



HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

Wednesday, September 11.

The Texas Boundary Bill, & the California Bill, Passed.

The Telegraphic dispatch to the Raleigh Register of Saturday, informed us that Mr. Boyd's amendment to the Texas Boundary Bill, proposing to attach to it the bill providing for a Territorial Government for New Mexico, was rejected in the House of Representatives on Wednesday; and the vote being taken on the bill itself, it was rejected also. On Thursday a motion to reconsider was adopted; but upon the third reading the bill was again defeated by a majority of eight votes.

This was discouraging intelligence, and for the first time we were almost ready to consider the Union really in danger. But the mail on Sunday night brought us news cheering intelligence. We were favored with two slips from the office of the Register, informing us that the Texas Boundary Bill had again been reconsidered and finally passed, by a majority of ten votes; and also that the second bill in the series, the bill for the admission of California, had also finally passed by a vote of 150 to 56.

The Editor of the Register has of late added greatly to the interest of his paper by resorting to the Magnetic Telegraph for late intelligence. In this instance he gives intelligence two days in advance of the mail; and it is made doubly valuable to us because of the total failure in all the Washington papers on Monday morning. We submit the Register's brief notices.

FIRST EXTRA.

Washington, Sept. 7, 1850.

The House of Representatives again reconsidered, on yesterday, the vote by which the Texas Boundary Bill was lost on Thursday, and finally passed it, by a majority of TEN. The vote by which Boyd's amendment had been rejected was also reconsidered, and included in the Bill, as passed!! Light is breaking!

SECOND EXTRA.

Washington, Sept. 7, 1850.

The House has gone to work in earnest. The Bill for the admission of California has just passed by a vote of 150 to 56. The Fugitive Slave item alone, of the series embraced in the late Compromise Bill, remains to be passed!

We are indebted to the Hon. George E. Badger for a bound copy of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the Finances.

We are also indebted to the Hon. R. H. Stanton, for a copy of the Report of the Naval Committee on establishing a line of Mail Steamships to the Western Coast of Africa; a brief notice of which will be found in another column, copied from the Baltimore Sun.

The "Carnecross Family," who followed the Courts in this circuit last year and afforded so large a fund of exciting amusement to the visitors, are now on their second tour. They are exhibiting here this week, and their performances appear to have lost none of their attractions.

The Fugitive Slave Bill.—The first section provides for the creation of a commission, not exceeding three in number, in each county of every state and territory. 2. United States marshals to execute warrants. 3. Captured fugitives are to be taken before the above mentioned commissioners. 4. Persons preventing arrests of slaves, or harboring them, may be fined \$1000 or imprisoned six months. 5. Stipulates the fees of marshals. 6. Authorizes expenses of arrest and removal to be paid by the United States treasury. 7. Pays slave owners the value of slaves a second time rescued, out of the United States treasury, the amount to be charged to the state where the rescue took place.

Population of Wilmington.—The following is the population of the town of Wilmington, according to the recent enumeration. This may be called the resident population; during the business seasons of the year, the floating population is considerable.

| | |
|--------------|-------|
| Whites | 3,570 |
| Free colored | 857 |
| Slaves | 2,873 |
| Total | 7,100 |

The population in 1810 was 4,774; increase in 10 years, 2,356.

Cuba.—A new Captain General has been appointed for Cuba, a Madrid correspondent of the New York Sun says. His name is General Jose De La Concha. Four new regiments, of 1,000 men each, are to be sent out immediately to Cuba. The increase of troops in Cuba, in consequence of the late Lopez expedition, will be, when all the corps now forming, have arrived thither, upwards of 9,000 men, rendering the effective standing military force of the island 30,000.

Counterfeit Gold.—The Philadelphia Ledger says: Counterfeit half eales are now in circulation, and although good imitations of the genuine, are rather lighter in color as well as in weight than the genuine. There are also indications of brass upon its face. The best test, however, is the fact, that, on the eagle side of the coin on the genuine, there are three full-points—see both the word "five" and two after it; on the counterfeit there is not a full point on either side.

Official Vote for Governor.

