## WANTED

GENTLEMAN and Lady, of Classical attain ments, to take charge of Red Mountain Female

GEO. W. JONES, Sec'y.

Red Mountain, August 28, 1856.

To the Farmers of Orange, Alamance, Chatham and Wake.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership for the purpose of buying WHEAT. They will always give the highest Norfolk and Petersburg prices, deducting freight and other expenses. They will pay the cash on delivery of the Wheat at the Railroad.

To carry out more effectually their purpose, one of the firm will be at the warehouse of each of the following named places, every week, on the days specified:

Morrisville, an Friday,
Durham's, on Wednesday,
Hillsborough, on Tuesday,
Mebane's, on Wednesday,
Graham, ou Thursday.

Graham, on Thursday.

By this arrangement the farmers will receive at home what their wheat would not them in market, without

The cisk and trouble of transportation.

The undersigned also offer their services as COMMISSION SERCHANTS to buy Groceries. They
have made arrangements by which they will be enabled
to furnish their customers with Groceries at an advance of only three per cent. on wholesale pitces. They have a commodious warehouse at Chapel Hill, for the convenience of the farmers of the neighboring country, where some one will be in attendance at all times. All communications should be addressed to us at Chape' Hill.

E. MALLETT,

W. L. SAUNDERS.

SALT! SALT!! 2,600 Sacks of Liverpool Ground, daily expected direct from Liverpool.

500 Sacks Liverpool and Marshall's Fine.

5,000 Bushels Alum. for sale by

J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO.

NOTICE.

Wilmington, July 10.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 8th of this month, a bound boy by the name Jacob Quarken-bush. He is 17 or 18 years o'd, and was bound to me by the County Court of Alamance at June term, 1850. I hereby forewarm all persons from harboring, employing or trading with the said Jacob Quackenbush, under the possibly provided by the law in such cases.

ELISHA BRAXTON.

September 19

A CARD.

D. ROBERTSON, DENTIST. HAVING located in Hillsborough, respectfully of-AVING located in Hillsocough, respectfully of the fers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding countey. He can produce satisactory testimonials of his skill in the profession.

Office at the Union Hotel. When requested, families will be waited on at their residence. Chargevres-

IT Dr. R. will be in Chapel Hill the first week in each month. February 12.



LONG & CAIN

HAVE just received, and offer for sale, a large variety of Perfumery, &c., of the best quality, among which are the following : Cologne, Toilet Vinegar, Lavendar Water, Verbena, Geraneum and Bay Water.

Fine Extracts, Bazin & Har- Balsamic Eau De Botot, rison, fine Tooth Wash, rison, Chlorine Tooth Wash, Paste for the Teeth, Ean Lustrate, a very fine ar- Lyon's Katharion, tiele for the Hair, Hillier's Excelsior Purni-Lip Salve. Tripoli Polish, Philocomes, Fancy Soops, Pomade Divine

Egyptian Hair Dye, Pancy Letter & Note Paper, Pocket Inkatands, Steel Pens, Envelopes, Letter and Foolscap Paper, Ink, Backgammon Boards, Writing Desks, Port Monies, November 26. Work Boxes, Calur. Buskete, &c. &c.

GROBER M. BAIN, JR. BAIN & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO BAIN, HATTON & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of King and Water streets, PORTSMOUTH, VA. Grain, Cotton, &c. Also, to Receiving and Forward

Portsmonth, July 14.

JUST RECEIVED. A LOT of Three Penny Nails; and one barrel of BURNING PLUID - (not Camphene.) - Also They would invite Country Physicians to examine their stock, believing that they can make it their interest For sale by J. C. TURRENTINE & SON.

FOR SALE,

PEARL Starch. Chlorine Tooth Wash. Black Leater Varnish, Bull's Sarasparilla, Essence of Java Goffue, Ex- McLane's Vermifuge, tra Pine, Holland Gin, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, LONG & CAIN.

June 22d, 1855.

JUST RECEIVED.

