

ly leave it, with the principles and sentiments which it avows, to the judgment of posterity; if I may flatter myself that any thing spoken or written by me will be remembered long enough to come before that impartial and august tribunal.

I am, with great regard, your obedient servant,  
**DANIEL WEBSTER.**  
 Hon. Isaac Hill.



**HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.**  
**Wednesday, October 30.**

**The North Carolina Rail Road.**

We learn from the Greensborough Patriot, that the Directors of the North Carolina Rail Road Company met in Greensborough on Thursday last—all present except Mr. Graham and Mr. Jenkins.

John W. Norwood, esq., of this place, was elected a Director, in place of the Hon. William A. Graham, resigned.

Ed. H. Lindsay tendered his resignation of the office of Secretary and Treasurer; but, on the solicitation of the Board, consented to continue in the office.

The Patriot says, "the affairs of the Company were pretty thoroughly talked over, but we are not informed that any action was taken, or now considered necessary, touching the interests of the same."

We learn verbally, that the Directors determined immediately to locate the road from Bennett's, six miles below here, to Goldsborough, and from Lexington to Charlotte, preparatory to letting out the contracts. The corps of Engineers are at present engaged in further surveying the localities in this neighborhood; after the completion of which, we suppose, this portion of the road will be located.

The next meeting of the Board of Directors will be held in Raleigh, at the call of the President.

We are gratified to learn that our townsman, Hugh Waddell, esq., has received the appointment of Consul at Havana. He has accepted the appointment, and will proceed to the island of Cuba to assume his duties as soon as he can complete his arrangements.

We learn from the National Intelligencer, that the Hon. D. D. Barnard, recently appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Russia, sailed from New York on the 16th for Havre, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

The self-complacency of our neighbor of the Democrat, for the last week or two, has been quite amusing. He flatters himself that he not only publishes "the best paper in Orange county," but is ready to offer a premium for a "man who can read the Hillsborough Recorder without gasping." Well, we are glad if he can reap any gratification from the comparison; there is, however, a great variety in tastes, and some small portion of the people may be pleased with a paper of a different complexion. We are not ambitious to print a paper to be laughed at. Our desire is rather to impart useful information, and afford food for profitable reflection, that a person may get up from the perusal of our paper "a wiser and a better man." We therefore write only when we have something to write about, and for the rest fill up our paper with the best that we can select. We think we have many readers as the Democrat, and we have no reason to think that we have not succeeded equally well in engaging their attention. We are not, however, in a bragging humor; we prefer that the mead of "well done" shall come from some other source.

**Commissioner of Tennessee.**

Nathaniel J. Palmer, Esq., of Milton, has been appointed by Gov. Trousdale, of Tennessee, Commissioner of that State for the State of North Carolina, to take the Probate of Deeds, Powers of Attorney, and other instruments of writing to be used in that State; and also to take Depositions and Affidavits to be read in the Courts of that State.

Gov. Bell, of Texas, has issued a proclamation referring the question of the acceptance or rejection of the Texas Boundary Bill to the people of Texas, who are to vote upon it as soon as it shall be convenient for the county chief justices to hold the election polls for that purpose.

The Hon. Jared Perkins (Whig) will contest the seat of George W. Morrison, (Democrat), elected to fill the vacancy from New Hampshire in the present Congress, occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Wilson.

Hon. Isaac E. Holmes' defeat in the Charleston (S. C.) district for Congress, is said to have been in consequence of his voting to strengthen the fortifications of the United States about the harbor of Charleston.

The Georgia Convention.—This Convention promises to be composed of the very first men in the State, and will probably contain more talent than any body of men which has ever convened within its limits. It may be well, after all, that it has been called, as it will enable the true men of Georgia to relieve her from the ridiculous position in which the last Legislature placed her. If such shall happily be the result of its deliberations, no one will hail its action with great joy than ourselves. All admit that California came into the

Union in opposition to the wishes of the Southern people generally; but the question arises, does her admission present a justifiable pretext for dissolving the Union? We think not; and the day will come when men, and Southern men, too, will be surprised that such a thing was ever contemplated.

