

The Courier.

TOM. T. MITCHELL Editor. GEO. S. BAKER Manager.

All letters addressed to Baker and Mitchell.

Friday, January 3, 1873.

The Bayonet.

Much has been said and written about what would be the policy of Gen. Grant after his reelection, and many were of the opinion that he would be more generous and advise a more liberal course towards the south. How has it been? Let the States of Alabama and Louisiana speak. Let them tell how the bayonet has forced the state authorities to humble themselves and carry out whatever measures may be suit his capricious will and the interest of the party of which he is the recognized head. Inch by inch the right of the States have been attacked and destroyed, until now we behold the lamentable spectacle of states being forced at the point of the bayonet into whatever measure the radical party may deem of interest to itself. We have just come to this, that we dare not do anything without first consulting the powers at Washington. We see it stated that a committee has been sent from Arkansas to Washington to ascertain what will be the course of the president provided there should be trouble between the two political parties during the next month. And who doubts that it will be other than it was in Alabama and other states, where the law abiding citizens have resisted the encroachments and attempted frauds of the defeated radicals? In perilism so much talked of and so long feared has come at last, and several of the southern states have felt the power and acknowledged the right of the emperor Grant—at the point of the bayonet.

It is with the greatest regret that we learn the death of Dr. S. Singleton of Hertford, N. C. His death was caused by an attack of pneumonia. A person writing from that place says that his proverbial kindness and unselfish solicitude for the sick and suffering, and especially his open handed and open hearted charity to the poor has won for him the friendship and love of our people. His practice was large and his labors very onerous, but so much of his practice was dispensed to the poor that it hardly afforded him a support. His family have our deepest sympathy.

Sacrum Ubles.

On Christmas night we were in Franklinton and had the pleasure of seeing the "Christmas Tree" given by the Methodist to their Sunday school scholars. The tree was placed and trimmed in the Methodist church, and presented a most beautiful appearance. Presents both beautiful and elegant were arranged most tastily on its green boughs and reflected great credit on the fair hands that had been so busily at work for the last week. The night was stormy, the wind whistling through the leafless branches, and hurrying with great force the hail through the streets. Notwithstanding the weather we attended and felt fully repaid in watching the merry countenances of the young, who with eager impatience awaited the distribution of the prizes. A few appropriate remarks were made by the Rev. Paul J. Carraway, and then Superintendent R. N. Winston and his assistants began to distribute the presents. And soon the tree so lately glittering under its load of Christmas fruit was left in its loneliness in the deserted church.

Wishing to increase the circulation of the Courier we have concluded to offer the following inducement.

For every subscription accompanied with the cash, we will send a paper and also a splendid picture worth almost the price of the paper. Now is the time to subscribe for 1873 and get a splendid picture.

The Characteristics of Infidelity.

Such is the title of a lecture, Dr. T. H. Pritchard, of Raleigh proposes to deliver on an early day in Louisburg. The price of admission will be Fifty cents. The proceeds of the lecture will be applied to the education of a young minister.

The Dr. has more reputation in the pulp than on the platform, but we learn that this production has been well received in Hillsboro, Greensboro, Charlotte, Goldsboro, Wilmington, and several cities and towns of Virginia. Our people are not much given to lecture going, but we hope they will not fail to patronize the effort of this gentleman, who has recently labored so earnestly for the good of our people.

More Centralization.

By its day we hear from Washington of new schemes to concentrate power in the hands of the General Government, at the expense of the rights of the people. These schemes are so numerous and so comprehensive, that if adopted, the States will stand in the relation of mere counties, or provinces to the Federal head; and Washington will be, as Paris is, the seat and centre of all power and authority. The latest development from the city of magnificent distances is one which promises further aggrandizement to the Government, as it is now proposed to establish a Federal Bureau of Naturalization. This business is now performed by the State courts, and there is no reason to believe that there is a necessity for the change. The reasons underlying this movement are numerous, and among them we believe there is one which, of course, will never be avowed, for we view the question it appears to be a revival of Know-Nothingism in a mild form. But be that as it may, Washington is already too much of a magnet for the rights of the States and the people for us to look with favor on this proposition; and we trust it will be defeated—Virginia.