500 LBS. Pure Lead, 625 lbs. White Zine Paint to gals. Sweet Oil, 2 bbis. Tanners' Oil, 5 gals. Japan Varnish, 14 lbs. Paris Green, 2 dos. patent Paint Drier, Dry White and Red Lead, 13 lbs. French Zinc, or Potcelain White, &c. &c. LONG & CAIN. Jnne 22, 1805.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. The Great Purifier of the Blood! THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN!

An infallible remedy for Scioula, King's Evil, Rheums tism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boile, Ague and Fever, Chronie Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald-head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilisic Disorders, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of Blood.

Impurity of Blood.

This great siterative Medicine and Purifier of the

Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the temarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE," Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofuls, Eruptions on the Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disrase, Fevera, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affection of the Kidneys, Discuses of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this inestimable remedy.

For all discusses of the Blood nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digretion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfecbled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, wits pristine vigor and strength.

For the DISCLASS OF PERALES IT is peculiarly applica-For the DISEASES OF PERALES IT is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known is regularly prescribed with the happiest effects. It invigorates the weak and debilitated, and imparts clasticity to the wornout frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The Press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Cull on the Agent and get an Almanae, and scuil the

an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.
WM. S. BEERS & CO., Proprietors,

No. 304, Broadway, New York, To whom all orders must be addressed. For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by Long &. Cain, Hillsborough; A. McAlpine, Yan-ceyville; W. &. J. M. Paylor, Leasburg; T. J. Patrick, Greensborough; J. W. Field, Jamestown. July, 15,

W. P. ELLIOTT. E. J. LUTTERLOH. LUTTERLOH & ELLIOTT, General Commission and Forwarding

Merchants. WILMINGTON, N. C. Dealers in Lime, Calcined Plaster, Cement, Lund Plaster, Plastering Huir, &c. &c.

MILES CASTIN. CABD. JAMES C. SMITH & CO.

25- Factors and Commission Merchants, No. 2, South Water Street. WILMINGTON, N. C. Particular attention given to the sale of FLOUR, and other Country Produce.

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM.

Commission & Forwarding Merchant, WILMINGTON, N. C., Will give his personal attention to business entrusted to his care, and shippers may rely on having

prompt returns.

Liberal advances made on consignments of all kinds of Country Produce for sale in this market, or for ship ment to other ports. Consignments of Plous solicited. March, 1855.

Lumber for Sale

At the Raleigh Planing Mills. 200,000 feet dressed Flooring. 100,000 " " Weatherboarding. 50,000 " " Ceiling. 100,000 " " Thick Boards.

Till's lumber is of the very best long leaf pine, brought to an exact thickness, and will be delivered on board the curs tree of charge. Those wishing to purchase will, on application by letter or otherwise, be furnished with a card of prices, and all necessary information as sugar cane.

T. D. HOGG & CO. Raleigh, March 22,



March 12.

idies. Long & Cain, ARE now receiving at their Drug Store on the cor-ner East of the Court House, a large and complete

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.,

which they have relected with care, and with the specia object of having only pure and genoine articles.

They pledge themselves to sell only pure and genuine Medicines, and promptly to attend to all orders, and at

to purchase their supplies near home. April 16th, 1855.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the plantation on which he now resides. It is a desirable situation, one mile from South Lowell Academy, as healthy as any in mile from South Lowell Academy, as healthy as any in Orange. The Land is in a good state of cultivation, well adopted to Corn, Wheat and Tobacco. On the Land is a good Granery and Tobacco Barns, besides every other out house necessary, with a large and convenient Dwelling, well arranged for boarders. It has on it also a valuable Apple Orchard. Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call on the Subscriber and view the premises. The terms will be made accommodation.

JAMES WOODS. 27-

BLANKS for sale at this Office.



YMOROUS LAKUS " May your rich soil, Exuberant, natures's better blessings pour

O'er every land."

