

FRANKLIN COURIER.

GEORGE S. BAKER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

All letters addressed to
GEO. S. BAKER,
FRIDAY.....AUGUST 4, 1876.

PARTY ORGANIZATION.

At a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Democratic party it was:

Resolved 1. That the chairman of each County Executive Committee be requested to report to the name and post office address of each member of the same.

2. That each member of the several congressional committees be requested to report his name and address in like manner; and also to take notice that he is ex-officio a member of the State Executive Committee.

3. That this committee urgently call on the conservative people of North Carolina who favor reform in state and national affairs to form without delay Tilden and Vance clubs in their respective townships or neighborhoods; and the officers of all such clubs are requested to report their names to the secretary of this committee.

W. R. Cox, Chm'n.
S. A. ASUE, Sec'y.

National Ticket.

For President:

SAM'L. J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

For Vice-President:

T. A. Hendricks,
OF INDIANA.

Democratic Nominees.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ZEBULON B. VANCE,
OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR Lieutenant Governor:

THOMAS J. JARVIS,
OF PITK.

FOR Public Treasurer:

J. M. WORTH,
OF RANDOLPH.

FOR Secretary of State:

JOSEPH A. ENGLEHARD,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR Auditor:

SAMUEL L. LOVE,
OF HAYWOOD.

FOR Attorney-General:

THOMAS S. KENAN,
OF WILSON.

FOR Supt. of Public Instruction:
J. C. SCARBOROUGH,
OF JOHNSTON.

Electors at Large:

DANIEL G. FOWLE,
OF WAKE.

JAMES MADISON LEACH,
OF DAVIDSON.

District Electors:

2nd District—**JOHN F. WOOTEN,**
3rd District—**J. D. STANFORD,**
4th District—**FAB. H. BUSBEE,**
5th District—**F. C. ROBBINS,**
6th District—**R. P. WARING.**

For Congress—4th District,

JOSEPH. J. DAVIS,
OF FRANKLIN.

County Ticket.

House of Representatives:

JNO. E. THOMAS,
Sheriff:

W. P. BRIDGEES,
Register of Deeds:

W. K. MARTIN JR.,
Treasurer:

B. P. CLIFTON,
Coroner:

J. A. STONE,
Surveyor:

M. N. YOUNG,
Commissioners:

NORMAN LONG,
JOS. R. T. WEBB,
D. H. GILL,
BENJ. T. BALLARD.

HAVE the money refunded, which has been paid out improperly.

THE people hold the commissioners responsible for the money paid out to county officials contrary to law.

THE campaign now upon us, is one of vital importance to the people of this nation, State and County. It is as it affects the county that we propose to address ourselves to-day. For eight years the administration of the county government has been in the hands of the representatives of the black race. The white men, the owners of the property, and the contributors of the taxes have not been in control. They have all the time been in a minority. That part of the population that elects the men to spend the money, pay less than one hundredth part of the tax that is levied, outside of the school and pauper tax. As a consequence we have had a most extravagant system of county expenditures for all that time. The taxes have been enormous, more than one sixth of the estimated income of the industries of the country. With authorities responsible only to the non tax-payers, and that class being in the majority, we have been impotent to help ourselves. But now the thing is changed. A brighter day seems to be breaking. With a majority of white voters in the county, we have only to be as true in the future as we have been in the past to bring a speedy and complete deliverance from the thralldom that has borne us down so long. Let every man in the county bestir himself to elect our whole ticket, and nothing is surer than that we will achieve a great victory in November. Let the fine condition of the counties under Democratic control, as compared with those under Republican misrule, infuse a spirit of zeal in our ranks that shall stop at nothing short of final and complete redemption. Take the county of Wake, for instance, which two years ago under Radical rule, was heavily in debt, over-burdened with taxes and without credit; jury tickets, witness tickets and county orders, were hawked about the streets and traded off in the stores for second hand goods at a very heavy discount, just as ours are now: They elected a Democratic Board of Commissioners. The county is out of debt. Money in the treasury. A jury ticket, witness ticket and county order is as good as a bank check, as you can get the money for it on presentation at the treasury.

