

GEORGE S. BAKER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

T. T. MITCHELL, Associate Editor.

All letters addressed to GEO. S. BAKER.

Friday, SEPTEMBER, 19, 1873.

Manufactories

We adverted to the fact a few issues since, that Col. J. F. Jones was preparing to erect a Cotton Factory at his Mills on Sandy Creek in this county.

There are other places in the county at which Cotton Factories might be erected and pay well. It is a fact beginning to be generally disseminated that money invested in this species of property yields a more certain and larger income than that invested in any other way.

Indeed from what we can gather from our exchanges, that State has reached an era of prosperity unequalled by any other in its annals. Ought we not to profit by the example of others? When we see our neighbors excelling us in thrift and prosperity, does it not behoove us to enquire into the cause, and follow their example?

Every man of sense will answer these questions in the affirmative. Then we should by all means turn our attention to this species of industry. We have many natural advantages that are not vouchsafed to others. Here the raw staple of a very superior quality is produced in large quantities.

Within the bounds of our country are many valuable locations, where there are good water falls on streams that will afford an ample supply of water, the year round. We have immense quantities of granite suitable for all kinds of building purposes, near the sites of these water falls. And large quantities of timber of the best quality accessible thereto; and we are within a convenient distance of Railroad transportation. With these advantages we think that a number of Cotton Factories in our county under the proper management could not fail to add largely to the wealth and prosperity of our people. There should be Cotton Factories, at Goswick's Mills on Lynch's Creek, which have lately been purchased by J. E. Alfred, Esq., at Louisburg, and at Mrs. Williams' Mill near Frankinton. All these places are admirably situated, and possess all the advantages enumerated above. We hope that our monied men will think of these things, investigate the subject, and find it to their advantage to use their money in this way.

Pacific

At this place on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad in this county, the Railroad is about completing a large and commodious warehouse. This has long been needed, as this is the most accessible to the Railroad for a very large Cotton and Tobacco country. The shipping to and from this point have heretofore been quite large notwithstanding the poor accommodations for sending off and receiving goods. The Railroad having no house of its own, and shippers were compelled to pay storage to a private party for handling and taking care of their goods. The Railroad has at last given to shippers from this point the accommodations enjoyed by those living at other stations. The effect of this upon the place has been very apparent. There are now in the course of erection there, three large and handsome stores, and other buildings. Mr. Julius P. Timberlake, and the Messrs. Uzzle will have their store houses ready to commence their Fall trade. Mr. Julius Clifton also has a store house in course of erection. We are happy to note these evidences of thrift and hope that they may continue for a good long time. We would suggest that it would be well to build a church and good academy there. These are institutions

that every community should have.— There are churches near the place. A good academy for boys and girls should by all means be built.

Chinese Slave Market.

Slavery is thought to have been done away with in this country by the armed efforts of the North, but lets see if such is really the case.

The Steamer Great Republic direct from the Celestial Empire arrived at San Francisco on the 24th of August, with 103 men and nineteen women, (Chinese). These women were brought over to be sold to those of their race that should bid the highest and that too at public auction, becoming at one and the same time wife and slave.— They were confined in the slave mart in the same manner as slaves of the olden time, and were placed upon the stand to be examined by all celestial who might be in need of a slave. The prices were regulated by their age and beauty, ranging from \$250 to \$425. A correspondent of the New York World says:

"I waited, and at the hour named was stowed away in a room of a Chinese house in Bartlett alley. I have often seen negro slaves sold in the Southern States, have seen Turks at a slave mart in Constantinople. Arabs at Alexandria, at an auction of eunuchs and Eastern jockeys at a horse sale, but never in my experience as a journalist has it been my lot to witness such a scene as I did last night. Each woman was brought in by herself in a state of absolute nudity, and after passing in review before the entire multitude was put up for sale to the highest bidder.

[Ex-Senator Foote in Washington Chronicle]

Andrew Johnson and Mrs. Surratt.