We copy from the Raleigh Times the following Official Returns of the vote for Governor in August last, procured from the office of the Secretary of State. We present also, for comparison, the vote for Governor in 1848. The votes of the new counties are included in those from which they were taken.

| | 1848. | 1850. |
|-------------|--------|--------|
| Ashe | 1645 | 400 |
| Beaufort | 551 | 782 |
| Bertie | 837 | 512 |
| Bladen | 524 | 370 |
| Brunswick | 381 | 516 |
| Buncombe | 301 | 184 |
| Camden | 921 | 644 |
| Currituck | 1299 | 396 |
| Davidson | 743 | 377 |
| Davie | 589 | 138 |
| Duplin | 489 | 80 |
| Edgecombe | 407 | 265 |
| Franklin | 263 | 1081 |
| Gates | 935 | 781 |
| Greene | 582 | 217 |
| Granville | 293 | 228 |
| Guilford | 425 | 737 |
| Halifax | 174 | 440 |
| Haywood | 742 | 730 |
| Henderson | 578 | 1023 |
| Hertford | 177 | 583 |
| Iredell | 1096 | 669 |
| Johnston | 543 | 391 |
| Lincoln | 218 | 921 |
| Macon | 104 | 1408 |
| Martin | 319 | 573 |
| Mecklenburg | 371 | 390 |
| Montgomery | 307 | 515 |
| Nash | 1016 | 946 |
| New Hanover | 1567 | 142 |
| Northampton | 601 | 507 |
| Onslow | 412 | 430 |
| Orange | 656 | 227 |
| Perquimans | 330 | 173 |
| Pitt | 469 | 398 |
| Randolph | 1376 | 458 |
| Richmond | 720 | 814 |
| Robeson | 215 | 181 |
| Rockingham | 194 | 455 |
| Rowan | 852 | 1877 |
| Rutherford | 451 | 389 |
| Sampson | 339 | 557 |
| Stanly | 698 | 1068 |
| Stokes | 544 | 556 |
| Surry | 609 | 86 |
| Tyrrell | 106 | 887 |
| Wake | 275 | 1015 |
| Wayne | 512 | 500 |
| Wilkes | 178 | 663 |
| Yancey | 1714 | 1726 |
| Total | 41,682 | 42,071 |

GENERAL TAYLOR'S REMAINS.

It will be seen by the following letter from Major Bliss, that the remains of Ex-President Taylor are to be removed to the family cemetery, near Louisville, Kentucky:

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 9, 1850.
Christian Roehius, Esq., New Orleans, La.

Sir: I am desired by Mrs. Taylor to acknowledge the letter which you addressed to her, on the 24th ult., as chairman of a committee appointed by the Governor of Louisiana, and to express her heartfelt thanks for the sentiments of sympathy and condolence therein manifested.

The desire which you express, in behalf of the citizens of Louisiana, that the remains of the late President should be removed to that State for final interment, exhibits a degree of respect for his memory, which is the more feelingly appreciated by Mrs. Taylor, because she has many valued friends in your State, and cherished associations connected with her residence there; she, therefore, deeply regrets that the wish of the committee cannot be complied with. Her own feelings, and those of the members of her family, now here, are decidedly in favor of the removal of the remains to the family cemetery, near Louisville, where the father and kindred of her late husband have been buried. She is sure that the committee will understand the motives which lead her to prefer this disposal of the remains. She is not the less grateful to them, and to the people whom they represent, for the distinguished tribute of affectionate regard to the memory of the departed, which their application conveys, and for which she begs leave to tender her warmest acknowledgments.

I am, sir, with the highest respect, your ob't. serv't.
W. W. S. BLISS.

Graham, N. C. Sept. 4th, 1840.

MR. EDITOR: A respectable number of the Citizens of the vicinity becoming interested in the progress of the Temperance movement, associated themselves and petitioned for a charter con-

stituting them an Order of the Sons of Temperance. Their petition was put into the hands of the Rev. Samuel Pearce, D. G. W. P., who met the association on Tuesday evening the 3rd of September, in the Female Academy, and proceeded to organize a Division of the Sons of Temperance, designated as the Graham Division; which duty was discharged in an impressive and dignified manner, enchainning the attention of all present. The exercises will doubtless have a place amongst the most interesting association of their life. The auspices were quite favorable, and the prospects are flattering.

