

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY WEEK,  
By PHILIP WHITE.

The terms of the Western Carolinian will hereafter be as follows: Three Dollars a year, payable in advance. Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one. All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

### Lands for Sale,

Under a decree of the Court of Equity of Rowan County.

BY virtue of sundry decrees of the Court of Equity for Rowan county, made at October term, 1823, I will expose to public sale, at the Court-House in Salisbury, on Wednesday the 10th of December next, the following valuable tracts of Land, viz: One tract near Alexander Long's mill, not far from the mouth of Grant's creek, containing 98 acres; one other tract adjoining the lands of William Smith and Alexander Long, containing 91 acres; one other tract on the Yadkin river, below the mouth of Crane creek, containing 115 acres; three other tracts adjoining the last mentioned tract, containing together 59 1/2 acres; also, four lots lying in the great north square of the town of Salisbury, known and described in the plan of said town by Nos. 19, 20, 60 and 65: The above property belongs to the heirs at law of the late Alexander Frohock.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract of Land lying on the waters of Hunting creek, in the Forks of the Yadkin, adjoining the lands of Samuel Little, Baker Johnston and others, containing by estimation 22 1/2 acres, belonging to the heirs at law of George Brandon, dec'd.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract of Land lying on the Yadkin river, adjoining the lands of Nathaniel Peebles, Willey Ellis, James Orrel, and others, containing 230 acres, more or less; and belonging to the heirs at law of Joshua Cayton, dec'd.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract of Land lying on the waters of Dutch Second creek, bounded by the lands of Michael Hoffman, John Trealer, and others, and containing 221 acres, be the same more or less, belonging to the heirs at law of John Pasinger, dec'd.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract of Land lying on a branch of Second creek, commonly called the Walnut branch, adjoining the lands of George and Henry Robison, containing 200 acres, and belonging to the heirs at law of Margaret Robison, dec'd.

A credit of twelve and eighteen months will be given for the purchase money, on each of the above tracts of Land.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold another tract, lying on the Waters of Wethers' creek, joining the Iredell line, and adjoining the lands of Neil McKay, James Houston, David Foster, and others, containing forty-six or forty-eight acres, belonging to the heirs at law of Alexander Cook, dec'd. This tract will be sold on a credit of twelve months, with interest from the time of sale.

The purchasers will be required to give bonds with approved securities, in every instance, for the purchase money.

GEO. LOCKE, C. M. E.  
October 25, 1823. 784

### Valuable Lands for Sale,

Under a decree of the Court of Equity, for the county of Stokes.

IN obedience to a decree of the Court of Equity for the county of Stokes, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court-House in Germantown, on the eighth day of December next, being the Monday of the County Court, First, the following tracts of Land, late the property of John Zimmerman, sen. dec'd. for the benefit of his devisees:

The first containing three hundred and ten acres, more or less, under improvement, lying in Stokes county, on the main road leading from Salem by Hag's to Salisbury, about six miles from the first place, on the south fork of Muddy creek, adjoining Henry Shore and others.

The second containing one hundred and eight acres, more or less, under improvement, lying in the county of Davidson, on the above road, on Reedy creek, adjoining Doctor Mataw and others, at present in the tenancy of Christian Zimmerman.

The third containing forty acres, more or less, lying in the county of Davidson, adjoining Jacob Mock, Jacob Crater and others.

Also, the following Lands, late the property of John Hauser, dec'd. for the benefit of his widow and heirs at law.

First, three adjoining tracts, under improvement, containing seventy-six acres, more or less, lying in the county of Stokes, on the road leading from Salem by Rippel's to Salisbury, four miles from the first place, adjoining Philip Rothrock and others.

Secondly, a tract containing fifty-five acres, more or less, near the above, on the waters of Muddy creek, adjoining Philip and Geo. Rothrock and others.

All the above lands will be sold on a credit of one year and six months, the six months to carry interest, the purchasers giving bonds with approved security. Should no sale be effected the first day, of the whole or part, the sale will be postponed from day to day, agreeably to law. Attendance will be given by the Clerk and Master of said Court.

JOHN C. BLUM, C. M. E.  
Stokes county, Oct. 23, 1823. 6182

### Negroes for Sale.

ON Tuesday, the 18th of November next, at the court-house in Salisbury, sundry valuable and likely Negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, belonging to the estate of Gen. Jesse A. Pearson, dec'd. will be sold on a credit of one and two years, purchasers to secure the payment by giving bonds, with two or more approved securities, payable with the current notes of the banks in the state of North-Carolina. The sale will continue on Wednesday, the 19th, unless all the negroes are sold on the first day. Additional terms will be made known on the day of sale.

Sufficient bills of sale will be executed to purchasers. A. NESBITT, Adm'r.  
October 13, 1823. 5480

### State of North-Carolina,

LINCOLN COUNTY.

SUPERIOR Court of Law, October Term, 1823. Mary Hooper vs. Joshua Hooper; petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Joshua Hooper, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by said court, that publication be made three months in the Raleigh Star and Western Carolinian, giving notice to the defendant, that he appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Lincoln, at the court-house in Lincoln, on the fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to answer, plead, or demur to the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and adjudged accordingly. Witness, Lawson Henderson, clerk of said court, at office, the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in September, A. D. 1823, and in the forty-eighth year of the Independence of the U. States.