She was the head of an amiable and interesting family. She was a member of a large and respectable Christian church, and in good standing in that church. The son, on account of whose supposed complicity in Mr. Lincoln's assassination, she was alone suspected of having a criminal knowledge of that deed of shame, has been since acquitted. This female was tried, was never regularly defended; her eminent counsel, for reasons satisfactory to himself, had withdrawn from the case, after entering his formal protest against the trial. She was convicted. The court earnestly recommended the poor wretch to the mercy of an American President. Every President from Washington to Grant, inclusive would have pardoned her. I am sure, without the least hesitation. She was not pardoned. The Doors of the White House were deliberately closed to all applications for aid and clemency. The beautiful and innocent daughters of the unhappy victim was not allowed even to enter the portals of the executive mansion in order to kneel before the more than Brutus like President of a free people, while she should plead, with uplifted hands and down-streaming eyes, for a mother's life. A rumor being prevalent that a habeas corpus was about to be applied for in behalf of this forlorn and friendless woman, an order was issued from the seat of Executive clemency to the officer having the alleged culprit in charge, directing peremptorily, that should such a writ be served upon him to disobey its injunctions.

The scene of horror now soon occurred and under circumstances of peculiar and unnamable aggravation.

Those who undertake to throw the veil over the terrible dereliction of Mr. Johnson assert that he was drunk several days about the period of the damnable taking off, and that he was in a state of personal confinement in a certain room of the White House in company with two individuals, having him at the time in charge, both of whom have since notoriously committed suicide.

Something About The Trans-Atlantic Balloon Voyage.

Our readers have no doubt learned that a balloon voyage across the Atlantic has been contemplated for some time, and that it has at length been announced to be in readiness to start some day this week, or next, the weather permitting. This voyage has been contemplated for the last 90 years by Professor Wise, who has contended that at a given altitude there was a continuous current going east, which would waft a floating body across the Atlantic. In pursuit of the truth, of this theory, some years ago, Messrs. Wise, La Mountain and others made an ascension at St. Louis and landed in Western New York, making a the usual

travels in a few hours' time. And besides this, numerous scientists have recently given the scheme their approval, though still fearful of the ultimate result.

The present enterprise was entered into by Messrs. Wise and Donaldson just previous to the great Boston fire, when the Council of that city had agreed to supply the necessary outfit for the expedition. Failing in this, the aeronauts accepted the offer of a newspaper at New York, and thus the Daily "Graphic" Expedition has been fitted out at great cost but with the most ample facilities. The balloon will lift fourteen thousand pounds, its own weight, the car, box's ballast, etc. It is 160 feet in height, and will contain 600,000 cubic feet of gas, supplied from the gas works of the city; however, only 400,000 will be taken in at the surface of the ground, since the gas will expand and fill out the remainder of the balloon when it is at its destined altitude.

The boats are two in number—one a cedar life boat, with sails, &c, another a paper boat—the former to be used by Messrs. Wise and two others, if necessary to abandon the balloon; the latter to remain with Donaldson, who will stay by the balloon to the last, and endeavor to complete the voyage. Fine scientific instruments, provisions for thirty days, and night signals with other facilities, will accompany the expedition, and every precaution has been taken which experience could suggest.

The voyage has been advertised to commence this week from the Navy Yard Grounds at Brooklyn: It is a little late in the season, but the dauntless aeronauts are determined to make the trial, it is believed, and ere these lines are read may be in the ethereal elements bound whether the wind listeth to blow them to success or defeat. In answer to a question, apropos to this point, Prof. Wise has said that he expected to land somewhere between Cape North and the Straits of Gibraltar, and the Graphic Company has authorized its agent, who goes with the quartette to telegraph the news home immediately upon his arrival within terrestrial communication.

Notwithstanding the favorable auspices under which this voyage is begun, we cannot suppress the fear of its disastrous termination. We may never hear of it again: or it may be wafted to bleak inhospitable shores where death may come in agony; or it may pass over the eternal ice floes of Greenland and the Pole, to perish with intense cold; or be wrecked on the face of the hostile waters where night and the tempest closes around its heroic and despairing crew of intrepid souls. Nevertheless they have our warm sympathies, and whether Wise or Donaldson succeed or fail, the muse of history will write beneath their names the insignia of heroes, and this expedition mark an era in the history of the world, to be remembered in poem and in prose, like the story of Icarus and his wings in ancient mythology. Success then, to the brave men, who thus face the unknown with unshaken courage and matchless fortitude.

[Exchange.]

What Shall We do With Our Daughters.

