

FRESH STOCK TURNIP SEEDS JUST RECEIVED AT GARDNER'S Drug Store.

Schiffman Jewelry Company
106 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.
An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.
A. L. BROOKS, O. L. SAPP
S. CLAY WILLIAMS
Brooks, Sapp & Williams
Attorneys-At-Law
GREENSBORO, N. C.
Office in Dixie Insurance Building

DR. J. W. TAYLOR,
Fitting Glasses a Specialty.
Examinations Without "Drops"
RELIEF OR NO PAY
Office, Fifth Floor Banner Bldg.

B. L. FENTRESS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Offices with A. Wayland Cooke
Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.
Notary Public.

ELMER E. LULL, M. D. C.
VETERINARY SURGEON
At Coble & Starr's Stables, 533 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.
Office Phone 678, Residence Phone 1602

G. S. BRADSHAW
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

THOMAS C. HOYLE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wright Building Greensboro, N. C.

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M. D.
Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office and Infirmary—McAdoo Building, Next to Postoffice.
Phone No. 30.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.
Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county made in the special proceeding entitled Solomon Shepherd, A. M. Shepherd and wife, — Shepherd, Flora A. Shepherd Geringer, Rilla Shepherd Younger and husband, W. J. Younger, G. F. Shepherd, and F. B. Shepherd and wife, — Shepherd, vs. Joseph A. Moser, Robert C. Moser, Swannie Moser, James S. Moser, Georgia Moser and Daniel Moser, the same being No. — upon the special proceeding docket of said court, the undersigned commissioner will on Wednesday, August 18, 1915, at 2:30 o'clock, P. M., at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder at public auction upon the following terms, to-wit: Cash upon confirmation of the sale by the court, that certain tract of land lying and being in Rock Creek township, Guilford county, N. C., adjoining the lands of Solomon Shepherd, the late Roy Shepherd, George Shepherd and others, known as the John Rudy Huffman tract, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, Rody Shepherd's corner; then with his line north 43 degrees west 80 poles to a stone; then south 31 degrees west 83 poles to a stone; then south 14 degrees west 89 poles to a stone near a black oak; then south 80 degrees east 17 1/2 poles to a stone, Solomon Shepherd's corner; then north 45 degrees east 112 poles to the beginning, containing 41 acres, the same more or less, surveyed May 5, 1880.
This July 17, 1915.
W. E. COULTER, Commissioner.
JOHN H. VERNON, Attorney.
Watch the date on your label.

MAY HAVE A GREAT ARMY
NEXT CONGRESS MAY BE ASKED TO PROVIDE FOR TRAINING MILLIONS.

The "Federal Volunteer Army" may be the name of the new reserve army of citizen soldiery to be authorized by the next Congress as one of the most important features of the administration's new plan for increasing the national defenses. The secretary of war has been advised by his experts who have been looking up the details, that there are 16,000,000 men of military age in the country. Think of an army, such as that, trained to a certain degree of proficiency that could be put into shape for efficient service in the field in three or six months! No power on earth could stand against it in an invasion. It would be a preservative of peace.

With so much material at hand the department has set out, according to the most reliable information here, to mold an army of reservists after the style of Swiss and Australian systems. The cry of "militarism," especially from the organized labor ranks, is ever a menace to any plan to create a large standing army. If the military forces are to be augmented without a fight it will have to be done through the upbuilding of the volunteer army.

The total military force of the United States today, counting the standing army, the navy, including the marine corps, and the national guard in all, is not to exceed 220,000 officers and men. This is a sorry comparison with the armed forces of some of the smaller countries of Europe. Military experts have estimated that a foreign foe could land on our eastern coast within ten days 200,000 men, provided that they could evade the watchfulness of the United States navy, and in the war maneuvers of the United States forces it has been demonstrated that this could be done.

Could Land Million Here.
An expert in strategy has informed the secretary of war that within the brief period of a month a million men could probably be landed on the east coast of the United States by an European foe. The same expert figures that in three weeks an invading foe could put upon our west coast 200,000 men and within eight weeks could swell the invading army to a million. The same authority avers that he could not assemble an army in our present state of national unpreparedness of 200,000 men in three weeks if the national guard were recruited up to its authorized strength and in a state of highest efficiency.

Today the military assets of the United States are widely scattered not only in this country but throughout the insular possessions. It is estimated that it would take six weeks to put our militia into a state of war efficiency and at least six months to train the raw recruit.

Much Training Needed.
In the present war in Europe Lord Kitchener has insisted on six months as necessary to train the so-called "territorials," corresponding with our national guard, for service at the front. The estimates of experts called into action by the secretary of war in his plan for a reserve army says that it would take a year under present conditions for the United States to put an army of a million men into effective shape for service in this country.