Life on a Pacific Railroad Steamer.

A E. F. San Francisco correspondent of the Springfield Republican sends the following sketch of being "sawed up" on the passage across the plains: Our life was now one of novel experience—cooking on a car stove, using old cyster cans for boiling; for broiling a griddle made of a piece of telegraph wire miraculously bent, and toasting bread in a corn-popper. Water-giving out, we were obliged to melt snow for cooking, washing and drinking. Towels were soon in the same condition as that in a Western hotel which had been used by more than fifty, and you are the first one that has found fault. The supply of sheets being used, however, we used them in place of towels. The chief occupation in our car (aside from shovelling, which, owing to the intense cold and binding snow, none of us could endure for more than two hours a day), was the devising of new and rare combinations of bacon, chicken and vegetables. We were divided into messes, and each mess endeavored to outdo the others, and the results were indescribable, as well as indigestible. I scalded, scorched, and otherwise so maltreated my right hand in cooking, that I became partially left-handed, which may account for some of my dishes being left on the table.

The engineer immediately following our train is into us again, one night, and the passengers in our rear car concluded they didn't like it, and arising in their wrath, "want for" the engineer, and would certainly have hung him, but that he sought safety in "ramming the rails." He kept a reasonable distance in our rear for the balance of the trip. We had lectures on paleontology and geology by Dr. Conger, on Wales and Welshman by Mr. E. Davis, a native of Wales, and then on his way to Nevada to superintend a mine, recently purchased by English capitalists, singing and dancing as the spirit moved, and were nearly burned out at three o'clock. An alarm of fire on board a "steamer" at night is more alarming than alarming. This was dismounting (from the story) in hot haste—a rapid search for "traps," all talking of swearing at once—only one lost his "presence of mind," and he balanced accounts by an "absence of body" (not over-dressed) accompanied by his lunch basket. For variety one night, a passenger in one of our cars had a "bit of a discussion" with his wife and drew his revolver to emphasize his remarks, and otherwise evinced a determination to carry his point. So we had to get up, disarm and bind his hands and feet, and put him to bed, and next morning banished him to the rear car of the rear train. There is the same objection to drawing revolvers in sleeping cars that Charles D. Warner finds in having a game preserve attached to a garden—it makes life too lively.

President for Life.

The letter of Parson Brownlow, recommending Grant as President for life, is meeting with very encouraging responses from those who admire the sagacious and capulet boor of the White House. One John Laird, who is described as a Republican of influence and standing, writes to the editor of a "Liberal" journal:

Let me now, as a friend and Republican in official good standing, tell you a secret—it is this: That General Grant and our party is now strong enough to elect him on a regular ticket for President during his natural life. What do you and your rebel and sorehead confederates think of that? It makes no difference what you think of it, for we can and will eventually do it.

To us, res. et. u. J. L. LAIRD.

Then there comes along John W. Forney, who is in the Philadelphia Press says:

"General Grant is to day the possessor of imperial power. He can make or unmake States and statements. He can change policies, as he has crushed parties."

And who doubts it? Grant controls the army, and the army is just now actively engaged in at least three States for the undeniable purpose of depriving the people of those States of their honest election, and to secure a set of administrative officials in office. Does anybody doubt that Grant would use this same army to maintain himself in office against the will of the people, just as he uses it to help his political friends and his relatives. Even the Republicans in Congress aid him and endorse his imperial despotism, for a Republican Senator has declared on the floor of Congress that it is not the business of that body to call the President to account for any use he may make of the Federal army.

Do the people understand what all these things mean?—Pomeroy's Democrat.

Things for the Thumb of the Thoughtful.

It was charged by the Liberals in the late campaign that the Administration was circulating falsehoods concerning Horace Greeley, the Liberal candidate.

Witness the action of Judge Durell and President Grant and the use of Federal troops in Louisiana; and witness the kindred transactions in Alabama.

It was charged that such men as Simon Cameron were the ruling spirits in the party.

Witness how the Senate at Cameron's bidding refused to allow any tribute to be paid the memory of Horace Greeley.

It was charged that the party was corrupt.