- Teach them self-reliance.
Teach them to foot up store bills.
Teach them not to wear false hair.
Teach them not to paint and powder.
Teach them to wear thick, warm shoes.
Teach them how to wash and iron clothes.
Teach them how to make their own clothes.
Teach them how to make their own dresses.
Teach them how to do marketing for the family.
Teach them how to cook a good meal of victuals.
Teach them every day, hard, practical common sense.
Teach them how to darn stockings and sew on buttons.
Give them a good, substantial, common-school education.
Teach them to say no, and mean it; or, yes, and stick to it.
Teach them to regard the morals not the money of the beau.
Teach them to wear calico dresses—and do it like a queen.
Teach them all the mysteries of the kitchen, the dining room and the parlor.
Teach them that a good, round, rosy romp, is worth fifty consumptives.
Teach them to have nothing to do with intemperance, and dissolute young men.
Teach them that the more one lives beyond his income the nearer he gets to the poor house.
Rely upon it, that upon your teaching depends in a great measure the weal or woe of their after life.
Teach them accomplishments—music, painting, drawing—if you have the time and money to do it with.

Teach them that a good, steady mechanic without a cent, is worth a dozen oily pated loafers in broad-cloth.

Teach them the essentials of life—truth, honesty, uprightness—then at a suitable time let them marry.

A manufacturing firm at Glasgow, Scotland, have recently made two palanquin umbrellas of enormous size.— They are each nearly thirty-three feet in circumference, sufficient to afford protection to about twenty-five persons. One is made of a fine irmsilk, with a handsome variegated wool fringe nine inches deep. The other one is made out of a rep silk, with a pure silver fringe, and lined with white silk. At the top of each is a handsome gilt ornament; the ribs are of whalebone, each thick enough for a walking-cane. The stick, which is of birch wood, ornamented and polished, is five yards long, is jointed in the centre to make the umbrellas more portable, and has a heavy spike at the end for fixing in the ground. The umbrellas, estimated at about \$250 each, have been ordered by a firm trading in Africa, and are supposed to be designed for presents for some of the chiefs.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Boarding and Day School FOR YOUNG LADIES,

LOUISBURG, N. C.

The fourth Session opened on Monday last 14th inst., and will continue full 20 weeks.

Terms: Board, including washing, lights, fuel and furnished room, \$75. English Tutor, \$10 to \$15. Latin and French, (each) \$5. Music on Piano, \$20. Guitar, \$15. No charge for use of instrument. Boarders who go home Friday evening and return Monday morning will be charged pro-rata less.

CORNELIA A. CRENSHAW, Principal.

Louisburg, N. C.

July 18th

NEW GOODS!

We are now replenishing our stock, with New and Seasonable Goods, which makes our assortment very desirable and attractive.

King, White & Shaw

L. SALUSBURY, NORFOLK, Va.

DEALER IN

THE FINEST and most FASHIONABLE Black Walnut, Parlor, Library And Chamber FURNITURE.

Of New and Original Designs, and of the most Superb Style and Finish Also a choice assortment of Tables, Wardrobes, Dressing Cases, Etageres, Sideboards, Library and Book Cases, Hat Trees and What-Nots.

Also a Complete Line of

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, WINDOW SHADES AND WALL PAPER.

Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. All goods warranted as represented.

Office & Salesroom—new Nos. 207 & 209 Main St. old Nos. 59 & 61

UNDERTAKING

promptly attended to in all its branches. The only agent in the city for FISK'S METALIC BURIAL CASES. Mahogany and other Cases furnished at the shortest notice, as also Caskets, with the best Hearses in the city, and the Patent Right Corps Previc in the city and surrounding country.

The Best in Use. Occupies a space only 7 feet Square.



(Patented Oct. 15th, 1873.)

THE ALFORD PRESS, The Simplest and Most Powerful Cotton Press in Use.

Two men can easily pack a 500 lb. bale of Cotton, and it is so arranged that the power and working force can be doubled, if necessary. Packing so compact a bale as the old fashioned screw with half the labor. Can be run by gin-power or by water and steam by putting wheels in place of the cranks.

Farmers can buy Family Rights, and build their own Press at small expenses. Irons Furnished at Cost. State, County and Family Rights for sale by MALLORY & ALFORD. Sole Proprietors for the Southern States. 1031 1/2 Franklin, N. C.

SHOES! SHOES!!

5 Cases, Mens and womens Shoes, just received.

King White & Shaw,

A New Supply of Summer Goods At S. T. WILDER'S.