The following is a list of the Officers elected for this quarter, viz: Samuel W. McKnight, W. P., Wm. A. Nelson, W. A., Jas. S. Scott, R. S., Jas. M. Freeland, F. S., John D. Donnell, T. C. W. Palmer, G., Thos. J. Jones, A. C., E. Morris, I. S. S. A. White O. S.

ONE OF THE SONS.

We want a Rail Road to connect with the Central Rail Road.

We want such a Road to get our Tobacco to Southern markets, and we want it to get our Groceries from Wilmington, N. Carolina. If the State desires to build up a home market—if Wilmington desires to become a large Commercial City—give the rich Valley of the Dan a connecting Road with the Central Rail Road. Start it from any point of the Dan you please, but as you regard the interest of the Central Rail Road—as you value the prosperity and growth of Wilmington—give us a Branch Road to the Central Route, and we'll put thousands and thousands of dollars in the hands of the Central Road that it will not otherwise get, and Wilmington shall blossom as the summer's rose. We call upon the friends of the Central Road to consider this matter—they are rational men, and we doubt not that fifteen minutes' reflection on the subject will satisfy them that the great interest of the Central Road demands a Branch Rail Road penetrating the rich and fertile Valley of the Dan.—They will see, too, how Wilmington can be made a Commercial Emporium, second to no city South of the Potomac.

Millon Chronicle.

We observe some complaints in the New York papers that the southern merchants are not so thick as usual in that City this season. We are very glad to hear it. It is about time that the Southern States did shew some importing. Their productions have to pay four-fifths of all the goods brought into the country;—but it is the Northern merchants who make the profit. So far as North Carolina is concerned, we hope to see the day when Wilmington and our other seaport towns shall engross the North Carolina business. We lack enterprise and capital at present—but if no misfortune should cut short our present State policy of improvement—if the facilities of intercourse between Wilmington and the up-country ever become what they ought to be, that town must become our market for groceries, at all events. And why not? What is to prevent the people of Wilmington from doing the whole of the West India trade of the State, and supplying her with groceries when our line of Railroad is finished? They have already a respectable West India commerce, capable of increase with the increasing demand; and we hope the day is not distant when all our supplies shall be received through that town by way of the North Carolina Railroad.

We wish there were not so many Southern people at the Northern watering places, and travelling through the Northern States during every summer. Let them stay at home—spend their money at home. Let them patronize Southern Springs, where they can keep their negroes with them, if they wish to. Trade and pleasure—the North gets all we have to spend for both. No wonder their country fills up so fast, increases so rapidly in population and wealth, when all the money of the country is spent among them, a constant drain at the same time going towards them from the South, and impoverishing us.

The "Southern Press," at Washington, predicts, with great confidence, that immediately upon the admission of California into the Union, "the Governor of Georgia will issue his proclamation, that delegates will be chosen, that her convention will be holden, and that the convention will see in session the only remedy left her, and will adopt it." The Augusta Chronicle, which may be supposed to be quite as well informed concerning public sentiment in Georgia, as the Southern Press, assures the writer that if he supposes the people of Georgia to be "equally fanatical and deluded with himself," he is very much mistaken.

"Some time ago, a plain countryman was in Richmond, and having read and heard a good deal of the talk at Washington about the dissolution of the Union, asked, with much simplicity, and perfect sincerity, if those gentlemen at the capital had the right and power to dissolve the Union, or whether it was for the people of the United States to decide that question. Being informed that it was a matter beyond the province of the representatives in Congress, and that the people might be permitted a voice on the subject of dissolving the Union, he at once dismissed his solicitude, remarking, with the air of a man very much relieved in mind, "Oh, then, it won't be dissolved."

We take the above from the Richmond Republican, (which, by the bye, is one of the ablest and soundest Whig papers of the land.) The feeling there alluded to is exactly that which prevails among the people of North Carolina.

The subject of the dissolution of the Union is to them a new question—one they have never contemplated, and (by your leave, Messrs. Disunionists,) it is an event which they are determined shall not take place. About New Mexico and California and Texas, they know but little, and (by your leave again,) they care less. One plain, palpable, glorious fact they know, that in the Union, their liberties are safe, and by it their country has been made great, prosperous and happy. The arts and tricks of politicians have never made them dissatisfied with it—can never root out their love for it. Liberty and Union was the patrimony of their Revolutionary fathers,—for which they fought, bled, and many of them died; and which their sons, the men of the present day, are willing to pour out their life blood to defend and protect from invasion and destruction.

