THE PATRIOT.

P. F. DUFFY, EDITOR.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WEDNESDAY. JAN. 22. 1873.

Renew Your Subscriptions.

Quite a number of subscriptions to the PATRIOT have expired. We have marked the papers to indicate it. We would be pleased to have all such renew immediately, and send in the amount of subscription, as we make out a new list and will erase the names of those who are not paid up for the coming year.—We have resolved on the *cash* system as far as subscriptions go, and an experience of several years here and elsewhere has taught us that it is the only way to avoid heavy loss.

Something to Think About.

There is a manifest desire on the part of the people, and the people's representatives at Raleigh, to make some arrangement about our State debt that will relieve us from the onerous burdens under which we are now struggling.

Sundry propositions have been made at different times during the sittings of the last and present Legislature, and all made in good faith, no doubt. Among these propositions is one which is up again, which suggests the disposing of the State's interest in her internal improvements—taking her out-standing bonds in payment for the same.

This question has two sides to it; its advantages and disadvantages, and it should meet with due and deliberate consideration before any action be taken. We know we are restive under the burdens that oppress us, but we should not act hastily, and for temporary relief do that which we may ever have cause to regret.

The object of the State in making appropriations to these internal improvements was a good one; it was to develop our resources and utilize our vast powers, and if the object had been carried out in good faith we would to-day have one of the most flourishing and inviting States over which the American flag floats. But sharpers, speculators and thieves got hold of the helm and run us into the mud and here we are up to our eyes; but to get out of the mud we shouldn't rush into the quick-sand.

To illustrate with a case in point we take the Fayetteville Railroad, which was intended to be constructed from Fayetteville to Greensboro. The building of this road would develop one of the finest coal, iron and other mineral sections in the known world, and at once bring it into the market. To give our readers an idea of the importance and the immense wealth locked up in the bosom of the section referred to we quote a brief part of the report made by Geo. H. Elliott, Chief of the Corps of Engineers appointed by the government in 1871, to make a survey of the Cape Fear and Deep River:

"The entire country drained by the Deep River comprises an area of 1000 square miles, affording an abundant supply of water for a slack-water navigation, and for mill purposes. It is subject to extensive freshets, which overflow the banks of the lower portion, at times to a depth of 10 or 12 feet, doing much injury to the crops and farms in the immediate vicinity of the river. The portion of the Deep River country which came within the scope of the survey contains some fine farms, yielding a surplus of grain, which is manufactured into flour and transported to Fayetteville or Raleigh.

The principal claim of this country to notice, however, is its wealth in minerals, particularly in coal and iron, which are very abundant, but, owing to a want of transportation, the mines have, up to the present time, remained almost entirely undeveloped. The extent of the coal-fields has been accurately defined by Prof. E. Emmons, in a geological survey made under authority of the State of North Carolina.

In his report of 1852, he estimates them to cover an area of ninety square miles, and to contain, at the very lowest estimate, 258,000,000 tons easily workable. The coal is bituminous in character, and has been proved by analysis and actual trial to be of superior quality. Previous to 1850 a shaft was excavated at Egypt to a depth of 460 feet, and a considerable quantity of coal taken out, but the proprietors having no means of getting it to market were compelled to suspend operations—By the recent completion of the Chatham Railroad from Raleigh, there is now continuous railroad communication between Egypt and the sea-board at Norfolk, and the company who own the shaft have made preparations to resume operations, but it is doubtful whether the high rates of freight on the railroad will admit of the mine being worked profitably.

The principal deposit of iron-ore is found about nine miles from the Gulf, in a hill known as Ore Knob, which is elevated some 300 feet above the surrounding country, and covers about 300 acres. A massive vein of valuable ore appears to bisect it. Valuable seams of black band ore are also found, accompanying the coal-seams. Nine miles below Haywood, at Buckhorn, on the east bank of the Cape Fear, is a large ore-hill, covering some 300 acres, which is said to contain a solid vein of nearly pure per-oxide of iron, 8 feet in width."

This will give some idea of the immense resources of this Deep River valley which would be opened to enterprise and capital by the completion of this road. The interest the State has in it, about one million dollars we believe, is a mere shadow when compared with the princely profit to be realized from the completion of the work.

Unless we are misinformed there is a deliberate effort on foot, by interested parties belonging to rival corporations, at the head of which is the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company, to throttle this enterprise—secure the bonds—thus get control of the stock and kill the work forever. Whether they can sufficiently control the Legislature to carry out this scheme or not we don't know, but we do know that the last Legislature permitted Mr. Hawkins to violate his charter and run his road, which was originally chartered to go through the coal-fields, by a different route, one which was never contemplated, leaving the coal-fields out in the cold. His object is to get a through route South and kill all other roads which may come in competition with his own.

