

WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

VOL. III.]

SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1822.

[NO. 108.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY TUESDAY,
BY BINGHAM & WHITE.

TERMS:

The subscription to the WESTERN CAROLINIAN is Three Dollars per annum, payable half-yearly in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the discretion of the Editors; and any subscriber failing to give notice of his wish to discontinue at the end of a year, will be considered as wishing to continue the paper, which will be sent accordingly.

Whoever will become responsible for the payment of nine papers, shall receive a tenth gratis.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted on the customary terms. Persons sending in Advertisements, must specify the number of times they wish them inserted, or they will be continued till ordered out, and charged accordingly.

No advertisement inserted until it has been paid for, or its payment assumed by some person in this town, or its vicinity.

All letters to the editors must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

The subscriber, wishing to remove to the western country, will offer for sale, at public vendue, on Tuesday, the 16th of July next, that valuable tract of land in Burke county, whereon he now lives, containing 1000 acres, situated 12 miles from Morganton, on the main road leading from the latter place across the Lynville and Yellow Mountains to Jonesborough in E. Tennessee. There is a good dwelling house with an enclosed yard and garden, a barn, stables, cribs, negro cabins, and other out-houses, all in good repair. This tract lying on Lynville river affords a large proportion of flat land, a sufficiency of which is cleared and under good fence; the soil being fertile, will easily afford the means of still further improvement; it is well adapted to the culture of wheat, rye, corn, barley, oats, &c. This farm also affords a good distillery, is well watered, and abounds with excellent timber. As a stock farm, besides the abundant products of food and forage, it has the advantage of lying convenient to an excellent summer range. In short, its local advantages are great. These, together with the uncommon salubrity of its situation, make it a most desirable seat for a country residence. The terms of sale will be made as easy as possible, by giving every reasonable indulgence to the purchaser.

The subscriber, as agent, will also offer for sale, at the same time, at a credit of twelve months, all the lands lying in the county of Burke belonging to the estate of Col. John M'Gimsey, deceased, viz: One tract of land, including several surveys, lying on the waters of Paddy's Creek, and containing 1000 acres, more or less; whereon there is a good Grist Mill, well supplied with custom. It consists of uplands of a pretty good quality, is well timbered, and will admit of several settlements. It will be sold together, or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers. Also, several other tracts, situated in different parts of the mountains, and valuable on account of the range. Bond, with approved security, will be required in all cases. The terms will be more fully made known on the day of sale, when due attendance will be given on the premises, by the subscriber.

WM. M'GIMSEY, Agent
for the Heirs of Col. J. M'Gimsey, dec'd.
Morganton, April 13, 1822.—12wt109

N. B. Any person wishing to purchase privately, can do so by applying any time before the day of sale.

CLOCK & WATCH REPAIRING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has again taken his shop in Salisbury, on Main street, opposite the State Bank, where he is prepared to execute all orders in the line of his business. Clocks, Watches, Jewels, &c. repaired on the shortest notice. He solicits the patronage of his friends, his old customers, and the public in general, and assures them that he will do their work, and sell them all articles in his line, on lower terms than at any other shop in this part of the state.

HUGH HORAH.
Salisbury, May 28, 1822. 103

Morganton Academy,

BURKE County, is now open for the reception of Scholars, under the patronage of a respectable Board of Trustees. The mode of instruction pursued is the result of much attention and experience, and eminently calculated to fit young gentlemen and ladies for the active duties of life, and to prepare students successfully to pursue their collegiate studies.

Lectures in an easy, familiar style, are given three or four times a week, on Language, History, Rhetoric, or Moral, Intellectual, Natural, or Political Philosophy.

Great attention is paid to reading, speaking, writing, and pronouncing the English language with correctness and elegance, and to the manners and morals of the pupils; and every thing done to promote their happiness and improvement. Tuition \$20 per annum, and board on the most reasonable terms. The village is pleasant and healthy.

French and Italian will be taught grammatically, if requested.

April 15, 1822.—3mt110

Yadkin Navigation COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the stock of all those stockholders, who may be in arrears for all or any part of the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, or tenth instalments, on the 13th day of August next, that the stock of such delinquents will, on that day, be sold at vendue in the town of Salisbury.

FREDERICK RANDLE, Sec'y.
June 20, 1822.—9wt114

Constables' Executions

For sale at this Office.

State of North-Carolina, ASHE COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Sessions, 1822.—Elizabeth Humphris, Administratrix, vs. John Humphris....Original Attachment....Ambrose Parks summoned as Garnishee.—Whereas it appears to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant is an inhabitant of another state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that the defendant appear at the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Ashe, at the Court-House in Jefferson, on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in October next, then and there to answer, plead, or demur, otherwise judgment will be taken pro confesso.

