

## SALISBURY:

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1822.

We are requested to mention, that the Rev. THACKER MUIRE, of the Methodist persuasion, will preach at the Court-House in this place, on Tuesday evening, the 9th instant. Notice of the time will be given by ringing the bell.

Mr. Stanly, in his Speech upon the Convention question, asks,-" Will not a Convention be unrestrained? Will it not have absolute power? Who can control It is a pity he should need information on these points: every school-boy could tell him, that the heofile can control it; and moreover, that the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State a republican form of government, could restrain it. Besides, the doings of a Convention would be of no force, until they had received the sauction of the people. "Absolute power" means unlimited; the term, therefore, cannot be applied to a Convention, because it would be controlled by the people, and its powers limited by the Constitution of the Union. Mr. S. talks of a Convention, as though from its decisions there would be no appeal; as though it would play the tyrant like any Turkish despot, and take away life and property at its will: Now every body knows that this is all idle talk; a mere shift for lack of argument. The people would delegate to no body of men whatever, such power; in fact, they could not. Supreme power is inherent in them; and they could no more dispossess themselves of this attribute, than an individual could deprive himself of immortality.

In another part of his speech, Mr. S. again asks,-" Shall not the will of the master, the people, be preferred to the will of the servant, the legislature?" Here he grants all that we contend for. Here he acknowledges that the will of the people should be preferred. If the will of the people be in favor of a Convention, and the will of the legislature in opposition to it, that of the former, according to Mr. Stanly's own admission, should take precedence. Let the will of the people, then, be ascertained : but Mr. S. will oppose this. Here lies the inconsistency! He admits that the will of the people should be obeyed; and at the same time strenuously opposes the only means which can make him acquainted with that

Some weeks since, we sportively observed, that nearly one-third of the voters that ancient and venerable town in the next General Assembly. When pen-("good easy man,") what a storm we were brewing about our heads! Our remark's, intended all in good humor, greatly excited the inflammable gases of the editor of the Compiler, and he has ex-

ing the true number of voters-designating mulattoes, blacks, whites, male and female. We say female; for, be it known. that under our present constitution, the females of Halifax, possessing certain qualifications, are as much entitled to vote himself ; this is the opinion of excellent this, to the amount of nearly two columns. Hemen will have no contemptible opponent. judges in the East. (Vide constitution, Section 9.) At present we will take leave of the editor of the Compiler, by recommending to him the following advice : "At every trifle scorn to take offence;

That always shows great pride, or little sense."

EDUCATION.

The Governor of Massachusetts, in his mes ange to the Legislature of that state, has the following appropriate and just remarks on the sub-

"In nothing was the piety, the good New England more conspicuous, than in spots of the copper, running into spots of we can just now spare—we shall, however, in a their early care to provide for the instruc- yellow and black.

At present, we

disqualified to judge of the nature and extent of their rights and privileges, whether civil or religious; and in the same duce the citizens of our happy country to matured under the genial influence of literature and science ;-while her Town Schools, in which her sages and statesmen have commenced their career of glory, are calculated to awaken the youthful intellect, to inspire a sense of character, and prepare the great mass of the people for understanding and defending their rights."

We have, at different times, called the attention of our readers to this subject, and endeavored to impress on their minds proper conviction of its importance and we again request them to take it into serious and prompt consideration. It cannot be a matter of indifference to them, whether their children shall grow up in ignorance and vice, or, moulded by the plastic hand of education, become the ornaments and pillars of society; whether those who are to succeed them, be virtuous and enlightened freemen, or ignorant, grovelling slaves. No. They cannot but wish their children may be wise and good -and education will make them so. We hold it an axiom, that a well educated people will be a virtuous people; and that an ignorant people cannot, for any length of time, be a free people. It is the duty of every one, then, to contribute towards the support of public instruction,-because every one is interested in the welfare of society. It is the duty of parents to educate their children; but if misfortune or poverty renders them unable, the duty is then transferred to the state. If this be true, how stands it with North-Carolina? Has she complied, not only with this duty, but with an express provision of the constitution? As far as we can learn, she has done neither. More anon.

