

THE TOBACCO PLANT

DURHAM, SEPTEMBER 8th, 1875.

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IMPORTANT TO ALL!

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FOR CONVENTION.

MAJ. W. N. PATTERSON.

EDITORIAL BRIEVITIES.

The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist*, in concluding a paragraph on the corn crop of the South, takes occasion to make the following hit, which is as good as it is sapient: "Our Winnebago friends and the Grand Army of the Republic may pitch their voices in a lower key before many days. Let the South continue to feed herself and grow independent commercially. That is the true path to perfect freedom."

The *Indiana Times* says: "Colonel Eli S. Shorter has returned from his late Western trip. We are pleased to hear him speak very hopefully and encouragingly of the campaign in Ohio. He thinks the State safe for Gov. Allen by a heavy majority. He says that Gov. Hendricks, of Indiana, is the coming man for the next Presidency, and, judging from conversations held with many prominent gentlemen, he thinks Mr. Hendricks will unite the Democracy of the whole Northwest, Middle and Southern States in the next national convention of the party, and that he will be nominated on the first ballot, if not by acclamation. There is no man in the country to whom we would give a more cordial and hearty support for the next Presidency than Hendricks, of Indiana."

THE CAMPAIGN IN OHIO.

From the State Capital - What the Republican and Democratic Committees are Doing - Their Opinion of the Results.

[N. Y. Sun Correspondence.]

The Republican and Democratic State Committees carry on their business here. Ex-Secretary of State, Wyckoff, is Chairman of the former, and Mr. John G. Thompson of the latter. The campaign has assumed, so far as the State is concerned, the proportions of a Presidential contest. And it is no wonder that it is believed by thousands of intelligent politicians that the result in October may possibly determine the great election of 1876. At all events the battle is fought on that ground. Ohio is one of the great States recently wrested from the Republicans by the Democracy after years of desperate struggles. Last fall in a national contest involving the choice of members of Congress the Democrats carried it by (if I am correct in my recollection) more than 25,000 majority, at the same time electing their State ticket by about 17,000 majority. This present year the Democrats themselves have drawn into the canvass national issues concerning the currency; and if the Republicans can only contrive to beat them in October, though it be on the Catholic school phantom, or any other specious humbug not understood in adjacent States, the Great Buckeye brick will fall heavily against the Keystone State, and very likely down will go in November Democratic supremacy in Pennsylvania, while even the strong grasp with which the Democracy now seem to hold New York may be seriously relaxed. One of the ablest Democratic statesmen in Ohio said to me last evening: "If we lose this State in October we shall be pretty certain to lose Pennsylvania in November." If the Republicans can recuperate in those two leading States this fall they will enter into the Presidential campaign with courage and spirit, and even with strong hopes of success. And nobody understands this better than their able, active Central Committee, who are working like beavers to elect Hayes to the Governorship seven weeks hence.

Therefore it is that the Republicans are conducting this canvass as if involved the Presidency. I cannot be mistaken in saying that their party was never better and more thoroughly organized at any election in Ohio than now; and I believe, though I cannot so positively speak on this point, that they have all the money they need at present, and can get as much as they want to use till the close of the battle. I am informed, on what I regard as good authority, that the Federal officeholders and magnates of the Administration at Washington alone have raised \$10,000 for

Ohio. The Democratic Convention that renominated Gov. Allen demanded "the extinction of the present national banks and the establishment in their stead of a system of free banks of discount on deposit only, &c. In consequence of this it is asserted that national banks are bleeding freely to defeat Allen, and it is feared by Democrats who are not easily frightened that New York leaders, and perhaps irrespective of party, too, are now or soon will be sending money here for the same object. However this may be, the Republican canvass, under the control of the Central Committee of the State, is prosecuted with rare skill and dash, and seems not to lack for material aid to give it unusual intensity. The State resounds from centre to circumference with stump speakers of the Republican persuasion; and some of the most famous of these are from other States, as, for example, Senators Morton, of Indiana, Oglesby, of Illinois, and Windom, of Minnesota, while Gen. Woodford, of New York—he was once interested in the slave trade—is already noted for a series of meetings and speeches coming after the Maine election is over, and so on. Of course, the Republican committee claim that they are going to carry the State, though they do not name the majority, and I think they ardently hope rather than firmly believe. The Republicans are certainly to change the issue from the finances to the common schools. They seem to be willing to let the currency go to the devil, provided they can keep the schools out of the hands of the Pope; and as the Democrats and the Ohio Constitution are in accord with the Republicans on this latter point, nervous people outside of the State may regard the Ohio school money as safe, whatever becomes of Hayes and Allen or of the electioneering fund of the Republican and Democratic committees.

