

You Will Find Spring Styles in Young Men's Suits

Nobby but quite conservative, the lines are prominent but are blended strong with easy wearing comfort. They fill the want of the young man that needs value for his price.

Spring style Hats in soft and stiff shapes.

Soft Shirts in the newest patterns and best fabrics, sizes 13½ to 18 and slim lengths 31 to 34.

\$1 Regal Shirts always a bargain at \$1.
Savoy Shirts \$1.50.
Boyden Shoes \$6.50.

CRAWFORD & REES
300 South Elm St.



B. L. FENTRESS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Offices with A. Wayland Cooke
Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

Notary Public.

A. L. BROOKS, O. L. SAPP
S. CLAY WILLIAMS

Brooks, Sapp & Williams
Attorneys-At-Law
GREENSBORO, N. C.
Office in Dixie Insurance Building

DR. J. W. TAYLOR,
Fitting Glasses a Specialty.

RELIEF OR NO PAY
Office, Fifth Floor Banner Bldg.

S. Glenn Brown
Attorney-at-Law
610 BANNER BUILDING,
Greensboro, N. C.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

TO SHUT OFF ALL SUPPLIES

WILL ENDEAVOR TO ENFORCE BLOCKADE AGAINST GERMANY.

If the combined fleets of Great Britain and France can prevent it, no commodities of any kind except those now on the seas henceforth until the conclusion of the war shall reach or leave the shores of Germany.

This is England's answer to Germany's submarine blockade, and it is to be effective forthwith.

Premier Asquith, reading from a prepared statement, made this announcement in the house of commons Monday at a session which will be historic. Studiously avoiding the terms "blockade" and "contraband"—for these words occur nowhere in the prepared statement—the premier explained that the allies would attempt to "detain and take into port ships carrying goods of presumed enemy destination, ownership or origin."

The premier emphasized, however, that vessels and cargoes so seized were not necessarily liable to confiscation, and begged the patience of neutral countries in the face of a step likely to injure them. He added that in taking such a step the allies had done so in self defense.

"We are quite prepared," he went on, "to submit to the arbitrament of neutral opinion, and still more to the verdict of impartial opinions, that in the circumstances in which we have been placed we have been moderate; we have been restrained; we have abstained from things that we were provoked and tempted to do, and we have adopted a policy which commends itself to reason, to common sense and to justice."

Curiously, the German reply to the American note seeking to solve the situation growing out of Germany's declaration of a naval war zone, was handed to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin Monday and Premier Asquith, in his speech, said that Great Britain and her allies were still considering carefully the American note to them on the same subject. That the British government had rejected the proposal, he declared, was "quite untrue."

Cost of the War.

The tremendous cost of modern warfare, which the premier estimated now at \$7,500,000 daily to the allies alone, and likely to grow to \$8,500,000 or more by April, was the theme of that part of the address not dealing with the blockade. The premier gave the figures in asking for a supplementary vote of credit, making a total of \$1,810,000,000 to prosecute the war to March 31, 1915, which the house unanimously granted.

The entire struggle with Napoleon cost England only \$6,155,000,000 and the South African war only \$1,055,000,000, according to Mr. Asquith.

The Premier's Statement.

The premier prefaced the readings of his statement with these words:

"The statement declares in sufficiently plain and unmistakable terms the view we take, not only of our rights but of our duties."

The statement is as follows:

"Germany has declared that the English channel, the north and west coasts of France and the waters around the British isles are a war area, and has officially notified that all enemy ships found in that area will be destroyed and that neutral vessels may be exposed to danger. This is in effect a claim to torpedo at sight, without regard to the safety of the crew or passengers, any merchant vessel under any flag as it is not in the power of the German admiralty to maintain any surface craft in these waters this attack can only be delivered by submarine agency.