Witness the election of United States Senators by bribery in South Carolina, and by trickery and fraud in Alabama.

We recommend the thoughtful citizen to put his thumb on these suggestive facts and watch the progress of events. And that we may do the party no injustice we name here the only premise or profession it has approached the fulfillment of. In the matter of civil service reform, though the mischievous Jesse R. Grant, the dishonest Casey, and the incompetent Cramer, have not been removed, there has been an Assistant Postmaster promoted to Philadelphia.

Star.

Governor Pinchback of Louisiana.

The name of the glittering Pinchback of Louisiana, was not always Pinchback, though it never was pure gold or gold eighteen karats fine. His name, when he ran on the river and put in an occasional appearance in this city, was pinkney Stuart. He was a gay and festive youth, and prized, with all the intensity of his ardent African nature, the smiles that beauty bestowed. He wore a great deal of glittering jewelry. The dusky maidens at whose feet he sighed had heard that all that glittered was not gold, and concluded that the massive chains he sported were pinchback, and called after the adornments, which he had heaped upon his comely person. The name stuck to him until

he adopted it; and how he has made it bright in the long list of great American statesmen. As we have heretofore remarked, he is not foolish. His eyes shine, and his teeth shine and his hair is brilliant. It Death loves a shining mark, he will take a shot at Pinchback some of these times.—Cincinnati Commercial.

For The Courier.

Mr. Editor:—Permit me to inquire through the columns of your paper what has become of the active and zealous Friends of Temperance belonging to Pettigrew county. No. 1. How character been surrendered; and if so how are we to get along without it. Are not the places of selling intoxicant drink increasing, and the enemies of reform growing bold and strong? Has ardent spirits ceased producing drunkards, or has some agency more powerful than our order been discovered to some men from infamy that we can thus allow our order to perish. The enemies of reform are marshalling their forces, and have invaded our territory, but we have hope in our order and fear not, if we can keep up our organization. Then suffer me dear friends to appeal to you not to let your noble council to remain in its present condition, but with new energy to make one more effort to build it up. Let us not forsake a good cause because it is weak, nor countenance a bad one because it is strong, for it is not by might, but by right we expect to stand yours W. H. H.

Married.

Wednesday, January 1, 1873, at the residence of the bride's father, in Franklinton, by the Rev. Paul J. Carraway, Miss Carrie F. Young, to Mr. T. T. Mitchell, all of this county.

On the 25th inst., at the residence of the bride's father in this county, Miss Nannie Gurton to Mr. Joseph Carlile, of this place.

On the 25th inst., by Rev. J. W. Welton, at the residence of Mr. Charles Bonfield, Mr. William Frazier to Miss Carmina Pearce, all of Franklin county.

The Deluge A Confirmation of the Bible Story from Chaldean Sources.

We have received from the accomplished discoverer, Mr. George Smith, of the British Museum, the subjoined most interesting account of the record of the Deluge, which, as we announced a day or two ago, he has lately deciphered from the Assyrian monuments.

"The cuneiform inscription which I have recently found and translated gives a long and full account of the Deluge. It contains the version or tradition of this event, which existed in the early Chaldean period at the city of Erech (one of the cities of Nimrod), now represented by the ruins of Warka. In this newly discovered inscription the account of the Deluge is put as a narrative into the mouth of Xi-uthrus, or Noah. He relates the wickedness of the world, the command to build the ark, its building, the filling of it, the Deluge, the resting of the ark on a mountain, the sending out of the birds, and other matters. The narrative has a closer resemblance to the account transmitted by the Greeks from Berossus the Chaldean historian, than to the Biblical history, but it does not differ materially from either. The principal differences are as to the duration of the deluge, the name of the mountain on which the ark rested, the sending out of the birds, etc. The cuneiform account is much longer and fuller than that of Berossus, and has several details omitted both by the Bible and the Chaldean historian. This inscription opens up many questions of which we knew nothing previously, and it is connected with a number of other details of Chaldean history which will be both interesting and important.—This is the first time any inscription has been found with an account of an event mentioned in Genesis." London Telegraph.

