

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1878

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

We have noticed with much satisfaction that in all the municipal conflicts fought out with more or less vigor on the first Monday of this month, the Democrats held their own; but only held their own, but in place, Goldsboro for instance, made substantial gains over Republican opposition; not only that, but in some places, Raleigh for instance, gave independents such a lesson as may serve as a quietus.

We take this as an indication of the temper of the people everywhere, to treat the independents as "neither fish nor fowl nor good red herring," but as neutrals, without political virility or political consideration; men working neither for party, people or country, but only for self; full of bouffant promise, barren of useful performance; vain, mercenary, untrustworthy; conscious of duplicity, always ready to sell out to the opposition; faithless to party fealty, compelled to seek companionship with former foes.

We hope that the manifestations of the municipal elections is a foreboding of what independents are to expect in the county and State elections. The condition of country is such that it is easy to impose upon the people, so long suffering and relief so long postponed; and it is easy for independents to pretend an ability to do what strict party discipline has not yet effected. But let the people have yet a little more patience. In this State the legacies of radical rule are yet upon us. They cannot be disposed of in a day. And in the National Government it is still worse, because the Democratic party has control only of one wing of a single one of the three co-ordinate branches of the Government. Remember, that what has been done towards amelioration is the work of the Democratic party. Whatever tends to the maintenance of high taxes, to oppressive internal revenue exactions, to derangement of finances, to scarcity of currency, they are the work of the Republicans. They not only do not try to give relief, they glory in adding burdens. The Democratic party proposes and urges measures which will give relief if they can be carried out.

Independents thwart the Democratic party. They give aid and comfort to the Republican party. Down with the independents.

THE TOBACCO TAX.

We are glad to be able to say this much on this vexed subject. On Monday, the 6th, a motion to suspend the rules to take up the bill to reduce the tax on tobacco—the motion being so made, as the bill did not come up in its regular course on the calendar,—failed to receive the requisite two thirds majority, but the vote stood 120 to 115; and as the bill, when taken up, will not need a two thirds vote to pass it, its passage by the House at least may be regarded as certain. And it is believed it will gain strength by discussion of its merits, and may go from the House with such strength as to impress even a hostile Senate with favor.

Before this goes to press, it is possible further action will be had.

THE WORLEY MURDERERS.

We are glad to find that no sentimental consideration for human life operated in the above case, to make the customary appeal to the Supreme Court, the main object of which is only delay. The law was only too merciful that it permitted to them the forms of justice. The people were only too patient that they gave them longer hearing than they did their wretched victims. For the honor of our laws, we are glad they had every advantage of defence, and opportunity to disprove their guilt. For the honor of the people of Wayne, we are glad they did not take justice into their own hands.

But the trial being ended, and their inhuman guilt proven beyond the shadow of doubt, it would be an outrage on public feeling if any further shield were interposed between them and their doom. Let them perish, that hereafter crime may point to a warning.

The Constitution says the Democrats in Congress are getting to be extremely cautious about instituting an investigation into the Florida frauds. Caution is a quality to be greatly admired, and nobody could complain if the people exercise caution in sending some of those cautious Congressmen back. There are several kinds of caution.

With Stoughton at St. Petersburg, Kansas at Vienna, Noyes at Paris, and now Packard as Consul at Liverpool, the United States will have a first class Returning Board fraud representation abroad.

THE BANKRUPT LAW.

We notice though somewhat late, an article on the subject having been crowded out last week, the action of Congress upon the Bankrupt Act. It will be remembered that the bill for its repeal passed the Senate by an almost unanimous vote, and was then transmitted to the House for concurrence. The House passed the bill with some slight amendments, and sent it back to the Senate.

In the mean time the opinion of the U. S. Supreme Court in reference to the Homestead was promulgated and the sudden closing of these two avenues of relief to the debtor class occasioned very general alarm as it was seen to produce very wide spread distress. The prompt motion of Mr. Matthews to postpone the operation of the repeal until the first of January 1879 was discussed and was forcibly sustained by the two Senators from North Carolina, Ransom and Merrimon. The former especially made direct and effective appeal to the Senate, showing that his constituents had suddenly been deprived of a protection guaranteed to them by repeated decisions of their own Supreme Court, but now authoritatively pronounced invalid and unconstitutional by a tribunal of still greater powers; and that the combined operation of the repeal of the Bankrupt law, and the reversal of previous decisions of the Court of North Carolina were full of disaster to his people.

The resolution to refer the bill as amended by the House to the Judiciary Committee was adopted, and the Bankrupt bill is not yet the law of the land.