"The law and customs of nations in regard to attacks on commerce have always presumed that the first duty of the captor of a merchant vessel is to bring it before a prize court where it may be tried, where the regularity of the shipper may be challenged and where neutrals may recover their cargo. The sinking of prizes is in itself a questionable act to be resorted to only in extraordinary circumstances and after provision has been made for the safety of the crew and passengers. If there are passengers on board the responsibility of discriminating between neutral and enemy vessels, and between neutral and enemy cargoes obviously rests with the attacking ship, whose duty it is to verify the status and character of the vessel and cargo and to preserve all papers before sinking or even capturing it. So also is the humane duty of providing for the safety of the crews of merchant vessels, whether neutral or enemy, an obligation on every belligerent.

"It is upon this basis that all previous discussions of the law regulating warfare at sea have proceeded. A German submarine, however, fulfills none of these obligations; she

enjoys no local command of the waters in which she operates; she does not take her captures within the jurisdiction of a prize court; she carries no prize crew which can be put on board a prize; she uses no effective means of discriminating between a neutral and an enemy vessel; she does not receive on board for safety the crew and passengers of the vessel she sinks; her methods of warfare are therefore entirely outside the scope of any international instruments regulating operations against commerce in time of war. The German declaration substitutes indiscriminate destruction for regular capture. Germany is adopting those methods against peaceful traders and the noncombatant crews with the avowed object of preventing commodities of all kinds, including food for the civilian population, from reaching or leaving the British Isles of Northern France.

United States Will Protest.

Washington, March 1.—All commercial intercourse by sea between Germany and the outside world was declared prohibited today by Great Britain and France. Identical notes presented by the French and British ambassadors, informed the United States of this drastic step by the allies in reply to Germany's war zone proclamation. The text of the notes was the same as the statement made by Premier Asquith in the British parliament.

If this policy is enforced it no longer will be possible to ship cotton, manufactured articles and commodities hitherto of a non-contraband character from the United States to Germany directly or indirectly and from Germany the supply of dyes and other merchandise for consumption in this country will be cut off.

The impression was general in official circles tonight that a strong protest would be made. The allies' action was regarded as an unprecedented and novel step. Officials pointed out that in the reprisals which the belligerents were making toward each other there was singular forgetfulness of the fact that whatever might be the violations of international customs as between those countries with which she was at peace.

Assurances given by Great Britain that today's note was not a reply to the recent proposals of the United States for an adjustment of the entire situation gave ground for hopes that the measures taken might be only temporary.

Duty of Americans in the Present Crisis.

In 1861 it was the American, the North and South, from their differing battle front across the Potomac and the Rapidan, which sought the support, the aid of Europe. Rightly, properly, Europe, France, England, Russia consulted their own national interests, not ours; kept the peace at home and declined to send their sons to die for an American cause, an alien issue.

Today our own position must be the same. The response of our own government, its determination to hold the balance of neutrality true between the contestants, is wise, honorable, the only possible course of a government charged with the protection of the happiness and the well being of millions of its citizens.

But the hands of the government should be upheld by a people who are not led by momentary emotions, transient anger, to forget that for us all, for the world itself, it is most vital that the United States should pursue its own work, fulfill its own mission, resist to the uttermost all effort to draw it as a partisan of one of the combatants into the battle line of Europe.

To think, to feel, to talk as Americans, to recognize that for us American interests and American rights are of primary, of exclusive, importance—this is the first duty in the present crisis. Sympathy, charity, all that can be done under the Red Cross or the White, in Belgium or Poland, in East Prussia or Northern France, to mitigate suffering, save the helpless—this should be done. But nothing more.

In the face of an international crisis we shall serve no cause, least of all our own, if we are not faithful to ourselves, own traditions; if we do not place our own country as high in our own scale as the citizens of Europe now fighting place theirs. —New York Tribune.

Should be in Every Home.

Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy should be in every home. It is the new liquid treatment for children and adults for croup, pneumonia, sore throat, hoarseness and all cold troubles, and all inflammations. You just rub it on and inhale the vapors while it penetrates; not messy to use and does not stain the clothing. It relieves instantly; your money back if it fails. Sold on a guarantee by your dealer at 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle. adv

GOVERNMENT HAS WHIP HAND IN OIL PRODUCTS.