I, Thos. Calloway, certify, that the foregoing is a true copy of record, as appears from the minutes.

THOS. CALLOWAY, C. C. C.

NORTH-CAROLINA, RANDOLPH COUNTY.

In Equity....Spring Term, 1822.
ALEXANDER GRAY and Jesse Harper, Administrators, with the will annexed, of Solomon Parke, deceased, against John Morgan and others....It appearing to the court that Augustus B. Longstreet and Frances Elizabeth his wife, Jacob Flowers, and Polly his wife, reside without this state: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, for them to appear at the next term of this court, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise the bill will be taken pro confesso against them, and heard ex parte.

B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E.

6wt9—Price adv. \$2.

NORTH-CAROLINA, RANDOLPH COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1822....Marnaduke Swain, vs. Job Mills.—Atta. levied in the hands of B. Elliott and others....It appearing to the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state—It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, for the said defendant to appear at the court of Pleas and Quarters Sessions, to be held for the county of Randolph, on the first Monday of August next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him.

JESSE HARPER, C. C. C.

6wt9—Price adv. \$2.

NORTH-CAROLINA, RANDOLPH COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1822....Michael Swain, vs. Pomroy Higley.—Atta. levied in the hands of Joseph Hodgson and others....It appearing to the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state—It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, for the said defendant to appear at the court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Randolph, on the first Monday of August next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him.

JESSE HARPER, C. C. C.

6wt9—Price adv. \$2.

NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1822....Thomas Greer, vs. Samuel W. Lindsay.—Attachment....Levied on a tract of land, sundry articles of merchandise, household furniture and other property, and Mr. J. Robinson and others summoned as Garnishees. In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, or has absconded, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him: It is, therefore, ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that unless the said defendant appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the fourth Monday of August next, and replevy, judgment final by default will be taken against him, and the case heard ex parte.

ISAAC ALEXANDER, C. M. C.

3mt16 Price adv. \$4

NORTH-CAROLINA, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1822....James Wilson, vs. Samuel W. Lindsay.—Attachment....Levied in the hands of Alex. Porter, Richard Robinson, and others, and they summoned as Garnishees. In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, or has absconded, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him: It is therefore Ordered, by the court, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that unless the said defendant appear at the next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday of August next, and replevy, judgment final by default will be taken against him, and the case heard ex parte.

ISAAC ALEXANDER, C. M. C.

3mt16 Price adv. \$4

State of North-Carolina, MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

May Sessions, 1822.

THE Petition of Guy Maxwell, in right of his wife Elizabeth, John Gibney and Alexander Gibney against William Gibney and William Alexander, in right of his wife Nancy, praying partition of the real-estate of Nicholas Gibney, deceased.—It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants, William Gibney and William Alexander, reside beyond the limits of this state—It is therefore ordered by court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that unless the said William Gibney and William Alexander appear at our next court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in August next, to plead, answer, or demur to said petition, otherwise the petition will be heard ex parte, and judgment awarded accordingly.

ISAAC ALEXANDER, C. M. C.

6wt12.—Price adv. \$2.

State of North-Carolina, ROWAN COUNTY.

In Equity....April Term, 1822.
Jesse A. Pearson, Joseph Pearson and others, against William B. Thomas, Alexander H. Thomas, William Langhorne; also against Pleasant H. May and Benjamin Chairs, executors of the last will of William Thomas, deceased.

IT appearing to the court that William Langhorne resides in Virginia, and William B. Thomas, Alexander H. Thomas, and Pleasant H. May, reside in South-Carolina: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, that the said defendants, William Langhorne, William B. Thomas, Alexander H. Thomas and Pleasant H. May, do make their personal appearance at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Rowan aforesaid, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, and answer, plead, or demur to the complainants' bill of complaint, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso against them, and heard ex parte.

6108 Test. GEO. LOCKE, C. M. E.

State of North-Carolina, ROWAN COUNTY.

In Equity....April Term, 1822.
The Executors of the last Will of Richmond Pearson, deceased, vs. Benjamin Chairs and Pleasant H. May, Executors of the last Will of William Thomas, deceased.

IT appearing to the court that Pleasant H. May, one of the defendants, resides in South-Carolina—It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, for him to appear at the next term of the Court of Equity, to be held for Rowan county, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to answer, plead, or demur to the complainants' bill, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso against him, and heard ex parte.

6108 Test. GEO. LOCKE, C. M. E.

State of North-Carolina, ROWAN COUNTY.