In another article in this issue, we referred to the efforts of our Senators Ransom and Merrimon to effect a postponement of the operations of the bill until the first day of January next. This was asked upon the supposition that those persons for whom the retroactive force of the Homestead had lost its virtues under the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court, might still obtain some measure of relief and yet secure their homesteads by taking the benefit of the bankrupt law, kept alive by the postponement of its final repeal for some months longer.

Our Senators telegraphed to the Raleigh dailies on the 6th inst., that Chief Justice Waite has recently decided a case in Virginia in which he declares that the provision of the bankrupt law making exemptions against old debts is unconstitutional. This will be maintained as the doctrine of the Supreme Court, and if this be the case, we fail to see what good will be accomplished by farther resistance to the repeal. All that was sought by delay was for the benefit of those prejudiced by the decision on the Homestead. Judge Waite's Virginia decision denies them that advantage, and nothing remains but to meet manfully the calamity attached to hopeless indebtedness. For we see no protection against the urgency of creditors if they are disposed to press their claims.

A Washington special to the Philadelphia Times says a new bonanza of evidence in the electoral matter has been discovered, which will create such a state of feeling as will render the passage of the quo warrantu bill certain. It begins to appear that the Tilden managers had something to do with the late interview in the World, and it is further asserted that the Judiciary committee will be placed in possession of information that will startle the country and force a re-opening of the presidential question.

With the opinion of Judge Waite before them, debtors should hesitate, if the bankrupt law is kept in force some time longer, to seek its help; for besides the costs its machinery entails it gives no aid in the way of extrication. In fact, it is jumping out of the trying pan into the fire.

Greensboro Patriot says the prospect of the repeal of the bankrupt act has increased the business of the bankrupt court in this district. We understand there were fourteen applications filed the past week.

The Courier Journal is worried at Butler's announcement that he is made in the image of his Maker.

LITTLE RIVER TOWNSHIP.

We are furnished by Mr. John Turner, Secretary of the township meeting held on Saturday for a report of the proceedings. We have only room for a list of the delegates which we give, to wit: John Terrell, W. W. Latta, Charles R. Wilson, L. W. Hall, G. C. Ray, A. L. Holden, John F. Lyon, John P. Lockhart, Wiley Gates and R. N. Hall; and the following were named as alternates: Thomas Hall, E. G. Wilson, H. Tilley, John Woods, F. R. Walker, H. Houtree, John Turner, Dr. John Henry R. Hill and Sam. Terry.

JOHN F. LYON, Chairman.

John Turner, Sec.

The friends of WILLIE T. PATTERSON propose his name for Superior Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Convention.

April the 17th

TOWNSHIP MEETING.

At a meeting of the voters of Hillsboro Township held in the Court House on Saturday, the 11th of May, the meeting was called to order by Joseph C. Webb, Chairman of the Ex. Com.

On motion W. B. Gordon was made Chairman, and C. G. Taylor and T. J. Freeland were requested to act as Secs.

Mr. Gordon, on taking the Chair, announced the object of the meeting which was to appoint delegates to the County Convention to be held in Hillsboro on Saturday the 18th inst., to nominate candidates for the Senate and House of Representatives, and County Officers.

Mr. Joseph Turner moved that the Chairman be authorized to appoint the delegates from Hillsboro township; the motion was put viva voce and lost; a division was then called for on the proposition; and upon a division the motion was again lost.

On motion of Mr. John W. Graham it was resolved that an election of delegates be had by ballot, which motion prevailed, and the following delegates were elected:

Arch Dickson, William Barron, D. M. Lewis, George Walker, D. T. Clark, John U. Hart, John W. Graham, J. Y. Adams, Prife Jones, S. G. Strayhorn.

On motion of Mr. J. W. Graham, it was resolved that upon the failure of any of the above named delegates to attend the County Convention, the next highest on the list of those voted for shall be declared eligible to fill such vacancy or vacancies.

The following gentlemen received the next highest votes after the ten who were declared duly elected; and their names are placed in the order of precedence of number of votes cast for them:

W. J. Freeland, S. U. Nelson, T. M. Check, J. J. Pratt, J. M. Blackwood, J. Check, J. E. Jones, C. F. Crabtree, W. R. Lynch, Jas. W. Riley.