Princess," which was published in the Carolinian sometime since. It was written by a gentleman from whom we have leceived several valuable communications; and although we supposed the story might of Halifax were candidates to represent be rather highly wrought, yet we had no doubt the material facts were correct. But if the statement in the Augusta Chronicle, ning that paragraph, little did we dream, (which follows,) is to be relied on, Emily is purely a creature of the author's fancy; and the story, though well fold, loses half its interest, by destroying its credibility. It is possible, however, the Chronicle may have been misinformed; and that Emily,

> A correct and authentic History of EMILY, the Indian Princess.

for a borough member as Mr. Wright been gratified by the article preceding -Fiction is often more amusing than reality, and on that account we dislike to do away with any part of the delusion arising from the story of "ENTLY, THE IN-DIAN PRINCESS;" but in order to oblige some of our friends, we offer the public another account of the would-be South-Western Pocahontas.

The name of our Heroine, is MILLY ; she was the daughter of Francis, the Seminole Prophet, communly called by the Indians Hillis-hajo, or the Crazy Doctor. Nature made her form as uninviting as that of any other Squaw; and as her father was three quarters white, her comsense and the patriotism of the fathers of plexion was of a muddy colour, having To do this fully would require more time than

tion of children and youth. The least | At the point of time, when the roman- | will content cornelies by giving the following reflection is sufficient to satisfy every tic part of her history commenced, our thinking mind, that the rights of self-gov- heroine had been made a widow; but paper ernment are not to be preserved unless whether her first husband died from they are known and duly estimated -and wounds received in battle, or from having that destitute of mental culture men are cat too much Sofkey, we have not as yet incapable of sustaining a high and honor- been able to learn. To the main point able independence. In proportion as ig however :- She was still in her weeds, norance prevails among a people, they are when a full private who had deserted from the draughted portion of the Georgia of the present administration, at the prostration Militia, tilted maware upon the Indian of those establishments which have been rear-Militia, tilted unaware upon the Indian camp. As his prisoner, the Prophet was proportion are liable to become the dupes disposed to have him put to death; but as of cunning, or the dependents of power. liquor had been scarce for some time with the tone of its principles, and by the palpable What motives, then, are wanting to insold to the Spaniards for Rum. This was cherish our literary institutions? to the ef- an agreeable proposition, and he was acficacy of our colleges. Massachusetts is cordingly sent to St. Marks, and was acindebted, under the benediction of heaven, for her distinguished rank as a community. Her liberty, her constitution, her laws, her cut off a lock of his hair, as such an article which gave the country political being, with popular odium, and drive him from the presifrom the wisdom of her sons, elicited and our troops reached St. Marks, he was as bald as an Eagle. At the close of the Seminole campaigs, our Hero returned to receive the last impress of his venerable head." Georgia, but was shortly after taken into service as a waiter, by a field officer of the United States' army; and it was when they returned to Fort Gadsden, that the courtship took place.

MILLY came in with a party of half starved Indians, some weeks before; and by that time, had become quite a favorite with the soldiers, and instead of feeling horror-stricken at the sight of white men, she afforded every evidence that she liked them as well as she did whiskey, at least Accordingly when our Hero's master told her that the people of Milledgeville, feeling a deep interest concerning her, had subscribed \$600 to promote the marriage, she pouted at a great rate; and was easily prevailed upon by her suitor's comrades, to refuse the money and himself to boot She remained some time in the American Camp; and in a month or two after the courtship, she married an Indian, who had never been able to distinguish himself sufficiently to get a name that he could be known by :- for we understand it to be the case, that the common Indians have no names. Our informants left the Indian country, shortly after; and know nothing

The Washington Republican, and Congressional

further, concerning her.