*Continued Expedition.*

The damage to the Tobacco crop in Tennessee and Kentucky by the late frosts, is stated in the papers received by the last mails, to be at least one-third of the crop in Tennessee, in the counties along the northern line of the State, and a loss of one-fourth of the crop throughout Kentucky.

**The Seber Secord Thought.**—It is stated by the New Hampshire Patriot, that four-fifths of the prominent men whose names were attached to the letter to Mr. Webster, from that State, were previously actively aiding the abolition excitement. Probably, says the Patriot, every one of the many clergymen among them has preached often upon that question, and urged his hearers to extreme ground upon it. Now they endorse Mr. Webster's position.

As coincident with the facts stated above, we have the testimony of a very intelligent gentleman, extensively acquainted through the lake borders of the Northwest, that he knew many Abolitionists who, after reading Mr. Webster's masterly speech of the 7th March, and the great closing speech of Mr. Clay of the 22d July, had confessed a change of opinion in regard to the propriety of their previous course, and who, while their opinions on the abstract question of slavery remained unchanged, should conceive it their duty, as good citizens and friends of the Union, thereafter to refrain from countenancing any agitation on the subject.

**Forgers of Land Warrants Sentenced.**—In the United States District Court, at Baltimore, on Thursday last, Henry Rehren and August Kesting, two of the Germans convicted of transmitting forged papers to the Pension Office in this city, to obtain land warrants, were sentenced to be confined in the Penitentiary for a period of ten years each. The Baltimore Clipper says:

"Wm. Ogden Niles, Esq., of Washington, through whose unwearied energy in the public service these frauds were, in the first place, ferreted out, and subsequently brought to successful trial, received yesterday a written commendation, signed by the grand and petit jurors and law officers of the Court, for the ability and zeal exhibited by him in bringing the parties to justice."

**Bishop Underdonk's case.**—The General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which held its Triennial session at Cincinnati, refused to restore to office the suspended Bishop of New York.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 17th.

**Death of Mrs. Henry A. Wise.**—While the Hon. Henry A. Wise was engaged in the Virginia Convention, he received a telegraphic despatch informing him of the sudden death of his wife, in Accomac, where he had left her but a few days since, in a perfect state of health. The announcement caused much sensation in the Convention. Mrs. Wise was a daughter of the Hon. John Sergeant, of Philadelphia.

**Methodist Church.**—Some excitement was manifested among the members of the Ohio Conference, which lately met in Chillicothe, on the subjects of purchasing or renting seats, and promiscuous sittings of males and females in church. The questions were raised by a schism in Wesley Chapel, in Cincinnati. A portion of the congregation not liking the old fashion of separating members of families, for the purpose of keeping males and females apart, endeavored to depart from the rule, and appropriate pews to particular families. This was objected to by many, and a secession of the malcontents was the consequence. They established a new congregation, worshipped in a church of their own, called Union Chapel, and appealed to the Conference, which, in its session at Dayton, last year, decided against them by one vote.

At the Chillicothe session, the present year, they were again defeated, although some of the pioneers of Methodism in the West, and some ministers who have heretofore favored the pew system, sided with them.

*Indianapolis Journal.*

We find in the news brought by the steamer America the following items:

**Painful rumors respecting the Sir John Franklin Expedition.** Despatches have been received from Sir John Ross, stating that on the 12th of August three Esquimaux were found on the ice, off Cape York, and on being questioned stated that in 1846 two ships were broken by the ice in the direction of Cape Dudley Diggle, and afterwards burned by a fierce tribe of natives—that the ships in question were not whalers, and that epaulettes were worn by some of the white men. Part of the crew were drowned, and the remainder were for some time in houses or tents apart from the natives. The white men had guns, but no balls, and being in a weak and exhausted condition, they were subsequently killed by the natives, with darts or arrows. The paper from which the above is copied, says that there is good reason to believe that the whole story is a misconception—but what those reasons are, is not stated.

**The American Expedition.** The American ships "Advance" and "Rescue," had penetrated as far as any squadron. At the departure of the last advices, the Advance had got aground; no serious injury was apprehended.