On motion of the same gentleman, it was resolved that the Secretaries furnish credentials of appointment to those gentlemen declared elected by the meeting.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

W. B. GORDON, Chairman, C. G. Taylor, T. J. Freeland, Secretaries.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says: "The personal friends of Mr. Hayes will direct their efforts in case of investigation to enlarge the scope, so as to include various collateral questions the purpose being to protract the investigation that it may be made practically useless. The anti-administration Republicans will doubtless find it to their interest to assist in this plan of tactics. Rumors have been flying around for the last day or two to the effect that some astounding disclosures were to come from Louisiana, which would be of much more importance in invalidating Mr. Hayes' title than the Florida disclosures. Even if these statements could be traced to any responsible source, which so far has not been the case, it is questionable whether additional disclosures are needed to prove that which few people now care to deny."

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Eighty thousand dollars in silver certificates of the denomination of \$20, for issue in this city, were received at the Treasurer's office today from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. These will be the first certificates issued here. Very few silver certificates are being paid out for silver deposited, there being hardly any demand for them.

At the Cabinet meeting to-day the principal topic under consideration was Mexican affairs on the border. No new movements on the part of the government were determined on. Secretary McCrary showed several dispatches received within the last day or two from General Ord, indicating that affairs are assuming more peaceful aspects.

The British legation here is apprised of the dispatch to American waters, of three additional Russian steamships filled with Russian officers and sailors.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The President sends to the Senate to-day the nomination of Mr. Packard for United States Consul at Liverpool. This position has always been considered one of the most desirable in the gift of the government abroad. To accept it, however, will necessitate the withdrawal of Mr. Packard from all participation in Louisiana politics. This is what the anti-Packard wing of the Republican party of Louisiana want, and the President himself has for some reason been anxious to get Mr. Packard out of the country, as he long ago offered him the choice of several positions in the consular and diplomatic service. But with Mr. Packard it was the New Orleans collectorship or nothing. As Mr. Packard is now, however, broken, not only in spirit, but in pocket, it may be with him as with the apothecary in Romeo and Juliet. Packard succeeds Lucius Fairchild, of Wisconsin, who is transferred to the consular-generalship at Paris, Alfred T. A. Torbert, of Delaware, having been recalled from the last named city. He was appointed to that position about seven years ago, and was previously consul general at Havana. The salary of each consularship is \$6,000 per annum. The fees, however, are very large.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The committee of the two houses on the revision of the laws for the election of President and Vice-President held a joint meeting to-day, and after considerable discussion, the constitutional amendment proposed by the House committee was rejected. This amendment proposed to elect by popular vote and to allow each candidate a fraction of the State vote in proportion to his popular vote. The House committee adopted a substitute for the Senate bill, the principal feature of which is that in controversies arising over the selection of electors the decision of the State shall stand unless changed by action of both Houses of Congress. The original bill made the decision of the State absolute and final. This change is acceptable to several Senators on the committee at least, and the indications are that the substitute will be adopted at the next meeting.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

St. Petersburg, May 6.—The Journal de St. Petersburg says the proper interpretation to give to Count Schouvaloff's visit to this city is that the Anglo-Russian negotiations have reached a more precise phase.

LONDON, May 6.—Twelve hundred Martini Henri rifles have been ordered to be shipped to Malta immediately, probably for the Indian contingent.

It is stated that a national convention will be called in London to protest against war should the government take further measures likely, in the opinion of the Liberals, to lead to war.

The statements of Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the House of Commons last evening, are regarded as re-assuring. It is also thought that the visit of Count Schouvaloff, Russian ambassador at London, to St. Petersburg, cannot be otherwise than in the cause of peace, as he can explain the temper and views of the English government and people more effectively than could be done in correspondence. A change in public opinion of Russia in a peaceful direction is said to be very marked, and to be a recognition of the serious consequences that would inevitably result from a new war.

The czar is personally directing the negotiations with the assistance of Baron Jomainsi. The czar's predilections are entirely in favor of peace.

HAMBURG, May 6.—A London dispatch says the basis of the arrangement which the powers desired to submit to the czar has been agreed upon. The arrangement is separated into five divisions. The first proposes that the two regions of Bulgaria situated north of the Balkans, shall be ceded to Russia, and stipulates that the Southern portion of Bulgaria shall remain to a great extent under the authority of the Sultan; the second relates solely to Asiatic consumption, which it is proposed shall be reduced to a minimum; the third relates to the straits question, and will be arranged hereafter; the fourth demands a definitive settlement of the war indemnity; and the fifth division it is proposed that both Thessaly and Epirus shall be secured for the right of self-government, thus securing for them the protection of Europe and their national independence.

It seems to be the general impression that Prince Gortschakoff will not be able to resume the chancellorship.