A full and complete stock of Summer goods of every variety and style, consisting of a most beautiful assortment of Dress goods, full supply of Gents and Boys clothing, very large line of Staple and White goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, &c. A lot of fresh ground Meal on hand. As I cannot give you a full description of my goods, in the paper, I most respectfully ask that you will call and examine them.

No. 113 Sycamore street No. 113

PETERSBURG, VA.

E. G. James & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Irish Linens, White Goods, Hosiery, Gays, Stationery, and Notions generally.

Have now in store the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING and SUMMER GOODS,

that they have ever offered, and which they are prepared to sell as low to the

MERCHANTS OF NORTH CAROLINA, as any

Jobbing House,

Either in the State or Baltimore, and on as good terms. April 25-6m. E. G. JAMES & Co.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

Extra Demerara and Porto Rico Sugar; Java, Laguaira and Rio Coffee; Bacon, sides and shoulders; Choice Demerara Molasses; Family Extra and Super Flour; new Rice, &c., Just received.

King, White & Shaw,

THE "FRANKLIN STEAM WASHER."

Latest Improvement in Steam Boilers.

PATENTED, JUNE 24TH, 1873.

Satisfaction Guaranteed in Every Instance.

OTHER MACHINES HAVE THEIR PECULIAR MERITS—THIS HAS NO DEFECT. NO MORE WASH-PAY—INSTEAD THEREOF, WE WILL HAVE WASH BOURN—THE WASHING OF A FAMILY OF ORDINARY SIZE EASILY ACCOMPLISHED BEFORE BREAKFAST.

For a long time the inventive genius of this country ignored the rights, or rather the wants of WOMAN. It was busy and active in efforts to relieve man from the hardships of labor and toil. But the women of our land were doomed to the same drudgery, and were forced to do the same quantity of labor, with their hands that was required of the house keeper in the sixteenth century. Within the last two decades, there has been a change in this particular. At last our eyes were opened to the fact that the strength of woman was insufficient for the performance of the labor and toil required of a house keeper under the old regime, and that our women were growing prematurely old on account of it. Public sentiment today, however, is in full sympathy with woman,—much has already been done for her—much yet remains to be done.

The policy of invention is now in favor of woman. 'Revolutions never go backward.' As one of the grand results of the interest in this direction we have the sewing machine. Husband, do you remember how the eye of your wife brightened when she saw a sewing machine carried into her dwelling and realized that it was hers, and how after she had satisfied herself, that it was all that had been claimed for it, she exclaimed: Oh, if I only had a machine for washing which would answer for that purpose as well as this does for sewing, I would be independent and housekeeping, instead of being a burden upon my husband. The country has long felt the want of a good Washing Machine; and how to construct one which would save labor and at the same time do the work well has been the great problem. There have been a number of inventions patented, each of which had some merit,—still none of them were exactly the thing. There was disappointment, defects were apparent, and the demand was for something better.

The Woman's Friend, patented a few years since, had fewer defects than any invention which preceded it. There have been sold of this patent more than one hundred thousand machines. The Machine is worthy of the high price that it has in public favor.

The inventor of the "FRANKLIN STEAM WASHER," was owner of the right to manufacture the Woman's Friend in certain territory. While manufacturing these machines, and watching attentively their action, and the manner in which they operated, and the result, he discovered certain prominent defects therein. He spent ten months in the study of the subject of finding remedies for these defects. He has at last succeeded—and as the result of his investigation and study, he offers to the public the "Franklin Steam Washer," which is by far the best washing machine ever patented. We claim as an evidence of its merit that "LETTERS PATENT" were granted for it over all other.

It will wash any thing—from a Lace Collar to a Bed Blanket. It will cleanse the clothing without Tearing, and more thoroughly than can possibly be done by hand labor or the use of the rubbing board. With one fourth of the labor four times as much can be done in the same length of time as can be done by hand. We could publish columns of certificates, of its worth from those who have used it, but for the present, we prefer to "WASH" to speak for itself. We give a few below:

Louisburg, Aug. 4, 1873.

Messrs Barrow & Pleasants,

Gentlemen:—I take pleasure in recommending your "Steam Washer." I acknowledge myself to have been incredulous with regard to yours; after having tested several others that had been as highly recommended to me; but the inconvenience to a large family, of not being able to get a good washer, regularly, induced me to give yours a trial. I am gratified to pronounce it a perfect success. I used it according to directions, and did two week's washing in two hours, nor did I give the first spin. Water or more nicely washed clothes, I have never had. I only need a trial to convince.

