

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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MEMORIAL SERVICES IN HONOR OF "OUR HEROES"

TO BE HELD UNDER AUSPICES OF THE HENRY K. BURTNER POST, AMERICAN LEGION.

Memorial services in honor of "our heroes" from Guilford, Randolph and Rockingham counties who sacrificed their lives on the altar of patriotism in the world war, will be held at the Municipal theater, in this city, next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of the Henry K. Burtner Post, No. 53, of the American Legion of Greensboro. A glance at the splendid program below will show that the legion has spared no effort in making this one that would excel any other memorial exercises that has ever been held in this section of the country.

On it will be found the name of Governor T. W. Bickett, who has agreed to make the principal speech of the occasion. General Collardet, military attaché to the French ambassador at Washington, will make the speech of presentation of the memorials of the French government to the next of kin of those who died while in service during the great war. Following this speech by the general, Col. A. P. Anderson will read the list of martyred dead and the names of those who are entitled to the memorials, which will then be distributed.

Special music has been provided for the occasion and the program will be opened by the orchestra playing the "Star Spangled Banner" and also the French national anthem, "La Marseillaise," in honor of General Collardet.

The public is most cordially invited to attend. The program of exercises follows:

1. "The Star Spangled Banner," "La Marseillaise," orchestra.
2. Invocation by Rev. J. Clyde Turner, post chaplain.
3. Reading of 46th Psalm—E. Sternberger.
4. Statement of the purposes of the meeting, by Lieut.-Col. J. W. Long, the presiding officer.
5. Solo, "Just Before the Battle, Mother," Mrs. Henry Ware.
6. Address by his excellency, T. W. Bickett, Governor of North Carolina.
7. "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," male quartet.
8. Introduction of General Collardet, by Allen Adams, post commander.
9. Presentation of the French memorial diplomas by General Collardet, French military attaché to the French ambassador.
10. Reading of list of "martyred dead," by Col. A. P. Anderson, "Av. U. S. A."
11. "America," by audience.
12. Benediction, Father Vincent Taylor.

My country 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of liberty,
Of thee I sing,
Land where our fathers died,
Land of the pilgrim's pride,
From every mountain side,
Let freedom ring.

My native country thee,
Land of the noble free,
Thy name I love,
I love thy rocks and rills,
Thy woods and templed hills,
My heart with rapture thrills,
Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze,
And ring from all the trees,
Sweet freedom's song,
Let mortal tongues awake,
Let all that breathe partake,
Let rocks their silence break,
The song prolong.

Our fathers God to thee,
Author of liberty,
To thee we sing,
Long may our land be bright,
With freedom's holy light,
Protect us by thy might,
Great God our King.

Following persons residing in the county of Guilford are to receive the French Memorial Diploma by reason of their having sacrificed one of their loved ones during the world

Ell N. ... Highland avenue, Greensboro.
Mrs. L. E. Glenn, West Market street, Greensboro.
J. C. Olive, 715 Walker avenue, Greensboro.
Mrs. Martha J. Alston, 123 Smith street, Greensboro.
Mrs. James S. Moore, 337 N. Elm street, Greensboro.
Mary Headon, 1014 East Bragg street, Greensboro.
Beatrice Allen Jeffreys, 201 Clinton street, Greensboro.
Mrs. Martha S. Weatherly, Greensboro Route 3.
H. M. Coble, Greensboro Route 6.
Rev. M. C. Fields, Greensboro Route 3.
David H. Burtner, 344 McAdoo avenue, Greensboro.
J. L. Tysor, 437 West Market street, Greensboro.
Alonza Mitchell, 817 Douglas street, Greensboro.
Sarah Hargraves, 541 Macon street, Greensboro.
M. D. Taylor, Greensboro Route 1.
Mrs. Francis Kellam.
S. W. Hoyt, Greensboro Route 5.
John A. Starr, Greensboro R. 6.
Dr. B. B. Williams, 218 Eugene street, Greensboro.
Mr. Charles War.
Mrs. F. Burton, 218 Summit avenue, Greensboro.
Mrs. Mattie Carroll, 341 W. Bragg street, Greensboro.
John S. McMasters, Greensboro Route 6.
Mrs. P. M. Stuart, Greensboro Route 7.
Mrs. W. L. Callum, Summit avenue, Greensboro.
James Edwin Latham, Greensboro. Proximity Station.