Right here we ask the serious attention of our representatives, and we ask them to see that for a fancied temporary relief they do not put the knife to the throat of our State and become privy to her assassination.

Let it be the care of the State's guardians in the Legislature to see that if a bill should pass selling out her interest in our internal improvements, that a clause be inserted *requiring the completion, within a reasonable period, of these works as contemplated by their charters.*

This will prevent the purchase with a view to their destruction and perhaps facilitate their completion.

With this road completed from Fayetteville here, or rather from Egypt, (a break of 50 miles, which could easily be done,) the Deep River valley would become the seat of enterprises that would add millions to the wealth of the State, and enrich the people of that entire section.

We know that capitalists have purchased large tracts with the view to working mines extensively when facilities to reach the markets are open to them, and we know that others only hesitate because there are no such facilities and they fear the very thing against which we now offer our warning; but, if they had hope that this road would be finished in a reasonable time they would hesitate no longer.

The State at large is interested in this, but more especially the Deep River region, and we call on our representatives to see that they do not inflict a mortal wound, to be relieved from a temporary ailment.—Commit suicide to get rid of a tooth ache.

The Legislature.

Since the re-assembling of the Legislature quite a number of special bills have been introduced and passed. Charters for a seaboard railroad from New York to Charleston; a road from Baufort west, to connect with the Southern Pacific, and other railroad charters have led to lengthy discussions and consumed much time. The Radicals are making a big effort to have the disabilities of that arch sinner, Holden, removed, so that he may have a chance to be re-elected by the negroes of the State and play the petty tyrant again.

Mr. Gorman has introduced a bill to repeal the usury laws which will give the members a chance to tell us what they know about finances. This is a measure of vital importance to the people. There are other bills of importance in reference to the State debt, constitutional amendments, &c., before committees, which have not been reported yet.

☞ Cool! At Sparta, Wisconsin, last Saturday it was 45 degrees below zero, so cold that the mercury froze in the thermometer.

At Lacrosse it was 31, and at Minneapolis, Minnesota, 34.

No need of freezing ice-cream there by artificial process.

☞ Richmond has established a tobacco exchange, which proposes to do the selling for manufacturers instead of sending to commission merchants North. This is just exactly what should have been done years ago.

E. M. Holt has purchased six-sevenths of the cotton factory of Newlin & Sons, on Haw River.

Orin Mercer, colored, who was executed at Tarboro last Friday for the murder of his child, didn't like to be hanged and tried to starve himself to death, persistently refusing food for twelve days. He finally came to the conclusion to eat and die as the law prescribed.

Another disease, known as the spinal menningetis, has made its appearance among the horses of New York.

Not Much on the Surrender.

We present the following correspondence as something decidedly rich, and as rather a good joke on Tod. R. C., to whom the won't-surrender Prof. owes his office, having been appointed to the position by the present gubernatorial incumbent. It will be remembered that the death of Mr. Reid left a vacancy in the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, the appointment to which was offered by Gov. Caldwell to Prof. Phillips, of Davidson College, who declined.

It was then offered to Kemp P. Battle, who accepted, whereupon the following correspondence ensued:

RALEIGH, Jan. 15th, 1873.

Hon. Alex. McIver, Raleigh:

DEAR SIR: Having received from His Excellency, Gov. Caldwell, a commission appointing me Superintendent of Public Instruction of the State of North Carolina, and taken the oath required by law, I respectfully notify you that I will be ready to take charge of the office on tomorrow.

Having derived great pleasure, as well as profit, from the perusal of your exceedingly able report to the present General Assembly, I hope, and from our friendly relations, believe, that, you will continue to aid me with your valuable counsels.

Truly Yours,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
Sup. of Pub. Instruction.

OFFICE SUP'T PUB. INSTRUCTION,
Raleigh, N.C., Jan. 16, 1873.

Hon. Kemp P. Battle:

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th instant, giving notice of your appointment by His Excellency, Gov. Caldwell.

Assured as I am, from an acquaintance with you of more than twenty years, of your eminent fitness for the duties of the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, I would cheerfully surrender the office to you, if I believed that my term of office had expired, or that the commission under which you claim is legal.

