

Ladies' Gold Watches, Chains and Silk Guards.

When you think of Buying Anything in Fine Gold Jewelry, such as Watches, Gent's or Ladies', Silver-ware, Clocks, Cut Glass, China, Fan-c/ Toilettware, Eye Glasses, Cases, Etc., think of Buying from the house with the Stock.

Boylin's Jewelry Store.

THE NATIONAL BANK, Fayetteville, N. C.



EVERYBODY REGARDS A DOLLAR
As well worth making. Has it occurred to you that after you have made it, it is foolish not to take care of it in the best possible manner?
Deposited in the National Bank of Fayetteville,
your cash is far safer than if you kept it yourself. Fire cannot destroy our vaults and they offer very little temptation to burglars. The latter gentry know it is much easier and safer to rob a store, office or home where money is known to be kept. Make your cash safe by depositing it with this bank.

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S. W. COOPER, Active V. Pres.
T. M. SHAW, Assistant Cashier.
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Screen Doors, Packed 1-2 Doz to Bundle.
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Cotton Hoes, Fruit Jars, Jar Rubbers, Fishing Tackle.
We Will Appreciate Receiving Your Orders.

N. Jacobi Hardware Company,

The Most Skilful Player

Cannot produce really fine music from a poor Piano. The purchase of such an instrument is a mistake, the selling of one is worse.
When You Select a Piano
Here we are always glad to have you bring an expert player with you. Then the tone and volume of our pianos are brought out in all their beauty. Then the quality of our instruments is proven letter than any attempt at description we might make.

Eagle Furniture and Carpet Co.

A Reliable Bank

Is one which puts the Interests of its Depositors above the Interests of its Officers and Stockholders.
Conservative and Safe Management is more Important than Big Dividends.
It has been the Policy of this Bank to follow these Ideals.
Our President and Cashier borrow no money of the bank.
We require the same security of every one who borrows from us.
Not a Dollar Lost by Bad Loans in our Existence of Eleven Years.

Is it to Your Interest to Deal With Such a Bank?

The Bank of Lumberton, Lumberton, N. C.

OFFICERS!
A. W. McLEAN, President, R. D. CALDWELL, Vice-Pres.
A. E. WHITE, Vice-Pres. C. B. TOWNSEND, Cashier,
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Your Money Grows!

If You Deposit it in our Savings Bank.
We pay 4 Per Cent. Interest, Compounded every Three Months, on any sum from 25 Cents Upward.
Now is the Time to begin to save, and opening an account with our Bank is the Best Way to begin the Savings Habit.
If you are our customer, we lend you money when you need it.
Your money when Deposited with us, is payable on Demand.
If you have no account with us, call or write us for further particulars about our methods.

Robeson County Loan and Trust Company,

(Bank of Lumberton Building.)
LUMBERTON, N. C.
A. W. McLean, Stephen McIntyre, C. H. Morro v
President, Vice-President, Cashier.

READ ROBESONIAN BUSINESS BUILDERS

THE CROATAN INDIANS.

Descendants of the Lost Colony—Strange Blending of Indian and White—Their School at Pates—Their Characteristics and Some Types of the Race.
Col. F. A. Olds in Charlotte Observer.