Respectfully, Mrs. W. H. Furman.

Louisburg, July 12th, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Gentlemen: Through the kindness of your agent Mr. J. J. Person, I have tried your "Steam Washer," and find it by far the best I ever used. It certainly saves a great deal of labor, and does not damage the clothes. It is all that you recommended.

Respectfully, Mrs. D. J. B. Clifton.

Louisburg, June 30th, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Dear Sirs: I take pleasure in testifying, that I have used your "Steam Washer," with perfect success. It is by far the most speedy and effectual mode of cleansing all kinds of material I have ever known.

Very Truly, Mr. Dr. W. F. King.

Louisburg, N. C. July 3rd, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Gentlemen: I have used the "Steam Washer" I purchased of your Agent, Mr. J. J. Person, and find that it will do more than you recommended. We are more than pleased with it.

Respectfully, F. E. Cook.

Louisburg, July 30th, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Sirs: I take pleasure in recommending your "Steam Washer." It is a complete success. My clothes are whiter than ever before, and that without labor. A very short while with the "Washer" will save a hard days washing.

Yours Truly, Mr. T. C. Horton.

Louisburg, July 24th, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Gentlemen: I have been using the "Steam Washer" about one month. It surpasses my expectations; it is all that you say for it. I am highly pleased.

Respectfully, M. J. A. Person.

Louisburg, July 30th, 1873.

Messrs Barrow & Pleasants:—Sirs: I am using your "Franklin Steam Washer" and find it far superior to all others. It will wash the dirtiest clothes perfectly clean. If I could not get another, I would not take \$200 for mine. It is a complete success, and all that is required to convince any one is a trial.

Very Truly, Mr. J. P. Green.

Louisburg, Aug. 5th, 1873.

Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants:—Gentlemen: My wife has been using the "Franklin Steam Washer" for some time and she, as well as the washerwoman, are highly pleased with it.

Very truly, Ellis Malone, N. D.

We have acquired by purchase of the Patent, Mr. S. W. Bartholomew the sole right to manufacture, and to sell the "Right" to manufacture the "Franklin Steam Washer" within the United States and Territories. We now offer the "Franklin Steam Washer" to the American people with full confidence that it will do all that we claim for it, and in order to introduce it as rapidly as possible, we are offering great inducements to working men who want to make money; we will sell State or County rights on very reasonable terms; for instance we will sell the right to a county with ten thousand inhabitants, for one hundred dollars; within twelve months, if properly managed, the purchaser can sell from three to five hundred washers, at a profit of Five Dollars each, and his right will be worth more at the expiration of that time, than it was at first, from the fact that it has been introduced and will sell in almost every family.

To parties wishing to buy State or County rights, we will send, on receipt of Five Dollars, just one half of the retail price, the "Franklin Steam Washer" complete, with instructions how to use it, and after satisfying themselves that it is what we recommend it to be, they can correspond with us in regard to the territory wanted, our terms, &c. We desire a good reliable General Agent in every State in the Union, and we invite correspondence with working men who would like to make money. None need apply who cannot furnish satisfactory evidence of their integrity and reliability.

All persons are warned against manufacturing or selling the "Franklin Steam Washer" without authority from us. Any person infringing upon our rights in this matter will be prosecuted.

To All Whom It May Concern.

We are well acquainted with Messrs. Barrow & Pleasants; as Merchants, they are doing a leading business in their Town. They are men of strict integrity and in every way reliable and respectable. They do what they engage to do. Edwin W. Fuller, Mayor of Louisburg. J. J. Davis, Attorney at Law. W. H. Davis, State Senator. James T. Wynn, Sheriff of Franklin. Geo. S. Baker, Editor "Courier." R. B. Timberlake, Probate Judge. M. S. Davis, Principal Louisburg Male Academy. Rev. P. J. Carraway, N. C. Conference. Rev. W. Royall, D. D., President Louisburg Female College. C. M. Cooke, Atty. at Law.

The "Franklin Steam Washer" is now on exhibition and for sale at our Store. Also by Mr. J. J. Person, with Messrs. Yarboro & Co. All letters must be addressed to

BARROW & PLEASANTS, Louisburg, N. C.