

live. I shall be able by next opportunity to inform you more about it; in the mean time I consider myself and property perfectly safe."

LATEST FROM HAITI.

Eight of Christophe's principal officers, among whom was the Prince Royal, Prince Joachim, and Baron Batti, were killed by the Revolutionists.

Boyer's proclamation states, that his orders to prevent any bloodshed arrived one day too late to save the lives of these officers.

The merchants at the Cape applied to the Governor for protection; they were answered, that they would not be molested, if they took no part in the affair.

Boyer was proclaimed President of Hayti, at Cape Henry, Oct. 22; and on the 26th, 20,000 troops, headed by Boyer, marched into the city, now called Cape Hayti, and the Constitution of the Republic was proclaimed, officers appointed, &c. All the orders of nobility were of course abolished. Great rejoicings took place in consequence of the revolution. The Cape was illuminated, &c.

Business was generally suspended at the Cape, and an embargo laid on the vessels from the commencement of the revolution to within a few days previous to the sailing of Capt. Pousland. Great fears were entertained that Boyer's troops, when they arrived, would plunder the city—but every thing was conducted in the most perfect order. Private and public property was respected, and the city was perfectly tranquil. The new government was very popular. The former Governor at the Cape, (Marmalade,) had been re-appointed by Boyer.

The day before Capt. Pousland sailed, Boyer's fleet, of one ketch and five schooners, arrived at the Cape, with provisions for the army. Christophe's family were at the Cape, and would be protected. The revolution was very unexpected to the people at the Cape.

FROM BUENOS AYRES.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 24.

The last accounts are dated 26th of August, at which time the place was tolerably tranquil, the present governor, Dorego, having beaten all his enemies, and driven them across the Arrago del Medio. Among the prisoners he had taken, were about 50 officers, who had joined Alvera, as well as the deputies who had made him governor—all of whom were awaiting their trial. Peace with the Montenegros was not yet established. Advices from Chili were to the 23d of July. It was said a misunderstanding between the government and Lord Cochrane had taken place, in consequence whereof he had tendered his resignation.



CAROLINIAN.

SALISBURY, (N. C.) TUESDAY, DEC. 12, 1820.

Maj. Jesse Franklin, of Surry county, has been chosen by the Legislature Governor of North-Carolina, in the place of Gov. Branch, who having been elected three years in succession, is ineligible, by the constitution, for the next three years.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Thus far, possess little general interest. Congress is actively engaged, however, in laying out its work, and preparing for a busy, and perhaps a stormy, session. The Missouri Question will undoubtedly be called up, and it is said there is some prospect of the restrictions carrying their point: Should they, we hope the consequences may not be such as we anticipate. Yet we cannot but indulge the belief, that the storm which appears to be gathering in our political horizon will blow over, and that Missouri will come into the Union unrestricted; though probably she may, and perhaps it is best she should be required to alter or expunge at least one clause in her constitution.

The proceedings of Congress received since our last, being mostly on local or private subjects, of no public interest, we have omitted an abstract of them this week.

The following extract of a letter to the editors, from the Hon. CHARLES FRANKLIN, Representative to Congress from this district, will give our readers a sufficient idea of what is going on at Washington:

WASHINGTON CITY, NOV. 27, 1820.

"The Missouri Constitution has been submitted, examined, and reported upon favorably. Nevertheless, a very formidable opposition will be made to the admission into the Union of the new state. It is thought by many that the opposition will prove successful. The restrictions of the last session are displeased with part of the 26th section of the 5d article. No doubt some of them really have constitutional scruples, and others mere scruples of policy. The objectionable clause is as follows:—The Legislature shall have power 'to prevent free negroes and mulattoes from coming to, or settling in, this state, under any pretext whatever.' They say that this clause is plainly contrary to that part of the constitution of the United States which gives to the citizens of each state, the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several states. Be this as it may, it is a matter of serious regret that the people of Missouri thought it necessary to insert that clause in their constitution. It looks, indeed, a little like having all opposition. After our exertions during the last session in favor of the rights of Missouri, the convention should carefully have avoided giving any cause unnecessarily for a renewal of the same scenes, excitements, and apprehensions. As the case now stands, it is difficult to say what will be the result.