Mrs. Susie Duggins.
Mrs. Ada Self, 40 Vine street.
Andy Smith, 47 Cypress street.
William Garrett.

Pomona Mills.
Mrs. Mary Yates.
T. H. Booker.

Glenwood.
Mrs. Mittie Poteat.

High Point.
Mrs. Mary J. Grant, Box 86.
Rhoda R. Jester, Route 2.
Mary E. Lewallen, 814 South Main street.

Joshua J. Varner.
Angilette Mock, 301 Thistle street.
Mrs. Alice Davis, Route 3.
William Robert Carroll.
W. H. Pegrum, 501 Greene street.
Henry Alexander Arthurs, 812 Main street.

John F. William, 1008 Greene street.
Jeffrey Palmer, Traynham, 123 Elm street.

Reilus Westmoreland, Route 4.
Guilford College.
Lenly P. Stanley, Route 1.
Robert M. Jones, Route 1.

Jamestown.
H. Beck, Route 1.

Climax.
W. E. Beason.
G. M. Lineberry.

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NEW RESERVATION FOR ARTICLE TEN DEFEATED

DEMOCRATS AND IRRECONCILABLES DEFEAT IT—VOTE ON RATIFICATION TOMORROW.

Washington, March 17.—The Republican irreconcilables, combining with the Democrats, overturned in the senate floor to-day the plan of Republican leaders to attach to the peace treaty a general declaration of American policy toward future European wars.

The declaratory reservation, which would pledge the United States to regard with "grave concern" any threat to Europe's peace or freedom, was voted down 25 to 39 after the irreconcilables had tried in vain to amend it. Intended as an offset to the reservation denying the obligations of article 10, the proposal had been expected by the Republican leaders to attract many Democratic votes but on the roll call only two senators on the Democratic side supported it.

Disposition of the reservation was regarded as clearing up the last doubtful issue of the treaty fight and the leaders immediately made plans to bring a vote on ratification by Friday. By unanimous consent it was agreed to limit speeches on all other pending reservations to 15 minutes and to continue tomorrow's session into the evening if necessary to put the ratification resolution into final form. About a dozen reservations remain to be voted on but it generally is conceded that none of them will be adopted.

BICKETT "FLOPS" ON WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE

Raleigh, March 15.—Although he has been and appears to be yet, at heart, opposed to woman suffrage, Governor Bickett, in an open letter to-day to W. N. Everett, of Rockingham, announced that he has reached the decision to advise the special session of the general assembly to ratify the Susan B. Anthony amendment to the constitution of the United States, and that he also favors endorsement by the Democratic convention in April.

"Gentlemen of Tarbelia, let's be sports and say, 'Come along ladies.' This is a striking sentence of the governor's letter, in which he states that ratification will be the best thing the Democratic party in North Carolina can do under the circumstances.

In his letter the governor referred to the special session "in July." It is understood that it has been agreed to call the session in July and the reference by the governor seems to clear all doubt as to which month the solons will be called to Raleigh.

BIDS ADVERTISED FOR HARD SURFACE ROADS.

Raleigh, March 16.—The state highway commission in session here to-day, in addition to transacting other business, advertised for bids for the following projects:

Guilford county, 4 1-2 miles of hard surfaced road between Greensboro and Winston-Salem.

Guilford county, 2 1-2 miles of hard surfaced road between High Point and Lexington.

Davidson county, 4 1-2 miles of hard surfaced road north of Lexington.

Anson county, between Wadesboro and Monroe, 4 1-2 miles of the Wilmington-Charlotte-Asheville highway to be hard surfaced.

These bids will be opened in Greensboro, April 5.

Millions of Interest Due.

Washington, March 16.—Unpaid interest on loans to foreign governments accruing up to November, last, totaled \$236,240,114, while the estimated interest for next year is \$463,215,613. Secretary Houston informed the senate to-day, answering a resolution of inquiry.

Belgium owed \$8,370,381; France, \$65,858,101; Great Britain, \$105,503,126; Italy, \$39,228,303, and Russia, \$15,051,977, while the interest falling due in 1920 includes Great Britain, \$211,828,890; France, \$139,904,272; Italy, \$79,595,569; Belgium, \$16,822,078; Russia, \$9,399,365, and Czechoslovakia, \$2,515,004.

HUN REVOLUTION SEEMS TO HAVE RUN ITS COURSE

KAPP WILLING FOR EBERT TO REMAIN PRESIDENT PUT CHANGES MUST BE MADE.

