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FOUNDER'S DAY CELEBRATED

MEETING EXERCISES HELD ON ANNIVERSARY OF STATE NORMAL COLLEGE.

Founder's day was celebrated with appropriate and interesting exercises at the State Normal and Industrial College Tuesday, the day having been the twenty-third anniversary of the college. A large crowd was present, including many former students and friends of the institution from different sections. The program consisted of several musical selections, the reading of greetings from alumni in a number of towns, remarks by President Foust and an address by Prof. E. W. Sykes, of Wake Forest College.

The exercises were opened at 10.45 o'clock with an invocation by Rev. C. E. Hodgin, of Westminster Presbyterian church. The student body sang "America" and "The Old North State" and there were several other selections.

President Foust read greetings that had been wired to the college by alumni in the following places: China Grove, Salisbury, Reidsville, Raleigh, Winston-Salem, Pomona, Burlington, Rocky Mount, New Bern, Newark, N. J., Morganton, Marion, Greenville, Spray, Carthage, Edenton, Wilson Mills, Rich Square, Rockingham, Jacksonville, Wilson, Concord, Wilmington, Chadbourne, Waynesville, Tarboro, Statesville and Gastonia.

Address by Dr. Sykes. The address of the occasion was delivered by Dr. E. W. Sykes, professor of history and political science in Wake Forest College. He announced as his subject, "Reservoirs of War, or Cisterns of Strife," and with but a brief introductory plunged into a discussion of the causes of the European war.

Despite its ignorance of the special purposes of the occasion, Dr. Sykes' address was heard with the closest attention. He declared that men have failed to sense the location of the causes of strife. There are reservoirs of coal, water and knowledge, he said, and as truly there are cisterns which, tapped, yield an outpouring of war. Wars have always existed and the greatest is in progress now, and the hope of a lasting peace is in the razing of the landed aristocracy of the world and the advancement of democracy.

London is owned by nine families; or at least, the land on which it is built is entailed to that many estates. It cannot be sold, but rented, yields the feudal landlords an enormous return for absolutely nothing they have done for the common good. This aristocracy of England—for all the land, nearly, is owned by large estates—uses its surplus income to develop railroads in America, oil fields in Mexico and other dividend-yielding business in the Orient. Then does it desire a strong navy and army to protect those interests. So, the preparedness which results in war on little provocation.

This condition exists in Germany and in Russia and to a less degree in Italy. Not in France, for the peasant class, since the revolution of 1789, has split up the large estates into small farms. Northern Italy is the land of small farms. America is a land of small farms. This is the hope of a lasting peace, the growth of a finer socialism. France did not want the war; it was forced upon her, said Dr. Sykes.

The possible war element in this country is composed of the munition makers, the lenders of money in foreign countries and the big men of commerce, said the speaker. He voiced a warning concerning the development of South American trade by the lending of money there, the only way the development can come, he thinks.

The great war should not end now, said the speaker, but should go on until one side gains a decisive advantage. As he prophesied, no country of Europe will be crushed, but when the peace conference comes, men will go to it thinking not of how to save their kings or to increase the territory of their countries, but of how to advance the common weal. Dr. Sykes says the United States should carefully preserve her neutrality, for when the day of making of terms comes, there is one great world ruler whose knowledge of history and economy is sufficient to aid in the deliberations above all others—the President of the United States, Mr. Woodrow Wilson.

Work of Normal College. President Foust spoke as follows

of the work and history of the State Normal and Industrial College:

"On the 5th day of October, 1892, this college began its work, the charter having been granted by the general assembly in 1891. We have met today therefore for the purpose of celebrating the founding of the institution. If I mistake not, when the faculty and board of directors decided to set apart one day in each year as an anniversary occasion in the history of the college, there was in their minds two distinct and definite purposes.

"In the first place they thought it appropriate to stop our work-a-day duties in order that we might celebrate the beginning of the work at this place. To my mind this is eminently proper.