"Among the other matters that engage the talk of Congress, is the subject of retrenchments. We have not yet received the Treasury estimates for the next year. It is, however, well understood, unless there is a considerable reduction of the public expenditures, that we will have to authorize another loan of a few millions of dollars. Loans are but temporary expedients, and only answer to put off the evil day a little longer. Nothing but retrenchment, and the strictest economy, can save the nation from a system of excise and direct taxation: And I, for one, do not think that the people at this time, with all their other difficulties, are able to sustain the levy of taxes."

NOVEL PROCEEDINGS.

Gov. CLINTON, in his late message to the New-York Legislature, implicitly asserted, that the general government, or its officers "as an organized corps," had interfered in the elections of that State: The Senate, by a resolution, called upon his excellency for his proofs, who replied that he would, in due time, make a communication which, he trusted, would be satisfactory in its nature, and salutary in its tendency." The Senate were not satisfied with this; and after stating the impropriety of the chief magistrate of a State criminating the general government, without having ample proofs in his possession, as thereby impairing the confidence of the people in the general government, they passed the following resolutions by a vote of 19 to 10:

"Resolved, That the Senate repose the strictest confidence in the patriotism and integrity of the general government, and will not change such opinion, or yield to any insinuations against such administration, but upon full and satisfactory testimony.

"Resolved, That this resolution be published, and a copy sent to his excellency the governor."

The next morning the governor sent the following message in answer to the above resolutions, which the Senate refused to receive, and ordered the clerk to return it to the governor; and immediately adjourned:

"Gentlemen: I have this moment received a resolution of your honorable body, which, as well as the one to which it refers, I shall fully notice at the next meeting of the Legislature: And I shall, therefore, at this late hour, pass it over with the expression of my sincere regret, that any branch of the Legislature should, in so unprecedented a manner, lose sight of the respect due to itself, and the courtesy due to a co-ordinate branch of the government. DE WITT CLINTON."

If it be true, as Gov. Clinton states, that the "officers of the general government (for we do not believe that the government itself was at all a party in, or privy to, such an interference) as an organized corps," have interfered in the elections of New-York, the general government ought to be called upon to vindicate itself and punish these officers, by promptly dismissing them. The least interference, on the part of the general government, in the state elections, should be met upon the threshold, and crushed immediately, or we may as well give up our state rights, and have a consolidated government at once. Such an interference cannot be justified on any grounds; and we should argue very poorly of the patriotism of any administration which should attempt it.

STEEL-CREEK FEMALE SCHOOL.

An examination of the above school, under the direction of Miss Dorcas J. Alexander, took place on the 2d of Nov., at lower Steel-creek church, in York dist. S. C. Four of the board of managers were present, J. Harris, Esq. Pres.—B. Persins, Esq.—Col. T. I. Grier—and Dr. J. R. Darnall, Sec. The Rev. Messrs. Blair and Clarkson from Pa., the Rev. Messrs. Hunter, Stafford, and Harris, with other literary characters, and numerous spectators, gave their attendance. The board consider it a duty which they owe to Miss Alexander, to the young ladies of her school, and to the cause of female education, to present to the public the following report of the examination,—especially as they could not prepare it on the day of examination, in time to present it before the assembled school and audience.

Introductory Prayer.—By the Rev. Mr. BLAIR.

1st Spelling and Reading class. S. Frew, S. Bevins, A. Frew, M. A. Frew, E. Smith, E. Anderson, S. Anderson. 2d Do. H. Harris, J. Burton, A. Burton. In this lowest class in the school, an Honorary Ticket was to be awarded, which H. Harris received.

1st Bible class. M'Dowell's Questions. M. H. Harris, J. C. Dyson, M. A. Kirkpatrick, A. L. Ross, M. Scott, J. M. Osborne, M. C. Reid, M. Lees, M. E. Hart, M. Fox, I. Hart, N. Scott, E. Reid. Examined from Neh. throughout.

2d Do. E. M. Spratt, M. Hutcheson, M. Kerr, M. Little, M. Davis, S. Harris, M. Moore, E. Moore. Sam.—Neh.

3d Do. M. Wethers, E. Wethers, R. W. Pettus, S. Pettus, S. Cheek, R. A. Cheek, S. Roach. Ex.—Sam.

4th Do. S. Frew, A. Frew, S. Bevins, M. A. Frew, E. Anderson, S. Anderson, E. Smith. Gen.—Ex.

