

THE PIEDMONT BANK

OF GREENSBORO, N. C.

Capital, \$70,000.00. Surplus, \$7,000.00.

J. M. WALKER, President. S. L. TROGDON, Vice-Pres. R. G. VAUGHN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

- J. S. HUNTER, Wholesale Jobbing, of J. W. Scott & Co. ROBT. M. SLOAN, Agency Southern Express Company. H. W. COBB, Lead Tobacco, Buyer for American Tobacco Company. DRED PEACOCK, President Greensboro Female College. R. M. DOUGLAS, Counselor at Law.

Members of Farmers, Merchants, and Manufacturers societies. We shall be pleased to correspond with all who contemplate opening bank accounts or whose present bank accommodations are unsatisfactory.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. M. HAYS, M. D., GREENSBORO, N. C., Office over Porter's Drug Store.

Dr. W. J. RICHARDSON, Office over Porter's Drug Store.

Dr. W. H. Wakefield, Now of Charlotte, will be in Greensboro at the McAdoo House on Friday, May 18th.

Dr. J. E. WYCHE, DENTIST.

SHAW & SCALES, Attorneys at Law GREENSBORO, N. C.

C. M. HACKETT, Wall Paper, Decorations, Mouldings, &c.

Greensboro Nurseries! GREENSBORO, N. C.

1,000,000 Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees.

John A. Young, Proprietor.

POMONA HILL NURSERIES, Pomona, N. C.

THOSE INTERESTED IN FRUIT OR FLOWERS

YOU CAN FIND Over a Million Fruit Trees, Vines, Evergreens, Shade Trees, Nuts, Roses, etc.

Three Green Houses

LUMBER!

WM. LOVE, Manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER.

Desirable Farm for Sale.

should endure at the ratio of 16 to 1, neither more nor less.

The truth is that Congress is simply given the power by the constitution to coin money and regulate the value of that coin.

GOLD IN THE SOUTH.

Results of an Examination by an Expert.—The Product Since 1799. WASHINGTON, May 8.—The report of Geo. F. Becker, of the geological survey, who has been investigating the gold-producing districts of the Southern Appalachian region, has been completed.

The framers of our constitution were well acquainted with the fact that the relative value of gold and silver had been subject to fluctuation from the earliest time of which there is any record.

DEMOCRACY'S "TRADITIONAL DOCTRINE" OF MONEY.

President Cleveland's letter to Governor Stone, of Mississippi, reminds Democrats all over the country that their party has a "traditional doctrine of sound and safe money."

There has been so much bold misrepresentation of the historic principles of the Democratic party concerning money that the President does well to thus emphasize the fact that the "traditional doctrine" of the party is in favor of honest, hard money, representing real value to the full amount of its face, and redeemable always on demand without depreciation or discount, either at home or abroad.

SOUTH CAROLINA LAWS.

Registration and Part of the Dispensary Statutes Unconstitutional. COLUMBIA, S. C., May 8.—Two South Carolina laws were decided unconstitutional by the United States Court here to-day.

After a great deal of nice calculation, the object of which was to so fix the ratio of coinage that it would accord, or, at any rate, closely approximate, to the actual market value of the metals in the currency of the rest of the world.

When free-silverites talk about the "money of the constitution" as if that were a synonymy by the United States independent of 16 to 1 it is in order to ask them under what article and section of the constitution such coinage is either commanded or authorized.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free.

LINCOLN HELD OUT FOR UNION.

Why the Now Famous Hampton Roads Conference Came to Naught.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 7.—Colonel Evan P. Howell, of the Atlanta Constitution, adds an interesting chapter to the controversy over what occurred at the Hampton Roads conference between President Lincoln and Hon. Alexander Stephens, Vice-President of the Confederacy.

HE CAN STAY QUIT.

One hundred per cent. of all who have taken the Keeley treatment in Greene county have quit the use of liquor and declare that they can stay quit.

Colonel Howell's letter gives the details of the conversation he had with Alexander H. Stephens on the subject under discussion. Shortly after Mr. Stephens was inaugurated Governor of Georgia, in the year 1852, he spent, as the guest of Colonel Howell, a day at Howell's home.

Mr. Stephens said: "I had great hope when the question was first agitated about the conference. I was always in favor of settling the war and preventing further bloodshed, and when the conference was suggested by Mr. Blair and others, I took a very active part in pushing it."

Mr. Stephens went on to tell of his conference with Mr. Davis, in which he urged that the commission be not hampered with instructions, on the other hand, the day the commissioners left they were informed that no settlement could be considered that did not recognize the independence of the Confederate government.