Do our people want such a state of things as this in Franklin? If so, let them elect our whole ticket, and especially the commissioners. This is the way to bring it about. We believe they will do it. A united and vigorous effort is all that is required. We must have it.

THE county commissioners should see to it, that the money paid out by them to the Register of Deeds, and other County officers, over and above what the law allows, is refunded. Let it come back into the County Treasury.

A FACT.—If all the money that has been over paid to some of the county officials, as shown by the Yarbors and Spencer statement, was back in the County Treasury there would be enough to enclose the Court square handsomely.

MORE CORRUPTION AND FRAUD.

EDITOR COURIER—DEAR SIR: To day while looking over various orders issued to different persons, I noticed an order to myself for services as juror at March Term 1866. Said order was dated January 22nd 1869, and is numbered 183. I was not a juror at that Term of the Court, and am of the opinion that I never was a juror at any of the County Courts. If you will examine the minutes of that Term of the Court, you will not find my name among them, and if you will examine the minutes of the Board of Commissioners for January 22nd 1869 you will see no order for \$2.55 was allowed me, and furthermore my Books of Surveys, show that I was in Granville county at that time, surveying for the heirs of Stephen Floyd. I am certain that no such order ever came into my hands, and that I never saw or heard of it until to day. Probably a great many more of the same kind have been issued in the name of parties who were not jurors.

W. N. FULLER.

LETTER FROM GENERAL M. C. BUTLER.

General M. C. Butler, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the recent disorder in Hamburg S. C., has written a letter in which he charges that the recent troubles are chargeable to the intolerable outrages of the colored outlaws who infest the town, and declares that there is no law for white men in Hamburg. In conclusion General Butler says:

"I might have avoided the storm by fleeing from it. But I conceived that I had certain duties to perform, and I was not brought up in that school which allows any man to desert his friends and clients when they are in danger, and their families and property in jeopardy. I am indifferent to the opinion of those howling hypocrites and ask no favor at their hands and shall grant none. Their threats of United States soldiers have no terrors for me or the people of Edgfield. We have had these soldiers with us and have no objection to their coming again. We have found the officers gentlemen as a general thing, and the men orderly and law-abiding, and they will do no more than execute their orders and enforce the laws. I invite a judicial investigation and am prepared to submit to the arbitrament of the law, and such is the feeling, as far as I have been able to learn, of every white man who is in any degree connected with the affair. The white men in this country have some rights which the negroes are bound to respect. They have no other feeling for them than kindness for their loyalty to our families during the war, and pity that they will permit themselves to be made the tools of bad, mischievous, designing white men and mulattoes. So long as they obey the laws every honorable man of the country will feel bound to protect and encourage them in happiness and prosperity."

GEN. GRANT TO GEN. SITTING-BULL.

Gen. Grant—Bully for you my dear brother in mental attributes. I feel that we were made in the same mould. We each delight in rum, tobacco, dogs, carnage and plunder.— May I ask you to accept this long-range repeating rifle? It is better than any I have for my troops. Take it, my dear chum, but do not use it on my brother or other thieves. Use it against those who would investigate my operations. In a little while I will send to you a few Generals and officers I have spite against. I will keep my son at home; and when you warn it to my enemies, whom it will not do to kill at home, you will know that you are not spilling any of the blood of the Grants. You see, Gen. Sitting Bull, that I am a strategist. Go home now. Take this rifle with you and when you see an officer in command of white troops, know that the one thus sent is my enemy. Go for him.

Gen. Sitting Bull—Ugh!—Pome-roy's Democrat.

THE AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Ordinance four is in these words: "AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND ARTICLE THREE, SECTION TEN, OF THE CONSTITUTION. The people of North Carolina in Convention assembled do ordain; That Article three (3), section ten (10), of the Constitution, be amended so as to read as follows:

"The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators elect, appoint all officers, whose offices are established by this Constitution, and whose appointments are not otherwise provided for."