1st Grammar class. Murray's Large grammar. J. C. Dyson, M. A. Kirkpatrick, J. M. Osborne, A. L. Ross. Attended to Parsing.

2d Do. M. E. Hart, E. M. Spratt, M. C. Reid, M. Scott, M. H. Harris, I. Hart, E. Reid, N. Scott. Attended to Parsing.

3d Do. Murray's abridgment. M. Little, M. Davis, M. Hutcheson, S. Harris. Attended to Parsing.

4th Do. M. Fox, R. W. Pettus, M. Kerr, R. Pettus, S. Pettus, M. Wethers, S. Bevins.

1st Geographical class. Morse's abridgment. J. C. Dyson, J. M. Osborne, A. L. Ross. Examined on the maps.

2d Division of 1st class. F. M. Spratt. Examined on Cummings' Geography and the maps. Sustained a fine examination.

2d Do. Willet's Geography. M. C. Reid, M. Scott, E. Reid, M. E. Hart, I. Hart, N. Scott. Examined on the maps.

3d Do. M. Davis, M. Little, M. Lees. Examined on the maps.

In Natural and Moral Philosophy, J. M. Osborne sustained an interesting and excellent examination.

Historical class. Whelpley's Compend. E. M. Spratt, J. C. Dyson, A. L. Ross, M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. E. Hart, J. M. Osborne, M. Little, N. Scott, M. Davis, I. Hart.

1st Reading class. Whelpley's Compend. M. H. Harris, E. M. Spratt, J. C. Dyson, J. M. Osborne, M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. Scott, M. Hutcheson, I. Hart.

2d Do. Goldsmith's Rome. M. Lees, M. Fox, M. C. Reid, E. Reid, M. Moore, E. Moore.

From the rest of the young ladies were formed various other classes,—who read in the bible and other books.

Arithmetic. M. H. Harris, J. C. Dyson, E. M. Spratt, A. L. Ross, &c.

Spelling. Walker's Dictionary. The whole of the school. E. M. Spratt, J. C. Dyson, A. L. Ross, M. Little, M. C. Reid, M. A. Kirkpatrick, &c.

Composition. Attended to by the principal part of the young ladies.

Writings. Generally attended to. The latest specimens being mislaid, the board can only say that M. Lees, M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. Little, and I. Hunter were among the best writers.

Drawing and Painting on Paper or Silk. M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. Lees, J. C. Dyson, I. Hunter, A. L. Ross, J. M. Osborne, E. M. Spratt, M. E. Hart, M. Scott, N. Scott, I. Hart, R. W. Pettus, S. Pettus, S. Cheek.

Embroidery and Embroidered Slips. A. L. Ross, N. Scott, J. C. Dyson, M. Scott, M. E. Hart.

Fancy-work. M. Scott, A. L. Ross, N. Scott.

Needle-work. Attended to by the whole. M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. H. Harris, J. M. Osborne, J. C. Dyson, E. M. Spratt, M. Lees, &c.

The young ladies, M. A. Kirkpatrick, M. H. Harris, M. Lees, M. Little, M. Moore, E. Moore,—were prevented from regular attendance at the school; and the following young ladies attended only in the last quarter.

viz. R. W. Pettus, S. Pettus, R. Pettus, E. Anderson, S. Anderson, S. Cheek, I. Hunter.

The examination was conducted by Miss Alexander with the assistance of the Rev. Mr. Blair and Dr. Darnall; and was attended to by the audience with a becoming decorum and interest. The unexpected confusion and dispersion which ensued at the close of the examination, after an invitation given to spectators to visit the paintings, maps and needle-work in the gallery, prevented the managers from closing the day as they had contemplated. But this opportunity they embraced to declare their entire satisfaction with Miss A. as a teacher, and how highly they were pleased with the performances of the young misses and ladies of her school. To have made such proficiency as they have made in this temporary school, is proof of attention, industry, and talents, both in the tutoress, and the pupils committed to her care. In conformity with a practice which obtains in many places, yet not without some reluctance, we distinguish, by our particular notice, a few of the young ladies who are either distinguished by superiority of talents, or as is generally the case, have distinguished themselves by close application to their studies. The individual first named in any class we consider as deservedly occupying the head of her class. The young ladies are then arranged according to their respective merits, 2d, 3d, &c. But it is judged that after a few of the first in any class are placed in their order, the remainder could not be considered as standing exactly according to their grade of merit. Among a few of the first in each class, the comparative standing of each, we trust, has been impartially, and in some good degree accurately, determined. But none need be discouraged. The managers are hearty in their declaration, that they were well pleased with the progress of all. And it may reconcile some to our discrimination, if the necessity exist, when they consider, what we express as our opinion, that the degrees of superiority were sometimes only such as to be barely degrading of the name, and that several of those who are distinguished had been with Miss A. from the commencement of her school in the spring of 1819.