We observe that Thomas L. M'Kenney, Eag. of Georgetown, D. C. has issued proposals for publishing at the seat of government a new paner under the above title. The first number is to appear on the 7th August, and will be continged as an evening paper, twice a week, at \$5

The editor declares his principles and sentiments in the following energetic language:

"It is the determination of the proprieter of "The Washington Republican" to defend that Constitution, which has already given so many incontrovertible proofs of its peculiar consonance EMILY, THE INDIAN PRINCESS.

Most of our readers with doubtless recollect the story of "Emily, the Indian duties entrusted to it with fidelity and economy. An enemy to waste and extratagance on the one hand, the proprietor avows an equal hostility against parsimony and injustice on the other. Disposed, determined, to watch over the disbursements of the public moury, his vigilance will ever be sensibly alive to the fiscal operations of the government, as it will to the lawless and anarchical march of those desperate principles which in the midness of retrenchment. ples which, in the madness of retrenchment, would destroy the executive and the constitution together. His economy implies a correct and judicious distribution of labor and recom pense—a watchful supervisorship of the legisla-tive appropriations—skill and decision in ma-king and enforcing the fulfilment of contracts, and a careful superintendence of those officers to whom the charge of the public accounts is committed. The economy of the *Rodicals* embraces a desolating, all-sweeping retrenchment, the rejection of all the claims of present labor ploded—upon us, like

"Gun, trumpet, blunderbuss, and thunder."

We hope he has sustained no injury from the discharge! So far, we are sefe.

If, however, we have either insulted fact, that an English traveller has given the control of all the claims of present labor for reward, and the striking off all securities for labor to come. Grashing at a surdid and momentary popularity, it looks neither to the means nor the consequences of its operations, but violently attempts to throw open the fluodition of all fact, that an English traveller has given our brother type, or unjustly scandalized on account of the same event, which differs not materially from that of our correct the mistake as soon as the Compiler furnishes us with documents, showopinion—the natural and only legitimate source of all power—he is confident that his unctives will be correctly appreciated, and his exertions generously rewarded. By that opinion he is content to stand or fall."

read regularly through. If such is the judging of his powers from the manner in which case with any of our friends they will have the lately handled a speech of Mr. Benton, Serator from Missouri, we think these Radical gen-

> In another part of his prospectus he promises to examine, in a series of political perivaite, the characters, pretensions, and qualifications of all the most prominent members of Congress. If this part of his plan is executed with truth, judgment, and intrepidity, it cannot fail proving very useful in its effects, and highly interesting to the public. We fear, however, that the Radicals will come off rather shabbily in his stric-

further extract from the prospectus of the new

"Party dissentions had subsided, and were rapidly floating down the tide of oblivion, when a now opposition, assuming to itself a name for eign to our institutions, suddenly appeared, and attempts to scatter the seeds of fresh discords. Under specious and popular pretexts, this new and audacious enemy aims, with the overthrow ed by wisdom and sanctioned by experience. The character of this spirit, though it professes to be that of reformation, may be estimated by charges, and highly-wrought misrepresentations, it levels oblogry against the President, and those members of the Executive who have evinced ntial chair suspected and dishonored. would even pursue him into his retirements and

The tucks in the gown of a young lady, (for all are young who wear them) are sweet little ladders of love, for him to climb up and be happy. The more numerous they are the loftier the aim, and the more ambitious the pursuit. As the taunt and neat shrouds of a vessel indicate her readiness for sea, while a dismantled hull marks the period of uselessness and of repose, so the tucks on a gown indicate the youth, gaiety and elasticity of the wearer-while she who has no tucks in her gown, and has of course worn them all out, may as well be laid up in ordinary. Charleston Courier.

HENR CLAY is announced in the Kentucky Reporter, to be a candidate for election to the next Congress, in the 3d Congressional District of Kentucky.