**LETTER FROM THE HON. HENRY CLAY.**

Just before Mr. Clay left Washington he received a letter from the municipal authorities of Detroit, inviting him, on his return to Kentucky, to visit that city and accept its hospitalities. In his reply, given below, he enumerates some of the difficulties he and those who acted with him had to encounter in adjusting the questions which have recently agitated the country. He says, truly, that the difficulties were augmented by "an amount of ultraism from both sections of the Union" which he had never before seen in the National Councils. These having been successfully overcome by the good sense of the people acting upon a majority in both Houses of Congress, the time-worn patriot expresses the hope, in which all who discountenance unnecessary and fruitless agitation will unite, that the discontents which are still heard "will find no sympathy with the great mass of the people in any quarter of the Union, and that they will soon die away and disappear!"

Washington, Sept. 26, 1850.

**GENTLEMEN:** I have a high degree of satisfaction in acknowledging the receipt of your favor transmitting resolutions adopted by the Common Council of the city of Detroit, in which, after expressing their patriotic devotion to the Union and their gratification with the settlement by Congress of the vexed questions which have so long agitated the nation, they are pleased to express their approbation of the exertion of those in our National Councils who have contributed to uphold the Confederacy against the attacks of Northern fanatics and Southern disorganizers, and they do me the honor to associate my name with those of the distinguished Senators from Michigan and Massachusetts, as having aided in the preservation of the Union. The Common Council also do me the honor to invite me to visit Detroit, on my return from Washington to Kentucky, and to accept the hospitalities of the city.

I beg to tender to the Common Council an expression of my grateful acknowledgment for the flattering testimonies of their esteem and regard. The adjustment of the questions to which you refer is, I think, a just cause of general gratulation; it was attended with great difficulty, and that difficulty was augmented by an amount of ultraism, from both sections of the Union, which I have never before seen in the National Councils. I think the adjustment would have been effected considerably earlier but for objections which were taken to the form in which it was proposed. Without, however, dwelling upon that, let us all rejoice that it has been accomplished. It was not to be expected that it would every where meet with unanimous acquiescence, no more than it is to be expected that, after a violent storm has ceased, the ocean will instantly become calm and tranquil. There will be ebullitions of discontent and passion in different quarters, emanating from the same cause which obstructed the compromise, but with diminished force. And I sincerely hope and believe that these discontents will find no sympathy with the great mass of the people in any quarter of the Union, and that they will soon die away and disappear.

I should be extremely happy, gentlemen, to accept the invitation which you have so kindly conveyed; but, after an absence of eleven months from my home, I am so anxious again to revisit it that I cannot consent to delay my arrival there by any deviation from the nearest route. I must console myself with the hope that I may yet live to gratify a wish, long entertained, to visit your flourishing city at some future day.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,  
**H. CLAY.**

**MESSRS. LADUE, LEYARD, and BURL.**

**Mississippi.**—The Grenada (Miss.) Republican says the proclamation of Gov. Quitman, convening the Legislature, was received there with "universal astonishment," and thus far the editor had not heard a single person approve the step.

**The Methodist Church Property.**—The Senior Bishop (Soule) and Rev. Messrs. John Early, D. D., William A. Smith, D. D., and A. L. P. Green, D. D., are now in New York city as commissioners on behalf of the latter church, to prosecute its alleged claim to a certain portion of the property acquired by the church previous to the secession of the Southern branch. The Post, of Saturday, says:

Suits are brought, we understand, in the United States courts simultaneously in this city and in Cincinnati, because the great bulk of the property in dispute lies partly in both cities. This is an important case, and has been in agitation for several years; it enlists of the largest religious denominations in the United States.

**Female Medical College.**—We learn, through the Philadelphia Ledger, that this new institution went into operation on Monday last. The class already formed for the purpose of attending the lectures, numbers more than forty respectable females. The anatomical museum contains a most interesting collection of specimens

to aid the students in their researches, prepared by Drs. Manley and Gleason. The building adjoining the college has been taken by the trustees, and will be used as a lying-in-asylum for the use of the poor. This department will be under the charge of Mrs. Gleason, the Demonstrator of Anatomy, and Resident Accoucher. She will be assisted by competent physicians and nurses.