Berlin, March 15.—The counter revolution in Germany appears tonight to have reached the end of the road. There is a strong probability that shortly one government will be in control and that President Ebert will come back to Berlin with his ministers.

A basis of agreement between the government set up by Dr. Wolfgang Kapp as chancellor and the government of President Ebert is enunciated in a declaration issued by the present Berlin government to-day. Announcement is made that negotiations with a settlement in view have been opened between the two governments at the instance of President Ebert and his associates. There is, however, no direct confirmation of this from Ebert, who is understood to be at Stuttgart.

Briefly, Chancellor Kapp is agreeable to the continuance in office of the "present imperial president" who is Friedrich Ebert; he renounces the formation of a new ministry and places the direction of affairs in the hands of the under-secretaries of state.

Terms of Agreement.

The agreement as set forth by Chancellor Kapp provides for a cabinet, which shall include "professional ministers," or experts; elections within two months for members of the reichstag and the Prussian national assembly and subsequently an election for "imperial president" by the people—until which time Ebert shall hold the reins of power.

One significant clause in the pronouncement says: "The new and old governments shall issue a joint declaration that under present conditions a general strike is a crime against the German people."

Herein lies the explanation of the proposed settlement for the general strike, which before, has proved an effective weapon.

Germany already has felt its sinister effect, for the strike in Berlin and many of the other principal cities of the country immediately cut off supplies, means of transportation, light and heat.

Strike Call Effective.

It was President Ebert and his ministers who called upon the socialists, the workmen and all the people to declare a general strike, and there was an instant and effective response to this call.

Labor fiercely resisted the usurpation of the reactionary government. Vast numbers of men left their work, and serious disorders occurred in various parts of the country.

Chancellor Kapp and his supporters announced that they would deal harshly with strikes or passive resistance to the existing order in Berlin. One of the leaders of the counter revolution, voicing the sentiment of the others, said: "We won't knuckle down to the socialists and workmen, who think they can run the country."

Notwithstanding the government's threat of drastic measures, it has been evident that neither Dr. Kapp nor Major General von Luetwitz was willing to put their warnings to the test. Bloodshed would then have been inevitable, plunging the country possibly into a state of anarchy and giving the communists the opportunity they had long awaited to foist the soviet doctrines upon Germany.

Possibilities Alarming.

The situation for a time was fraught with alarming possibilities, particularly if the strike should extend to the railroads. The immediate consequence of this would have been the speedy starvation of Berlin. The most liberal estimates placed Berlin's food supply at less than eight days.

This state of affairs was recognized in all its seriousness also by the Ebert government. Therefore, an agreement will be reached by the two contending governments and that the streets of Berlin will soon be cleared of wire entanglements, machine guns and armed troops.

Although this counter revolution

has thus far been the most orderly of any in the history of a great country, it has not passed without the clashing of arms and bloodshed. In various cities fighting has occurred, participated in both by men and by troops. Several persons were killed and others wounded in disorders in the suburbs of Berlin, when rifles and machine guns were turned upon the crowds.

Hand grenades also were exploded in front of the headquarters of General von Luetwitz, the reactionary minister of defense, but did no great damage, indicating merely the spirit of opposition.

ARTICLE TEN SUBSTITUTE IS ADOPTED BY A BIG VOTE.

Washington, March 15.—Reaffirming his disagreement with President Wilson on the dominating issue of the peace treaty controversy, the senate adopted to-day by a vote of more than two to one the new article X reservation framed by Republican leaders.

Its action brought to an end, at least for the present, the protracted effort for a compromise that would insure ratification, and the senate's decision was accepted generally as hastening the treaty toward another deadlock from which it could be released only by a verdict at the polls next November.

Democrats Are Confident.

Fourteen Democrats voted with the united Republican membership for the reservation, but this defection from the administration ranks fell far short of the number that would be required to ratify. It was conceded that others probably would swing over on the ratification roll call, but administration leaders, backed by a definite assurance that the new reservation was acceptable to the President evidenced no apprehension that their forces would dwindle beyond the danger point.

The vote for adoption, 56 to 26, showed on its face a two-thirds majority for the reservation, but it by no means indicated that two-thirds would vote for ratification on that basis. Included in the majority were the irreconcilables, holding about a score of votes which on the ratification roll call will be cast against the treaty.

BAD FIRE AT THE STATE PENITENTIARY AT RALEIGH.