SUPERIOR Court of Law, April Term, 1822....Ruth Harris vs. John Harris....It appearing to the court, by return of two subpoenas, that said John Harris is not to be found in the county, and the requisition of the act in other respects having been complied with, it is ordered by the court, that publication be made three months in the Western Carolinian and Raleigh Star, for the said John Harris to appear at the next Superior Court, to be held for the county of Rowan, to answer this petition, otherwise it will be heard ex parte. Leave is given to the petitioner to examine testimony without giving notice to the defendant; it appearing to the court that he has absconded and gone without the limits of the state, to parts unknown.

Witness Alex. Frohock, Clerk of the Rowan Superior Court, at office.

3mt114 ALEX. FROHOCK, C. S. C.

State of North-Carolina, BURKE COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, March Term, 1822....John Thompson, vs. David Evans....O. Att. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, David Evans, resides beyond the limits of this state; it was therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for three months, that unless he, the said David Evans, makes his appearance at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for said county, at Morganton, on the fourth Monday in July next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, judgment will be taken for the plaintiff's demand against him.

Attest, J. ERWIN, Clerk.

3mt109—Price adv. \$3 50.

State of North-Carolina, SURRY COUNTY.

SUPERIOR Court of Law, March term, 1822.
William Burch, vs. Nancy Burch....Petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant in this case resides without the limits of the state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for three months, that the defendant appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Surry, at the Court-House in Rockford, on the first Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to said petition, otherwise the petition will be heard ex parte, and judgment awarded accordingly.

Test, J. WILLIAMS, Jr. C. S. C.

3mt109—Price adv. \$3 50

State of North-Carolina, LINCOLN COUNTY.

COUNTY Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, A. D. 1822....Peter Forney vs. Christian Reinhardt....Original attachment, levied on six negroes and sundry articles of personal property.—It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Christian Reinhardt, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this state—It is therefore ordered by court, that he appear at the next county court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for Lincoln county, at the Court-House in Lincoln, on the third Monday in July next, replevy and plead to issue, or judgment by default final will be entered up against him. Ordered, by court, that publication hereof be made three months successively in the Western Carolinian.

3mt112r

Test. VARDRY M'REE, C. C.

NORTH-CAROLINA, RANDOLPH COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1822....Christopher Swain, vs. Job Mills.—Atta. levied in the hands of Moses Swain and others.—It appearing to the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state—It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, printed in Salisbury, for the said defendant to appear at the court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Randolph, on the first Monday in August next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him.

JESSE HARPER, C. C. C.

6wt9—Price adv. \$2

FROM THE AMERICAN FARMER. ON THE VARIOUS WAYS OF PREPARING AND EMPLOYING INDIAN CORN.

There are many things the rich have no need to think of, which would be of infinite advantage to the poor; if they had the knowledge necessary to turn that product of their labour they have most in their power, to their own comfort—you may perhaps smile when you perceive this preamble is to usher into notice the virtues of Indian corn. I will allow you to do so, if you can find in my enumeration one use to which I put that valuable grain, worthy of being more generally known. In order to swell the list, I mention some of the purposes for which it is used, that are known to every one; before I enter into the detail of preparing a dish, which I consider the best, healthiest, and most palatable food we have, I will begin with it before the seed is perfectly formed; it can then be made, if properly done, a fine pickle. We all know how delicious roasting ears are; when fit for this use it will make a superior starch; if scalded and dried you may have roasting ears in the middle of winter. When the grain is hardened, you have for all the domestic animals in the shocks, tops, &c. &c. The leaves of the shock or husk, by slitting them finely, make excellent mattresses or under beds. The flour or meal of the grain is the most wholesome we use; I need only mention a few of the ways in which it is managed in this state, for I should never have done were I only to give you the receipts for making the various kinds of corn bread common in this part of the country. A favorite way of making corn bread with us, is to make a batter with meal, milk, eggs, and a little shortning,* about the consistence of that for pound cake, which it resembles in appearance when baked in tins commonly used for that purpose. In making light bread by mixing the wheat flour and yeast with mush, we consider it adds much to the sweetness and wholesomeness of the bread; we likewise in all griddle cakes, mix meal with wheat flour as tending to make them lighter, with fewer eggs than they would take with wheat flour alone—in short, we use corn meal on all occasions either with or without wheat flour—not because we have not flour sufficient, but because we prefer meal. I can assure my fair countrywomen, they need not apply to quacks or perfumers, or (I forget what they call them) I mean those foreigners who vend poisons, under the pretence of rendering those that use them more beautiful; and recommend them, because a few wornout old women have made out, by attending to nothing else but the application of various arts to hide their deformity for a short time, who having no beauty to endanger, cannot fear the consequences. I say those who do believe in the virtues of cosmetics will find my favorite corn meal superior to all the washes, de Maintenon, &c. &c. it will render the skin smooth, transparent and white—and withal it is perfectly safe; only let them try it instead of going to one of those vendors aforesaid, and spending two or three dollars for a nostrum, which at best will only be a transitory benefit, leaving a lasting ill effect; let them put over the fire a pint of water, when it boils stir in as much fine meal as will make it the consistence of paste—when cooling they may add a spoonful of honey and a little rose water, though the latter articles are not necessary—let them use this paste, or as I vulgarly call it, mush, instead of soap every time they perform their morning and evening ablutions, or, in other words, wash themselves. I venture to affirm their complexions will derive more advantage from the application of this paste, than from any of those washes which they pay so high for.