An Association has been formed at Jerusalem, which has for its object literary and scientific investigation of all subjects connected with the Holy Land. The members are all Protestants, and they reside within the territory embraced between the Mediterranean and the Euphrates, the Nile and the Orontes. The Anglican Bishop of Jerusalem holds the office of patron. Several persons residing at Jaffa, Damascus, and Beyroot are corresponding members. The papers read will be formed into a volume and published annually. Much light, it is believed, will, in this manner, be thrown upon many important subjects in literature, history, geology, and various branches of science.

The Washington "Union" states that Texas is again menaced with Indian hostilities from a general confederation of the tribes in the interior of Texas, Arkansas and New Mexico; and the editors call upon the General Government to take suitable measures for the protection of the people of Texas in the emergency. We have no doubt that the National Executive will be prompt to do its duty in this as in all other cases within the sphere of its action and that, too, without the promptings of the "Union." At the same time the charitable hope may be expressed that the belligerent Governor of Texas will bring into the field without delay, for the protection of his people the State troops, which but a few weeks since he was so eager to array against the very authorities whose aid is now so earnestly invoked. *Balt. Amer.*

**The Union must be Dissolved.**—It is known to our readers that we have pursued a middle course, and have all the time been for the Union, but after seeing all that Congress has done, and the continued "aggressions of the North" which have been brought on the American or Southern people the following terrible afflictions and calamities, we, and the hard working people of the South, must go for a "dissolution." Cotton, the basis of the commerce of the world, has gone up under "Northern usurpation from 5 to 14 cents. Mules from \$60 to \$100 and \$150, Corn from 25 cents to \$1 per bushel, Flour from \$5 to \$10 a barrel, poor men are getting instead of \$8, \$10 to \$15 per month, bacon, instead of 5, is worth 10 cents. Rice, tobacco, &c., are all bringing good prices. Rail Roads are everywhere building. Manufacturers are going up in all directions, and doing well. Negroes, instead of selling at from \$350 to \$600, are going at from \$600 to \$1,200, and nearly every thing else in proportion. The question for the "South" now to decide is, can she stand up and sustain her place in the Union any longer under this system of uncompensated prosperity? or will she not at once throw off her shackles, go to fighting, shedding of blood, and at once reduce the great mass of laboring men, mechanics, stock raisers, farmers and manufacturers to their proper level! We leave this momentous question for the whole people of the South to decide, and we expect to go with them!

**Hint to Postmasters.**—A Postmaster in the interior of Pennsylvania recently had judgment given against him for the price of a subscription of several years to a distant newspaper, on the plea that he had not given sufficient legal notice to the publisher to stop it, and had continued to receive the numbers for several years; and sell them for the postage. The magistrate decided that merely returning a copy of "John Smith's paper, with 'stop this'" written on it, without postmark, or other distinction of locality, was not sufficient or legal notice, but a written notice, with name, place, date and reason, must be sent to the publisher, and "FRANKED," that it may be taken out by him.

**Subterranean Lake in Indiana.**—The Franklin Sentinel contains the following:—Near the town of William-burg, Johnson county, is what might be called a subterranean lake. A gentleman there, in digging a well at the depth of thirty feet, after passing through five or six feet of bluish earth, thought the earth sounded hollow as the mottok was driven into it. A small stick was driven down six or eight inches, and on its withdrawal a stream of water gushed forth five or six feet in height. The man was immediately drawn out, and scarcely had he reached the surface when the bottom of the well burst upward, and a volume of water rushed out with great force. The water has a disagreeable odor, and is unfit for any purpose. Several pieces of rotten wood were thrown out. We have these facts from unquestionable authority."

**A Great Pigeon Roost** is at present to be seen about a mile and a half from Raritan, Ohio, where millions of pigeons congregate, producing a noise like the roaring of the ocean, and which is heard at a great distance. At night, numbers of persons repair thither with all manner of weapons, and kill and afterwards bear away loads of pigeons.

