

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY TUESDAY,  
By BINGHAM & WHITE.

TERMS:  
The subscription to the WESTERN CAROLINIAN is Three Dollars per annum, payable half-yearly in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the discretion of the Editors; and any subscriber failing to give notice of his wish to discontinue at the end of a year, will be considered as wishing to continue the paper, which will be sent accordingly.

Whoever will become responsible for the payment of nine papers, shall receive a tenth gratis.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted on the customary terms. Persons sending in Advertisements must specify the number of times they wish them inserted, or they will be continued till ordered out, and charged accordingly.

No advertisement inserted until it has been paid for, or its payment assumed by some person in this town, or its vicinity.

All letters to the editors must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

### Baking Business.

THE subscriber having employed a competent person, will keep on hand a constant supply of

Bread and Crackers, and Cakes, of every description,

as well as the various articles usually kept in a Confectionary Store,—all of which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms.

THOMAS HOLMES.  
Salisbury, Dec. 18, 1821.—30

### For Sale,

The celebrated Horse **NAPOLÉON.** For terms, apply to the subscriber. If not sold previous to the 15th of February next, he will again stand the ensuing Spring Season, in this place.  
MICHAEL BROWN.  
Salisbury, Dec. 3, 1821. 78tF15

### Book-Binding Business.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of the Western section of N. Carolina and the adjoining districts of S. Carolina, that he has established the *Book-Binding Business*, in all of its various branches, in the town of Salisbury, N. C. He has taken the store formerly occupied by Wood & Kridler, on Main-street, three doors north of the Court-House.

Having devoted considerable time to acquire a competent knowledge of his business, in the city of Baltimore, the subscriber flatters himself that he will be able to execute every kind of work in his line, in a style and on terms that will give general satisfaction.

Merchants and others, can have *Blank Books* ruled and bound to any pattern, on short notice, as cheap and as well finished as any that can be brought from the North.

Old Books rebound on the most reasonable terms, and at short notice.

Orders from a distance, for Binding of every description, will be faithfully attended to.

WILLIAM H. YOUNG.  
Salisbury, June 8, 1821. 53

### Private Entertainment.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salisbury and the adjacent country, that he has removed from his late residence on the north side of the Yadkin river, on the main road leading from Salem to Danville, 15 miles from Salisbury, and has taken the house formerly occupied by Capt. Ja. Kridler, in town, on Main street, a few doors north of the Court-House; where he is prepared to keep a *House of Private Entertainment* for Travellers and citizens. He will at all times furnish Stabling, Fodder and Grain for Horses.

THOMAS HOLMES.  
Salisbury, Sept. 25, 1821. 78

N. B. Eight or ten BOARDERS will be taken at the customary prices in town.

### Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, at Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, N. Carolina, a Negro Boy by the name of SIMON; dark complexion, stout made, and five feet seven or eight inches high. He speaks low when spoken to. It is supposed that he will make towards the county of Prince William, Virginia, as he was purchased in that county. I will give the above reward if the said negro is delivered to Isaac Wille, Concord, Cabarrus county, or 25 dollars if secured in any jail, and information given, so that I get him again.  
EVAN WILLE.  
March 24, 1821. 50

### New Stage to Raleigh.

THE subscriber, who is contractor for carrying the U. States Mail between Raleigh and Salisbury, by way of Randolph, Chatham, &c. respectfully informs the public, that he has fitted up an entire NEW STAGE; which, added to other improvements that have been made, will enable him to carry PASSENGERS with as much comfort and expedition as they can be carried by any line of stages in this part of the country. The scarcity of money, the reduction in the price of produce, &c. demand a correspondent reduction in every department of life: Therefore, the subscriber has determined to reduce the rate of passage from eight to six cents per mile. Gentlemen travelling from the West to Raleigh, or by way of Raleigh to the North, are invited to try the subscriber's Stage, as he feels assured it only needs a trial to gain a preference.

