



SALISBURY, (N. C.) TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1820.

To the Editors of the Western Carolinian.
THE CLUB... No. 1.

GENTLEMEN:
The appearance of the Western Carolinian forms a new era in—what? not in the history of politics, but in the literary pursuits of a certain class of Cognoscenti, who now offer you their acquaintance. You must know, that there are some half dozen of us, who, for months, have been closely knit together in a knot of literary and social predilections. At our last meeting, the President, with his usual, or rather unusual, eloquence, descanted at considerable length upon the glorious opportunity held out to us by your paper, for opening a correspondence with the world;—he meant the little world hereabouts.—He dwelt upon the advantages and amusements such a scheme would yield to ourselves, and the good it might do others. It would improve us in the art of writing and thinking; it would shed light among the ignorant, and correct the manners of your unpolished readers. The thought was too brilliant to allow of a moment's hesitancy: the plan was at once adopted, and it was settled, that all of us should strait-way turn in to writing. In fancy we already saw our brows shaded with the bays of literary honors, and our temples wreathed with the laurels of victories gained over the foibles and vices of your patrons. Already we fancied ourselves elevated to that spot on Parnassus, where the "Spectators," the "Ramblers," and the "Salmagundies," are loitering in the cooling shades of poetic evergreens, sipping the ambrosial dews, listening to the music of the clouds, and holding high converse with Apollo and the Nine. But, sirs, we were brought down a little from these flights of fancy, by the following observations of our President:
"Gentlemen," said he, "having determined to write, we must now settle two or three other small points: 1st. What shall we write about? 2d. How often shall we publish? and 3d. Under what name shall our productions go forth to the world."
On the first point, it was soon determined that we should write about every thing that comes in our way, as in that case we could not fail, in turn, of hitting the taste of our readers, however nice and fastidious. In the next place, for a very good reason, we resolved not to publish more than once a week; and not to be silent more than a month at a stretch, lest our readers might forget us. But to settle the third question, was far more perplexing. To choose a name, that is to transmit our labors to posterity; through which our readers must look at us, as astronomers through telescopes view the Heavens, was no trifling piece of business.—We spent several good long hours before we could agree upon the title to be placed over our lucubrations. But before we give you a sketch of our difficulties upon this trying subject, you must be informed, that in our club there are men of different pursuits and callings in life: One of our members belongs to the learned profession of the law; another to the science of medicine; a third is a middle aged bachelor, of easy fortune, who, having no business of his own to attend to, is willing to look a little after the concerns of other folks. Besides these, we have the Belle-Censor, the Beau-Censor, and the man of fashion—but no Dandy.

The question was first put to Mr. Blackletter: "What name shall we assume?" After a few moments of deep cogitation, he gave it as his opinion, that our title should be "Hotch-Pot," which, he said, was a term in law, that meant holding or doing things in common: Moreover, said he, "Hotch-Pot" means hasty-pudding; and without question, some of our productions will be hasty enough: And furthermore, said he, my Lord Littleton, in writing upon this subject, saith—"It seemeth that this word, Hotch-Pot, is, in English, a pudding; for in pudding is not commonly put one thing alone, but one thing with other things together."—Vide Littleton p. 267. So, continued he, will be our briefs; they will not always be upon the same subject, but touch upon every thing, and sometimes upon... nothing. But in despite of the authority of my Lord Littleton, the name of the pudding was set aside, upon the ground that it was inelegant in its euphony; and besides that, it savoured too much of epicurianism. The President then turning to another corner of the room, said, "Well, Dr. Galen Cortex, you have before now

officiated at many accouchments; we hope that your cognoscience will furnish us with something learned, pertinent, and striking—some generic term that will cover every species of our progeny. The doctor's brain went through the different stages of conception, gestation, and parturition... when—O! genius of Hippocrates! what think you he proposed?—"The Pill-Box!"—"What a name for periodical essays! The very sound startled Mr. Blackletter from his seat, and set in motion the saliva from his mouth. The learned Doctor went on to observe, that as our productions were to be of a mixed nature; that the label should also be of compound signification. Now, said he, what contains more ingredients than the Pill-Box? It has a little mercury—a portion of gum-arabic—a modicum of jalap—and a plenty of opium: So it will be with our labors: We must now and then give our readers something in the true mercurial style; at times we must gloss over their senses with the varnish of taste, and tinsel of fancy. Jalap would be a proper ingredient in every prescription; as, no doubt, the most of our readers stand in need of something of that sort: and he feared that every line of our numbers would act as an opiate upon the nerves of our admirers.