A government scientist has defeated the best of the world's experts in the employ of the great Standard Oil Company, and the people of the United States, instead of a giant industrial combination, will benefit.

Dr. Walter F. Rittman, chemical engineer of the bureau of mines, has invented a process to increase the production of gasoline from petroleum 200 per cent and to manufacture toluol and benzol, the important bases for the manufacture of dyestuff and high explosives, from crude petroleum.

Both processes will be so cheap that the United States must hereafter be a considerable factor in the production of toluol and benzol and, if necessary, of other oilstuff.

The Standard Oil Company has had its experts working to make these discoveries. If they had succeeded, the monopolistic strength of the Standard would have been at least doubled.

But the interior department will now patent the Rittman processes and will license all manufacturers to produce the fluids. And, in turning his discovery over to the government, Dr. Rittman will gain scientific but not monetary fame, something which has been the fate of the majority of American inventors.

Secretary Lane, in discussing the invention, called attention to the fact that while commercially the worth of the discovery cannot be overestimated, yet it is inestimable from the standpoint of national defense.

Heretofore we have been dependent on other nations, Germany especially, for toluol and benzol for the manufacture of smokeless powder and certain of our best explosives. Under the Rittman discovery we are now independent of foreigners and can produce within the limits of the United States all of the powder and other explosives that an army of any size could use.

And no nation, however powerful, could prevent the coast defense and warship magazines being kept full of material for the big guns.

Try Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back. adv

Watch the date on your label.

Come Here if You Want a Hot Water Bag That Wont Leak or Burst

Leaky rubber goods are a nuisance and never a comfort. We guarantee all our articles of rubber to give satisfaction or we will refund your money. Ever try rubber gloves to protect your hands when cleaning with strong solutions and soapy water?

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists
The Home of "Sy-Co" the Better Ice Cream.

IN NEW QUARTERS

L. M. AMMEN & CO.
Funeral Directors and
Embalmers

Have moved from their former location at 600 South Elm Street to new quarters across the street at 607 South Elm, next to Lowe's grocery store.

We have added to our business a department of Picture Framing and solicit the patronage of the public.

L. M. AMMEN & CO.
607 South Elm Street.
Day Phone 488 Night Phone 1521

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made by James Womack and wife, Liza Womack, to W. R. McKinney on the 1st day of April, 1912, and recorded in book 237, page 374, of the register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., default having been made in the payment of the money thereby secured, the undersigned will, on

Saturday, March 13, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, at the courthouse in Greensboro, N. C., sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash that certain tract or parcel of land in the county of Guilford and state of North Carolina, Monroe township, adjoining the lands of J. F. Jordan, D. C. Suggs and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a double gum tree, thence south 12 degrees 30 minutes east 268 1-2 feet to a stake; thence

south 23 degrees 15 minutes east 669 feet to an iron near the railroad; thence south 40 degrees 15 minutes west 336 feet to an iron stake near railroad; thence north 23 degrees 15 minutes west 669 feet to a stake in bottom on bank of branch; thence north 12 degrees 30 minutes west 268.5 feet to an iron stake corner; thence north 48 degrees 1 minute east 336 feet to the beginning; containing 7 1-2 acres more or less. This February 10, 1915. W. R. MCKINNEY, Mortgagee.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

SAVE YOUR TREES



By Spraying Now With

Bowker's Lime Sulphur

Just as the buds are swelling and before they show green at the tips.

Bowker's concentrated Lime Sulphur will destroy San Jose Scale, bark lice, leaf blister mites, the eggs of many insects, and the fungus spores and lichens, cleans up trunk and large branches, and goes a long way towards putting the tree in good condition at the opening of the growing season.

Spray Now and Improve Your Fruit

Sold in Any Quantity

Odell Hardware Comp'y

Complete Stock of Spray Pumps