The Stage arrives in Salisbury every Tuesday, 3 or 9 o'clock, and departs thence for Raleigh the same day at 2 o'clock; it arrives in Raleigh Friday evening, and leaves there for Salisbury on Saturday at 2 o'clock,  
May 22, 1821. 50 JOHN LANE.

### TO SURVEYORS, Or Teachers of the Art of Surveying.

The subscriber proposes publishing a small book under the following title:

#### The Surveyor's Auxiliary,

OR  
ARITHMETICAL TRIGONOMETRY;  
Containing rules for solving all cases which may occur in practical Surveying, by common Arithmetic; to which will be added Tables of Latitude and Departure.

W. MOORE, Surveyor.  
Salisbury, N. C. 82tF1d

The terms of subscription will be \$1 for a single copy, payable on receiving the work; but any one becoming responsible for six copies, shall receive a seventh gratis. Persons wishing to subscribe, may signify the same in a note, directed to the Post-Office in Salisbury, and the book will be sent to any Post-Office they may require.

N. B. The rule proposed has never yet appeared in any system of surveying with which the publisher has made himself acquainted, and is calculated to find the difference of latitude and departure without tables or instruments.

### 30 Dollars Reward.

BROKE JAIL on the night of the 17th instant, a white man and two negroes. The white man is by the name of John Prince, said to have come from Grayson county, Virginia, who was confined on a charge of counterfeiting money: he is about 35 years of age, dark complexion, about five feet ten inches high.—One of the negroes says he came from Charleston, S. C. and that his name is Bill, and is a runaway; he is a trim built fellow, of a middle size and age, has been cropped, or lost a piece of one ear, I think the right ear: The other is of a yellow complexion, heavy built, thick lips, and a small scar on his under lip, supposed to be about 35 years of age, says his name is Owen, and is a runaway from the state of Georgia. It is thought by some that Prince will pass for their master, and perhaps sell them.

Any person that will apprehend them, and confine them in any jail, or bring them so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable expenses; or 10 dollars for each or either of them.

WM. ARMPFIELD, Sheriff.  
Greensboro', Guilford Co. N. C.  
November 26, 1821. 3m11M

### To Carpenters.

THE subscriber wishes to employ, immediately, two or three Journeymen Carpenters, to whom good wages and constant employ will be given. He will also take two or three lads of good character, as apprentices to the Carpenter's Business. None need apply but such as are sober and industrious.

JOHN ALBRIGHT.  
Salisbury, October 3, 1821.—69tF

### State of North-Carolina,

ROWAN COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November sessions, 1821: Martin Rendleman vs. Samuel Trotter....Original attachment, levied, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks successively, in the *Western Carolinian*, printed in Salisbury, that the defendant appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Rowan, at the Court-House in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plaintiff's demand. 6wt88  
JNO. GILES, Clerk.

### State of North-Carolina,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

In Equity.  
JOHN WILLIAMSON, Joseph M'Connaughy, vs. Ann Cowan, Stephen Cowan, David F. Cowan, and others....In this case it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the *Western Carolinian*, that David F. Cowan and Stephen Cowan may appear at the next Superior Court of Law and Equity, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, on the 6th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, and plead, answer or demur, or the bill shall be taken pro confesso, and judgment be entered against them. 6 82 D. R. DUNLAP, C. J. C.

### State of North-Carolina,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT of Law, Fall Term, 1821.... Margaret Duffey vs. Robert Duffey....Petition for Divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Robert Duffey, the defendant in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State: Ordered, that publication be made for three months, in the *Raleigh Star* and *Western Carolinian*, that unless he appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Law, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and answer said petition, it will be set for hearing ex parte, and a decree made in favour of the petitioner. Witness *George Graham*, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 6th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1821, and in the 46th year of American Independence.  
GEO. GRAHAM, Clerk S. C. L.  
Nov. 24, 1821.—78m3

### State of North-Carolina,

RUTHERFORD COUNTY:

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Sessions, 1821....William Arthur versus Ransom Powell: Original attachment levied on land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this case is without the limits of this State, Ordered, therefore, that publication be made for three months in the *Western Carolinian*, for the defendant to appear at our next County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Rutherford, at the Court House in Rutherfordton, on the second Monday in January next, then and there to plead, or demur, or judgment final will be entered up against him. 5wt84  
Witness, ISAAC CRATON, C. C.