"I am persuaded, however, that much more prominent in the minds of all was the idea of expressing our appreciation and gratitude for the unselfish labors and devoted service of the men and women who surrendered their lives to the higher education of the young women of the state. It is perfectly natural for our thoughts to center around the man who labored so thoughtfully, so thoroughly, so earnestly and with such unbounded energy that you young women might enjoy the opportunities and privileges which you accept today so naturally that it hardly appears to you that conditions might be entirely different, if he had not lived and labored for you. We shall not, however, forget others, both living and dead, who in their several spheres did their part during those early days heroically for the upbuilding and development of this college. Possibly no institution anywhere has a finer or nobler heritage than your college possesses. For this reason I find it impossible to put away from me on this anniversary occasion the feeling that we have met to consecrate and dedicate our lives to making more and more effective as the years go by the great work, the beginnings of which were wrought by others. It is my sincere hope that it is in this spirit and with this purpose that we enter upon the exercises today.

"The session upon which we have just entered, it seems to me, has for us large promises. The enrollment is about one hundred more than at any similar period of any other session. Counting the children in the training school, there are engaged in educational work here each day about 1,200 people. This feature should, however, never be our boast. Let us rather boast of our pride in the large spirit of service which is dominant among us and of our sincere devotion to every duty.

"During the past two years the curriculum of the college has been raised and we are now requiring 12 1-2 units of high school work for entrance to our freshman class. It is our hope and intention within a few years to add 1 1-2 units to the entrance requirements, making it 14 units. This will make the institution a standard college.

"I do not believe that any feature of the work has developed in a more satisfactory manner than the work of our summer session. From year to year there has been an increase in the number in attendance. But much more striking and much more important than this is the increase in earnestness and seriousness of the students in attendance. Each year we have more than 100 young women taking courses of college grade for which they receive the proper college credit.

"During the past 23 years there have matriculated at this college 6,875 young women. The love and best wishes of many, very many of them, are with us today, just as our thoughts go out to them. If the institution has been able to serve the commonwealth and thus justify its existence, this work has been done through its alumnae. Many of the alumnae have sent the faculty and students greetings which it is my pleasure to deliver to you."

The Bryan Speech.—Hon. William J. Bryan, who is to speak in Greensboro tomorrow night, will arrive on the evening train from Winston-Salem, where he speaks in the afternoon. He will be met at the station by a reception committee of representative citizens. He will speak in the Grand opera house at 8.30 o'clock and that he will be heard by a large crowd goes without saying. Tickets for the lecture are on sale at 50 cents, 75 cents and \$1.

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THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

BUSINESS CLAIMING THEIR ATTENTION AT MONTHLY MEETING THIS WEEK.

The meeting of the county commissioners Monday and Tuesday was given over largely to the transaction of routine business, such as passing upon bills, receiving reports from the different departments of the county government, etc.

The matter of widening the Spring Garden road from the city limits to the Masonic and Eastern Star home, which has been before the board for several months, came up again and the petition was granted. The roadway proper is to have a uniform width of 50 feet, with a six-foot sidewalk on either side, making the entire width 62 feet.

The board concurred the \$200,000 of bonds voted by Morehead and Gilmer townships three years ago to aid in building the Greensboro, Northern and Atlantic railroad, the promoters of the proposed road having failed to carry out their part of the contract. The bonds were to have been delivered to the railroad company tomorrow in the event the company had built the road and was running a regular schedule of trains into Greensboro. A survey was as far as the company ever got in the direction of building a railroad.

Mr. C. H. Anderson, the county demonstration agent, was instructed to prepare an exhibit of Guilford county farm products for the state fair at Raleigh.

The chairman of the board was authorized to have a heavy plank fence built around the jail.

The monthly report of Dr. W. M. Jones, the county physician, showed conditions at the convict camps, the jail, the county home and the work house to be generally satisfactory. The convict camps are rather crowded at the present time. There are several insane patients at the county home who have to be kept confined and at the work house there are two cases of serious illness—one a white woman and the other a colored woman.