Read three times and ratified in open Convention, this 6th day of October, 1875."

The Section that this amends reads as follows:

"The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators elect appoint all officers, whose offices are established by the Constitution, or which shall be created by law, and whose appointments are not otherwise provided for, and no such officers shall be appointed or elected by the General Assembly."

The clauses in italics above are those stricken from the Constitution by this amendment.

Under the old Constitution the Governor claimed the power to appoint all the State officers whose manner of appointments were not clearly defined, and pointed out by the Constitution,

and in this he was sustained by the Supreme Court. The confirmation by the Senate was made entirely nugatory by the manner in which the Governors have managed heretofore.

In the very last days of the session of the Legislature the Governor would send in his nominations to the Senate, some would be acceptable, and some would not be so to the Senate; some would be confirmed while others would be rejected. The Legislature would adjourn, and these appointments being vacant the Governor would fill them with the very men that the legislature declined to confirm. Thus overriding the will of the people, as expressed by their accredited representatives and the authorities designated by the Constitution to make these appointments in conjunction with the Governor. By this means the Governor had the absolute control of the organization of the charitable and penal institutions of the State, as well as appointment of State Librarian, Keeper of the Capitol, and several other officers. The amendments puts it in the power of the people's representatives to control all these institutions; and to make the appointments to the offices, as these offices are not established by the Constitution. This is as it should be. For the Legislature which comes fresh from the people every two years, is a much more fitting department of the State government to express the popular will than is the Executive, which is elected only once in four years. For these reasons we think this one of the best of the amendments; as it divests the Executive of the immense patronage, that the old Constitution confers upon him, and brings the duties and powers of that office back to the times when it was occupied by Dudley, Morehead, Graham, Maully, Reid and others under whose guiding hands the people of the State flourished and were happy. Then the Supreme Court was never or rarely called in to decide some conflict of authority between the different departments of the Government. Then such a thing as two Boards of Directors, and two President and different sets of officers undertaking to run the same Railroad, was an unheard-of thing. Let us return to a system that worked so well and leave behind the clashing of the last few years.

FRANKLIN COUNTY:

In the Superior Court.

Tom Brame Plaintiff } Complaint
Against } For
Milly Brame Def't. } Divorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Milly Brame the Defendant above named, cannot after due diligence be found within the State of North Carolina: It is therefore, ordered, that publication of the summons in this cause, be made in the Franklin Courier, a newspaper published in the town of Louisa; once a week for six weeks successively, commanding the defendant Milly Brame to appear before the Judge of the Superior Court at a Court to be held for the County of Franklin at the Court House in Louisa on the 4th Monday after the 2nd Monday in August 1876, then and there to answer the complaint, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court within the three first days of said term, and let the said defendant take notice that unless she appears and answers said complaint at said term, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court the 23d day of June A. D. 1876.

W. K. DAVIS,
Clerk Superior Court,
Franklin Co., N. C.

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Prospectus for 1876.

This sparkling and brightly illustrated weekly, humorous and satirical paper has entered upon the seventh year of its jolly existence, and this being the Centennial year of our national independence, the publishers take pride in saying that it will not be, as it never has yet been, a whit behind the times in holding up the humorous or satirical side of everything American. The merry side of this great and glorious Centennial year will receive special attention in the bright columns of America's favorite humorous paper.

The publishers of WILD OATS point with pride to the wholly unexampled success of their paper, and, pledging themselves that it shall be in the future even better than in the past, they ask a continuation of that kind patronage which has placed it at the head and front of American humorous papers.

We have made arrangements which will enable us to present WILD OATS in a brighter and better shape than heretofore, having recently taken possession of our new publication office, and had fine copper-faced type cast especially for us, together with all the most paraphernalia required in the production of such a paper as we give the public at the low price of ten cents per copy.