THE CHINESE SUGAR-CANE. Among the exotic plants recently intro-duced into this country by the Patent Office, in the prosecution of its "agricultural operations," is the "Chinese sugar-cane," or sorgho sucre," (sorghum succharatum.) The history of its introduction and some aclumns of the Intelligencer and other chan- macy: nels, exciting the scepticism of many and even the derision of some, but fortunately awakening the curiosity and enterprise of dis-cerning and intelligent agriculturists in various sections of the United States. We have now the gratification of realizing the happy results of the investigations and labors of this latter class, in the successful cultivation, it is hoped and believed, of one of the most valuable products of the soil that has ever engaged the attention of the husbandman-a product which, there is well-grounded reason for assuming, will of itself, in a brief period, more than recompense all the pecuniary aid and labor that have been bestowed upon the Cull on the Agent and get an Almanae, and read the details of associations get are performed by CARTER'S whole subject of agriculture by our Government, in the introduction of a plant that may by Thinks Else had stonally parter. The limits of the propagated with advantage in every locabe propagated with advantage in every loca-lity in the Union, that will provide an essential aliment and a luxury to every family at an exceedingly low cost, and that may before long enable us to export to various portions of the world an article of merchandise that we

> millions of dollars a year. It is a singular and gratifying coincidence that the introduction of this plant, and the discovery of its great excellence and adaptaof the United States, should be made at the precise moment of the apparent decadence of staples of our favored clime. the culture of sugar upon the plantations of the South. That this may not result to the disadvantage of the important interests involved in these plantations is not only desired, but believed by those who are fostering soil and climate capable of producing the sugar cane will prove the best adapted of all to the sorgho sucre, and that it will hence

flourish there in its greatest perfection. The annexed communication comes to us improvement, demand for his representations in weight.

the confidence of every reader.

duced to work it up into sirup this season.

and growth to the "Guinea corn," until my they were eating fifty baskets a day while tell you how frightened I am. I know there children, towards fall, made the discovery shut up, and thirty while in the field. I gave are many tigers and wild animals in the wood;

This year I planted one patch April 15th, and snother May 18th, near Calhoun, Gordon county, on land that would produce during a " seasonable" year forty bushels of corn per acre, and this year not over twenty bush-

The seed were sown carelessly in drills three feet apart, and covered with a one horse plough. I intended to "chop out" to a stand of one stack six inches apart in the row, but failed to get a good stand, as the seed came -74 up badly, from the deep and irregular covering. I worked this out, as for corn, ploughing twice and hoeing once.

At the suggestion of Gov. Hammond, of Sauth Carolina, I determind to give the sirupmaking a fair trial, and consequently ordered from the Messrs. Winship of Atlanta, a very complete horse-power mill, with vertical iron rollers, which has worked admirably, crushing out juice for eight gallons of sirup per hour. It is worked by two mules, with one hand to put in the cane and a boy to drive. On the 13th of this month, finding the seed fully ripe, I had the fudder pulled and the seed heads cut.

The yield of folder per acre is 1,000 to 1,300 lbs., and yield of seed 25 bushels, of 36 lbs. to the bushel. At the first trial of the mill, 70 average cases gave 20 qts. of juice. Subsequently, 606 average canes, passed once through the rollers, gave 38 gallons and 1 qt.; passed a second time through, 2 gallons. The 40 gallons and 1 qt. gave 8 gallons of

I carefully measured an eighth of an acre having the best canes and the best stand, and another eighth having the poorest canes and the poorest stand. The result I give below, the canes passed once through the rol-

Best Eighth of an Acre. Vield of juice for 3.415 cames 253 gallous. Yield of sixua from 2502, tra or sice 584 callous.

Rates per acre of sirup, 468 gallons. Poorest Eighth of an Acre. Yfeld of juice from 2,550 canes, 431 346 sirup from 179 gals. juice, Rate per acre of sirup, Wight of 33 selected canes, juice pressed out, crushed cane, Loss in crushing, Weight of crushed cane dried in sun, Obtaining such unlooked-for success with the Chinese sugar-cane, I concluded to try

planted S by S, one stalk to a hill, a week seyond the roasting-ear stage, I selected 30 Weight of 30 stalks, juice, crushed stafks, as in crushing, Yield of sirup,

our common corn. From a "new ground,"

The sirup was of a peculiar disagreeable aste, entirely unfit for table use. The history of its introduction and some account of its success have been from time to by Dr. Robt. Battey, of Rome, (Ga.) a grad-time laid before the public through the co-Specific gravity of juice, sirup, New Orleans sirup, 1.321 Thermometer applied to sirup, 2510 The juice should be placed in the boilers

nmediately on being pressed out, and then boiled slowly until the green scum ceases to rise; then stir in a teaspoon full of air-slack-ed lime to five gallons of juice; continue skisming and boiling until the sirup thickens and hangs down in flakes on the rim of the dipper. I have made the clearest sirup by simply boiling and skimming, without lime or other clarifiers; but the lime is requisite to neutralize a portion of the acid in the juice. The true proportion must be determined by well-conducted experiments.