The plan for a federal volunteer army does not contemplate an interference with the national guard as now organized. There are local uses for the militia that will justify its continued existence in its present condition. But the plan would provide for the enlargement of West Point and the liberalization of it so that any young man with proper equipment and experience in military service would fit himself for service as an officer. The president, in one of his annual messages, has hinted at the general plan.

Service Not Compulsory.
It would encourage in every way military training and without making military service compulsory in the sense that it is in Germany and which has become obnoxious. It would make military training a necessary part of the education of the youth. The country would probably be divided on the line of congressional districts, with a depot in each and a place where men might apply for the privilege of taking military training. The federal government would have to bear the expense of equipment. The service would have to be made more attractive than at present, not only in the matter of compensation, but in the other advantages which it would carry to the men who gave their service to their country in this way.

There would have to be an arrangement by which the volunteer army could be organized and its requirements met in time of peace with the least possible disturbance to civil employment. This is one of the rea-

sons for adopting the plan of organizing the volunteer army by congressional districts to make as little interference with civil employment as possible.

The present plan goes further than the military training in time of peace, but contemplates the giving of a certain part of one's time from his civil engagements to service in camp, at garrisons and in coast defenses in learning "the art of war." For this there would have to be a good compensation. Also there must be legislation to prevent private employers in any way interfering with the demands of military service even in time of peace.

As to the size of the reserve army it may be 500,000 or it may be two or three million at first, gradually increasing until in course of time every citizen capable of bearing arms will feel an interest in doing his share for the national defense.

H. L. FERGUSON RECEIVES A SPLENDID PROMOTION.

North Carolinians everywhere will be interested in the announcement that Mr. Homer L. Ferguson, a native of Waynesville, Haywood county, has been elected president of the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Company by the directors of that company in session in New York. He succeeds in that position the late A. L. Hopkins, who lost his life in the Lusitania disaster. It is said that no other name other than that of Mr. Ferguson's was considered.

This is the largest shipbuilding plant in the United States and hence Mr. Ferguson has reached the highest position that he could obtain in the country in his line of activity. He is only 41 years of age. He was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1892 and his rise since that time has been rapid. He went to the University of Glasgow after his course was finished at the Naval Academy at Annapolis and, on his return home, was made assistant naval constructor and later naval constructor with headquarters at Newport News. In 1905 he was made superintendent of hull construction at the Newport News plant and in 1912 was made general manager, which position he has since filled. Mr. Ferguson is a brother of Mrs. A. A. Shuford, Jr., of Hickory. His brother, Mr. W. B. Ferguson, recently resigned his position in the navy to accept a position as first superintendent of the Remington Arms Company.

Poland's Deplorable Condition.

One of the darkest national tragedies in the world's history is that of Poland. At one time the nation ranked with the world's leaders in civilization, strength, valor, size, the arts, agriculture, manufacturing, etc. It has not been so very many years ago that Poland stood alone between the civilized world of Europe and the hordes of Mohammedans which poured across the Bosphorus from Asia Minor and threatened to conquer the whole of Europe. Yet the curse of destiny has brought it about that this people—now totaling about 22,000,000 souls—has split up into three unequal parts. About twelve million of them are under Russian rule, about seven million under Austrian rule, and about three million under German rule. Now that Germany and Austria are arrayed against Russia, Poles are fighting Poles. Men of the same nationality, the same traditions, the same beliefs, the same hopes, are slaying each other. Families are arrayed against families, and this has resulted in countless tragedies. Many are worth the telling, yet it is seldom that the world hears of them.

Oriental Cashier Short.

It has developed, according to the statement of a reliable business man at Oriental, that Will O. Miller, the cashier of the Bank of Oriental, who committed suicide there some weeks ago by shooting himself, was short in his accounts at least \$2,700. There were no accounts of deposits in some instances. A depositor named Williams is stated to have lost his entire account, the sum of which it is understood Williams himself did not know for certain. It is said the New Bern Fruit Company lost \$400 and C. L. Griffin about \$1,000. Besides these shortages, totalling about \$1,700, Miller is said to have lost a draft for \$1,000. Miller is said to have speculated in Irish potatoes in the spring. His widow, who received about \$5,000 insurance upon her husband's death, has offered to turn the entire sum over to the bank, if necessary, to make good the losses. It is not known if her offer will be accepted. A few days ago directors were quoted as saying the bank would not take any of Mrs. Miller's money.

Germany leads in the matter of publications and books.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

KENTUCKY CAMPAIGN ON PROHIBITION QUESTION.

After the most involved and complicated campaign in the history of Kentucky, the state-wide primary election will be held on Saturday. At that time the voters of the several parties will record their preferences for nominees for governor and other state officials, including members of the legislature, to be voted for in November.