During the whole of this dissertation, Mr. Blackletter's stomach seemed wreaking with a resistless nausea. The fact is, he was but recently convalescent from a severe spell of the blues, and the mere mention of physic gave him the qualms. The Doctor was constrained to give over the pill-box; but he proposed, in its stead, "The Pottle;" for, said he, if we have to "bray fools in a mortar," what instrument is more necessary than a pestle? It was all in vain—the man of laws would consent to nothing that either sounded, tasted, or smelt (to use his own words) medicamentally. He would not even hear of "Vade Mecum," or the "Pharmacopœia."

Our Bachelor of easy fortune was next desired to make a suggestion: Without a moment's hesitation, he proposed that the title of our work should be "Olla Podrida;" for, said he, a word of like meaning was given to a similar publication that appeared some years ago in the famous city of New-York. It was borrowed from the culinary science of the Spaniards, and why not again resort to the same source? Besides, he thought there was as much meaning, and certainly as much music in the sound of "Olla Podrida," as in the word Salmagundi. The term itself reminded one of good eating; and he was sure the most of our readers would not dislike it on that account. [The President here gave a sly wink, and remarked, that if it meant god drinking, the young fellows about town would like it still better.]

Mr. Tradewell, our mercantile associate, also proposed half a dozen of names; among which were "The Ledger," "The Desk," &c.; but they were all rejected, on the score of smelling too strong of the counter. The difficult and invincible task of cognomination, (as the Doctor calls it) was now imposed upon the President; who, after an abundance of consideration, decided that the labors of the Club should go out to the world under the name of "THE CLUB"—and this title was unanimously adopted. Here ended our perplexities upon this all-important preliminary; and here, also, ends the first number of THE CLUB.

- For the Western Carolinian.
1. The Day; the 45th anniversary of American Independence.—At each annual return of this day, may we all possess the same amor patriæ which stimulated our forefathers to declare themselves free and independent.
 2. The American Constitution.—Let not the doctrines of expediency and necessity sap its foundation.
 3. The Congress of '76.—The Declaration of Independence has immortalized their names.
 4. The memory of Washington—His own acts are his highest eulogium.
 5. Thomas Jefferson—Author of the Declaration of Independence; his fame as imperishable as independence itself.
 6. The People—The source of all political and civil power; may they imbibe a greater love of country than of self.
 7. John Paulding, David Williams, and Isaac Van Wert—Their conduct was worthy of the cause they were engaged in, and worthy the example of future generations.
 8. James Monroe—A Soldier of the Revolution; in the full enjoyment of the people's gratitude.
 9. The Heads of Departments—Honesty, firmness, and intelligence, their surest commendation.
 10. The Heroes of the late war—Sons worthy of their aires.
 11. The American army—It taught the invincibles of Europe they were vincible in America.
 12. The American navy—It has crowned itself with imperishable laurels; may they never fade.
 13. The thirteen old United States—May they exercise to their offspring the same privileges they enjoyed themselves in the formation of constitutions.
 14. The State of North-Carolina—May her sons continue to possess the same love of freedom which stimulated the citizens of Mecklenburg to declare independence in May, 1776.
 15. The Legislature of North-Carolina—May it in future be composed of members who will think more of the public good than their individual popularity.
 16. The Hartford Convention—Commenced in iniquity, carried on in malignity, and ended in disgrace.
 17. Marquis De La Fayette—Though a Frenchman in nativity, we claim him as an American in sentiment and by adoption.
 18. Science and Literature—Whilst they flourish, neither the insidious arts of the factious, or the baseness of the ambitious, can endanger our liberties.
 19. Commerce and Agriculture—Elated with our commercial prosperity, we have been betrayed into unforeseen embarrassments; let us in future remember that agriculture is the source from whence we derive our national wealth and strength.
 20. A Free Press—The scourge of tyrants, the boast of freemen.
 21. The Heroes of the Revolution—The champions of freedom, a cluster of sages; long may they live in the memory of a grateful people.
 22. Internal Improvement—Its speedy accomplishment will give a new impetus to national industry.
 23. South America—A speedy emancipation from the shackles of despotism.
 24. The American Fair—Let them never trifle with candid and sincere men, and for ever discard all triflers.

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INCREASE OF CRIME.