I come now to the preparation of the grain, which I believe is not as generally known as it ought to be, considering its excellence. It is what we call lyed hommony; we likewise have the large hommony and small-hommony, both of which are common, are fine dishes and superior to rice when properly managed; but the lyed hommony

* A word in Domestic Cookery which implies that butter, lard, or oil, may be used.

is preferred by every one who is accustomed to it, as being more wholesome and more palatable. It is prepared by boiling the white field corn in ashes and water, until the husk or skin of the grain is loosened, which will be the case in a few minutes, and it is necessary to pay attention that it does not remain too long in the ashes, as it will by that means taste of the lye—so soon as the husk is loosened, it must be washed and rubbed through the hands in cold water until the grain is cleansed from the ashes and skin, it may then be dried to make use of at any time, or boiled immediately, if wanted.—When ready to be cooked for the table, it must be scalded and put over to boil in plenty of water, observing always to keep sufficient hot water ready to add to it as the first boils away. The grain bursts open into a white ball and becomes soft when sufficiently done. This is the manner we boil it to eat with milk or cream, either warm or cold. It is also used in this country by the Indians and Creole boatmen, who prefer it to any thing else in a soup, by putting the corn over with a piece of beef or pork, leaving the water in it which makes the soup—in the other case the grain is taken out of the water. A yankee acquaintance of mine who knew nothing of hommony, has become so fond of this dish as to declare lyed hommony and milk to be preferable to the best sweet meats and cream that can be had, and I doubt not some more there are who would think the same, were they equally to make the trial. I have been induced to write the preceding.

A Missouri Farmer's Wife.

FROM THE NEW-YORK AMERICAN.

We have received by the Amity, the 72d number of the Edinburgh Review, the general dullness of which in a great measure justifies the contemptuous notice of the declining state of that celebrated work so liberally bestowed on it by the writers of Blackwood's Magazine. The only articles of any general interest in the present number are an Essay on Prison Discipline, a Review of Lord Byron's Tragedies, a Character of Demosthenes, and an Essay on the Malaria or Pestilential Vapour of the Pontine Marshes. We have no leisure for a detailed notice of these articles, but from the essay on Demosthenes quote the following just and animated passage, which recalls the recollection of the early superiority of the Review. The writer, speaking of the Grecian classics as models of imitation in thought and composition, says—and let every Englishman read it, and deny that he blushes for his country—

"In them will be found no luscious and surfeiting sweetness—no misplaced and tawdry ornament—no mawkish and distempered sentiment—no sparkling and extravagant conceits.—Among them roses are not covered with vermilion to heighten their colour, or smothered with small nice titillating powder to add to their perfume. Theirs are the vigorous, general, enduring beauties of Nature.—You may add, if you please—you may alter if you dare—you may improve if you can—but there stands the building, of ample and well adjusted proportions, of subdued and retiring, but exquisite beauty, of severe but real grandeur, upon which twenty centuries have not been able to commit any ravages—nor shall it sink under the stroke of Time. To them, therefore, (Homer, Plato and Demosthenes are particularly alluded to,) shall every age and generation, whose judgment is not perverted by envy, bring and offer the wreath of victory, and shall guard the offering inviolate, and are likely to continue to do so, whilst water shall flow, and the lofty trees flourish."—Longinus.

"Amid such idolatrous panegyrics—when, moreover, we learn, from no mean authority, that one single city—the eye indeed of Greece, was 'inventress of all learning' (illa omnium doctrinarum inventricibus Athenae)—Cic. de Orat.) an inquiry naturally suggests itself—how fares it, at this moment, with the inheritors of this land—the fairest portion of the earth, from which have issued poets, historians,

* Isocrates, we learn, was fifteen years in completing his principal oration; yet so far was he from loading this his favorite daughter, patch by patch, with gorgeous apparel, so as to bring her out at last in a full birth-day suit of magnificent decoration, that one would rather think, from the perfect absence of all glitter, he had spent the time in washing her.