	Pay per month.	Pay per month, when engaged on foot.
To the Sergeant Major, Quartermaster, Surgeon, Chief Musician, and Chief Bugler, each.	\$17	16
To the 1st Sergeant of a Company.	16	15
Ordnance Sergeant, each.	15	14
Corporals.	14	13
Buglers.	13	12
Musicians.	12	11
Farriners and Blacksmiths.	11	10
Artificers.	11	10
Privates.	10	9

A bounty of TWELVE DOLLARS will be paid to each recruit enlisted for the Artillery or Infantry arm.

Besides the monthly pay, as above stated, one ration per day is allowed every soldier, which is amply sufficient for his subsistence—also, a large supply of comfortable and genteel clothing. Good quarters and fuel are at all times furnished; and every attention will be paid to making those men who may enlist, and are determined to serve their country in good faith, comfortable and contented with their situation. The best medical attendance is always provided for the sick soldier; no deduction of pay is made during the period he is unable to perform his duty. Should the soldier be disabled in the line of his duty, the laws provide a pension for him.

By the above it is seen that the pay and allowances are respectable, and that, with prudence and economy, the monthly pay of the soldier may be laid up—as every thing requisite for his comfort and convenience is furnished by the Government, including his sugar and coffee. The prudent soldier, therefore, may save from \$420 to \$1020 during his enlistment of five years; and at the expiration of the term he can, if he chooses, purchase a small Farm in any of the Western States, and there settle himself comfortably, on his own land, for the rest of his life.

The sum of TWO DOLLARS will be paid to any citizen, non-commissioned officer or soldier, who shall bring to the rendezvous an able bodied recruit, who shall be regularly enlisted. The citizen should present his recruit to the Lieutenant or Captain, and not to the Recruiting Sergeants.

"An Act to encourage enlistments in the Regular Army."
"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the continuance of the war with Mexico, the term of enlistment of the men to be recruited for the regiments of dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen of the present military establishment, shall be "during the war," or five years, at the option of the recruit, unless sooner discharged.

"Section 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to every able bodied man who shall be duly enlisted to serve in the artillery or infantry, for the term of five years or during the war, a bounty of twelve dollars; but the payment of six dollars of the said bounty shall be deferred until the recruit shall have joined for duty the regiment in which he is to serve."

By the 9th section of the act of Congress, approved February 11, 1847, each non-commissioned officer, musician or private, now in service or who may hereafter be enlisted during the present war with Mexico, and who shall receive an honorable discharge either by expiration of his term of enlistment, or for disability incurred in the course of his service, will be entitled to a warrant for One Hundred and sixty Acres of Land, which he will be at liberty to locate in one body, upon any public lands that may be subject to private entry; or, he may, at his option, when honorably discharged, receive treasury scrip to the amount of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, bearing six per cent. interest, payable semi-annually and redeemable at the pleasure of the Government.

J. F. WADELL, Lieut.,
Commanding Recruiting Station at Hillsborough.

April 10. 74—3w

Etna Insurance Company.

THE directors of the Etna Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, have always acted upon the principle of scattering their risks so that in case of a sweeping fire their ability to pay would not be impaired. Hence by adhering to this principle in a business, for over a quarter of a century, while many other Companies have been unable to pay their losses and wound up, this company has gone on prosperously. Besides their original capital they have a large invested fund sufficient to meet all losses.

The undersigned, as their Agent, is prepared to receive applications by mail or otherwise for Policies, or grant certificates of their renewal, on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to Dr. I. J. M. Lindsey, Greensborough, Capt. J. M. Williams, Danville, Messrs. McDearman & Davis, Halifax, C. H. Van A. C. Finley, Esq., Clarksville, Va. Benj. C. Cook, Esq., Oxford, and Maj. James M. Palmer, Hillsborough.

N. J. PALMER, Agent.

Milton, N. C., March 20. 71—3w

Job Printing,
EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Postponement.

THE repairing of the Bridge across Haw River at Woody's Ferry will be let on the preliminary, to the lowest bidder, on the fourth Saturday in April, at 12 o'clock.

Three pillars are to be repaired with stone, and the bridge made level. About one-fourth is to be done anew. New benches are to be made, as is the railing repaired; and the four pillars in the current are to be protected by wooden fences.

ISAAC HOLT,
ALEX' S. WEBB,
THOS. WOODY,
SAML. STOCKARD,
WM. J. BINGHAM, } Com'rs.