Dr. Jones reported seven cases of typhoid fever, six of scarlet fever and three of diphtheria. During the month he vaccinated 38 persons against smallpox, fumigated 16 places and made 20 charity calls.

Seaboard Air Line Will Pay Full Taxes.

The Seaboard Air Line Railroad has withdrawn its suit to restrain the state authorities from the collection of its 1915 taxes on the basis of the \$20,150,000 tax valuation instead of the former \$15,000,000. The suit was to restrain the members of the corporation commission, State Treasurer Lacy and State Auditor Wood from enforcing the new assessment. It is understood that the Seaboard Air Line will immediately pay the state treasurer its taxes on the full \$20,150,000 assessment.

In commenting on the withdrawal of the suit, a member of the corporation commission said that the failure of the suit is attributable to the adherence of the commission to its policy of equalizing tax assessments between the counties. That the Seaboard had in its possession much data showing the inequalities of tax values, insisting that privately owned realty was assessed as low as 30 per cent, and would have used this data effectively, had the commission not held out for the increased percentages of tax valuations in the great majority of counties.

Must Close Saloons Sunday.

The mayor of Chicago has announced in a message to the city council that the owners of all saloons in the city hereafter would be forced to obey the state law which provides that they remain closed on Sunday. The mayor ordered the city solicitor to notify in writing all persons holding licenses for saloons that they must comply with the requirements of the Illinois statute.

There are more than 4,000 saloons in Chicago.

U. D. C. Meeting.

The nineteenth annual convention of the North Carolina division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy met in Charlotte Tuesday night. There is a good attendance of women from all sections of the state and they are being given royal entertainment by the people of Charlotte.

ANOTHER HOSPITAL IS PLANNED FOR GREENSBORO.

For some time the question of building another hospital in Greensboro has been discussed and at a meeting of physicians and other representative citizens Tuesday night the movement took definite form. It was decided that another hospital is needed in this city and that it should be built as early as possible.

The meeting was held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce and was presided over by Mr. E. P. Wharton, with Mr. F. C. Boyles as secretary. Among those who joined in the discussion were: Rev. Dr. C. W. Byrd, Rev. Dr. Melton Clark, Rev. R. Murphy Williams, Dr. J. A. Williams, Dr. C. W. Moseley, Dr. H. H. Dodson, Dr. J. W. Long, Dr. J. L. Mann, Mr. R. R. King and Mr. A. L. Brooks. There were suggestions that the new institution should be a union Protestant hospital, to be built and supported by the Protestant denominations of the city, as St. Leo's is conducted by the Catholic Sisters of Mercy.

It was made plain, however, that the movement for a new hospital is not to be considered in any sense as a protest against St. Leo's hospital, the work of which was highly praised by those taking part in the discussion.

Mr. R. R. King, one of the trustees of the estate of the late Moses Cone, whose will provides for the erection at some future date of a million-dollar hospital in Greensboro, gave assurance that the plans of the Cone estate would not be affected in any manner by the erection of such a hospital as is now proposed. It has been the understanding that the present project would be dropped if there should be any intimation that it would interfere with the Cone plans.

After the matter had been discussed at length, the chairman of the meeting was authorized to appoint a committee of seven men to formulate plans for the new hospital. This committee will be named in a few days and will be expected to get to work immediately.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS OF THE PAST FEW DAYS.

Following are among the transfers of real estate recorded in the office of the register of deeds this week:

J. F. Medearis and wife, Marie Medearis, to C. W. Gamble, a tract consisting of 23.59 acres in Bruce township, adjoining the lands of J. A. Hoskins and N. W. Ogburn, \$3,300.

Arthur McCollum to J. W. Atkins, a tract consisting of 62.56 acres in Deep River township, adjoining the lands of T. E. Reynolds and Frank Frazier, \$550.

L. J. Bramble et ux to W. G. Balsley, a lot 40 by 142 feet on West Bragg street, in the city of Greensboro, Morehead township, \$600.