The present endeavors are stated to be directed to securing such an understanding between England and Russia as will permit the assembling of the congress without the certainty of failure. To this end direct communications are passing between the two governments with a view to ascertaining what modifications in Europe and Asia would render the San Stefano treaty acceptable. Without such an understanding these will be no congress.

LONDON, May 11.—The negotiations for the surrender of Iotracene and the withdrawal of the Russian army from Constantinople are reported to be progressing favorably.

A Times Belgrade despatch reports that Bosnia is in a state of great agitation. The insurrection spreading, and the insurgents force all the christians to join them or burn their villages.

The news from Vienna is generally warlike, and seems to indicate that Austria does not regard her prospects improved by the peaceful turn of negotiations between England and Russia.

LONDON, May 11.—A dispatch to Reuters telegram company from Berlin says: Emperor William was returning from a drive with the Grand Duchess of Baden, several reports from a revolver were fired at him in avenue Union Denuniden. No one was hurt. The person who fired the shots was arrested.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The House spent the day discussing the bill reported from the committee on Commerce to regulate internal transportation on railroads and to prohibit discrimination in freight. No result was reached.

HOMESTEADS FOR SALE.

Wool Carding NEAR Oaks, Orange County, N. C.

OUR Machines are new in splendid order, and we are prepared to do work that cannot be excelled in the State.

We have a Burrer and Picker attached to our Machine, thereby saving the labor of Packing and Burring your Wool before bringing us it for Carding. Grease furnished if desired.

It is important that Wool should be washed and greased, before being brought to the Machine, using one pound of Grease to Ten lbs of wool.

OUR TERMS:—Those bringing Wool, will be charged Eight cents per pound, or one Fifth of the Wool.

Colored Wool will be charged Ten cents if brought to the Machine. Those sending it more convenient to do so can leave their Wool at D. A. SUGGS, Hillsboro; or with FRED C. THOMPSON, and W. U. FOWLER & Bro, Mohamawville.

We will receive it at either of these places and return of Ten cents per pound for white, and Twelve and a half cents for colored wool. Work executed with dispatch.

M. W. MOORE & CO., Oaks, N. C.

NOT SOLD YET.

MY STREAM WOOL CARDING MACHINE NEAR CEDAR GROVE, ORANGE CO. N. C.

ARE now in splendid order, and I am prepared to do work that cannot be excelled. I have a Burrer and Picker attached to my Machine, thereby saving the labor of Packing and Burring your Wool before bringing it for Carding. It is important that the Wool should be washed and greased before being brought to the Machine, using one pound of Grease to Ten pounds of wool.

TELEMS:—White Wool, Eight cents or one Fifth of the Wool. Colored Wool Twelve and a half cents. I will bring Wool rolls at 50 cents per pound. I will take in exchange for carding Corn, Wheat or Barley.

Thankful for past favors, and fully prepared to merit them in the future, I cordially ask a continuance of the patronage of the generous and appreciative public. ALEXANDER WILKERSON, Cedar Grove, May 6th.

HARDWARE STORE.

H. F. VASS & CO., SUCCESSOR TO HIKEY AND SUBLITT.

Main Street, Danville, Va.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in HARDWARE.

IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, TOOLS, AND COACH AND WAGON MATERIAL, Belkows, Anvils, Vices, etc.

GENUINE MALTA DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOWS FOR \$3.50.

KEEPING the LARGEST and most COMPLETE STOCK of BUILDER'S HARDWARE in Danville; we are able to fill orders promptly and at the lowest cash prices. We would call the special attention to Builders to this branch of our business if they would look to their own interest.

We also keep a large and assorted stock of DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, Marbleized Mantles, COOK AND HEATING STOVES.

Our Monumental Cook Stove is the largest and heaviest in the market, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. We also have a fine of Cheaper Cook Stoves. Agents for Dupont's Gun Powder.

Merchandise supplied at close figures. Give us a call. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us, we solicit a continuance of the same and promise our best efforts to please all who trade with us.

Feb 8 3rd. H. F. VASS & CO. Mr. GEO. W. MAYNARD is with this House and will be pleased to serve his friends.

JAMES W. BOYLE, C. HODELL IGLEHART.

Boyle & Iglehart, AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF THE HANNIS DISTILLING CO'S

Mount Vernon Hannisville Pure Rye Pure Rye

WHISKIES. IN-BOND AND TAX PAID.

And Importers of Brandies, Gins, Wines, &c.

DEALERS IN RYE WHISKIES, No. 42 West Lombard St., opposite U. S. Public Store, BALTIMORE.

March 23rd.

JAMES T. MOORE, A. A. THOMPSON.