By the first section of Art. 3 of the State Constitution the term of office of all officers of the Executive departments shall commence on the first day of January next after their election and continue until their successors are *elected and qualified.* By section 13 of the same Article: If the office of any of said officers shall be *vacated* by death, resignation, or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Governor to *appoint* another until the disability be removed, or his successor be *elected and qualified.*

An officer is one who is invested with an office. Mr. Reid had not been invested with the office, and therefore he was not an officer. The office of Superintendent of Public Instruction never became the office of Mr. Reid, and therefore it was not *vacated* by his death or otherwise. The Constitution continues the term of the present incumbent and no vacancy has occurred. It is reasonable that the Constitution should designate the person, if it has a suitable person on hand, to continue in office, in case the person elected dies or refuses to qualify; and the Constitution of North Carolina does this very thing. It continues the term of the incumbent until his successor is *elected and qualified.* No vacancy occurred, and His Excellency had no authority to grant the commission to which you refer, and for that reason the commission is null and void.

I, therefore, most respectfully decline to surrender to you the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Sincerely yours,
ALEXANDER MCIVER,
Supt. of Pub. Instruction.

Now here's a chance for a little law suit and an illustration of how tenaciously these Radicals cling to an office even as small as that—They are like rats; when they once get in it is the very mischief to get them out.

We don't know much about Mr. McIver, but this looks rather like going back on the man who put him in.

His pretended argument is a mere quibble that can't hold the test, for it is not the mere language, but also the *intent* of the law which will come into question, and it is certainly not the intent that he should remain in office forever, if candidates elect persist in dying.

The young folks of Greensboro have "storm" (!) parties and the *Patriot* gives notice of them several days in advance.—Charlotte *Observer.*

You see we have been consulting "old Probabilities," and that's how we keep posted on those "storms" in advance. The weather bureau is a big thing.

L. V. Bogy beat Frank Blair for the U. S. Senatorship from Mo.

60,000 attended the funeral of Napoleon at Cheslehurst.

Chas. Wheaton is the Democratic and Liberal nominee for U. S. Senator from New York.

The Commission sent by England to bring supplies to Dr. Livingstone in Africa, have found the old gentleman, who keeps jogging along.

Mrs. Lydia Sherman, of New Haven, poisoned a couple of husbands and a half dozen children because she thought they would be "better off."

"Olina," a lady residing in Iredell county, writes a very pretty and a very tragic story in the last number of the Statesville *Intelligencer.*

STATE ITEMS.

Temperance.—We are not a temperance man in a strict literal sense, but a firm advocate of the principle, and therefore call the attention of the young men to the following exhibit for their own good:

Three drinks a day at 15 cents a drink, will cost 45 cents a day, or $3.15 a week, including Sundays, or $12.60 a month, or $151.20 a year. Three "good" cigars a day will cost the same. At the end of the year, what has the moderate drinker and moderate smoker to show for his money? The amount wasted for these dangerous luxuries (?) would pay the premium on a very handsome life insurance policy.—*Raleigh News.*

Bold Robbery.—One of the boldest robberies which ever occurred in this section, was perpetrated in this town on Monday last. A negro, whose name we failed to learn, was offering a pistol for sale on the streets for $10. Mr. Willis Jarman, who lives about six miles from town, told him he would take the pistol at that price, and pulled out the money when the negro snatched it from his hand and ran off making good his escape. Mr. Jarman could not get out a warrant for the arrest of the negro, as no one knew who he was. People should be on their guard for such scoundrels.—*Pee Dee Herald.*

Another Fire in Wilmington.—Another fire occurred in Wilmington on Thursday morning last, originating in the warehouse near the foot of Castle St., the property of Robert Henning, Esq., in which were 40 barrels of spirits of turpentine belonging to G. G. Baker & Co., extending to the cooper shop adjoining, thence to the Messrs. Bakers' yard in which were upwards 3,000 barrels of rosin and 80 to 125 cords of wood belonging to the Gas Company. All this property was destroyed. Loss upwards of $14,000, half covered by insurance.

Horribly Unfortunate Affair in Yancey.—Last Sunday evening a Mr Moore, residing in Yancey county, got into an affray with a Mr. Brackens, of the same county, about some geese, and the latter stabbed the former, from which he died next day. Brackens has fled the country. Moore is said to have been a desperate character. Geese saved the people of Rome once, what a pity they could not save Moore!

The Saturday before, a difficulty occurred between a Mr. Washburn, and a Mr. Boon of the same county, in which Washburn was shot and killed This was considered justifiable, by the magistrate.—*Raleigh Sentinel.*

Col. David Settle.—Yesterday we were glad to see this gentleman in his seat in the House of Representatives. The Colonel has been detained from his post since the recess by illness. The good people of Rockingham may well congratulate themselves upon having two such efficient representatives as Messrs. Settle and Johns.—*Raleigh News.*

In Wilmington, on Thursday night, Captain Jake Williams was assailed by a robber who attempted to club him. The Captain closed with his assailant and fixed his teeth in his throat. The rascal was glad to shake his intended victim off and betake himself to flight without accomplishing anything.