Dr. J. W. Jones and wife to Edna McChandler, a tract consisting of three-fourths of an acre in Monroe township, \$1 and other valuable considerations.

Pleas Ware to John Ware, a tract consisting of one acre and 38 poles in Deep River township, \$25.

The American Realty and Auction Company to J. F. Powell, three lots, each 50 by 141 feet, in Oak Ridge township, \$80.

A. Schiffman and wife to Fletcher Harris, lots 29 and 30 in the Harrison sub-division, Morehead township, \$330.

Cesar Cone, commissioner, to Mrs. J. N. Longest, one lot 100 by 150 feet on Summit avenue and one lot 100 by 140 feet on Fifth avenue, \$5,500.

J. W. Dillon and wife to S. L. McClure, a tract consisting of two acres and known as the Henry Varner home place in High Point township, \$550.

W. L. Kirkman and wife to C. J. Dillon, a tract consisting of 25 acres and adjoining the lands of Watt Fitzgerald and others in Friendship township, \$300.

R. H. Wheeler to Ernest S. Barnes, lot 2 in block 13 of Snow park, in the city of High Point, \$500.

A. W. Brown to Z. T. Lawson, a "fraction of an acre" in Deep River township, \$650.

Olive M. Longest and husband, J. N. Longest, to J. A. Matheson, a lot 100 by 140 on Fifth avenue, in the city of Greensboro, \$10 and other valuable considerations.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Preaching at Mt. Hope.—Rev. Shuford Peeler will preach at Mt. Hope Reformed church on Sunday afternoon at 2.45 o'clock. Public cordially invited.

Special Sale.—N. J. McDuffie, the well known furniture man, is advertising a special sale for fair week. His announcement will be found in this issue of The Patriot.

Has Appendicitis.—Mr. C. U. Hinchshaw, who moved from Guilford to Hoke county about two years ago, is suffering from an attack of appendicitis and is in a hospital at Sanford.

Meeting Changed.—A meeting of the grammar grade department of the Guilford County Teachers' Association will be held at the court house annex Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. The meeting was originally announced to be held at the Pomona high school.

Pythian Initiation.—The degree team of Greensboro Lodge No. 80, Knights of Pythias, Monday night conferred the rank of knight on four candidates from High Point. The meeting was attended by a number of High Point Pythians who came over with their candidates.

Mr. Davidson Ill.—Mr. J. A. Davidson, the county auditor, is quite ill at his home on Douglas street, his condition being such as to occasion uneasiness on the part of his family and friends. His illness is due to a serious form of stomach trouble, an ailment that has affected his health for several years.

To Sell Dairy Farm.—The Brown Real Estate Company is advertising for sale at auction on the 20th inst. the Buffalo dairy farm, south of the city, together with the cattle, horses, farming utensils, etc. This farm has been operated by Mr. W. F. Clarida for a number of years and is in a high state of cultivation.

Attending Meeting.—The following members of Guilford Chapter of United Daughters of the Confederacy are in Charlotte attending the state convention of the organization: Miss Lizzie Lindsay, president of the chapter; Mrs. C. G. Wright, Mrs. J. S. Jones, Mrs. W. A. Porter, Mrs. E. R. Michaux and Mrs. J. W. Patterson.

New Deputy Clerk.—Mr. Purvis Beeson, who has been employed as bailiff in the office of Judge James E. Boyd, the position having been abolished October 1, has been appointed a deputy in the office of the clerk of the United States court. The position pays \$900 a year and was created on account of the increased business of the office.

Roy Jones Injured.—Mr. Roy H. Jones, deputy clerk in the office of the register of deeds, is confined to his home suffering from injuries received in a fall Tuesday afternoon. He was crossing East Market street, in front of the court house, when he suffered an attack of something like epilepsy and fell, the right side of his head and face striking the unfinished pavement.

Injured in Explosion.—Mr. S. R. Trogdon, a son of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Trogdon, of this city, was injured Monday by an explosion in a New York photographic studio in which he is employed. He had three ribs broken and suffered other injuries, though they are not considered serious. The explosion resulted in the death of one man and the injury of two others besides Mr. Trogdon.