Raleigh, March 15.—Fire which burned three hours against the impotent streams squirted on it by terribly handicapped firemen, this afternoon destroyed the roof and a portion of the third story of administration building in the state prison, causing a loss of perhaps \$50,000 without insurance.

The fire, originating in the top of the building which fronts the Southern and Seaboard tracks, seems to have started from defective wires, though this theory isn't infallible. The Raleigh firemen making a fine dash to the trouble were forced to lay lines of hose 500 feet long and to place these under the railroad tracks. Thus the fire raged while they prepared and when the water was turned on it was a feeble stream that fought back the blaze from the main buildings. No prisoners were endangered and most of the furnishings in this apartment were carried out and saved.

The prison authorities are not able to make definite estimates of the damage, but it will probably require \$50,000 to fit the quarters up again. Luckily the prison camp is in shape for any jam out there.

Goes to Pen For Candidate.

Atlanta, Ga., March 14.—Eugene V. Debs, former candidate for President of the United States, now an inmate of the federal penitentiary, has given his consent for the use of his name as a Presidential candidate in the coming Michigan primary, according to a statement made tonight by Warden Fred B. Zerbst of the prison.

Warden Zerbst stated that a delegation of Michigan Socialists visited Debs at the prison last week and obtained his consent to the use of his name as a candidate in the Michigan primary. Owing to prison rules, it was impossible to see Debs tonight.

NEWS FROM THE NATION'S CAPITAL AT WASHINGTON

VICE PRESIDENT MARSHALL WON'T PERMIT OF HIS NAME IN THE PRIMARIES.

Washington, March 17.—Vice President Marshall to-day joined the list of presidential candidates or potential candidates who believe the Democrats at the San Francisco convention should be uninstructed "so that the party at the convention may do at the convention what appears best for itself and the country."

The action of the vice president further emphasized the fact that there is but one Democratic candidate openly gunning for delegates—Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer.

Neither in Georgia nor in Indiana, where his boomers proposed to put Mr. Marshall's name on the primary ballots, will the vice president consent to its use. His secretary, Mark Thistlethwaite, to-day notified Georgia Democrats that Mr. Marshall believes in uninstructed delegations and would release delegates even if pledged to him.

William G. McAdoo, former Speaker, Governor Edwards, of New Jersey, and Vice President Marshall have now insisted upon uninstructed delegates. They want a free-for-all contest at the Golden Gate and a fitting of the platform to the right man.

Addressing J. L. Yawton, of Macon, Ga., who circulated the Georgia petition favorable to Vice President Marshall the latter's secretary writes in part as follows:

"For the vice president, who is in Arizona, I must acknowledge receipt of your letter and decline for him your generous offer to present to your state executive committee a petition requesting that his name be placed on the ticket in the Georgia presidential primary.

"I regret that the vice president is not here to convey to you his thanks and his opinion relation to the matter but I was instructed by him when he departed not to sanction efforts that might be made in his behalf. He is not a candidate. He hopes that the San Francisco convention will be made up largely of uninstructed delegates so that the party may at the time of the convention do what appears best for itself and for the country."

Governor Edwards, of New Jersey, for whom a petition was filed in Indiana, has announced his intention to withdraw, but it is not known at the vice president's office whether his petition has yet been withdrawn.

While the vice president is not seeking the presidency, there are many stalwart Democrats, especially in the south, who like his proposal of an old-time Jeffersonian platform; that they believe an old-time Jeffersonian Democrat, such as he, should become the convention nominee.

Governors of the several states, including Governor T. W. Bickett, are responding to the suggestion of former Secretary Lane that there be throughout the country a "community day" to enable folks to get acquainted with one another and to encourage the spirit of Americanism and neighborliness.

Announcement is made here to-day by the national conference on community organization that Governor Bickett has named several prominent North Carolinians to attend the national conference here on March 20, when community organization program will be mapped out.

Getting Ready For Business.

Coblenz, March 16.—The American army of occupation, numbering 18,000 men, is being issued full field equipment under orders issued before the German revolution. There have been no movements, however, to reinforce any positions, or any military activities except those concerned with policing the occupied territory. The total allied forces along the Rhine are estimated at slightly more than 100,000 men.

Child Killed by Truck.

Raleigh, March 15.—Rachel, the three-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mann, of Raleigh, was instantly killed late this afternoon when a big auto truck ran over her on Salisbury street.