A week or two since, was committed to the gaol in this place, a negro man, charged with the crime of a rape upon a white woman.—The case is said to be one of unusual atrocity. Within a few days, a white man was also committed for the same crime. We forbear to mention particulars, such as we have heard them, farther than that the object, upon whom the attempt is charged, is about 16 years of age, lived with him, and is the daughter of his wife, by a former husband. If the charge be true, it is a crime of a doubly heinous nature, and deserves the severest penalties of human law.

From several statements which we have noticed, of the degree of heat in different places in the Northern States, the present season, we think it must have been much greater than what we have experienced, as yet. Altho' there are several thermometers in this village, yet we believe no thermometrical journal has been kept, whereby the average heat, so far, can be ascertained, nor the greatest height to which the mercury has risen—we should judge, however, it has not been higher than 93° or 94°. The following journal of the degree of heat for four successive days, at Salem, (Mass.) extracted from the Gazette, of the 23d ultimo, would seem to lead to the paradoxical conclusion, that it is warmer at the north than at the south:—

Monday, 19th,	88°
Tuesday, 20th,	93
Wednesday, 21st,	97
Thursday, 23d,	100

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 29.—We have at this moment before us a piece of jacquet muslin, of a fabric so perfect in every particular, that we may safely assert it to be equal in every respect, to any thing of the kind produced in any part of the world. Familiar with the finest webs of Asia, we can confidently assert, that the piece before us is equal, in beauty, evenness, and much superior in the finishing, to the fine muslin of Hindostan. This piece is the first experiment made at the factory of Messrs. Thorp & Slidell, of this neighborhood, yet it will bear inspection and comparison with any foreign production of the same number of yarn. This jacquet rivals in beauty and texture the lawns of Flanders, and for cravats, ruffles, or fine dresses, has no superior; and we earnestly recommend the products of those ingenious manufacturers to the notice and patronage of every friend of American prosperity. Why do our females—our mothers of families, and those rising into life, who are to be the parents of the next generation; why do our young females hold back their devotion to the interest and prosperity of their native land? Every nation that has been renowned for its virtues, has derived distinction from the example of its females—the Roman matrons and virgins were ever conspicuous in promoting, by their disinterestedness and patriotism, the glory and safety of their country. The matrons of America, and the sex generally, whose influence so naturally sways mankind, could derive no honour so desirable, no joys more solid, than by consulting the interests and the honor of their country: the glory would be theirs, in giving the fashion of social virtues, and while so many are so honorably employed in protecting the deserted orphan, how much more noble would it be to prevent poverty by preferring domestic industry to that of strangers. Messrs. Thorp & Slidell are not confined to this single article; their checks and shirtings are equally perfect.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

As the "main secret of being sublime, is to say great things in few and plain words;" so the surest way for an essay writer to please both the Printer and the public, is to be perspicuous, precise, and particularly, brief. As we are not able, by intuition, to decipher every species of hand-writing, it is of some importance to us, and may be of more to our correspondents, that their communications, hereafter, be written in legible characters. Verbum sat. "FLETCHER" is unavoidably postponed. "FRANKLIN" is in type, and will appear next week.

Notice.

THE subscribers having removed their Store from Salisbury, wish those indebted to them, to come forward and pay their accounts; those having demands, will present them for payment. Any account that is not settled by the first day of August, will be put into the hands of an attorney for collection.

WOOD & KRIDER.

July 12, 1820.

Letters from Washington,

On the Constitution and Laws, with Sketches of some of the prominent public characters of the U. States. A FEW copies of this admired little work, may be had at the Book-Store of Messrs. Allen & Co. in Salisbury, July 17, 1820.

Fayetteville Prices Current.

(CORRECTED WEEKLY FROM THE FAYETTEVILLE GAZETTE.)

MERCHANDISE.	Quantity rated.	From D. C.	To D. C.
Bacon	lb.	7	8
Beef, mess fresh	10	12	6
Beeswax	25	28	
Brandy, Cognac	gal.	2	
Peach	60		
Apple	55		
Butter	lb.	13	20
Coffee	27	29	
Corn	bush.	53	60
Cotton, Upland	100 lb.	18	
Flour, superfine	4	8	
fine	3 75		
Flax seed	bush.		90
Gin, Holland	gal.	1	1 25
Northern	60		
Hog's lard	lb.	9	10
Iron, Swedish	100 lb.	5 50	6.
English	5	6	
Lead	lb.	10	12 1/2
Molasses	gal.	40	43
Oats	bush.	40	50
Pork	100 lb.	5	6
Potatoes, Irish	bush.	75	1
Rum, Jamaica, 4th proof	gal.	1 25	
W. Island, 4th do.			
do. 3d do.		90	1
New-England		45	50
Rice	100 lb.	3	4 90
Salt, Turks-Island	bush.		1
Liverpool ground			
Steel, German	lb.		
blistered			
Sugar, Muscovado	100 lb.	11	12
Loaf	lb.	22	28
Tea, Young Hyson	1 1/2	1 25	
Hyson	1 3/4	1 40	
Imperial	1 75	2	
Gunpowder	1 50	1 75	
Tobacco, leaf	100 lb.	4	5
manufactured	lb.	10	15
Tallow			12
Wheat	bush.		65
Whiskey	gal.	40	45