It is estimated that there are 1,300 children in Wilmington to be benefited by the proposed free schools, and the estimated cost to run them is $7 000 per annum.—The aid from the Peabody fund and from the State will amount to $6,500, and the city is expected to make up the balance.

Murderer Executed.—Orren Mercer, col., was executed at Tarboro, on Thursday last, for the murder of his own infant child. Some fifty or sixty persons were present. The culprit persisted to the last in asserting his innocence.

Cuthbert, of the New York *Herald,* has been to Tarboro, to "do up" the hanging of the child murderer Mercer. If the sheriff did his part as well as Cuthbert can do his, Mercer was well hanged.

A genuine elk was killed the other day at Shell Landing, on the Roanoke river by Mr. W. R. Williams.

Capt. J. H. Hemphill, formerly of Person county was killed recently by an accident on the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad.

Some $1200 have been subscribed by the citizens of Wilmington in aid of the proposed Jewish Synagogue.

The store of Mr. Thomas Wright, Wilmington, was robbed of $8 in money and a lot of fine hats on Friday night.

A large number of cattle were drowned in the Roanoke river during the recent freshet.

Elizabeth City has now a population of 4.000. Two years ago it was less than 1,500.

The dwelling house and kitchen of Mr. Paul, Person county, was recently destroyed by fire.

There is five persons in the Halifax jail. Two for murder, one for forgery and two for larceny.

Small-pox has entirely disappeared from the neighborhood of Weldon.

IMPORTANT.—A bill has passed the House of Representatives, in the Congress of the United States, on yesterday, repealing the Bankrupt Law. If it passes the Senate, which it probably will, it will put an end to the bankrupt act, so that they who contemplate seeking the relief afforded by it have no time to lose in filing their petitions.

India has been visited by a terrible earthquake, by which 1500 lives were lost in one town alone.

A healthy toad will live from 35 to 40 years. If he dissipates, not quite so long.

Correspondence of Patriot.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18, 1873.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

Senator Morton made his promised speech yesterday on the defects of the present electoral system, and had his resolution passed instructing the committee on privileges and elections to examine the subject and submit a remedy. So far as abolishing the cumbersome machinery of electoral colleges there is a general hearty concurrence; but with regard to the direct vote for President there is considerable doubt as to its wisdom notwithstanding its seeming fairness. As Mr. Trumbull remarked, "this is not a Democracy; it is a Republic, and it never was intended that the majority should rule in everything; if this was once commenced it would end in despotism."

The committee to which this question has been referred is composed of Morton, chairman; Carpenter, Anthony, Logan, Alcorn, Hill and Trumbull. In the prosecution of the matured and settled plan of centralization determined on by the Administration and endorsed by the Radical party, the first four of the committee will go to any extreme, and we may be sure that any measures recommended by them will be, directly or indirectly, the means of perpetuating Radical rule.

SLOOPS OF WAR.

From the vote yesterday on taking up the House bill for building six sloops of war on Monday, the indications are, that the bill will pass, though it is thought that the Senate will amend it by increasing the number to ten as originally reported from the House Naval Committee. The ship-building interest is pleased with the bill as it gives the Secretary of the Navy authority to allow private ship-builders to compete with the Government yards in the construction of the vessels.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The very important question of the union of the telegraph with the postal service will be considered in the Senate next week, upon a bill and report that received the unanimous vote of the Senate Post Office Committee. It is claimed that the beneficial results of this union are that facilities will be greatly increased by making all post office on or near telegraph circuits, postal telegraph offices. This will give from 5,000 to 8,000 new offices without discontinuing any old ones. The rates will be reduced one-half, and the length of the message increased over 80 per cent. and for 25 cents a message of 25 words can be sent at night 1,000 miles. The rates to the press will be reduced to as great an extent, and for 75 cents 100 words can be sent 500 miles. The system will be in harmony with the mail service, letters and telegrams being received and delivered through the post office, transmitted between offices by contractors, owning and operating lines of railroad or telegraph, at rates fixed by Congress. This plan will give cheap telegraphy without cost to the Government, as the postage of five cents, to be paid on each telegram, will cover all expenses. I find that many Democratic members of Congress favor this measure—some on its own merits, and others because they believe, if this plan is not now adopted, Government telegraph will be forced upon the country next year, and every Democratic member prefers this plan to that. From present indications this bill will be acted on and passed in a short time, and on account of its being a stopper of Creswell's pet scheme—Government telegraph—it will most probably receive the almost entire Democratic vote.

CREDIT MOBILIER.