[Col. F. A. Olds, of Raleigh, attended the commencement of the Croatan Normal School at Pates in May and gathered material for an interesting and valuable contribution to the history of the Croatan Indians of Robeson county. Col. Olds' article appeared in The Charlotte Observer of the 21st inst. It will repay careful reading and will help one to a better understanding of this interesting people. Owing to the length of the article it is necessary to publish it in installments which will appear in several subsequent issues of The Robesonian.—Editor.]
I shall never forget the very curious sensation I experienced as I stood in a wagon in the center of more than a thousand of the Croatans, at their Normal School at Pate's, in Robeson county, and spoke to them in May. Just a month before I had been at Roanoke Island and at that classic spot, Fort Raleigh, and had gone to the edge of the bluff, and standing on the crest of a sand-dune there, between two wind-tossed live oaks, had looked out across the yellow waters of the narrow sound at the banks beyond, which separate the sound from the sea, and looking further eastward yet, had seen the heaving water of the ocean, stretching three thousand miles away and more, towards that England for which the deserted, lonely and terror-stricken third colony of Sir Walter Raleigh must have yearned so long and so hopelessly, in the closing years of that fateful experiment at settlement which the great Knight made in this State of ours.
A STRANGE BLENDING.
As I looked into the faces of one of the most attentive audiences possible and saw that strange blending of Indian and white, my mind went back through the mist of years and there came the reflection that there were no stranger people on the continent than those before me.
The Croatans owe to one man, Hamilton McMillan, their status in North Carolina; their status which forbids inter-marriage except among themselves; which makes them a tribe, and in a way the wards of the State; just as the Cherokees of the Eastern Band, who have about the same numerical strength, are the wards of the Nation. The Cherokees, however, have had far more done for them than have the Croatans.
These Croatans were found by the earliest people who pushed up into North Carolina northward from the Charleston settlement to be a blend of Indian and English; to have extremely neat houses, though of logs; extraordinarily good roads for that period; well-kept yards, and to have many peculiarities of Old English speech. Ever since that time those peculiarities have existed, and they stand broadly out now. In fact the Croatans are marked as a peculiar people. No white man on earth knows them nearly so well as Hamilton McMillan, of Red Springs, who when in the Legislature of 1887 brought about their official recognition by the State, securing a small appropriation for the normal school and giving them absolutely separate schools, under a distinct system. The first normal school superintendent for them was Mr. Stewart. In more recent times their schools have been directly under the charge of John W. Duckett, of the department of public instruction, and, thanks to the energy of their friend, Senator N. A. McLean, the appropriation for the normal school has been increased to \$1,250 annually, though this is not sufficient for the purpose.
ROUTE TO INDIAN COUNTRY.
This much by way of preface. The route into this Indian country runs through the fertile section east of Laurinburg and the lands were found as flat as a floor, with very dark soil and with streams which have all the clearness marking those which traverse the cypress and juniper region.
That part of the State has many characteristics of extreme eastern North Carolina and these Indians, when they originally removed from the mainland, in what is now Hyde county and thereabouts, must have found the section very home-like indeed. It was not when the train reached Pembroke and in the early morning of a perfect day the study of these people began. An artist was along, not with pencil, but with the truer camera to fix impressions forever. It was found that Pembroke, a rather straggling little village, had its Croatan side, with a row of stores all kept by people of that race.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

All Citizens Should Feel Under Obligations to Commissioners. Whose Service is Out of all Proportion to Compensation Received—Present Board Should be Re-elected.
To the Editor of The Robesonian.

Dear Sir,—I was glad to see in Thursday's issue of your paper the announcement that the present board of county commissioners, would be willing to serve the people of Robeson county as commissioners another term.
I am of the opinion that no county in the State of North Carolina has a better or more capable board of commissioners than Robeson county has at this time. Each member of the board is a man of strictly moral, upright character, good judgment and discretion, ability and capacity to manage financial affairs successfully.
I am sure that all citizens of Robeson county, if they knew the time and attention given to county matters by the commissioners, would feel under obligations to any board of county commissioners, on account of the time and attention given to the affairs of the county. The office is one that receives no pay worthy of mention, and is usually filled by men who sacrifice their personal affairs in order to give attention to county matters, and not in the case of any board has it been more a matter of fact than in the case of the present board. These men receive barely enough to pay their expenses of attending the meetings, and in leaving their own homes and affairs they do so to the neglect and delay of their own business matters. When the idea of pay is thought of in connection with the office of county commissioner, it is a wonder that men who are capable can be gotten to accept the office.

I am of the opinion that the time is not far distant when Robeson county will have to follow some other counties in respect to the pay of county commissioners for services rendered. For instance, I would mention that the chairman of the board of commissioners of New Hanover county is paid one thousand dollars per annum for his services. I do not know as to the pay received by the other members of the board. I mention this as a contrast to the pay received by the members of our board of commissioners.
I have not heard of any other men being mentioned as candidates for this office. The present board has about completed a magnificent court house, which will have to be furnished with seats, conveniences and other necessities. I am sure this will be done by this board so as to harmonize with the splendid building they have erected.
I take pleasure in saying to any citizen of Robeson county who does not know these men, that, in my opinion, five better or more capable men could not be selected in Robeson county to constitute the board of county commissioners than those now composing the board, viz: J. W. Carter, A. R. McEachern, C. A. Oliver, A. L. Bullock, D. S. Alderman.