**The Bishop and the Queen.**—The Lord Bishop of London addressed a letter of remonstrance to her Majesty for not having a clergyman of the established Church in her suite while on her present tour, and

for attending a Presbyterian place of worship at Balmoral. A reply was sent to the Bishop expressive of her Majesty's disapproval of such interference, and observing that her Majesty had not stepped out of her duty in attending public worship in the established Church of Scotland.

**ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ASIA.**  
 SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.  
 Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.  
 New York, Oct. 23, 1850.

The steamer Asia arrived here at half past ten o'clock this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 12th instant and London to the 11th.

A most tremendous storm raged along the coast of England and Ireland for three days; the 5th, 6th and 7th. Considerable damage was done to shipping.

**Denmark and the Duchies.**—The Schleswig Holstein army attempted to take Fraidriahstadt by storm on the 5th, but were repulsed by the Danes, after bombarding during the preceding day, destroying a large block of houses close to the road. The town was attacked in the evening by two battalions of infantry and a detachment of riflemen. After a desperate struggle, in which both parties must have experienced very heavy losses, the Danes gave way, but only to seek cover of new entrenchments and barricades thrown up in the middle of the town. The resistance which they met with here was so violent and determined that, notwithstanding the exhibition of most brilliant bravery, the Schleswig Holsteiners were compelled to retire from the town at midnight. They afterwards took up a position, and the conflict was to be renewed on the following morning.

It is stated as positive that a decision, respecting the Holstein question, has been come to by England, France, Austria, and the German States, in favor of Denmark, and the Duchies will be informed that they must refrain from hostilities, and await the award of intervening parties.

In Norway it is estimated that the number of persons who are preparing to emigrate to America amounts to 20,000, being two per cent. of the entire population of the kingdom.

**MARRIED.**

In Pittsburgh, on Thursday the 17th of October, by the Rev. Thomas Davis, Mr. WILLIAM WATERS, of New Hanover, to Miss SOPHIA WADDELL, formerly of this place.

**Obituary.**

Died, in this county, on Wednesday the 9th instant, CATHERINE ENNA, infant daughter of John R. and Catherine S. Faucett.

**VALUABLE LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.**

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, at the late residence of William H. Merritt, deceased, near Chapel Hill, N. C., on Tuesday the 12th of November next, a Tract of Land adjoining the home residence of the said deceased, within two or three miles of Chapel Hill, containing about Six Hundred and sixteen Acres, more or less; a part of which is improved and under cultivation. The sale will be made on a credit of one, two, and three years; bond with approved security will be required, and the title of the land, which is believed to be unquestionable, retained until the payment of the purchase money. The Rev. Geo. W. Purdy, residing near the premises, will show the land to every one desirous of purchasing.

**R. N. HARDON, JOHN BERRY, N. J. PALMER,**  
 Committee of the Trustees of Wake Forest College.

**FALL AND WINTER GOODS,**  
**IN GRAHAM, N. C.**

**JOHN SCOTT & SON**  
 RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Graham and Alamance, that they are now receiving and opening a large and complete assortment of Goods, consisting of a great variety of Merchandise.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Dye Stuffs, A large stock of Paints, &c.

They also call the attention of the public to a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, which they have selected with great care. All the above they will sell low for cash, and on a credit to punctual dealers. People wishing to buy Goods, good and cheap, would do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

October 15. 54-3w

**Notice.**

THE subscriber having purchased the Goods of Laws & Palmer, will continue the Mercantile Business at the old stand. He returns his thanks to his customers for past favors, and hopes that by strict attention to his business he will continue to receive their custom.

**J. M. PALMER.**  
 October 7. 53-

**500 YARDS WOOLEN JANES AND COLORED LINSEY WANTED;**

ALSO,  
 Bees Wax, Feathers, Flax Seed, Cotton Cloth, and all kinds of trade taken in exchange for Goods.  
**LONG & WEBB.**  
 October 7. 53-

**Notice.**

THE Co-partnership of Laws & Palmer is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm, therefore, will please to come forward and settle their accounts, or they will be put into the hands of an officer for collection.