### ANNUAL REPORT

Transmitted to the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Treasury on the 10th ult.

#### 1. Of the Revenue.

The nett revenue arising from imports and tonnage, internal duties, direct tax, public lands, postage, and other incidental receipts, during the year 1818, amounted to \$26,094,200 65

Viz: customs 21,828,451 48, arrears of internal duties 947,946 33, arrears of direct tax 263,926 01, public lands exclusive of Mississippi stock 2,464,527 90, dividend on stock in the Bank of the U. States 525,000 00, postage and other incidental receipts 65,348 93.

That which accrued from the same sources, during the year 1819, amounted to \$21,435,700 69

Viz: Customs 17,116,702 96, arrears of internal duties 227,444 01, arrears of direct tax 80,850 61, public lands exclusive of Mississippi stock 3,278,422 78, first instalment from the Bank of the U. States and dividend on stock in that bank 675,000 00, postage and other incidental receipts 61,280 33.

And that which accrued from the same sources, during the year 1820, amounted to \$15,284,546 29

Viz: Customs 12,449,556 15, arrears of internal duties 104,172 07, arrears of direct tax 31,236 82, public lands exclusive of Mississippi stock 1,635,871 61, second and third instalments from the bank of the U. States 1,000,000 00, postage and other incidental receipts 63,659 64.

It is estimated that the gross amount of duties on merchandize and tonnage which accrued during the three first quarters of the present year, exceeds \$14,088,000.

The payments into the treasury, to the 30th of September last, have amounted to \$16,219,197 70

Viz: Customs 10,068,394 85, public lands 940,980 35, arrears of internal duties and direct tax 69,057 26, bank dividends 105,000 00, incidental receipts 21,581 51, repayments 13,373 73, loan 5,000,000 00.

And the payments into the treasury during the fourth quarter, are estimated at \$3,595,278 14

Viz: Customs 3,000,000 00, public lands 360,000 00, moneys recovered out of advances made in the war department before 1st July, 1815, 120,000 00, balances of military appropriations carried to the account of surplus fund 90,278 14, direct tax and internal duties and incidental receipts 25,000 00.

Making the total amount estimated to be received into the treasury during the year 1821 \$19,814,475 84

Which, added to the balance in the treasury on the first of January last, of 1,198,461 21

Make the aggregate amount of 21,012,937 05

The application of this sum for the year 1821 is estimated as follows:

Viz: the payments to the 30th Sept. have amounted to \$15,655,288 47

Viz: Civil, diplomatic and miscellaneous 1,772,717 30, military service, including fortifications, ordnance, Indian department, revolutionary and military pensions, arming the militia, and arrearages prior to the 1st of January, 1817, 4,872,865 78, naval service including the gradual increase of the navy 2,603,592 75, public debt including \$591,611 30 of Mississippi stock 6,406,112 64.

During the fourth quarter it is estimated that the payments will amount to \$3,580,000 00

Viz: Civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous 690,000 00, military service 290,000 00, naval service 700,000 00, public debt 1,900,000 00.

Making the aggregate amount of 19,235,288 47

Which, being deducted from the above sum of \$21,012,937 05 will leave in the treasury, on the 1st day of Jan. next a balance estimated at 1,777,648 58

But, of the balances of appropriations for the service of the year 1821, necessary to effect the object of those appropriations, exclusive of balances, which will not be required, and which have been deducted from the estimates of the year 1822, or will be carried to the account of the surplus fund, there remains the sum of \$2,268,611 28, which is an existing charge upon the revenue of 1821, and exceeds the balance estimated to be in the treasury on the 1st day of January next, by \$490,962 70.