Center Brick Warehouse.—The attention of the tobacco farmer readers of The Patriot is directed to the advertisement of the Center Brick warehouse in this issue. The Center Brick is one of the best warehouses in the state and the proprietors—Messrs. King, Aydlette and Ashley—are practical farmers and business men who understand the tobacco business from preparing the plant bed to selling the weed for the best price obtainable on the warehouse floor.

Y. M. C. A. Supper.—The annual "get-together" supper of the Greensboro Y. M. C. A. was held at the association building Monday night and was attended by 100 or more of the members. A very interesting address was delivered by Rev. W. T. Moss, of Chapel Hill, on Christianity as the center of civilization. Short talks were made by several members representing various branches of the physical culture department of the association. It was announced that a membership campaign will be conducted October 26 and 27.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE WARRING NATIONS.

Greece is now the central point of the storm which is likely to break over the Balkans at any moment. The Greek premier, Elutherios Venizelos, has carried his policies through the Greek chamber with a majority of 40, some members not voting, but the Athens correspondent of the Havas Agency is authority for the announcement that Venizelos later resigned because King Constantine informed him that he was unable to support the policy of his ministry.

Russia's ultimatum to Bulgaria remains unanswered. The crown council of that state is reported to have discussed for several hours the terms of the ultimatum without reaching a decision.

London takes it for granted that the policy of King Ferdinand and his ministers is so shaped as to favor the central powers, but strong opposition to participation in the war has developed in Sofia.

The Bulgarian premier, M. Radoslavoff, has declared, according to a Berlin newspaper:

"We confront war and must defend our national interests. We must wreathe from our enemies everything they took from us two years ago."

General Savoff, the former Bulgarian minister of war, is quoted as saying: "Every Bulgarian who breaks away from Russia commits an extreme of treason toward his country."

The French have landed 70,000 troops at Saloniki. The entente powers had previously notified the Greek government of this intention, and while the government made a formal protest against such landing as a violation of Greek neutrality, no impediments were put in the way of placing allied troops on Greek soil.

Relying on an interpellation respecting the occupation of Saloniki, Premier Venizelos said:

"They (the entente powers) offer Serbia, Greece's ally, succor in the event of circumstances which would require Greece herself under her alliance, to give Serbia help."

The latest official communications issued by the respective war offices record a continuation of the artillery fighting in the western zone but apparently a cessation of the actions in the east. No appreciable progress is being made on any of the fronts. Reports from Italian headquarters are to the effect that the Italians have abandoned the idea of taking Trieste for the present and are devoting their attention to Gorizia with the object of continuing their advance along the Carso plateau.

STOCK EXCHANGE TO PUT BRAKES ON SPECULATION.

Members of the New York Stock Exchange have taken action to curb the nation-wide speculation in so-called war stocks whose rapidly soaring values have led a runaway market through a million and a million and a half share days.

Banks, trust companies and financial houses of New York, fearful of a sudden break in values, have applied pressure on stock exchange houses to diminish if not entirely end the riot of speculation. Many stock exchange houses responded to that pressure by notifying their clients that they would have to double the amount of their margins in these specialties.

When the demand for more margin was made many buyers were unable to comply with it and a wave of selling orders swept over the exchange, carrying stocks down from 4 to 15 points.

Official cognizance of the situation was taken by the stock exchange at a special meeting of the governing committee. It was the unanimous belief of the committee that something should be done at once to curb speculation. The demand for more margin seemed to be sufficient for the first step, so the committee decided simply to sound a warning by calling the attention of all stock exchange members to certain resolutions already in force and which are aimed at undue speculation.

Make Donation of \$500.—The city commissioners, who voted in a recent meeting not to share in the expense of the installation of the sand filters to care for the sewage disposal of Guilford College, which empties on Greensboro's watershed, have decided to make a donation of \$500 to assist in the work. The sand filters are being installed to provide against sewage contamination.