This investigation still continues, but has not as yet developed any direct complicity on the part of members nor any thing that will fasten an attempt at bribery on Oakes Ames, though the public are well aware that he never sold Credit Mobilier Stock at par to Members of Congress simply for love of them, but the old fox was too smart to be caught by an investigation drag net. A number of Members of Congress have been before the committee and told their little Credit Mobilier stories. Hon. James Brooks bought stock for his son-in-law. Hon. John A. Bingham bought for himself, as did Ex-Congressman Boyer, of Pennsylvania, who claims that he did what he had a right to do. If Col. McComb does not fasten the charges down more clearly, as he has promised, there will be no member expelled nor probably even censured, the point in their favor being that legislation had not been influenced by the sale of the Credit Mobilier Stock, or at least so proven.

SENATOR HARLAN

has been a persistent advocate of the Union Pacific Railroad and has greatly belittled the charges made by Colonel McComb. The secret of all this has leaked out through the statement of Dr. Thos. C. Durant, who states that he gave $10,000 to assist Harlan, at that time Secretary of the Interior, to be elected United States Senator. The *Chronicle,* Harlan's paper, has been making spacious defences of the Senator for the past two days, while the *Republican,* the rival Grant bugle, has gone for him in a lively manner and proves that the money was furnished by the Railroad Company, and says:

"Men are creeping into the Senate as the mere agents and servants of corrupt and selfish corporations, whose only object is to rob and plunder the people," and that "the thieves and plunderers must be lashed out of the Capitol."

"When rogues fall out, honest men will get their dues," is a saying that will well apply to this pretty newspaper quarrel. When the *Republican* mounts the high horse of morality it usurps canting Harlan's position and is as much out of place as Zack Chandler would be among the Jonadabs.

FREEMANS BUREAU.

This electioneering machine is in a bad condition. Adjutant General Vincent reports that the records are in a wretched state of confusion, there being great discrepancies in the accounts, and he believes that claimants for bounty, arrears, &c., have been defranded. Will the saintly O. O. Howard, the father of the institution, rise and explain?

THE KANSAS SENATORIAL BRIBERY INVESTIGATION

has proven that both Clarke and Caldwell were in the market buying the votes of Members of the Legislature through their friends, and Caldwell won on account of having the largest purse. Of course nothing will be done in the matter. The Senate would indeed have a spasmodic fit of honesty to expel Caldwell for so small and usual apecadillo as purchasing a seat in the United States Senate.

TWO CENT LETTER POSTAGE

was unanimously recommended by the House Committee on post offices and post roads yesterday, and Mr. Farnsworth, the chairman, will prepare a bill at once and also to require prepayment on all printed matter, except weekly papers in counties where now printed, which will not be affected.

SAN DOMINGO.

The purchase or lease of Samana Bay, Santo Domingo, by an American company, and the more than Imperial power given them is only the annexation scheme of President Grant in another form, and that will be the ultimate result as is purposed.

GOVERNOR WARMOUTH

is en route for this city to give his testimony before the Louisiana investigating committee concerning the troubles in that State. He will have his trouble for his pains, as all the Governors in the land will not induce Congress to "go back" on the President.

IT ACTS LIKE A CHARM.—This is what we hear on all sides of Dr. Tutt's Expectorant. In cases of Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma and all diseases, it affords instant relief. It permeates the very substance of the Lungs and causes them to throw off all acrid matter. It is very pleasant to the taste. Children take it readily.

NEW YORK, August 31, 1869.

Dr. Wm. H. Tutt:

Sir—When in Aiken, last winter, I used your Expectorant for my cough, and found more benefit from it than any I have used, I took half a dozen bottles home with me, and have had to give some of it to my friends. Please send me one dozen by Express, C. O. D.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye imparts a natural color.

Ladies will find relief from their headache, costiveness, swimming in the head, colic, sour stomach, restlessness, etc., by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

Persons living in unhealthy localities may avoid all bilious attacks by taking a dose of Simmons' Liver Regulator occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action. It should be used by all persons, old and young. It is not unpleasant, is a purely vegetable compound, is not injurious to the most delicate constitution, and will keep the Liver in healthy action.

Tobacco Markets.

Greensboro.

Reported by
W. B. ELLISON.

No change in prices, but market very active and a better feeling.

Primings,	$1.50 a $4.50
LUGS.	
Dark, common to medium,	4.00 a 3.00
Bright, do do	5.00 a 8.50
good to fine,	9.00 a 13.00
Extra Smokers,	15.00 a 25.00
LEAF.	
Dark, common to medium,	5.00 a 7.00
good to fine,	6.00 a 8.00
Bright, common to medium,	7.10 a 10.00
Wrappers, com. to medium,	10.00 a 18.00
good to fine,	30.00 a 30.00
extra,	50.00 to 75.00

Richmond.