#### 2. Of the Public Debt.

The funded debt which was contracted before the year 1812, and which was unredeemed on the 30th of Sept. 1820, amounted to \$20,570,627 12

And that contracted subsequently to the 1st Jan. 1812, and unredeemed on the 30th Sept. 1820, amounted to 70,654,933 65

Making the aggregate amount of 91,225,560 77

Which sum agrees with the amount stated in the last annual report as unredeemed on the 1st of Oct. 1820, excepting the sum of \$38 66, which was then short estimated, and which has been since corrected by actual settlement.

In the fourth quarter of the year there was added to the above the sum of 457,747 95

Viz: in 6 and 7 per cent. stocks, for treasury notes brought into the treasury, and cancelled 3,280 29, in 5 per cent. stock under the act of May 15, 1820, 454,567 66.

Making 91,683,308 72

And there was paid in the fourth quarter the sum of 388,892 21

Viz: deferred stock reimbursed 249,401 58, payments on account of the Louisiana stock 139,490 63.

Making the public debt unredeemed on the 1st Jan. 1821 91,294,416 51

From the 1st of January to the 30th of September, inclusive, there has been added the sum of 4,739,776 38

Viz: three per cent stock for interest on registered debt 26 01, treasury note 6 and 7 per cent stock 4,454 07, loan authorized by the act of the 3d of March, 1821, 4,735,296 30.

Making 96,034,192 9

From which is to be deducted the sum of 2,348,097 15

Viz: Reimbursement of deferred stock during the same period 276,737 15, payments on account of the Louisiana stock 2,071,360 00.

Making the public debt which was unredeemed on the 1st of Oct. 1821, 93,686,095 74

To which will be added in the fourth quarter, treasury note six per cent. stock issued 390 40

Making 93,686,486 14

From which will be deducted, in the fourth quarter, the sum of 262,880 41

Viz: Reimbursement of deferred stock 257,322 26, residue of Louisiana stock 5,558 15.

Making the amount of the public debt unredeemed on the 1st January, 1822, as estimated 93,423,605 73

The treasury notes yet outstanding are estimated at 28,495 00

The awards made by the commissioners, appointed under the several acts of Congress for the indemnification of certain claimants of public lands in the Mississippi territory amount to 4,282,151 12.

Of which there have been received at the General Land Office in stock 2,442,535 39, and there have been paid at the treasury 1,734,490 85.

Making together 4,177,026 24

And leaving outstanding on 30th Sept. 1821, 105,124 88

#### 3. Estimates of the Public Revenue and Expenditures for the year 1822.

The diminution of the revenue from imports and tonnage, which occurred in 1819, advanced with progressive force through 1820, and reached its lowest point of depression in the first quarter of the present year. The duties secured in that quarter were 727,000 dollars less than those of the corresponding quarter of 1820; whilst the amount secured in the second and third quarters exceeded that of the same period of the preceding year by 1,172,000 dollars: thus presenting, on the 30th September last, an aggregate excess of 445,000 dollars, for the three first quarters of 1821, which sum there is just reason to believe, will be considerably augmented at the end of the year.

Whilst the duties have progressively increased, the debentures chargeable upon them have considerably diminished; the amount of debentures issued from the first of January to the 30th of September last, being 952,000 less than was issued during the same period of the preceding year.

The same causes which, in 1819 and 1820, effected so great a reduction of the revenue arising from imports and tonnage, were felt in an equal degree in the sale of the public lands. Those who, from an anticipation of their resources previously to those years, were unable to purchase foreign merchandize, were equally incapable of purchasing public lands, or of discharging debts contracted with the government by purchases antecedently made.

In the annual report of the treasury at the commencement of the last session of congress, the receipts from the public lands for the year 1821 were estimated at 1,600,000 dollars, if no change should be made by law affecting the obligations which the purchasers were then under to be punctual in their payments. But, at the close of that session, an act was passed for the relief of the purchasers of public lands, which so far impaired that obligation as to induce the committee of ways and means to estimate the proceeds of

that source of revenue at only 800,000 dollars. It has been shown, however, that the receipts to the 30th of September last have exceeded 940,000 dollars; and those of the whole year are now estimated at 1,300,000 dollars.