Seriously, though, there never was a falseness pretence than the bringing of this sectarian question into the present campaign under the guise of a simulated belief that the Catholics and the Democrats have entered into a conspiracy to divide the school fund. As I intend to devote a letter to this subject alone, I will now only say that the Constitution of Ohio prohibits such division in express terms, and that the Democratic State Convention (in response to a resolution of the Republican Convention) denounced as false the charge that they favored it, and repudiated the policy in explicit language. Nevertheless, it is becoming the absorbing question in the canvass, and it will be the pivot whereon the result will turn! The Republican orators are drawing hard money and rag money to the dogs, while they double up their fists and hurl hot words at Pio Nino beyond the seas.

I know that the Republicans have practically abandoned the currency issue, and stake their hopes of success on this sectarian question, and that they do not so much anticipate a triumph by drawing votes from regular Democrats as by securing a portion of those anti-Catholic Germans who have gone with the Democrats since the Greeley campaign, and more especially by calling out an unusual large regular Republican vote in the twelve counties of the Western Reserve, which, as everybody knows, are impregnated with the principles and the prejudices of Plymouth Rock.

But I must say a few words of the Democratic State Committee and its doings and its opinions as to the result in October. Mr. Thompson, the Chairman of the Committee, is a gentleman of marvellous energy, and possesses extraordinary capacities for organizing a political campaign. He has been Chairman during all the recent hot contests in the State, and to him the Democrats are largely indebted for the triumphs of the last two years; and if they come out victors now, they will owe it in no small measure to his skill and vigor. The Democrats have a full corps of speakers on the stump. Besides their own citizens they have many distinguished gentlemen from other States, of whom I will name Gov. Hendricks and Senator McDonald of Indiana, and ex-Senator Tipton of Nebraska. There are a dozen other capital speakers here from Michigan, Iowa, Pennsylvania, and so on. Perhaps one of the most effective of what may be called "outside" influences aiding in the election of Allen is a large body of Ohio Republicans who are now on the stump advocating the Democratic ticket. These are mostly business men, and some of them are manufacturers, especially in the iron and coal districts. The number of these Republican stump-

ers, big and little, who are working for Allen, is at least thirty. The less conspicuous of them are speaking in the mining regions where, by the by, the Democrats confidently expect to make heavy gains, and where I am sure the Republicans fear they will. Indeed, it is in the mining sections that the Democrats hope to make up, through the currency issue and the pressure of "hard times," for losses they may suffer on the school question by means of an increased Republican vote in the Puritan Reserve, and the defection of some Liberal Germans in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, and one or two other cities. From what I have seen and heard, I think they do not reckon without their host.

Now, as the offset to these Ohio Republican speakers who support Allen, I have not heard of a regular Democrat who is on the stump for Hayes. Besides these home Republicans there are others of like faith of considerable prominence in Western States who have tendered their services to the Democratic committee, and some of them will be invited to come. I have heard of nothing of this sort on the other side of the contest.

All the prominent Ohio Democrats who usually speak in great campaigns are now, with two or three exceptions, in the field. Senator Thurman is suffering from a chronic complaint, but he will make a few speeches. Gov. Allen is bristful of vigor. I saw the old Roman a few minutes yesterday, with his duster on his arm, just starting for the train to enter upon a series of appointments, which now number twenty-eight, and will swell to forty by the day of election. This does not look much like decaying powers, nor carrying out the programme of the Toledo Blade by withdrawing from the ticket. The venerable statesman appears a good deal younger than Gov. Dix (as he in fact is) and said he felt sure of being elected by a large majority. The stumping tour wherewith he has entered extends from the north-east corner of the State to Cincinnati, and covers six weeks. Of course Mr. Pendleton and Gen. Ewing are busy, while Gen. Cary, the candidate for Lieut. Governor, seems to be almost omnipresent. His appointments, as advertised by the State Committee in the Columbus Dispatch of last evening, number forty-five.

The Committee, as well as eminent Democrats at the capital, believe they will carry their ticket. The Chairman of the Committee expresses no doubt on the subject. I am told that his prophesies heretofore on this kind of subject have always been fulfilled. I understand that offers to bet on the result are made here by Democrats, and remain open, with no takers. Such a symptom will pass for what it is worth among the betting fraternity. Of one thing I feel certain, and this is that the Democrats in this city who have access to all the information of the State Committee are more confident of success than were those in Cleveland and other points on the Reserve whom I saw, and that the Republicans whom I have seen here are less confident than were those whom I met up there.