MOORE & THOMPSON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Raleigh, N. C.

SPECIAL attention paid to the Sale of Cotton, Lard, Flour, Corn, Groceries, Hay, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c.

Consignments solicited. Highest prices obtained. Refer to—Citizens National Bank, mar. 20 3m. Raleigh, N. C.

GRAVES' WAREHOUSE, DANVILLE, VA.

FOR THE Sale of Leaf Tobacco.

WM. P. GRAVES, Proprietor, March 6, 78.

NEEDS! NEEDS! NEVER EXCELLED! ALLISON & ADDISON'S, STAR BRAND.

COMPLETE MANURE FOR TOBACCO STANDARD GUARANTEED.

WE are making what we believe to be the best Commercial Fertilizer for Tobacco in the market. It will be to your interest to use it on your crop this year.

BECASE it is made by experienced and responsible men, of the best material, it is, and in the most thorough and careful manner.

BECASE it is RICH in Ammonia, Soluble Phosphate, and a ELEGANT Phosphate of Lime derived from bones of animals.

BECASE its action is PROMPT, Continuous, and Lasting. It starts the plant quickly and sustains it to maturity.

BECASE it is a renovator of worn out lands, and the general verdict is: "It will fit its name perfectly." "A Complete Tobacco Manure." "The best I ever used."

Prices as low and terms as liberal as those of any other Standard, high Grade Fertilizers. We solicit your patronage.

ALLISON & ADDISON, Manufacturers of THE STAR BRAND COMPLETE MANURES, Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Petersburg, VA.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! WE beg to call the special attention of our friends in North Carolina, to our large assortment of all varieties of FIELD and GRASS SEEDS, which are pure and of the best quality, and for an agricultural annual descriptive of these grasses, Orders and correspondence solicited, on all subjects connected with our business, ALLISON & ADDISON, mar 1 1v. Richmond, Va.

George Gibson, Jr., Successor to KELLOGG & GIBSON, Importer and Dealer in China, Glass, Queensware, AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, No. 1207 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA. sept. 19 1y.

A FINE PICTURE FREE to every lady who sends us 50 cents for a package of Canton Wash Blue. Pronounced the best bluing ever made.

NOVELTY COMPANY, Mt. Airy, N. C.

FARM IMPLEMENTS

Farm and Road Wagons, FARMERS FRIEND PLOWS, OLIVERS CHILLED PLOWS, YOUNG AMERICA Corn & Cob Mills, Indispensable to every feeder of Stock. METAL LINED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS. PATENT WELL FIXTURES. The Celebrated HORIZONTAL CHURN. Circulars and Price lists of this Churn sent to any address.

Magic Cockle Screens, The only implement which will take the Partridge Pea, and take out of Wheat, Smith's Patent Straw Cutters, Plow Castings.

For all the leading Plows, in use. Smooth, tough, and well fitting. Liberal Terms &c. to the Trade. Catalogues promptly mailed.

TOBACCO FACTORY FIXTURES. We make Tobacco Shelves, Bins, Bands, Tins, Plates &c. in the best manner and fully warrant all our work. Correspondence solicited, and estimates for work promptly furnished.

H. M. SMITH & CO., P. O. Box 8 Richmond, Va. Nov. 22.

H. MAHLER, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF Gold and Silver Ware, MASONIC JEWELRY, HAIR JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c. Watch Repairing and Engraving promptly executed. Seals, etc., made to order. RALEIGH, N. C. march 28. Opposite the Market Place.

John H. Tyler & Co., Successors to MITCHELL AND TYLER, 1045 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated Ware, GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES, WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner.

HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER. Prompt attention paid to orders by mail or otherwise. Oct. 21 1v.

T. H. BRIGGS & SONS, BRIGGS' BUILDING RALEIGH, N. C. DEALERS IN HARDWARE, WAGON & BUGGY MATERIAL, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, BELTING, FARMERS SUPPLIES, LIME & CEMENT, BEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES, SQUARE DEALING, WRITE FOR PRICES.

Mrs. Mattie Taylor, MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER, At the house formerly occupied by J. R. Galt.

I am now receiving her SPIRIT SUPPLY OF MILLINERY Fancy Goods and Notions. Comprising a stock large, more varied and more beautiful than any she has ever had, and offering inducements to the ladies of Hillsboro and surrounding country which will be their choice, and make it worth their while to call on her.

TERMS CASH, at the lowest possible rates. She is receiving weekly the latest novelties in Millinery from the best houses, with patterns to the highest recognized standards of taste. Her style is in all the latest-making ready every hat. march 29 11.