Wilkinson & Horah,

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE STATE BANK.
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY.
WOULD inform the inhabitants of this place in its vicinity, that they intend carrying on WATCH and CLOCK REPAIRING, GOLD and SILVER SMITHING—and that they have procured from the City of New York workmen of the first rate, and also the necessaries for manufacturing Jewelry and Silver-Ware. The subscribers return their thanks to the public for favors already received, and hope, by a faithful application, to merit the continuance of a share of public patronage. Those who favor them with their custom, may rely on having their work done in the best manner. Watches, Clocks, and Timepieces, of every description, carefully repaired, and warranted to keep time. Orders from the country promptly attended to. A. B.—A supply of Watches, Jewelry and Silver-Ware, constantly kept on hand. CURTIS WILKINSON, H. HORAH.

JOHN NORRIS,

TAILOR, FROM ENGLAND.
RESPECTFULLY informs the Citizens of Salisbury, and its vicinity, that he has commenced the TAILORING BUSINESS, in the house formerly occupied by Messrs. Wood and Krider, and where he intends carrying it on in the most fashionable manner, in all its various branches, with the greatest neatness and despatch. He pledges himself that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to deserve the public patronage, which he respectfully solicits. Orders promptly executed. Salisbury, N. C. June 20, 1820.—4x3

LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office at Concord, Cubarras County, N. C. July 1, 1820, which, if not taken out previous to the first day of October next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

ELIZABETH ALLMAN, Abram Alexander, Samuel H. Alabrook, Daniel Blackwelder, Thomas Basinger, John Baker, John Barringer, Charles Canly, Henry Cress, William Cochran, Michael Cline, Jacob Coleman, Philip Dry, John Gorman, William Gibson, Morgan Hall, Sherwood Hatty, Jane Harris, James Henly, William Henning, Francis Kirkpatrick, Christopher Light, James Long, Henry Linker, Geo. I. McCauley, (2) Jno. S. McCaleb, John Moss, (2) Robt. H. Morrison, E. Morrison, William McClellan, Nancy McLarty, Eliza McCurdy, Samuel McCurdy, Areld, Morrison, William Nickols, Philip Ochler, Peter Overcash, Jun. Charles Patterson, John Proves, William Peacock, Henry Proves, Robert Purvisance, John Petree, John Rogers, Mary Russel, Nicholas Ridinhowe, Thomas Steel, William Salomon, Silas S. Scarborough, William M. Sneed, James E. Tanner, Needham Thomson, Lewis Tucker, Simeon Walker, Exodus Whitely, John Yeoman.

DAVID STORKE, J. P. M.

In Rowan Court of Equity.

Alexander Long, versus Lewis Beard, Jonathan Merrell, Moses A. Locke.

THE depositions of Thomas Todd, Thomas Hartley, George Willis, sen. Samuel Silanion, John Clements, Nicholas Simpson, John Travis, and others, will be taken on the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh days of June next, at John Howard's tavern, in Salisbury; and if not all taken on that day, the depositions of the same witnesses, or of them not taken, and others, will be taken at John Howard's tavern in Salisbury, on the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh days of July next; and if not all then taken, the depositions of the same witnesses, or of those not taken, and others, will be taken at John Howard's tavern, in Salisbury, on the twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth days of August next; and if not all then taken, the depositions of the same witnesses, or of them not taken, and others, will be taken at John Howard's tavern, in Salisbury, on the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh days of September next; and if not all then taken, the depositions of the same witnesses, or of them not taken, and others, will be taken at John Howard's tavern, in Salisbury, on the sixth and seventh days of October next. Which depositions are intended to be read as evidence on the trial of this suit; and when and where you may attend, and cross-examine, if you think proper. ALEX'R LONG, Sen.

May the 30th, 1820.—9w1
Inserted by request of MOSES A. LOCKE.

BLANKS, OF VARIOUS KINDS, For sale, at the Office of the CAROLINIAN