After he had returned to the saloon of the steamer," continued Mr. Stephens, "Mr. Lincoln was very talkative and pleasant with all of the commissioners. He seemed to be in a splendid humor and excellent spirits."

"After we had returned to the saloon of the steamer," continued Mr. Stephens, "Mr. Lincoln was very talkative and pleasant with all of the commissioners. He seemed to be in a splendid humor and excellent spirits."

"Then I am not responsible for any further bloodshed. I had hoped the war would end with this conference, but it is impossible to make any settlement with the instructions by which you are bound. I trust you will consider confidential what has occurred between us."

"If we had been empowered to negotiate a settlement with the preservation of the Union as a basis, the South would have been paid for its slaves, and we would have got any just and reasonable recognition at the hands of Mr. Lincoln. Of course our instruc-

tions binding us then to recognize only the independence of the South, prevented our accomplishing anything, for at the threshold of Mr. Lincoln's desire for peace was his determination that it must be based upon 'union.'"

These are the words, as near as I can remember, which Mr. Stephens spoke at my residence, says Colonel Howell. With the exception of my family, the only person present was the late Mark Johnson, an intimate friend of Mr. Stephens since boyhood, and a neighbor of mine, whom I had invited over to take dinner.

I asked Mr. Stephens at that time to permit me to publish the conversation, but he expressed his preference to have nothing said about it, as the conference was a matter of unwritten history, and he did not feel even then authorized to make it public.

Since then, however, the matter has come up for newspaper discussion. I think it but justice to all concerned that the public be given the benefit of this statement from one of the most important characters in that noted conference.

BULL HEAD, Greene Co., N. C., April 23d, 1895. W. H. Osborn, Esq., Greensboro, N. C.

Mr. DEAR SIR,—Your very kind letter of a recent date received together with pamphlets, "The Keeley Institute of North Carolina" and "The Banner of Gold." Being a Keeley graduate it is needless for me to say that I enjoyed reading them, especially the testimonials of those brothers who had taken the treatment and are still on the safe side with prospects brighter for them.

I did stop sometimes for years, but would begin again, and that I was like my old friend, Swift Galloway. I could quit, but could not stay quit, or did not, and why, because there was a linking desire for the effects of the liquor that remained with me.

"After we had returned to the saloon of the steamer," continued Mr. Stephens, "Mr. Lincoln was very talkative and pleasant with all of the commissioners. He seemed to be in a splendid humor and excellent spirits."

"Then I am not responsible for any further bloodshed. I had hoped the war would end with this conference, but it is impossible to make any settlement with the instructions by which you are bound. I trust you will consider confidential what has occurred between us."

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A RAILROAD CENTER.



Greensboro is the railroad center of North Carolina. It is the natural distributive point for the entire State, and is peculiarly well situated for manufacturing establishments of various kinds.

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Nerves Unstrung

Weak, No Appetite—Hood's Sarsaparilla Restored Health.

"Three years ago I had the grip, which settled in my head. It continued to grow worse and there was no rest for me. My limbs felt numb, my nerves seemed to be unstrung and I had no appetite. Doctors' treatment and other medicines failed to avail me relief. I obtained two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla, I continued until I had taken three bottles, which not only restored my health but also cured my baby of a bunch and did him a great deal of good." Mrs. EMER A. RETNEY, North Danville, Va.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE

The old-fashioned and always reliable remedy for stomach disorders. One bottle has killed six worms. Thousands of people living to-day owe their life to this medicine.

SORE I-CURE

Without regard to Size or Location! SORE I-CURE CO., GREENSBORO, N. C.

FURNITURE!

We Carry Anything

AND Everything

IN THE LINE OF FURNITURE!

N. J. McDUFFIE

Greensboro Roller Mills, NORTH & WATSON, PROPRIETORS.

OUR BRANDS: PURITY: A HIGH GRADE PATENT. STAR: A FINE FAMILY FLOUR.

CHARM OF GREENSBORO: THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.

These brands have been put on the market on their merits and have given universal satisfaction and are pronounced excellent by the leading families of Greensboro and surrounding country.

NORTH & WATSON, Mill at Walker Avenue and C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.

No trouble to build a house if you know where to buy the cheapest material. We manufacture all kinds of DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MANTELS, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, GLASS, TURNED WORK, SCROLL SAWING, STAIR WORK, MOULDING of all kinds.

See our New Window Fastener! Requiring no weights and 75 per cent. cheaper than weights, and can be used where weights will not work.

Guilford Lumber Company, Greensboro, N. C.