SALEM, VA., SEPT. 1st, 1875.

MR. EDITOR.—The PLANT always a welcome visitor pays its weekly debts punctually. The *News* and *Sentinel* also daily inform me of what is transpiring in my dear old State. Think I am, or should be, posted on all subjects, from the indiscretion of Gov. Brogden down to the great popularity of grass widows. Am truly sorry the Gov. after winning our favor by his upright walk should so far forget himself as to incur our eternal displeasure. Experience should have taught us, long before this, that when the reins of government fall into the hands of a bachelor by accident or otherwise, the people may prepare themselves for shipwreck and disaster. Would it not be well to legislate a little on the subject, for the benefit of posterity? Suppose we pass a law that shall be unalterable as those of the Medes and Persians, that no man shall be eligible to any office, after he has attained the age of thirty, unless he be a paterfamilias. At a casual glance it looks as plausible as some of the laws we have in force. If we could only be induced to look at our own political blunders and indiscretions, and profit thereby, perhaps we would have less cause to complain of our political aspirants. But alas, frail human nature is a strange conglomeration of absurdities at best. Hope noble old Orange whose escutcheon is spotless, will be equal to the emergency in filling the vacancy. But enough of this.

Owing to long continued wet weather

have been kept within doors, consequently have nothing of interest to communicate in the way of sight seeing. Resonance College at this place, resumes its exercises to-day. Students are pouring in and everything looks brisk and lifelike. It reminds me of the prosperous days of our University. President Biddle is a minister of the Lutheran Church and a man of superior culture.

The Methodist district conference closed a harmonious and pleasant session last night. Dr. Bledsoe of the Southern Review was present and gave us two excellent sermons.

The weather here is as cool and bracing as October with us. I am having a delightful time, I am happy to say have not formed the acquaintance of a musquito since leaving Greensboro. Have not as yet felt the least symptom of the F. F. V. fever. Hoping you and yours are basking in the sunshine of health and prosperity, I am with sentiments of high regard, yours truly, M. A. C.

GENERAL NEWS.

Next comes the Arkansas, New Jersey and Maine elections.

The people of Texas are about to erect a monument to the memory of Houston. Ohio intends to ship a block of coal weighing five tons to the Centennial Exhibition.

Brockton, Mass., factories produced over 5,000,000 sewing machine needles last year.

Since the Baker case two other indecent-assaults have been made in English railway carriages.

A certain English ale manufacturer pays a single railway nearly a million dollars a year for freight.

Hon. Jefferson Davis has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the Kansas City Exposition.

A son of General Kershaw, of South Carolina, was recently ordained a deacon of the Episcopal Church.

The discovery of gold at South Effingham, Mass., is reported, and mining operations have already begun.

Robert Dale Owen's speedy recovery of his normal mental condition is confidently predicted by his physician.

The public auctioneer at Barcelona having resigned more than five hundred candidates applied for the vacant post.

The daughter of Gen. Schenck is said to be engaged to Mr. Roderick Duggan, a rich Scotchman residing in Glasgow.

Mr. Ruffin leaders now assert that Richard Young has but twelve actual wives, all the rest are simply sealed to him.

The Nashville *Banner* reports the Congressional delegation in Tennessee in favor of Hon. S. S. Cox for Speaker of the next House.

The *Christian Register* says that Beecher's best friends wish him to exclude himself for a time, that people "may forget."

A widow lady, named Luke, living near Gold Ridge, Randolph county, Ga., found, a few days ago, on her farm, a nugget of gold weighing two and a half pounds, and worth about \$600.

Ex-Senator Fowler of Tennessee has been chosen to deliver an oration at Nashville, Tenn., in October, at a meeting to commemorate the life and public services of the late Ex-President Johnson.

Says the *New York Star*: The editor of the *Sax* was robbed while asleep. The idea that any man could hope to catch that individual asleep is the most surprising, and he deserves all he got.

Horace White, formerly editor of the *Chicago Tribune*, sees no perceptible decay in the old British Empire, and thinks the English people are richer, stronger, wiser and more progressive than ever before.

The *Chicago Inter-Ocean* is authority for the statement that before the recent circular asking government officials and clerks for money for campaign purposes was sent out the cabinet as well as the committee was consulted.