In closing their report the managers cannot forbear expressing their satisfaction also with that order, and that spirit, which was an ennobling characteristic of the school. That a few of their moments, in entering and leaving the school, were engaged in their attendance on prayer, and that among other subjects the Bible was also their study, was certainly a beneficial order to have prevailed. Among 40 young ladies whose minds and habits were forming for futurity, both in a limited and extensive sense, a zealous spirit would find a wide field of usefulness; and we are happy to record it, that it was not unnoticed and uncultivated. We find that a spirit of active benevolence has gained a great ascendancy among the ladies of this school.— Their personal exertions, their personal subscriptions and occasional contributions, all stand forth an evidence of their interest in the progress of Christianity. Thus have their moral powers received an expansion, while their intellectual powers have been expanding with human knowledge. And it is hoped that the discourses delivered expressly for the school, and those preached in St. Creek church by different clergymen, may have had, or will yet have, some happy issue as it respects the adjustment of their personal concern with christianity. To encourage in the clergy such volunteer-attention to female schools,—to countenance and to promote such an order, and such a spirit, in them, the managers introduce these particulars; and they fondly hope that the number of these schools in this Western section of the Carolinas will, if well regulated, in due time, secure for us that happy state of society, where the spirit, and attainment of true refinement and useful knowledge do exist,—having for their proper basis, the religion of Christ,—and springing from their proper source, and from the best of impulses, the spirit of that religion.

Signed by order of the board. E. HARRIS, Sec. pro tem. Steel-Creek, Nov. 24th, 1820.

DIED.

At the Forks, on the 2d instant, of the prevailing influenza, Mr. Giles P. Munford, aged about 35. A few days since, in the vicinity of this town, of an apoplectic fit, Mr. Henry W. Hiltow, about 63 years of age.

New Goods.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Cabarrus and the adjacent counties, that, in addition to his former Stock, he has just received, and now offers for sale, at his Store in Concord, a great variety of

Choice and Fashionable GOODS,

well adapted to the season; which he will sell on the most accommodating terms, and invites all those who wish to purchase to call and examine for themselves.

He would also beg leave herewith to tender his sincere acknowledgments, and to return his best thanks, to those who have heretofore so liberally patronized him, and most respectfully solicits a continuance of their patronage.

He also most earnestly, but very respectfully, requests all those whose notes and accounts have become payable, to call and make payment without delay, as that alone will enable him to meet his engagements, and afford the proper and necessary accommodation.

TOBIAS BROWN, Agent for MICHAEL BROWN. Concord, Dec. 12, 1820.—5w27

Entertainment.

THE subscriber has taken the stand lately occupied by John Holmes, where he will keep entertainment for travellers. He solicits a share of public patronage, and will use every exertion to satisfy all who may call on him, both as to accommodations for themselves, and keeping for their horses. CALED SMOOT. Concord, N. C. Nov. 27, 1820. (3w25)

Wilkinson & Horah,

Directly opposite the State Bank, Main-Street, Salisbury. B. E. leave to inform their customers, and the public in general, that they have just received from New-York a supply of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

consisting of first rate warranted English Watches; gold, gilt, and steel Watch Chains; Seals, Keys, &c.; Stars and Eagles for Officers' coats and hats; ladies' hair Bracelets, gold mounted; white and yellow Spangles; fancy and mourning Rings, of different patterns; Amulets; Coral; Garnets, and glass Beads; Ear Rings; silver Thimbles, &c. &c. A supply of Silver Spoons, Soup Ladles, and Sugar Tongs, constantly kept on hand, and also manufactured to any pattern, at short notice.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, & TIME-PIECES,

of every description, carefully repaired, at short notice, and warranted to keep time.