Review and Wholesale Price Current from Whig

Our revised quotations are:

BLACK.	
Lugs, common to medium,	$5.00 a $6.00
good to fine,	6.50 a 8.00
Leaf, common to medium,	8.50 a 11.50
good to fine,	11.50 a 14.00
BRIGHT.	
Lugs, common to good,	9.00 a 13.00
Leaf—com. to good fillers,	11.00 a 15.00
extra fillers,	16.00 a 20.00
extra smokers,	20.00 a 30.00
Wrappers, com. to medium,	12.00 a 15.00
good to fine,	16.00 a 20.00
med. to good bright	20.00 a 50.00
fine bright,	55.00 a 75.00

Danville.

Reported Weekly by Pace Bros. & Co.

Market active; increase in receipts and prices good. We quote:

Lugs—Very Common,	$5.50 to $7.00
" Good,	6.00 to 9.50
" Common Bright,	8.50 to 10.00
" Good "	12.00 to 20.00
" Fancy Smokers,	12.00 to 18.00
Leaf—Common Red,	8.00 to 9.00
" Good,	8.00 to 12.00
" " Rich Waxy,	12.00 to 20.00
" Common Bright,	15.00 to 20.00
" Good	20.00 to 30.00
" Fancy Wrappers,	40.00 to 70.00

We have no change in prices to report. Receipts have been fair during the past week and market animated.

Greensboro Price Current.

REVISED WEEKLY BY
JAMES SLOAN'S SONS,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Groceries, &c.

Breadstuffs—Flour, per sack,	3.50a4.50
Corn Meal, per lb.	1½a2
Grain—Wheat, per bushel,	1.60a1.75
Corn do	75a80
Oats do	40a50
Bacon—Hog round	10a12½
Lard—	12½a15
Beef—	5a8
Butter—	20a25
Eggs—	25
Chickens—	15a20
Dried Fruit—Apples, bright sliced,	4a7
do dark	2a4
Peaches, strictly prime,	12a14
do good to common	6a10
Blackberries,	7a8
Coffee—	25a30
Sugar—Brown,	11a15
Refined,	12a15
Tea—	1.00a1.75
Syrup—	28a65
Nails—per keg,	6.00a6.50
Iron—	6a7
Salt—Marshal, fline, per sack,	3.25a3.50
American-Liverpool,	2.00a2.55
Lime—per barrel,	2.00a2.25
Cement—per barrel,	4.00
Calcined Plaster—per barrel,	5.50
Wool—	40a45
Hides—Green,	7¾
Dry,	14a16
Potatoes—Sweet,	75a1.00
Irish,	75a1.00
Hay—In bales,	75a85
Loose,	60a76
Shucks—	65a75

FUR MARKET.

Carefully corrected each week by
W. S. MOORE.

Rabbit,	per dozen,	30 to 35
Coons,	each,	10 to 25
Gray Fox,	"	10 to 25
Red Fox,	"	50
Muskrat,	"	8 to 15
Cat,	"	5 to 10
Opossum,	"	5 to 10
Minks,	"	25 to 3.50
Otters,	"	50 to 6.00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Agents wanted for Cobbin's
Child's Commentator
On the Bible, for the home circle. 1,200 pages, 250 engravings. The best enterprise of the year for agents. Every family will have it. Nothing like it now published. For circulars address H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

BOOK AGENTS now at work, or looking for some new book, should write at once for circulars of the best selling books published. Extraordinary inducements offered. Superb premiums given away. Particulars free. Address QUEEN CITY PUBLISHING CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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NEW YORK OBSERVER!
The best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper.
$3 a year with the Jubilee Year Cook.
SIDNEY E. MORSE & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY.

TRICKS & TRAPS OF AMERICA.
Would you avoid being "Bit" by rogues, swindlers and humbugs? Read the "Star Spangled Banner." A large, illustrated 40-column 8 page paper, Ledger size.—Splendid stories, sketches, tales, poems, wit, humor, puzzles, recipes, &c. 11th year. $1 a year, with elegant PrangChromo, "Autumn Leaves," free to all. Only $1. Try it once. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents wanted. Outfit free. Specimens, &c., for 6 cents. Address "THE BANNER," Hinsdale, N. H.

OPIUM EATERS
If you wish to be cured of the habit, address T. E. CLARKE, M. D., Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

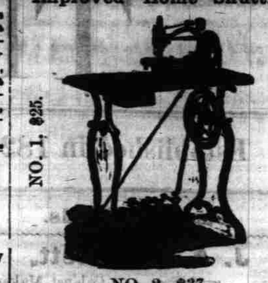
$5 TO $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

$1.000 REWARD.
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.