As a citizen of the county, I feel under obligations to these men whose names are above written on account of the attention given to county matters, as members of the board of commissioners.
Very Respectfully,
R. D. CALDWELL,
Lumberton, N. C., June 20, 1908.

WASHINGTON LOWERY.

The third place visited was the most striking of all; this being in the home of the venerable Washington Lowery, or Lowrie, known far and near among his people as "Uncle Wash." His home, built of logs like the rest, embraces several buildings, and there was a porch of a very unique design, also of logs. The old man was in bed, partially paralyzed, but he talked very well indeed. He had a good deal to say about his people and said he had heard his "feyther" and "grand-feyther" speak over and over again about their having come from Roanoke Island. He said there was no doubt about the origin of his people, and seemed to be very proud of it indeed. He referred to the fact that he had been out in the Indian Territory a good many years ago and said he had looked into the question of citizenship or tribalship there, and that the Indians had recognized him as of their people, but that their chiefs wanted his papers to show whence he came. "Uncle Wash" posed for his photograph in the doorway of his house. He was seated in a home-made chair, the seat of which was of cowskin with the hair on, and all about inside and out were home-made furniture and appliances, old-time things, spinning wheels, looms, etc., and his wife brought out homemade cloth for winter and summer use. Her name is Katherine and some of the cloth of jeans, brown in color, which she had made, she said she had dyed with walnut leaves. Then

Cures dizzy spells, tired feelings, stomach and liver troubles, keeps you well all summer. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. Try it and you will always buy it. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. J. D. McMillan & Son.

Stomach Trouble Cured.

If you have any trouble with your stomach you should take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Mr. J. P. Klote, of Edina, Mo., says: "I have used a great many different medicines for stomach trouble, but find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets more beneficial than any other remedy I ever used." For sale by all druggists.

Born in Iowa.

Our family were all born and raised in Iowa, and have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy (made at Des Moines) for years. We know how good it is from long experience in the use of it. In fact, when in El Paso, Texas, the writer's life was saved by the prompt use of this remedy. We are now engaged in the mercantile business at Narcoosee, Fla., and have introduced the remedy here. It has proven very successful and is constantly growing in favor.—ENNIS BROS. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Thinks It Saved His Life.

Lester M. Nelson, of Naples, Maine, says in a recent letter: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery many years, for coughs and colds, and I think it saved my life. I have found it a reliable remedy for throat and lung complaints, and would not more be without a bottle than I would be without food." For nearly forty years New Discovery has stood at the head of throat and lung remedies. As a preventive of pneumonia and healer of weak lungs it has no equal. Sold under guarantee at all drug stores, 50c, and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

TRUCK FARMING.

A Distinct Agricultural Industry—Robeson and Bladen Counties Have Vast Areas of Soils Suitable to the Raising of Garden Truck—Estimated Profits on an Acre in Strawberries.
"A day will come when the earth will be transformed, when man shall offer his brother not bullets nor bayonets, but richer grains, better fruits, fairer flowers."
The above quotation adorns the front of a leaflet which Mr. J. W. White, of Portsmouth, Va., general industrial agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, is distributing throughout the country. It sets forth the advantages afforded in this section for truck farming, and contains the following interesting information:
Truck farming in the United States has been recognized as a distinct agricultural industry for a period of fifty years. The increasing population of cities and a consequent demand for a greater quantity and larger variety of vegetables at all seasons of the year, the building of many thousand miles of new railways have given this industry an impetus which has caused it to develop with remarkable rapidity throughout the South, where, from late winter to early autumn, thousands and thousands of acres are under cultivation to supply Northern markets with fruits and vegetables, there being hardly a Northern city of any size which is not receiving its out of season garden truck. By the use of ventilation, refrigeration, speed and quick delivery railroads are enabled to place truck on Northern markets in as good condition as when it left the Southern farm, even though a journey of thousands of miles be necessitated.
There are vast areas of suitable soils in the South which are well adapted to the raising of garden truck and which will undoubtedly ultimately be placed under cultivation, but there is hardly any section offering greater promise than that in Robeson and Bladen counties, North Carolina, served by the Seaboard Air Line Railway.
These two counties are fast coming into prominence as truck and early vegetable producers. This industry was, a few years ago, of so little consequence as to receive little or no consideration. It has, however, grown to be one of such magnitude as to rank among the foremost as a revenue producer.
The adaptability of the lands and the climatic conditions make the section under discussion ideal for early vegetables. For many years people held to the old custom of raising cotton and tobacco, placing their entire dependence therein. They will continue to produce these two necessary articles, but the extensive acreage formerly devoted to their uses has gradually been decreased by the encroachment of the early vegetable, particularly strawberries. A few years ago a small colony located in the Northwest, was induced to migrate to eastern North Carolina and begin the cultivation of strawberries. Their start was made on a very small scale, but the adaptability of the acreage was rapidly increased until today we find many thousand acres devoted exclusively thereto. These berries mature at a period when Florida, Georgia and South Carolina have finished their shipments, and about three weeks ahead of the Norfolk markets. Good prices have always been obtained and almost without exception the growers have amassed wealth.
In the section described along the line of the Seaboard large areas of land containing a black, rich soil still remain uncultivated. By reason of proximity to the Gulf Stream an ample and reasonable rainfall is generally assured. Under these influences farming, and especially trucking, can be carried on profitably. Every variety of early vegetables is grown, but the greatest success has been in the culture of strawberries, while watermelons, cantaloupes, asparagus, lettuce and Irish potatoes have also been great revenue producers.
Persons who have had any experience in this line of farming quickly acquire the methods, and with all new settlers the strawberry immediately finds favor, because it brings a fair return from the first season's planting, and only needs proper care to enable an abundant yield the year following.
An idea of the expense per