April 2. 69—

Notice.

THE undersigned, administrator of the late JACOB JACKSON, deceased, of Orange county, hereby gives notice to the Children and Distributors of said Jackson, that he is ready to settle with them, and pay them their respective shares of the estate, upon their presenting their schedules of advancements made to them by the said Jacob Jackson in his life time.

HENRY WHITTED, Adm'r.

April 12. 74—6w

DR. LE ROY'S

Vegetable Universal Pills.

THE startling drawback on nearly all Medicinal Agents has ever been that in their process of purgation and purification they have also DEBILITATED THE SYSTEM. Hence Purgative Medicines have always been regarded as at best but a Necessary Evil. Patients resorting to them for the relief of ONE disease at the expense of ANOTHER. To obviate this Physicians have long sought for an Agent that would at the SAME TIME

PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN.

But their efforts were nearly fruitless, and they had almost despaired of success when the labours of science and research were rewarded by a discovery which fully realized the fondest desires of the Medical Faculty, and which is justly regarded as one of the most important Triumphs that Pharmacy has ever achieved. This important desideratum is named

Dr. Leroy's Vegetable Universal Pills,

Which Purify the Blood, and remove all corrupt, and vitiated humors, and unhealthy accumulations from the body in a manner never before rivalled, and which yet produce no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tone the Stomach and invigorate the constitution during the progress of their operations! Dr. Le Roy's Pills, in fact, unite those heretofore irreconcilable, but most desirable qualities, Evacuation and Invigoration, for they are at the same time a Strengthening Purgative, and Purifying Tonic.

The two principal ingredients in Dr. Le Roy's Pills are

WILD CHERRY and SARSAPILLA, so prepared that each promotes the beneficial effect of the other, the former strengthening, while the latter, through its union with various vegetable ingredients, evacuates, and purifies, thus their superinduce no torpidity or lassitude of the Digestive Functions, and hence their operations are attended by no Reaction, or Subsequent Constipation.

Dr. Le Roy's Pills are the most active and searching Medicine in existence. They at once attack the very root of Diseases, and their action is so prompt, that in an hour or two after they are taken, the patient is aware of their good effects. They not only operate on the Blood, but also on the chyle, of which the Blood is formed, and this secures good blood from the fountain head, moreover they produce neither nausea, griping or debility, and as a family Medicine they have no rival.

Price 25 cents per Box.
For sale by
LONG, WEBB & Co., Hillsborough.
ELI MURRAY, jr., Cedar Grove.

April 6. 73—

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Hillsborough, N. C., on the 1st day of April, 1847, which if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A
Daguerrien Artist | L
Silas M. Link |
| B
Rachel Borland | Jane Long |
| Joseph Benjamin | J. H. Latty |
| Jehu Brown | M
Adeline Mitchell |
| W. F. Bason | William Mitchell |
| John Baskett | John Murdoch |
| Robert & Nancy Briggs | Robert Moore |
| Springfield Brown | Nathan P. Moore |
| Allen Brown | Nancy Miner |
| C
Alfred Carigan | William Nurvish |
| Miss Milin Cates | O
Clerk of the Orphan's Court |
| John Odenthal | P
Duncan Cammel |
| John Collins | Mary A. Price |
| Margaret Clingmore | Betsy Packenham |
| Lemuel Carroll | R
John H. Riggs |
| William Couch | William R. Ray |
| John Cameron | S
Richard Scott |
| D
Albert Dossett | Mr. Strother |
| Benjamin Dyer | R. or Susannah Sykes |
| E
Robert Elliott | Thomas Sacklaway |
| F
Catharine Freeland | T
Mary Thompson |
| Robert Fauccett | Mrs. C. M. Thompson |
| G
Harriet Goodloe | C. C. Tinnin & Co. |
| Thomas Grisham | V
William Vincent |
| James H. Gholson | W
Elmore Woods |
| H
Joshua Hown | David Williams |
| William H. Horner | J. B. Wilson |
| Benjamin Hester | Mrs. Mary Williams |
| John Hare | Silas Wilson |
| J
George Jackson | John Walls |
| Thomas Jones or David Roach | Samuel Wilson |
| Y
Thomas P. Yates. | Caleb Wilson |

Persons calling for any of the above letters, will please say they are advertised.

JAMES M. PALMER, P. M.

April 1. 72—3w