HOW, WHEN AND WHERE
TO
ADVERTISE.
SEE THE
ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE.
By Mail 25 cents.
Address G. P. ROWELL & CO.,
41 Park Row,
New York.
2X3:4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Improved Home Shuttle



NO. 2, $37.

SEWING MACHINE
Best Cheap Machine!

THE "Home Shuttle" makes the "Lock Stitch," and will not ravel.

Will do any work any high price machines will.

Every machine warranted for five years.

Agents wanted in territory not already taken.

1,000 sold in North Carolina in 1872.

D. G. MAXWELL,
Charlotte, N. C.,
General Agent of North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.

H. K. FULLER, Jackson Creek, Agent for Randolph, Davidson, Stanley, Montgomery, Richmond and Southern Guilford Counties. jan 8:1y-pd

GROVER AND BAKER
SEWING MACHINE.

J Why, Mrs. Smith, a new Sewing Machine?

S Oh, yes!

J What Machine is this?

S It is a "Grover and Baker."

J Do you like it?

S Like it! I think I do. It is the best Machine in the market. I wouldn't have any other.

J Where did you get it?

S I got it from Mr. Stratford, the agent, in Greensboro.

J Where is his office?

S It is on West Market Street, opposite Court House.

J Are there any other parties using them in Greensboro?

S Oh, yes! a great many. The principal mantua makers are, and have been, using them for a great many years. Some as many as 13 years.

J On what terms does he sell them?

S On the most liberal terms; for instance, a party goes to him and wants a Machine, and hasn't all the money, he will sell her one to be paid in monthly instalments, the first one in advance, and for cash he makes a discount of $5.

OFFICE ON
WEST MARKET STREET,
Opposite Court House.
jan 8:1y

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS!
AT
ODELL, RAGAN & CO.'S,
South Elm Street,
FRONT OF JAS. SLOANS' SONS.

WE would call the attention of the public to the fact that we have just opened our

New and Elegant Store.

Our stock of goods are entirely
NEW,
and we invite all to come and examine both goods and prices.

Our stock consists of Dry Goods,
GROCERIES,
Notions, Hardware, Crockery and Glassware Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Leather, Stationery, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Ready Made Clothing, &c.

In our
DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT
may be found a full line of best Black Alpacas, from 25 cents $1 40; also corded Colored and White Alpacas, Carlotta Satine, French Cords, Crepe DeMoussouls, Black Silks, Velveteens, best Opera Flannels, Red, White and Colored Flannels, Plaid, Linsy, Dress and Coat Lining of all descriptions, 10-4 Bleeching, a large stock of fine Brown and Bleached goods,

Sheeting, Yarns and Plaids
at factory prices.

A large lot of
TICKING.

All grades of Jeans, Cassimeres and Satinets, single and double widths

Doe Skins and Broad Cloths.
a full line of Salem goods, white goods of every descriptions, Table Linen, Turkish Bath and Linen Towels,

LADIES' & GENTS' SHAWLS,
Scarfs and Breakfast Shawls, Children's Shawls, Hoops, Balmoral and Boulevard Skirts,

1,500 Pairs Boots and Shoes,
Gent's fine and course Boots, youth's and boy's Boots, Ladies' Buff Grain Kid, Goat and Serge Shoes, Old Ladies' Shoes,—something new,—

The Very Thing for Old Ladies.

A large stock of
Provisions,
Lard, Fish, Flour and Meal, common and fine Syrups, Demerara Molasses, Kerosene Oil, Raw and Boiled Linseed Oils, Traine Oils, Varnishes, White Lead, Putty and Glass, Spirits Turpentine,
RIFLE & BLASTING POWDER,
Feuse, Shot and Lead.

Black, Green & Gunpowder Teas.

We would call especial attention to merchants that we are agents for
CEDAR FALLS, DEEP RIVER
and
RANDLEMAN
MANUFACTORY'S
Sheeting, Yarns and Plaids, and that they can buy of us at same prices as from the factories.

We also sell Salem Jeans at the factory prices, and in fact, we can sell all lines of goods as cheap as they can be bought in the State, and as cheap as they can be bought North, less the freight.

Thanking all our customers for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same, and shall endeavor at all times to give satisfaction to all.

Yours, Respectfully,
ODELL, RAGAN & CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.

Formerly ODELL & CO.,
High Point, N. C. jan 8:1y

Wheat Bran.
100 bushels Wheat Bran.
For sale by
JAMES SLOAN'S SONS.
January, 1873.