The cost of making the sirup in upper Georgia, in my opinion, will not exceed ten to fifteen cents per gallon. This I shall be able to test another season by planting and working up fifty scres of the cane. now import to the amount of nearly fifteen

I am satisfied that this plant will enable every farmer and planter in the Southern States to make at home all the sirup required for family use, and I believe that our chetion to the soil and climate of many regions miss will soon trach us how to convert the

RICHARD PETERS. Atlanta, Ga., September 26, 1856

> From the Boston Cultivator PROTECTION OF SHEEP.

from a gentleman whose high intelligence, dition and weight, than those exposed to the ing them. social position, and character, as well as the open air, but also that they consume a much fact that his name has been hitherto honora- smaller quantity of food, less by at least one- on his knees, and Lucy said, O, Uncle, do tell bly connected with enterprises of agricultural third, while their increase is a third greater us a tiger story!

Messas. Entrops: I feel it my duty to make ing the floor with a few planks thinking this and lady had one sweet little baby, and they known to the Southern public the result of better than to give them straw to lie on, for had to take a long journey with it through a my sirup making from the Chinese sugar when wet, this is apt to give them the wild part of India. There were no houses millet, in hopes that others who have sown foot rot. I brought in my sheep at Christthis valuable variety of the millet may be in- mas, and found that before the end of two a kind of house made of cloth by driving high days they did not eat so much as when they sticks firmly into the ground, and then draw-I send you a few joints of the cane, and a were in the field, by the proportion of three ing curtains over them. It is very comfortable sample of the sirup, of which I have made several barrels.

I obtained my start of seed during the they are only thirty baskets a day, therefore dows to shut as we do at night, to make all spring of 1855 from D. Redwood, Esq., of the their improvement was in the inverse ratio safe. One night they had to sleep in a very "Southern Cultivator." I considered it a of their cost in food; yet such great progress wild place, near a thick wood. The lady did they make, that one would have thought said, "O. I feel so afraid to night; I cannot shut up, and thirty while in the field. I gave are many tigers and wild an mals in the wood; them a small quantity of oil cake with their and what if they should come out upon us?" turnips, and the size which they attained Her husband replied, My dear, we will make was so great, that at thirteen months old, I the servants light a fire, and keep watch, sold them for 8 dollars and 50 cents a-piece, and you need have no fear; and we must put without their wool. I calculate that turnips, our trust in God." pulled and brought to the sheep in the sheds, So the lady kissed the babe and put it in them in the field. S. W. CHILDERS.

> REAPING MACHINES VS. HAND LABOR,-The English Ag. Gazette calculates that it manufacturers could only distribute 10,000 reapers before another harvest, it would be equivalent to more than letting loose all England's standing arms on the grain fields of Great Britain. And it forther remarks-" Had we such means at our command this year, we should not now have had to complain of onehalf our crop being five days in the rain. Supposing these machines to have been a week at work, 500,000 acres would have vielded 2,000,000 quarters of grain, worth more both in money and as food, by much more than the value of the machine, than it now will prove to be. And the ground would have been cleared a fortnight earlier than it will for autumn cultivation and the sources

> > THE POISON STRYCHNINE.

beings, is a most deadly organic poison. A "O, you will kill my child !" bitter as to be perceptible to the taste when not at all afraid. one part is diluted in a million parts of water. The composition of strychnine is carbon 44, hydrogen 24, oxygen 4, nitrogen 2 equivalents. but the baby not at all. I have seen it of to renew his challenge. Duellists don't find

poison. They are flat and round, about an inch in diameter, and grey in color. These seeds were used as a medicine, and as a poison, by the Hindoos, long before they were known in Europe. Many of the natives of Hindostan often use it as people use opium. They commence with taking the eighth of a nut a day, and gradually increase their allowance to an entire nut, which would be about twenty grains. If they eat it directly before or after food, no unpleasant effects are produced; but if they neglect this precaution, spasms are the result.