TRUCK FARMING.

acre can be had from the following statement:
Land \$10.00
Plowing and preparing plants 2.00
Plants 12.50
Setting 2.00
Cultivating 3.50
Fertilizer 15.00
Mulching 3.00
Crates, picking and packing (estimated on 150 crates) 75.00
Freight to New York 87.00
Refrigerator car service 33.75
Yield varies from 75 to 250 crates, but we have based our estimate on 150 crates, of 32 quarts each, making 4,800 quarts, which,
@ 10c. would be \$480.00
Deduct expenses 243.75
Net profit per acre \$236.25
While we have used an average of ten cents per quart, it must be borne in mind that at the beginning of the season the figure is greater, but we have used this in our desire to be conservative.
Please notice in our estimate we have shown the cost of the land, and every expense incident to the production. The yield the first year will probably be less than 150 crates, but the second year it should easily reach this figure and probably exceed it, but it must be remembered that there is practically no expense the second year, except the items of crates, picking and packing and the freight, thus giving nearly the entire receipts as profit. Frequently a third crop is made from the same plants.
Shipments usually begin about the middle of April and continue until the latter part of May. No difficulty has ever been experienced in disposing of the berries at good prices, and as the season of reward is just at a time when no other crop needs attention, the strawberry has naturally grown into favor until it is now the pride of the district.
There is plenty of room for you and an abundance of the same land. We have made arrangements whereby land can be purchased at a reasonable figure and believe if the farmers of New England and the West who are barely making a living on worn-out lands and battling with long cold winters, will avail themselves of the opportunities we offer, they will be enabled not only to better their financial condition but to enjoy the blessings to be derived from a kind and generous climate.
For further information address
J. W. WHITE,
General Industrial Agent, Seaboard Air Line Railway,
Portsmouth, Virginia.

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An idea of the expense per

STATE NEWS.

John Edward, 15-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hill, of Asheville, was drowned Friday evening in a tub of water into which he had fallen.
Jesse Durham, 16 years old, a member of a picnic party from a Sunday school in Greensboro, was drowned Saturday afternoon while bathing in a pond near Greensboro.
Frank Smith, a negro who was shot while attempting to enter the home of Editor W. H. Stewart of Salisbury, last Wednesday morning, died at his home near Salisbury Friday.

DR. THOMAS C. JOHNSON,

Physician and Surgeon, Lumberton, N. C.
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Office at Hospital, Phone No. 41. Down town office over McMillan's Drug Store. Calls promptly answered night or day, in town or in the country.

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Physician and Surgeon, Lumberton, N. C.
Office at McLean-Rozier Drug Store. 1-24-08

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6-1-tf

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Every bottle of Dr. Edmund's Colic and Lung Fever Cure is Guaranteed for colic, gravel, pneumonia, stomach and lung disorders. Also a blood purifier.
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