New Advertisements.

$100,000!

Buy a Ticket!

ONLY $5.00!

The directors of the
VUE DE L'EAU COMPANY
Having, for reasons already given to the public, deemed it judicious to postpone their
Grand Gift Concert
In aid of this new and delightful
Sea-Side Resort,
The undersigned take pleasure in announcing that the Concert will take place, without fail, on
Thursday, February 20th, 1873,
In the
OPERA HOUSE, NORFOLK, VA.
When the following magnificent gifts, amounting to
100,000 Dollars
Will be distributed by lot to the holders of tickets:

1 Gift, in Greenbacks, of	$ 5,000
5 Gifts, in Greenbacks, of $1,000 each,	5,000
20 Gifts, in Greenbacks, of $500 each,	10,000
75 Beautifully-located Cottage Lots, "by the sea," 30 by 130 feet, at Vue de L'Eau, valued at $400 each,	30,000
200 Other beautifully-located Cottage Lots, 25 by 130 feet, at Vue de L'Eau, valued at $200 each,	40,000
100 Gifts, in Greenbacks, of $100 each,	10,000
401 Gifts, valued at	$100,000

20,000 TICKETS ONLY $5 EACH

The distribution of Gifts will take place immediately after the Concert, on the vast stage of the Opera House, and in full view of the audience, under the immediate supervision of the President and Directors of the Vue de L'Eau Company, and the following distinguished gentlemen, who have kindly consented to be present and see that the gifts are properly distributed as advertised:

Hon. John R. Ludlow, Mayor of Norfolk.
Hon. A. S. Watts, Mayor of Portsmouth.
Col. Walter H. Taylor, of Norfolk.
Hon. John B. Whitehead, Ex-Mayor of Norfolk.
James G. Holladay, Esq., of Portsmouth.

The Board of Directors is composed of the following gentlemen, whose well known characters for integrity, honor, and public enterprise are so well known as to guarantee success, and a fair and impartial distribution of the gifts:

Major George W. Grice, President Bank of Portsmouth.
Col. William Lamb, President First National Bank, Norfolk.
Gen. V. D. Groner General Agent Boston Steamship Co.
Capt. Nathaniel Burruss, of Burruss, Son & Co., Bankers, Norfolk.
Washington Reed, Esq., of Peters & Reed, Merchants.
E. G. Ghio, Esq., Superintendent Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad.
Robert J. Neely, Esq., of R. J. & W. Neely & Co.
Marshall Parks, Esq., President Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Co.
E. C. Lindsey, Esq., Real Estate Broker.
Wm. H. White, Esq., Attorney at Law, Norfolk.

The distribution will be by blindfolded persons, or blind children, from two wheels, one of which will contain gifts on printed slips, sealed in envelopes of the same size, the other will contain tags with numbers on them corresponding with all the tickets sold; after the contents of both wheels are thoroughly mixed by revolving, the person at the first wheel will take a number therefrom, and then the person at the second wheel will take a gift therefrom, and the gift thus taken will belong to the number taken immediately before it—this process will continue—the numbers and gifts being publicly announced—until the whole four hundred and one gifts are distributed. Thus the public will readily see there can be no fraud, collusion, or knowledge of what gift any number will get.

Should the tickets be not all sold when the Concert comes off, the presents will be distributed in proportion to the number sold.

☞ Agents will make their returns on the 12th day of February, without fail, and sell no tickets after that date, as the Concert will surely take place on the 20th of February, 1873.

20,000 TICKETS ONLY $5 EACH

Currency gifts will be paid in cash at our banking-house in the City of Norfolk, on presentation of the tickets entitled thereto, without discount. For further particulars and for tickets, apply to the undersigned, who alone are authorized to appoint agents for the sale of tickets.

The undersigned, Directors of the Vue de L'Eau Company, pledge themselves to the public that the above Grand Gift Concert shall take place on Thursday, February 20th, 1873, as announced in the above card, on the basis of the original advertisement as to the distribution of gifts.

WM. LAMB, V. D. GRONER,
E. G. GHIO, R. J. NEELY,
WM. H. WHITE, GEO W. GRICE,
M. PARKS, W. REED,
N. BURRUSS, E. C. LINDSEY.

Agents will please be particular to place these facts before buyers and patrons, and at the same time continue the sale of tickets, advising us weekly of the amount sold, with number of each ticket.

All orders for tickets promptly attended to.

BURRUSS, SON & CO.,
Financial Agents Vue de L'Eau Company,
Norfolk, Va.

Agent for the sale of tickets in Greensboro,
C. W. OGBURN,
At Benbow House.
255:4w