The subscribers feel grateful to the public for favors already received; and hope, by careful attention, to merit the continuance of public patronage.

CURTIS WILKINSON, HUGH HORAH.

Salisbury, Dec. 12.—27

N. B. Human Hair, suitable for making watch chains, bracelets, &c. wanted, for which a liberal price, in cash, will be paid, on its delivery at our shop. W. & H.

New Goods.

THE subscriber is now opening, at his Store in Salisbury, a general and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods, Hard-Ware, and Medicines.

Just received direct from New-York and Philadelphia, and laid in at prices that will enable him to sell remarkably low. His customers, and the public, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. All kinds of Country Produce received in exchange. Dec. 12, 1820.—1a27 J. MURPHY.

Book Store in Lincolnton.

THE subscribers have lately received a large supply of BOOKS, and, in addition, will in a few days receive a large and valuable collection of Law, Theological, Classical, Historical, Medical and Miscellaneous Books, with a general assortment of the best and most approved School Books, Blank and Account Books, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Bonnet Boards, Ink and Ink Powder, of the best kind, Slates, Lead and Slate Pencils, Haywood's New Manual, Potter's Justice and Martin on the law of executors and administrators, scarce books in this end of the State; and several new agricultural works.

Academies, schools, public, private, and social libraries, supplied on the most reasonable terms.

Orders for any books will be thankfully received; and any books in the Philadelphia, New-York, or Charleston markets will be procured at short notice, and delivered here at the Philadelphia and New-York retail prices.

McBEE & REINHARDT, At the Post-Office. Lincolnton, N. C. Dec. 3, 1820.—5w27

Negroes for Sale.

ON Monday the 1st of January, 1821, at the house of Wm. Harbin, Esq. will be sold, on a credit of 12 months, twenty-two or three likely NEGROES, belonging to the estate of Wm. Martin, deceased.

ALFRED GAITHER, } "Jnr's." A. F. CALDWELL, }

Fork, Nov. 27, 1820.—4w26r

Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 11th instant, Jesse Fisher, an indentured apprentice to me, 16 years of age. Whoever will return said boy to me, shall receive the above reward, but no charges.

AZARIAH PACK, Forks, Rowan County, Nov. 22, 1820. [3w25r]

State Bank of North-Carolina,

Raleigh, 31st October, 1820.

IT will be recollected, that owners of Shares in this Bank, subscribed December, 1818, will be entitled to profit after the dividend to be declared next December, agreeably to the terms of the subscription. To the end that the names of the subscribers for this New Stock, or their assignees, may be ascertained and entered on the books of this bank, the receipts of full payments of said shares should be forwarded to this office immediately after the 15th of December next, when such receipts will be canceled, and evidences of stock issued in the names of the real owners thereof. None but those who may have fully paid for the stock on the 15th December next, will be entitled to share the profits of the institution, or considered as Stockholders.

Published by order of the Board of Directors. 5w23 WM. BOYLAN, President.

State of North-Carolina,

IREDELL COUNTY.—IN EQUITY.

Milly Gaither..... } Petition for the sale of land. John Martin, John Price, Milly Price, Sally Young, Charles C. Young, Le-nira Young, Adaline Young, Dorinda Young, William M. Young, Thomas Young, and Adelaide E. Young.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants in this case are the inhabitants of another state and government: Therefore, ordered, That publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, unless the aforesaid parties appear at the next Superior Court of Law and Equity to be held for the county of Iredeell, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, judgment will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte. 6w26 JOHN N. HART, C. M. C. E.

State of North-Carolina,

LINCOLN COUNTY:

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, } October Sessions, A. D. 1820. } 5

Thomas and John Tipps, } Petition for distributive shares of the estate of Matthias Tipps, deceased. Louisa and Conrad Tipps, administrators of Matthias Tipps, deceased.

IT appearing to the Court that Louisa Tipps is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore Ordered, by the court, that notice be published six weeks in the Western Carolinian, requiring the said Louisa Tipps to appear at the next County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county at the Court-House in Lincolnton, on the third Monday in January next, then and there to answer or demur to the said petition; otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and judged accordingly as to the said Louisa Tipps. Witness V. M'Fee, Clerk of said court, at Lincolnton, the third Monday of October, 1820. VARDRY M'FEE, C. C.