THE CONTENTED MAN.—A wealthy epicure applied to an Arabian doctor for a prescription that would restore his body to health and give happiness to his mind. The physician advised him to exchange shirts with a man who was perfectly contented with his lot, upon which the patient set out upon his journey in pursuit of such a person. After many months spent without accomplishing his object, he was told of a certain cobbler of whom every one had spoken as a model of contentment and happiness. Pursuing the direction given, the traveller was pleased with a sight of the cobbler enjoying a comfortable nap on a board. Without ceremony he was aroused from his slumbers, and asked if he was contented with his lot, was answered in the affirmative.

"Then," said the seeker after happiness, "I have one small boon to ask at your hands. It is that you exchange shirts with me, that by this means I

also may become contented and happy." "Most gladly would I accede to your request," replied the cobbler, "but—" "Nay refuse me not," interrupted the man of wealth; "any sum thou mayest name shall be thine." "I seek not thy wealth," said the cobbler, "but—" "But what?" "The truth is—I have no shirt."

Notice.

There will be a regular meeting of the Franklin Subsoil Attachment Company at 11 o'clock, on Tuesday Jan, 7th 1873. A full attendance of the Stockholders is desired.

IF YOU WANT A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE, SUBSCRIBE FOR THE Franklin Courier ONLY \$2.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to J. J. Mitchell are requested to come forward and settle their accounts immediately, as longer indulgence will not be given. A word to the wise is sufficient.

W. K. BARHAM, ATTY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, LOUISBURG, N. C.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

Dr. W. J. Cooke, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in his residence in this city, at the residence of his mother, 6 miles south of Louisburg. No. 10-17.

Light! Light! Light! Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil.

We are glad to inform the many inquirers after PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL, that we have received a supply. Those who have left oil cans at our store during the past two weeks, can now have them filled with

Dr. J. B. Clifton, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Louisburg, N. C. Dec. 20, 1872—11.

To The Public.

The undersigned wishing to close out his stock of Goods, will sell at cost a great many articles.

SEABOARD & ROANOKE RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE SEABOARD & ROANOKE R. CO., 121 Exchange Building, No. 121, CHANGING OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Wednesday, April 10th, Trains will leave Portsmouth (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Mail train daily at 6:45 a. m. Through Freight train daily at 1:30 p. m. Way Freight train Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 11:00 a. m. ARRIVE AT PORTSMOUTH.

Mail train daily at 6:45 a. m. Through Freight train daily at 1:30 p. m. Way Freight train Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 11:00 a. m.

Mail train stop at all stations for passenger gear. Through Freight trains stop on at Bowler's Hill, Suffolk, Buckhorn, Franklin, Boykin's and Seaboard for passengers. Way Freight train stops at all stations for passengers and freight.

Mail train connects at Weldon with the trains of the Wilmington and Weldon, Raleigh and Gaston railroads.

And on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at Franklin, with steamer for Edenton, Plymouth, and Landing on Blackwater and Chowan rivers.

F. G. GRIFFIN, Supt. of Transportation.

Louisburg Tanyard.

The undersigned have established a Tanyard in this place and will purchase dry and green hides at the highest market prices. Also we will tan on shares. We have engaged Mr. W. H. Heater to superintend the business, who is in every respect qualified, and who has had year of experience in tanning.

Cure your hides with SALT OIL. BAKER & CO. Louisburg, N. C. Nov. 22—11.



THE ORIGINAL HOWE Sewing Machine.

CONSTRUCTED IN THE BEST POSSIBLE MANNER.

EXECUTES THE GREATEST VARIETY OF WORK.

Never soils work.

The Cheapest Because

THE BEST.

LOOK STITCH.

STATE NEEDLE.

EASILY MANAGED, DOES NOT GET OUT OF ORDER.

Unequaled For Universal Sewing.

HIGHEST HONORS AT THE LATE SOUTH BRN FAIRS.

AGENTS WANTED.

Send for Circular.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.

No. 7 Fayetteville St. Raleigh, N. C.

A. J. CARRIER, Manager.

No. 8—12m.

WATSON'S GALLERY OF Photographic Art.

Raleigh, N. C.