But the people of North Carolina are peaceful and law-abiding—all controversies they desire to see settled by the constitution and the law, properly administered. Hence, although their grievances have been great—although their rights have been threatened and outraged—they look to constitutional remedies for the redress of the one, and the protection of the other. Therefore they gave no countenance to the Nashville Convention, and were unrepresented therein. The Locofoco party could sweep the State, but could get no Delegates to the Nashville Convention, because the people of North Carolina were determined to preserve the Union.

A New Cuticle.—The Scientific American says that "Plasters of dissolved gutta percha have been in use among the regular faculty for two years. Chloroform is employed to dissolve the gutta percha—the solution is first rate for cure. If a printer get the points of his fingers cut or cuticle worn with new type, let him go to a druggist and get them pointed with this gutta percha liquid; no sooner it is applied to the fingers than they are covered with a thin, white, hard, yet flexible, and firmly adhering skin—the chloroform evaporates in an instant, and leaves the gutta percha behind. Gun cotton dissolved in chloroform makes a good plaster, also, but not like gutta percha for the hands of a working man."

A Wife without Marriage.—In a recent bigamy case in Brooklyn, N. Y., before Judge Rockwell, he decided that a man living with a woman in a state of adultery, and calling her his wife, is for all legal purposes her husband, even though not actually married, and may not only be made liable for her debts, but convicted, if he weds another female during the lifetime of his paramour. We wish this decision could and would stand the test of our higher courts. It is but simple justice and ought to be common law.

The brig Washington, Capt. Newton, at Philadelphia, brings dates from Cardenas to the 15th inst. Capt. N. reports that Lopez, with another invading force, was expected there nightly. There was great excitement among the people, and extensive preparations were going on to repel the new expedition.

There arrived at New York during the week ending on Saturday the 25th ult. thirty-eight emigrant ships, bringing 6,085 passengers, principally from England and Ireland.

FROM EUROPE.

The American mail steamer Atlantic arrived at New York on Sunday, (1st inst.) with three days later news from Europe. Jenny Lind came a passenger in her.

The latest accounts from Schleswig state that both the Holstein and Danish armies had suspended field operations. On his late visit to Lyons, Louis Napoleon announced to the people his determination to remain at the head of the Government of France, if the people would sustain him. This announcement is reported to have created much sensation, though it was received with general satisfaction.

Cotton had declined a quarter of a penny during three days; flour had receded sixpence per barrel; wheat one shilling per bushel; and corn was very dull.

(Telegraphed for the Register.)
New York, Sept. 6th, 1850.

The Steamer Hibernia has arrived. Cotton has advanced since the sailing of the Atlantic. Sales for the week 37,000 bales. No change in other articles. Prince De Joinville will be a candidate for the Presidency of France; Louis Napoleon was mobbed and ejected from a Ball-room, at the town of Brisecony, during his late tour through the provinces. Things look equally.

"Do you think people are troubled as much with flea-bitten-ness, now, doctor, as they used to be before they discovered the anti-bug bedstead?" asked Mrs. Partridge of the doctor of the old school who attended upon the family where she was staying. "Phlebotomy, madam," said the doctor gravely, "is a remedy, not a disease." "Well, well," replied she, "no wonder one gets 'em mixed up, there is so many of 'em. We never heard in old times of tonsors in the throat, or embargos in the head, or neurology all over us, or constipation in the bowels, as we do now-a-days. But it's an ill wind that don't blow nobody good, and the doctors flourish on it like a green baize tree. But of course they don't have anything to do with it—they can't make 'em come or go." The

doctor stepped out with a gentle bow, and the old lady watched him till his retreating back told her the answer, her mind reviv- ing intricate subject of cause and effect. *Fuller.*

MARRIED.
In Alamance county, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. A. G. Hughes, Maj. Wm. M. McANEE, of Mississippi, to Miss MARY ANN LEXON, daughter of Mrs. Eliza Lynch, of Hawfields, Alamance.

MEDICAL SOCIETY IN ORANGE.
The regular meeting of this society having failed to be held on Monday of August Court, a quorum not attending, a called meeting will be held on Wednesday the 28th inst. at Dr. Turner's shop, in Hillsborough, at 11 o'clock A. M. An address will be delivered by the President, and an Essay on Pneumonia read by Dr. J. E. Jones.