During the late session of the Legislature of Kentucky, a law was passed extending the prison-bounds to the limits of the state. I his is certainly the next thing to abolishing entirely the system which authorizes corporal restraint for indebtedness. Nat. Intel.

A GOOD REGULATION.

The County Court of New-Hanover, at its present term, has passed an order, declaring that it will not grant Licences, after May term, to any person whatever, to retail spirituous liquors, within the town of Wilmington, unless the applicant shall have first obtained, from the Commissioners of said town, a recomm that he is a fit person to whom the same should be granted—and not then, unless satisfactory ev-idence is given to the Court, of "good conduct and moral character." From this salutary regulation, we have no doubt that much advantage will result to the citizens of the pla Wilmington Recorder.



In this county, on the 9th ultimo, Mr. William Causey, to Miss Sally Tysinger.

In Cabarrus county, on the 23d ult. by John S. M'Curdy, Esq. Mr. Benjamin Johnston, to Miss Cibia Mitchell, daughter of Capt, Mathias Mitch. ell, both of that county.

Sale of Lots.

WHEREAS, at the last term of the Court of Equity, held for the county of Rowan, on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March last, it was ordered and agreed, upon a petition filed in said court, among other things, that a town should be laid off upon the land of Letitia Wilson, a minor, lying at Mock's Old Field and in its vicinity, in the Forks of the Yadkin River We, the undersigned, commis by said court to carry into effect the objects specified in said decree, having laid off a num-ber of lots in said town, shall, by virtue of the powers vested in us by said decree, expose to sale, at Public Auction, the whole or part of said lots, at Mock's Old Field, on the first Monday and Tuesday in August next. As this place has long been the seat of much private business, as well as of a large separate election, regimen tal militia parade, &c. the commissioners deem it unnecessary to dwell upon the advantages which would result to individuals engaged in mercantile or mechanical pursuits, by locating themselves in the heart of the most fertile and gin with the first page of a paper, and Radicals are no favorites with the Editor; and, ty of Rowan. The terms of sale will be liberal; a credit of one or two years will be given, the purchasers giving hond and security. SAMUEL JONES,

HUGH L. BRALY, ALEX. NESBIT, JOHN CLEMENT, JOHN P. CARTER, June 18, 1822.—6wt'13

State of North-Carelina,

SURRY COUNTY. N Equity .- Original Bill .... Thos. Cox, complainant, vs. Thos. Davis, Jesse Briggs, and Abraham Estes, defendants. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, at March term, that Abraham Estes is not an inhabitant of this state—It is Orders by the court, that publication be But as this new party, the Radicals, is but little known in our sequestered part of the country, it might not be amiss to introduce them to the more intricate acquaintance of our readers. and plead, answer, or demur, the said bill will be taken pro confesso, as to him, and heard ex parte.

JAS. PARKS, C. M. E.

Tax List.

FIFE Magistrate appointed to take the Tax List in the Town Company, will attend a the Court-House for that purpose, on Friday? the 4th July. Those concerned will please attend to this motice, June 28, 1822 \_\_ 1w

Ebenezer Academy.

WIE Trustees of the Academy, having had the experience of the Rev. ELEASER HARRIS as teacher for one year, have made a more permanent engagement with him. We would menion that he not only has our confidence, but that of the president of the college where he graduated, the Rev. Dr. Charles Coffin, as he was invited by him to be a teacher there.

This Academy is on the way from Yorkville to Landsford, therteen miles from Yorkville, in a high, healthy, handsome situation. It is in a thick settled neighborhood, in sight of Ebene-zer Church, where the Rev. Mr. Waiker preaches. We have a post-office opened at the Academy, by which means distant students can hear

very easily from their parents.

Mr. H. will teach nothing but the Latin and Greek Languages, and the sciences. For the use of students, there are a set of globes, an atlas, the Eninburgh Encyclopedia, with elegant plates, and the Gentleman's Magazine. We expect soon to have also an Electrical Machine.