This result in relation to the public lands, and the improvement which has taken place in the revenue arising from imports and tonnage, indicate a favorable change in the condition of the nation; from which a progressive increase of the public revenue may be confidently anticipated.

Independently, however, of any such increase, the facts disclosed by the fiscal operations of the year, some of which have been enumerated, warrant the conclusion,

That the receipts of the year 1822 may be estimated at \$16,110,000 00

Viz: Customs 14,000,000 00, public lands 1,600,000 00, bank dividends 350,000 00, arrears of direct tax and internal duties 75,000 00, moneys recovered out of advances made in the war department, before the 1st of July, 1815, 60,000 00, incidental receipts 25,000 00.

The expenditures of the year 1822 are estimated at \$14,947,661 80

Viz: Civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous 1,664,297 00, public debt 5,722,857 01, military service, including fortifications, ordnance, Indian department, revolutionary and military pensions, arming the militia, and arrearages prior to the 1st of January, 1817, 5,108,097 52, naval service, including the gradual increase of the navy 2,452,410 27.

The receipts of the year will therefore exceed the estimated expenditure, by \$1,162,338 20

Which, after discharging the difference between the balance in the treasury on the first of January, 1822, and the balance of appropriations chargeable upon it, will leave in the treasury, on the first of January, 1823, a balance estimated at \$671,375 50.

It is, however, proper to state, that in the estimate for the naval service, only \$200,000 of the annual appropriation of \$500,000 for the gradual increase of the navy is included; but that, of the amount estimated by the secretary of war, a sum larger than the balance of that appropriation is for arrearages for revolutionary pensions and the Indian department, which will not be embraced in the estimates for the year 1823.

The expenditure of the two succeeding years, it is believed, will not exceed that of the year 1822, unless a further expenditure shall, in the intermediate time, be authorized by law. But, in the expenditure of the year 1822, and also of 1823 and 1824, no part of the annual appropriation of \$10,000,000 constituting the sinking fund, is comprehended, except what is necessary to discharge the interest of the public debt, and the reimbursement of the six per cent. deferred stock. On the 1st of January, 1825, and the three succeeding years, the debt contracted during the years 1812, 1813, 1814, and 1815, becomes redeemable at the will of the government. Those sums greatly exceed the amount of the sinking fund applicable in those years to the redemption of the public debt. As the current value of the five per cent stock, created during the last and present years, exceeds that of the seven per cent. stock, and of the six per cent. stock of 1812 and 1813, it is presumed that the holders of those stocks will be disposed to exchange them for an equal amount of five per cent. stock, redeemable at such periods as to give full operation to the sinking fund, as at present constituted. According to this view of the subject, \$24,000,000 of the stocks which will be redeemable in the years 1825 and 1826, may be exchanged for 5 per cent. stock, redeemable one third on the 1st January, 1831, and one third on the same days of 1832 and 1833.—This exchange of six per cent. stock, if effected on the 1st of January, 1823, will produce an annual reduction of the interest of the public debt, from that time to the first mentioned period, of \$340,000, and an aggregate saving, through the whole period, of \$2,160,000. If the whole of the seven per cent. stock should be exchanged, the saving will be considerably increased.

If such an exchange of stock should be deemed inexpedient or impracticable, a saving of equal, if not greater extent, may be effected in the years 1825, 1826, 1827, and 1828, by borrowing, at the rate of five per cent. in the first and each successive year, a sum equal to the difference between the amount redeemable, and that portion of the sinking fund, applicable to its redemption; the five per cent. stock, so created, to be redeemable at such periods as to give full operation to the sinking fund, until the whole of the public debt shall be redeemed. If the five per cent. stock shall, during those years, be above par, a saving beyond that proposed