It is one of the most complete photographic establishments in the south. Every article of photographic likeness from the smallest miniature to the largest portrait colored in oil is readily furnished. If you have a likeness of a deceased relative or friend you may have it copied and colored to nature, and such action always guaranteed. Photograph Albums and Picture Frames always on hand, in great variety; and will be sold low when on come to his sign, don't fail to visit Watson's Gallery, 2nd door above Tasker's Hall. J. W. WATSON.

TERRELL & HARRIS' Center of Attraction.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS.

150 Sacks of Marshall's fine Salt. 10 lbs. New River Mulletts. 50 lbs. New River Fish. 25 lbs. per bush. Saddles, Bridles, Hatters and saddles, cloths.

GOOD ASSORTMENT OF DOUBLE AND SINGLE GUNS.

500 Cards of good Hickory and Oak wood at \$7.00 per cord at the Gun Landing, or \$4.50 delivered anywhere in the CITY.

AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF CONFEC TIONS AT

TERRELL & HARRIS' B. P. CLIFTON,

Keeps constantly on hand a full Stock of Goods, suitable to the wants of the people consisting of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Dresses, Hats, Shawls &c

A splendid stock of Mens and Boys Clothing, Boots & Shoes.

HATS & C.

FLOUR

A few Bbls family flour the best that can be put up at

CLIFTON'S MILLS.

No. 30—11

FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT.

Having gone to a considerable expense to start up a first class My Country and Restaurant, I would respectfully call the attention of the eating and drinking public to this nice place, where they can be accommodated to anything to eat or drink that the appetite may call for, served up in the most tasteful and stylish by

THE CELEBRATED JACKSON YARBORO,

THE BEST COOK IN THE WHOLE COUNTRY.

CANDIES & CIGARS.

A nice supply of cigars, Candies Raisins Pickles Brandy Peaches Jellys &c

AT CLIFTON'S RESTAURANT, WHISKEY BRANDIES & WINES,

A full supply of Whiskey from \$1.50 to \$2.00 Gal Apple Brandy from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per Gal Wines 2.50 to 5.00 per Gal all ways on hand at

CLIFTON'S RESTAURANT

FRESH OYSTERS

Kept constantly on hand and for sale by the gallon or you can have them served up in any style at

CLIFTON'S RESTAURANT, TERRIBLE EXCITEMENT AT

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B. P. CLIFTON J. T. CLIFTON

B. P. CLIFTON & CO.

Have created great excitement at this place by opening to the inspection of the community one of the very best Stock of goods ever found in a country Store—A full supply of

DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES.

Groceries Liquors for sale for cash or barter—will trade for Cotton Corn Wheat Eggs Raw hides green or dry Butter Eggs Chickens Peas or anything else that can be disposed of.

Be sure to call on

B. P. CLIFTON & CO.

FACTS FOR THE MILLIONS.

J. R. BRUMMITT

ARCHITECT AND UNDERTAKER

LOUISBURG N. C.

Wishes to call the attention of the people to Franklinton the fact that he keeps constantly on hand Furniture of all kinds and styles, as prices to suit the times. Also, Carriage of all kinds, on hand, or made to order, at the shortest notice. The best coffin material always kept on hand. He will also furnish at any time, Window Blinds, Window Shades, Doors of every kind wanted. Will make Door and Window Frames, Bracket and Mouldings of all sizes and styles as low as the same can be had at any factory North or South. Will do any kind of repairing wanted at short notice and on good terms.

All work warranted to suit. Call and see me at my Factory or write.

J. R. BRUMMITT.

CHURCH STREET, LOUISBURG, N. C.

GRIVE FRUITS—the best made, and in all styles furnished on short notice by

J. R. BRUMMITT.

Henry T. Alley,

Wholesale & Retail

Confectioner.

Fruits, Fancy Goods, Toys,

Weddings & Parties

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Sycamore Street, Louisburg, Va.

S. H. MARKS & CO.

Would invite the attention of Merchants to their large stock of Confectioneries.

FRUIT, CANDY, NOTIONS, &c., before purchasing elsewhere.

The partner, gives particular attention to this department. Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

WRAPPING PAPER.

We have in store a large stock of very superior WRAPPING PAPER, manufactured at the Appomattox Paper Mill.

No. 30—11