**JOHN LAWS, JAMES M. PALMER.**  
 October 7. 53-

**CHARLES WILKERSON.**  
 THE son of John Wilkerson, who moved from Orange County, North Carolina, about thirty years ago, is entitled to a distributive share of the estate of Elizabeth Allison, dec'd., who was the sister of Ann Wilkerson, his Mother. Application must be made, post paid, to the undersigned at Hillsborough, N. C.

**CALEB WILSON,**  
 Adm'r of E. Allison, dec'd.  
 October 7, 1850. 53-3w

**A CARD.**

THE Subscribers having associated themselves as Merchant Tailors, under the firm of  
**GARRICHAEL & COX,**  
 and fitted up the store one door above the corner on Chatham Street, below the Post Office, are now receiving a superior assortment of materials for Gentlemen's clothing, among which are the following:

Superior Black French Broadcloth.  
 " Brown " "  
 " Blue " "  
 " Olive " "  
 " Green " "  
 Black Doe Skin Cassimeres.  
 Plain ditto  
 Fancy, English and French, ditto.  
 Fancy Silk and Woolen Vestings.  
 Silk Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Stocks, Shirts, Drawers and Gloves.

Also, an assortment of  
**READY-MADE CLOTHING.**

All of which have been purchased at the North with Cash, and will be sold cheap.

They have taken advantage of the visit to the North to observe the Fashion, and are prepared to make up in the most fashionable style and in the best manner, any of the above Goods. Persons furnishing their own Cloth may be assured that their work will be done in equally good style.

The undersigned have both been long known in this community, and they hope have in some degree obtained the confidence of the public for faithfulness in their work. Their terms will be reasonable.

**LEVIN CARMICHAEL, JOHN A. COX.**  
 October 1. 52-14

**New Fall Goods,**  
 VERY CHEAP.  
 JUST coming to hand.  
**LONG & WEBB.**  
 October 7. 53-

**Ready Made Coats,**  
 FASHIONABLE Style, to be sold, very Cheap at  
**LONG & WEBB'S.**  
 October 7. 53-

**Thomas Webb, ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
 HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

WILL attend the Courts, both County and Superior, in Orange, Alamance and Chatham.

Prompt attention will be given to all claims for Pensions, Land Warrants, Extra and Back pay, &c. Office in the Court House.  
 July 17. 41-

**LIST OF LETTERS, REMAINING in the Post Office at Hillsborough, N. C., on the 1st day of October, 1850, which if not taken out within three months will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.**

**A** Ambrose Johnson,  
 William Dinkin Anderson,  
 son.  
**B** Mary Letterton,  
 M  
 James M. Burton,  
 E. N. Black,  
 Absalom Y. Brown,  
 James Brohon,  
 G. E. Brown.  
**C** Austin B. Nibbs, senr.  
 Master Austin B. Nibbs,  
 Clark Norwood.  
**D** John Odendhal.  
**E** James Porterfield,  
 James F. Pickard,  
 S. J. Price,  
 John S. Piper, senr.  
 Miss Caroline Price.  
**F** William W. Riley,  
 William D. Reeves,  
 James M. Robertson,  
 Mrs. Frances Peter Rhodes, or Wm. John Norwood Rhodes.  
**G** Samuel Stubbs,  
 Willis Smith.  
**H** Noah Trice.  
**I** Rasher Vann.  
**J** David Warren,  
 Wm. M. Whitaker,  
 Pleasant Wilson,  
 William Woodward,  
 James W. Wilson,  
 H. H. Yeager, 2  
 Mrs. Nancy James.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised.  
**DENNIS HEART, P. M.**  
 October 1. 53-

**Hides Wanted,**  
 BOTH Green and Dry.  
**LONG & WEBB.**  
 October 7. 53-

**Fresh Medicines.**  
**GOOD-LIVER OIL.**  
 MANUFACTURED pure, from Russian  
 Clark & Co.  
**Townsend's Sarsaparilla,**  
 SANDS SARSAPARILLA,  
 and an assortment of Drugs and Medicines, &c.  
**LONG & WEBB.**  
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