The bark of the tree is also poisonous, and from its resemblance to Augustara or Cusparia bark, a tonic medicine imported from South America, caused a great deal of alarm and excitement in Germany, in the early part of this century, by being mixed with that bark. No sure antidote has been discovered for this poison, but some chemists have attained to great skill in detecting it, when administered as a poison. The following is Dr. Thompson's method of detecting the one-thou-

sandth part of a grain:
Having placed a drop of strong sulphuric acid on a piece of glass, add to it a small quantity of the suspected substance, and stir the whole together, so as to favor solution; then sprinkle over the mixture a little powdered bichromate of potash, and gently move a glass rod through the fluid. If strychnia be pres-ent, a violet color of considerable beauty will be almost immediately produced, which, after a few minutes, will fade into a reddish yellow, but may be renewed by the addition of more bichromate, so long as any strychnine remains undestroyed in the mixture. In this way the thousandth part of a grain of that alkaloid may be made to yield a very decisive indication. The points to be noticed are that sulphuric acid alone produces no apparent effect, and that the action begins at once round each particle of the bichromate, so that if the glass he held in a vertical position, streams of a violet colored fluid may be seen to flow from each particle; and if at this time the whole be slowly stirred, the entire bulk of the fluid will speeddy assume the same

A TIGER STORY.

Lucy and Fanny were two little girls who the cultivation of the new plant; for it appears to be the accepted opinion that, though the latter may prosper in any locality in an open yard, is extraordinary; and yet which maize or Indian corn succeeds, yet the which we all acknowlthe principle is one which we all acknowl- India. This was a great joy to them; he was edge, namely, every thing that eats, if it has so kind and had so much to tell them about far away places, and strange people, and ando, must increase: but I have discovered, imals, and things such as they had never seen. by repeated experiments, that such animals They never wearied of hearing his stories, not only increase more rapidly in their con- and he did not seem to weary either of tell-

One day after dinner, they both climbed

characteristic tint.

Very well, said he, I will tell you a story At the beginning of the season for fatting, about a tiger and a baby, which happened to

will go twice as far as when consumed by its cradle; and then she and her husband knelt down together, and prayed to God to keep them from every danger, and they repeated that pretty verse, "I will both lay me down in peace, and sleep; for thou, Lord, only makest me well in safety."

In the middle of the night the lady started up with a loud cry, "O, my baby! my baby I dreamed just now that a great tiger had crept below the curtains and ran away with

And when she looked into the crattle, the baby was not there! O, you may think how dreadful was their distress. They ran out of the tent, and there in the mosalight they saw a great animal moving toward the wood, with something white in his mouth. They wakened all the servants, and got loaded guns, and all went after it into the wood. They went fast, and quietly as they could, and very soon they came to a place where they your children fatheriess-therefore I have saw through the trees that the tiger had laid no desire to take it; whilst my own life is of employment which energetic agriculture down and was playing with the baby, just as not only of value to me, but indispensable to passy does with a mouse before she kills it. the support and happiness of my family, The baby was not crying, and did not seem and I hope to be useful to my country a bit burt. The poor father and mother could therefore I am not disposed to place it at your This drug, which has lately become so no-torious for destroying the lives of human one of the men took up his gan the lady eried,

grain of it, and a human being with less. once, and God made him do it well. The her of one of the first and wealthiest families, When introduced into the stomach it acts tiger gave a loud howl, and jumped up. and and nephew of the ExDictator Rosa, recently with fearful energy, causing lock-jaw immediately, violent spasms and death in a few they all rushed forward, and there was the ly" man, to fight a duel. For this crime he

And did the baby really live?

ble salts. It is an alkaline base, and is ex- |ten, when they looked at their child aftertracted principally from the Strychnos nux wards, the parents gave thanks to God. vomica. The tree from which it is obtained It was he who made the mother dream and is of moderate size, and grows in several awake just at the right minute, and made the parts of the East Indies and the island of tiger hold the baby by the clothes so as not Cevion. Its fruit are large orange-colored to hurt it, and the man fire so as to shoot the berries, the pulp of which is the favorite of tiger and not the child. But now good-night, many birds. The seeds contain the deadly my dear litte girls; and before you go to bed,

> From the St. Louis Republican. DISSOLVE THE UNION!