As these advantages are considerable, we respectfully solveit a share of public patronage. The exercises of the Academy are going on: and it is calculated there will be no vacati the year, except four weeks, about New-Year. Good boarding, for a considerable number, within half a mile from the Academy, will be

obtained at \$70 per annum. Tuition in the Languages, \$24. Tuition in the Sciences, \$30. Payable annually JOHN GALLANT, JOHN H. BERRY,

RAND, WEATHERS. Tensteen. JOSEPH M'CORCLE, JOHN ANDERSON, York District, S. C. May 1 .- 3 at'10

Catawba Navigation

COMPANY. TOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Company, that all shares baying any instalment due, and unpaid thereon, will be said at Public Auction, at the Court-House in Lincoluton, on Thursday, the first day of August next. The President and Directors will feel themselves bound to enforce the provisions of the charter against all delinquents. Pursuant to an order of the Board, the shares sold on the 27 of May last, and purchased in behalf of the company, may be redeemed by the original holders, at any time before the first of August, by their paying to the Treasurer of the company all arrearages, and incidental expenses. All persons having unliquidated accounts against the company, are requested to present them, at that time, for settlement.

By order of the President and Directors ISAAC T. AVERY, Prevat. Lincolnton, May 27, 1822 .- 4w:'11

Entertainment

IN SALISBURY, NORTH-CAROLINA, BY WILLIAM H. SLAUGHTER,

T his large and commodious Buildings, two A doors east of the State Bank. He has lately employed an experienced and attentive Bar-Keeper, who, with the aid of clean, well furnish-ed Chambers, a well stored Cellar, Ice-House, Granary, good Ostlers, &c. is able, he flatters him-self, to support his claims, in an increased degree, to the very liberal patromage his House has for so many years received.

Travellers and Private Boarders will continue to meet with those comforts and attentions with which they have, hitherto, been pleased to ex-

press themselves so well pleased.

The Northern, Southern, and Eastern Stages, put up at this House. May 1, 1822. \*.\* The Editors of the Georgia Journal, the National Intelligencer, and the Raleigh Register. are requested to insert the above advertisement

in their respective papers three times, and sead their accounts to this office for payment. 4

GROCERIES, &c.

THE subscriber has just received a choice supply of GROCERIES, which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, for cush. Among them are: Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rum, Rice, Figs, Raisins, Salt; and also, the usual supply of Confectionaries. Likewise, pint and half pint Fumblers.

THOMAS HOLMES. June 16, 1822.-106

A Good Hatter Wanted.

Liberal wages will be given to one or two
young men, of good habits, who understand
their business. Those seeking employment may
get a good job, by applying to the subscriber in
Morganton, N. C.

163tf JOHN M'GUIRE. JOHN M'GUIRE.

Salisbury Bible Society, Auxiliary to the American Bible Society

THE Officers, Directors and members of the of the Constitution, are requested to call on Thomas L. Cowan, Esq. They are also requested to use all their influence to obtain members and funds for this benevolent and imperiant object, so as to be able to make returns of their receedings at the first annual meeting of the selecty, to be held in Salisbury, on the first Aienday in August next. A sermon will be preached on the occasion, at the Court-House, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and a contribution taken up for the benefit of the Society.

JONA. O. PHEEMAN, Pres'dt.

Salisbury, June 18, 1822.

State of North-Carolina.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

May Semiann, 1822. ATILIAM FLINN to, Thomas Mo. Original attachment levied on 509 acres of land.—Whereas it appears to the satisfaction of the court, that the detendant in this case leves beyond the limits of this state—It is therefore Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian, that the defendant appear at the court of Pless and Quarter Ses sions, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, on the 4th Monday in August next, to answer, plead or demut, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be sittered against him.

Test. ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

6wt'12 .- Price adv. \$2.

Writs Venditioni Exponas, For sale at this Office.