A Philadelphia paper expresses the opinion that "the toppling of the great fabric of the gold system of the Pacific, just when rallies are being made against currency inflation, will give the vantage ground to the Kelleys and Careys and Batlers of the country, and make Allen 10,000 votes stronger in Ohio than he was a week ago." Then the San Francisco *Pacific* is not without its good uses.

A BARGAIN.

An acre lot with comfortable house on it in the eastern part of town can be purchased upon the most reasonable terms. C. B. GREEN, Agt.

Durham Saloon.

We respectfully inform our many friends and patrons that we have moved and are now doing business in our

NEW BAR ROOM

on the corner of

MANKUM & RAIL ROAD STREETS.

where we are always ready and willing to welcome them AS OF OLD.

Our Bar

for neatness and arrangement is second to NONE IN THE STATE, and we always keep on hand all kinds of first-class

WINES AND LIQUORS

which we will guarantee pure as to quality, and welderly competition in prices.

Very Respectfully,

S. R. CARRINGTON & Co.,
27 - *c.* DURHAM, N. C.

NOTICE

is hereby given that we will again receive Wool at the store of J. E. Freedland & Co. at Durham as done last season without extra charge. Prepare your wool well and have it strongly scoured and labeled.
July 27th 1875. S. S. CLAYTON.

BOTTOM TOUCHED.

DRY GOODS AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

MONEY SAVED BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS FROM LEVY BROTHERS, who have made large purchases since the recent decline.

FANCY Grenadines at \$1, 10, and 12½ per yard worth 16½, 20 and 25c;
Richards Fine Grenadines at 19½, 20, 25, 30 and 35 worth 25 to 50c.

Black Grenadines in all qualities from 12½ cts up to 82½ per yard—this embraces not only the cheapest, but best assorted stock ever offered in this city.

Born Linen Dressing Saffron at \$1½ per yard worth 10c; at 12½, would be a bargain at 25c; at 16½, worth 30c—these goods must be seen to be appreciated.

Silk-warp Japanese Stripes and Plaids at 30c per yard, worth 50c;
Japanese Cloth at 12½, worth 25c.

Wash-pops best manufactured, at 12½ and 16c worth 18 and 25c;
Debeses at 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50c. These goods can be had in all the new shades.

New Style Plain Dress Goods from 25 to 50 c. per yard—a reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent, has been made in these goods.

Fast-Colored Lawns at \$1 10 16½, 20, 25, 30, 37½, and 50c.
Also at the lowest prices Pongee, Mohairs, Japanese Silks, Jewels, Cambrics, Linen Lawns and all other styles of fashionable dress goods.

Black Alpaca at 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 75, 85, 90c and \$1.25;
Australian Tropic at 50 c and 75c worth 65 and 80c.

Yarn-side Plaid Percales and Cambrics at 12½ and 16c, 18c per yard regular prices 16½ and 25c.

Victoria Lawns at 10, 20, 25, and 30c also 35c; at 16½ and 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50c—all remarkably cheap.

Swiss Muslins from 12½ c. up to 50c per yard—all very cheap.

Checked and Striped Swiss Muslins; Checked and Striped Swiss Muslins; Corded, Striped, and Fingert Finishes—all at extremely low prices.

Lonsdale Cambric, first quality, one yard wide at 16½ c. per yard.

Knights (Cambric) 33 inches wide, at 10c, would be a bargain at 12½c.

Utica Sheeting, 10-4 wide, in remnants from two and a half up to ten yards at 40c per yard; 50c is the regular price every where.

Remnants of Dress Goods of every description to be sold at less than half value.

Black and Colored Silks at lower prices and in greater variety than at any other establishment in this State.

Embroidered Curtains, Muslin, one yard wide at 25c worth 30, 35, 40, 50c.

Hamburg Net for curtains at 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50c and up to \$1 per yard.

Hamburg Lace Curtains from \$4 to \$30, per set for two windows; Hamburg Lace Laundretiques from \$2.50 up to \$5 a pair—all very cheap and desirable.

Window-blinds in great variety, among which will be found an exact imitation of lace shades, now so fashionable.

A large assortment of Curtain Fixtures, such as Cornices, Bands, Loops and Hooks.

Black White and Eern Hamburg Nets at a reduction of 50%.

A full assortment of Silk Neck Scarves and Ties.
A large assortment of Laces suitable for trimming.
Also Black Lace Scarves and White Lace and Muslin Scarves.

Ready-Made Dresses For Ladies in all of the latest styles from \$3 to \$25.
A full assortment of Under-Garments at extraordinary low prices.