Dissolve the Union ! Who would part The chain that binds us heart to heart? Each link was forged by sainted sires Amid the Revolution's fires; And cooled-oh, where so rich a flood, In Warren's and in Sumter's blood.

Dissolve the Union! Be like France When "Terror" teared her bloody lanee, And Man became destruction's child, And woman, in her passions wild, Danced in the life-blood of her Queen, Beside the dreadful guillotine!

Dissolve the Union! Roll away The Spangled Flug of Glory's day; Blot out the history of the brave, And desecrate each Patriot's grave ; And then, above the wreck of years Quaff an eternity of tears.

Dissolve the Union! Can it be That they who speak such words are free ! Great God! Did any die to save Such sordid wretches from the grave-When breast to breast, and brand to brand, Our patriot father's freed the land !

Dissolve the Union! Ho! Forbear! The sword of Damöcles is there; Cut but the hair and earth shall know, A daker, deadlier tale of wo, Than Hist'ry's crimson page has told, Since Nero's car in blood e'er rolled,

Dissolve the Union ! Speak, ye hills, Ye everlasting mountains cry: Shrick out, ye streams and mingling rille, And occañ roar in agony : Dead Heroes ! leap from Glory's soil ! And shield the manor of your God!

SIMEON AND WESLEY.

The following occurrence is narrated by Dobbin, in reference to an interview between

Simeon and John Wesley : Three or four years after Simeon, whose name has simce become sacred in the annals of the Church of Christ, was ordained, this young minister had an opportunity of conversing with the founder of Arminian Methodism; wishing to improve the opportunity to the utmost, he began to question him

" Sir, I understand you are called an Arminian: now I am sometimes called a Cal-vinist, and therefore, I suppose, we are to draw daggers. But, before we begin to combat, with your permission, I will ask you a few questions, not from impertinent cariosity, but for real instruction. Pray, sir, do you feel vourself a depraved creature-so deprayed that you would never have thought of turning unto God it God had not put it into your heart ?"

"Yes," said the veteran, "I do, indeed." "And do you utterly despair of recommending yourself to God by anything that you can do, and look for salvation solely through the blood and righteousness of Christ?" "Yes, solely through Christ."

" But, sir, supposing you were first saved by Christ, are you not some how or other to save yourself afterwards, by your good works? "No; I must be saved by Christ from first " Allowing, then, that you were first turned

by the grace of God, are you not in some way or other, to keep yourself by your own power?" "What, then, are you to be upheld every hour and every moment by God, as much as

"Yes; altogether." " And is all your hope in the grace and mercy of God to preserve you unto his heavenly kingdom !"

an infant in its mother's arms?"

"Yes; I have no hope but in him." " Then, sir, with your leave, I will put up

my dagger again; for this is my Calvinism; this is my election, my justification, my final perseverance. It is, in substance, what I hold, and as I hold it; and therefore, if you please, instead of searching out terms and phrases to be a ground of contention between us, we will cordially unite in those things wherein we agree."

A SESSIBLE MAN .- The Hon, John M. Botts, in declining to accept a challenge from R. A. Pryor, Esq., to fight aduel, makes the following sensible remarks a Your life could not be the value of a pip's

point to me, and I am sure I should derive no comfort from making your wife a widow or

A BUENOS AVREAN DURLLIST .- In the city dog has been killed with the sixth part of a But the man raised the gun and fired at of Bucnos Avres, D. Ducio Mancilla, a memminutes. It is odorless, but so intensely dear baby quite safe and smiling as if it were has been sentenced to three years' banishment from the province, and at the end of that period will only be allowed to return upon Yes, the poor lady was very ill afterward, giving bonds of \$100,000 current money not