The continuance of this association, so creditable and instructive, depends entirely on the interest felt in it by its members, and their punctuality in attending its meetings and performing its duties. By order of the President,
W. A. NORWOOD, Sec'y.
September 11. 49-2w



SARSAPARILLA
THE WONDER
AND
Blessing of the Age!
THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD!!!
This Extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.
WE HAVE MANUFACTURED 1,600,000 Bottles of this Sarsaparilla during the past year, and are now putting up at least 5000 BOTTLES PER DAY.
USING NONE OF THE SARSAPARILLA ROOT IN ONE MONTH THAN ALL THE OTHER MANUFACTURERS OF SARSAPARILLA IN ONE YEAR.
DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla IS WARRANTED TO KEEP FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME IN ALL CLIMATES.

This extract has CURED MORE OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES THAN ALL THE OTHER ADVERTISED MEDICINES TOGETHER HAVE DONE.
SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL, OBSTINATE CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, BLOTCHES, BILES, CHRONIC SORE EYES, RING WORM OR TETTER, SCALD HEAD, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, STUBBORN ULCERS, SYPHILITIC DISORDERS, LUMBAGO, SALT RHEUM, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Acites, or Dropsy, Erysipelas, or Impudience in Life. It invariably cures.

RHEUMATISM, INDIGESTION OR DYSPEPSIA, Neuralgia, General and Nervous Debility, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, Liver Complaint & Inflammation of the Kidneys. Ladies of pale complexion and consumptive habits, and such as are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored, by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and vigor.
Principal Office, Clapp & Townsend, 82 Nassau Street, New York.
For sale by D. Heartt, Hillsborough.

John D. Williams, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANT, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
July, 19 1850. 49-6m

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale the valuable tract of Land on which he now lives, containing about 340 acres. It is the place where his father, Ezekiel Brewer, dec'd., formerly resided, near Cane Creek Meeting House. It has on it an excellent Dwelling House, and convenient out-houses; has a good Orchard, and is well watered, has a good proportion of excellent Wood Land, and a part of it is first rate Tobacco land, and altogether it is as desirable a plantation as any in that section of country. Persons desiring such a place are invited to examine the premises.
Terms of Sale will be liberal.
SAXFIELD BREWER.
September 1. 49-3w

INVALUABLE DISCOVERY.—The Inventor of M'LANE'S Vermifuge having disposed of his right to his great remedy, the proprietors, Messrs. Kidd & Co. beg leave to offer it to the American public as the best remedy for worms ever offered. It has been tried in all parts of the country, and in cases which had defied the exertions of the best physicians, and never without the most complete success. We caution parents against delay. If your children exhibit the symptoms of being troubled with worms, lose not a moment, but at once purchase a bottle of M'LANE'S Vermifuge, and thus save them pain and perhaps their lives.

DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS!!!—This great American remedy for one of the most formidable ills that flesh is heir to, is now acknowledged superior to any medicine of the kind ever offered to the public. The action is easy, certain, and attendant with no unpleasant result. It has never been tried without producing the most salutary effect. Compounded by one of the most eminent physicians in our country, it is the medicine which science, skill and experience offers to human suffering.

FOR SALE BY
Long & Webb, and D. Heartt, Hillsborough; Jones Watson & Co., Chapel Hill; A. Moring Morningsville; Hurdle & Hurdle, Walnut Grove, Orange county; Moore & Noell, Mt. Tiras, Person; and P. S. Pescud, Raleigh.