A large assortment of Bucks and Drillings for boys and men's wear.
Sash Ribbons at 25c, 30, 35, 40, and 50c and up to \$1.25 per yard—all extra-ordinarily cheap.
A full assortment of Ribbons from a half inch up to seven inches at the lowest prices.
Gauze-shirtings for men and women—some as low as 40c for men.
Bustles in all the new styles; also Hoop-skirts and Kalorals;
Mattings Oil-Clothes Rugs, Carpets Mats and Hoosocks;
Rubber Jet and Gold-Plated Jewelry in great variety;
Summer Shawls Lace, Points and Jackets;
Black Grenadines Shawls at \$3 worth \$4;
Laces and Embroideries in endless variety at low prices;
Goodrich & Barnum's Tuckers at 75c.
Machine Needles at 4 and 5c.
Clark's and Coats' Spool-Cotton at 70c per dozen.
and thousands of other articles not enumerated in this advertisement.
Prompt attention to orders.
LEVY BROTHERS,
Richmond, Va.

NOTICE.
VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE four miles from Durham and one mile from Cameron's New Mill on Eno River, on both sides of Fish Dam road. Containing 330 acres. It is laid off in three lots 103, 97, and 130 acres, which will be sold separate or together. Said land is known as the A. Nichols Place, and is adapted to the growth of Cotton, Tobacco, Corn and Oats. Now is a good chance for you to get close to market, figures low down. Terms, cash balance 12 months with interest at 8 per cent.
For further information, apply to C. E. GREEN, Editor TOBACCO PLANT.

Piedmont Air Line Railway.
RICHMOND & DANVILLE, RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. W., N. C. DIVISION, and NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. W.

Condensed Time Table,
In Effect on and after Wednesday, June 23, 1875.

GOING NORTH.		
STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte	9:24 p. m.	5:55 a. m.
Air-Line, Jun.	9:32	6:20
Salisbury	11 55	8 41
Greensboro	3:00 a. m.	10:55
Danville	6:20	1:12 p. m.
Druides	6:30	1:20
Burkville	11:35	6:07
Arrive at Richmond	2:22 p. m.	8:47

GOING SOUTH.		
STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond	1:38 p. m.	5:05 a. m.
Burkville	4:52	8:35
Druides	10:33	6:14 p. m.
Danville	10:39	1:17
Greensboro	2:45 a. m.	3:58
Salisbury	5:27	6:16
Air-Line, June	7:55	8:25
Arrive at Charlotte	8:03	8:33

GOING EAST.		
STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro	3:00 a. m.	At 2:00 a. m.
Co. Shops	4:30	At 12:17
Raleigh	8:33	At 7:20 p. m.
At Goldsboro	11:30 p. m.	At 7:40 p. m.

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
(SALEM BRANCH)
Leave Greensboro 4:30 p. m.
Arrive at Salem 6:15
Leave Salem 8:40 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro 10:33

Passenger trains leaving Raleigh at 7:20 P. M. connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train, making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Price of tickets same as via other routes.

Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail trains to or from points North or South.

Two trains daily both ways.
On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9 A. M.; arrive at Burkeville 12:43 P. M.; leave Burkeville 4:35 A. M. arrive at Richmond 7:58 A. M.

No Change of Cars between Charlotte and Richmond, 282 Miles.

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address
S. E. ALLEN,
Gen'l Ticket Agent -
Greensboro, N. C.,
T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Eng'ineer & Gen'l Superintendent.

Planters Warehouse, Durham, N. C.

For the Sale of Leaf Tobacco.

Bright Wrappers and Smokers A SPECIALITY.

All Shipments Promptly Attended To. Orders Solicited.

HENRY W. WAHAB, GEORGE CREDELE, JOHN C. WILKERSON, 27— Proprietors.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of Parker Barbee & Latta has this day dissolved by mutual consent M. A. Parker having withdrawn. All indebted to the firm are earnestly requested to settle at once.

M. A. PARKER, E. B. BARBEE, C. G. LATTA.

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Parker we will continue the grocery and cotton commission business at the old stand No. 2, South side market square. Thanking our old friends and customers for their liberal patronage, we hope to merit a continuance of the same. BARBEE & LATTA No. 2 South side Market Square, Aug. 1st, 1875. RALEIGH, N. C.

NOTICE.
Tax payers of the Town of Durham, your taxes for the year 1875 is due and have been placed in my hands for collection. If you would save trouble pay your Tax promptly. Office at meat store.
Aug 2nd 1875. C. M. HERNDON, T. C.