Prohibition is the big issue of the campaign. It is the issue that has split the Democratic party wide open and has led the Republicans to entertain strong hopes of capturing the state and electing the governor next November.

The Democrats have four candidates in the field for the gubernatorial nomination, namely, Augustus O. Stanley, former representative in Congress, who is running as an avowed anti-prohibitionist; Edward J. McDermott, present lieutenant governor, also an anti-prohibitionist; Henry M. Bosworth, of Fayette county, now state auditor, who will "abide by the platform of the convention," and H. F. McChesney, of Frankfort, an avowed prohibitionist.

Edwin P. Morrow, of Somerset, will be unopposed for the head of the Republican ticket. Mr. Morrow belongs to one of the most distinguished Republican families of Kentucky, and is a nephew of former Governor Bradley. He was a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor in 1907 but withdrew. In 1911 he was appointed United States district attorney for the eastern Kentucky division and he has also been the Republican caucus nominee for United States senator.

The chances appear to be against the adoption of prohibition by the Democratic party. The influential Democratic newspapers of the state are arrayed against the proposal. The opposition is based largely on economic ground. An enormous amount of money is invested in the distilling, the brewing and the saloon plants in the state, and large numbers of men find employment in them. The figures show that the distilling interests and allied trades in Kentucky are taxed for valuation purposes at considerably more than \$100,000,000.

A cubic mile of river water weighs approximately 4,205,650,000 tons and carries in solution, on the average of about 420,000 of foreign matter. In all, about 2,735,000,000 tons of solid substances are thus carried annually to the ocean.

DIKE'S QUININE AND SAGE COMPOUND.

If you are bothered with dandruff you should take immediate steps to rid yourself of this dangerous malady. Don't neglect your scalp. If it needs a good hair tonic—GET IT.

Dike's Quinine and Sage Compound will chase dandruff. No case of dandruff is too difficult for Dike's Quinine and Sage. Dike's Quinine and Sage is food for the hair, toning it up and driving away all scalp and hair diseases. 50 cents for a large bottle.

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists
The Home of "Sy-Co" the Better Ice Cream.

DAVIS SAYS QUART LAW KEEPS OUT MUCH LIQUOR.

That the shipment of liquor into North Carolina is less than a fourth of what it was before the "quart law" went into effect is indicated by comparative figures issued by Superintendent R. L. Davis, of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League. The delivery statistics gathered by Mr. Davis in this connection are as follows, the figures being in gallons:

	June, 1914	1915
Morven	119	19
McFarlan	78	4
Granite Falls	33	2
Roxboro	220	7
Lenoir	395	45
Pikeville	266	59
Swannanoa	84	7
Pee Dee	95	8
Fremont	578	162
Dudley	109	54
Mount Olive	514	177
Brown Summit	49	14
Skyland	31	4

Superintendent Davis has gathered statistics which show that the quart law is also having considerable effect in reducing the number of arrests for drunkenness. The figures for several North Carolina towns and cities are: Statesville, 2 in June 1914, and 2 in June, 1915; Durham, 15 in June, 1914, and 18 in June, 1915; Wilson, 23 in June, 1914, and 9 in June, 1915; Greensboro, 5 in June, 1914, and 2 in June, 1915; Charlotte, 58 in June, 1914, and 17 in June, 1915; Raleigh, 35 in June, 1914, and 23 in June, 1915.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

2,785 Acres

Yes, we actually own and control two thousand, seven hundred and eighty-five acres of land in Guilford county. This land is all for sale, and in any sized tracts wanted and on any reasonable terms. The price range from \$18.00 to \$100.00 per acre. Doubtless we could close our office and hold this land five years and make more money than to sell it now. But we are in the real estate business and prefer to keep buying and selling. So if you want a farm—a good farm—and at the right price, see us.

Brown Real Estate Co.
Fisher Building North Elm Street

Cemetery Work

Monuments, Mausoleums and Headstones furnished in first-class style and reasonable prices. Seventeen years actual experience. Artistic lettering and carving guaranteed.

F. E. TIPTON,
Corner North Elm and Gaston Sts.

Try Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back. adv.



Paint Your Own Carriage

You can do it yourself and at little expense. It's easy to give it a beautiful, hard, brilliant, varnish-gloss finish in black or rich appropriate colors.

ACME QUALITY
Carriage and Automobile Paint (Neal's) is made especially to give to buggies, carriages, automobiles and vehicles of all kinds, a tough, durable, glossy finish that will look well and wear well. An ideal finish for settees, flower stands, porch furniture, garden tools and all surfaces that must withstand exposure and hard usage. Ready to brush on and the label tells how.



Odell Hardware Co.