FALL, 1850. MUIR & JAMES, Importers and Wholesale Dealers IN CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE, Corner of Seymour and Hollingsworth Streets, PETERSBURG, VA.
HAVE just received—of their own importation—an unusually large Stock of Goods for the FALL TRADE, consisting of China, Glass, Earthen and Stone Ware, Britannia Ware, Looking Glasses, Lamps, Girandoles, Wafers, and every description of Fancy Goods usually found in their line of business, embracing many entirely new and beautiful styles, to which they invite the attention of the trade—particularly COFFEE TABLE MERCHANTS, assuring them that they will find goods as low as in any similar establishment in the United States.
September 4. MUIR & JAMES. 48-4w

Thomas Webb, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.
WILL attend the Courts, both County and Superior, in Orange, Alamance and Chatham.
Prompt attention will be given to all claims for Penalties, Land Warrants, Extra and Back pay, &c. Office in the Court House.
July 17. 41-

Public Sale.
THE subscriber will sell on Thursday the 26th of September, the present Crop of CORN, WHEAT, OATS and FODDER; Horses, Cattle, Hogs &c., House-Hold and Kitchen Furniture, and many other articles, too tedious to mention. Terms made known on the day of sale.
JOHN R. THOMPSON.
September 2. 48-4d

Notice.
HAVING at August Term of Orange Court qualified as Executor of the Will of William H. Merritt, I hereby warn all persons to bring their accounts and demands of every kind and denomination to me within the time prescribed by law. All debtors to said estate will please to come forward and make prompt payment.
GEORGE W. PURIFY.
August 28. 48-

Notice.
HAVING qualified, at August Term, 1850, of Orange County Court, as Executor of the last Will and Testament of my Father, David Parker, deceased, I hereby give notice, that on the 6th day of November next, at the late residence of my Testator, on Flat River, in the County of Orange, I shall proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, on a credit of twelve months as to the slaves, and on a credit of one and two years as to the land.

SIXTEEN LIKELY NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, and of two good Tanners of Leather—and a **Tract of Land,** of two hundred and fifty acres, more or less, with a comfortable Dwelling House and convenient out-houses, and a good Tanyard, with suitable appurtenances.
Persons desirous of purchasing property of the above description, are hereby assured that this sale will be well worthy their attention.
HARRISON PARKER, Ex'r.
August 29. 48-

Important Sale.
AT the residence of the late Wm. H. Merritt, one mile South of Chapel Hill, on the 25th day of September, I shall expose to public sale **Five Likely Negro Men, Three Women & Two Children;** various articles of Household Furniture, Farming Utensils, about ten thousand pounds of the best Bacon, fifty head of Cattle, and many other articles with which the farm was stocked, such as Sheep, Mules, Horses, Hogs; about three hundred bushels of Blue Stem Wheat (a good article for seed); one family Carryall and Harness; and all the residue of the perishable property that can conveniently be spared.
The sale will commence at 10 o'clock A. M. and continue from day to day as long as shall be necessary. Terms: a credit of twelve months upon bonds with approved security.
GEO. W. PURIFY, Ex'r.
August 29. 48-

Steam Boat Navigation, Between FAYETTEVILLE & WILMINGTON.

THE undersigned, Proprietors of the Cape Fear Steam Boat Co., beg leave to tender their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage received during the last season, and take this method to inform their patrons and the public generally, that they have added every fifty per cent to the Capital Stock of the Company in Boats. The draught of the new Steam Boat "Chatham" is calculated to navigate the River at all stages of water, giving Shippers by this line a decided advantage in getting their Goods up without delay, especially in the Fall Season when the River is usually too low for Steam Boats of ordinary draught to run.

The Boats Composing this Line are,
The Steamer Gov. Graham, 24 yrs. old.
" " Chatham, new.
" " Tow Boat Mike Brown, 2 years old.
" " Telegraph, 2 do.
" " Cumberland, new.
" " Express, do.

All the above Boats are in the very best condition for the Fall Business. The undersigned feel warranted in assuring to the Shipping public for such an increased patronage as will remunerate them, to some extent at least, for the additional Capital invested, and promise, with every confidence, that Shippers by this line shall be as well done, that Shippers by any other line or better served than they can be by any other on the River. The arrangements by the Captains are intended to be permanent, and should experience suggest the necessity of any further increase of Boats, the Public may rely upon their being put on the Line without delay.
Our rates for Freight at all times will be the current rates charged by others.
Bills of Lading for goods intended to come by this Line, should be filled up to the "Cape Fear Steam Boat Co., Wilmington." One Copy being sent by mail to T. C. Wouth, Agent at that place.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS, Agent, Cape Fear Steam Boat Co., Fayetteville.

Dibble & Brothers, } Proprietors.
T. C. Worth, }
A. P. Huston, }
John D. Wilson, }
July, 19 1850. 48-3w