We have also made arrangements with some new artists, and shall at the same time retain such old favorites as Thomas Worth, Frank Bellew, Hopkins, Wolf, Wales, Frank Bead, Bisbee, Opper, Stockhardt, Rothengatter, Ben Day, Kettels, Palmer Cox, Mann, Kingsberry, Stull, White, Sperry, Eaton, Sheldon, etc., while the editorial department will still remain in the hands of its founder, the vigorous Bricktop, of whom enough is known without more being said.

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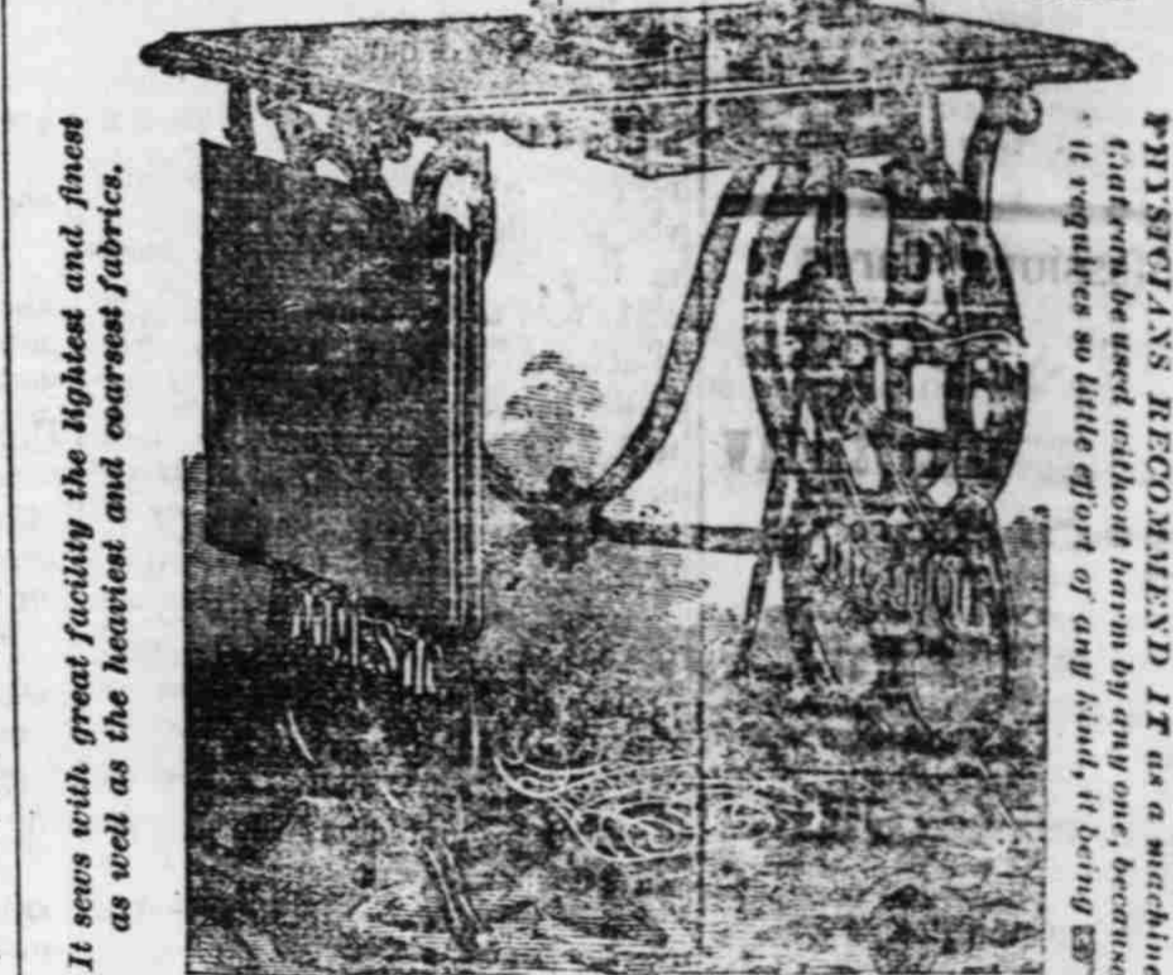
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