LAW'N. HENDERSON.  
Price adv. \$4 3m91

### State of North-Carolina,

LINCOLN COUNTY.

SUPERIOR Court of Law, October Term, 1823. Eliza Bevings, vs. Simeon Bevings; petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Simeon Bevings, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made three months in the Raleigh Star and Western Carolinian, giving notice to the defendant, that he appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for Lincoln county, at the court-house in Lincoln, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, then and there to answer, plead, or demur to said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and adjudged accordingly. Witness, Lawson Henderson, clerk of said court, at office, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, A. D. 1823, and in the 48th year of the Independence of the United States.

LAW'N. HENDERSON.  
3m91r

### State of North-Carolina,

WILKES COUNTY.

COURT of Equity, Sept. Term, 1823: Bill for alimony: Nancy Cox, by her next friend Thos. Triplett, against Braxton Cox, and Jos. Wellborn, administrator. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Braxton Cox, is a non-resident of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for three months successively, that unless the said defendant appear at our next Court to be held for the county of Wilkes, at the Court-House in Wilkesboro, on the second Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur, or said bill will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

J. GWYN, jr. C. M. E.  
3m89

### State of North-Carolina,

ROWAN COUNTY.

IN Equity, October term, 1823: James Baird, Mary Sweet, Washington Baird by his guardian James Baird, William Crook and Rebecca his wife, John Agnew and Catharine his wife, James Thompson and Margaret his wife, John Steel, William Fullerton and Catharine his wife, James Steel and Jane Steel, against Jane Triplett, Thomas Steel an infant under the age of twenty-one years, Thomas and John Baird infants under the age of twenty-one years, William Baird, Peggy Baird, Jane Baird, and Thomas Adams and wife: Petition for sale of real estate. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants in this case are citizens of another state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months successively in the Western Carolinian, for said defendants to appear at our next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Rowan, at the court-house in Salisbury, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur to said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

GEO. LOCKE, C. M. E.  
Oct. 28, 1823. (Price adv. \$4 75.) 3m89

### State of North-Carolina,

STOKES COUNTY.

COURT of Equity, April term, 1823: Johnston Clements, vs. Achilles Deathrage; Original bill to perpetuate testimony. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, Achilles Deathrage, does not reside within the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, printed at Salisbury, that unless said defendant appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Stokes at the court-house in Germantown, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur, the bill will be taken pro confesso, and the cause be set down for hearing ex parte.

JOHN C. BLUM, C. M. E.  
Oct. 23, 1823. (Price adv. \$2.) 6182

### State of North-Carolina,

RANDOLPH COUNTY.

COURT of Equity, Fall Term, 1823: Isaac Pennington, vs. Charles Johnson, and others: Bill in Equity. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that James Harris, and Hardy Hall, and Mary his wife, (heirs at law of John Harris, dec'd.) are not inhabitants of this State, it was ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that unless the said James Harris, and Hardy Hall, and Mary his wife, come forward within the three first days of our next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Randolph, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of March next, and show cause why they should not be made parties defendant, and answer the complainant's bill, that the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

A copy; B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E.  
Price adv. \$2 6182

### The Militia Laws.

THOSE Militia Officers who have expressed a wish to be possessed of the militia laws, can now be supplied with the latest revision of them, by applying at the printing-office.

### NEW ASSORTMENT.

THE subscriber has very recently received from Philadelphia, an assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery and Domestic; which, with the assortment he expects to receive in a short time, will enable him to sell at satisfactory prices. The public are respectfully invited to call, and examine for themselves.

EDWARD CRESS,  
Salisbury, Aug. 16, 1823. 67

### Coppersmithing.

The Coppersmithing, and Tin Plate business heretofore transacted by D. Cress, sen. will in future be conducted by me, at the same place. Those who favor me with their custom, may depend on having their work done with neatness, durability and dispatch.

EDWD. CRESS.

### Selling unusually Low.

THE subscriber is now receiving a large assortment of DRY GOODS, HARD-WARE, CUTLERY, DOMESTICS, &c. from New-York and Philadelphia, selected by himself with care, and bought on the best terms. Being anxious to secure a continuance of his present respectable custom, he has come to a determination to offer his extensive stock of Goods in Salisbury, at prices which, in his opinion, will be found as low as the price of those who advertise "selling off at cost." His customers and the public generally, are invited to call, examine, and judge for themselves.

JOHN MURPHY.  
Rowan County, N. C. Aug. 1823. '66

### Tailoring at Lincolnton.

THE subscriber returns his thanks to the citizens of Lincolnton and its vicinity, for the very liberal patronage with which they have hitherto favored him; and begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he will still continue to carry on the above business in all its various branches, at his old stand. He assures all who will favor him with their custom, that their work shall be performed in a fashionable and durable manner.

As he is determined not to have any inferior workmen under him, he feels confident that his particular attention to the performance of his promises, and the superior style in which his work will be executed, must merit to him the confidence and favor of all his friends. He has hitherto been accustomed to obtain the latest fashions from Charleston, and will still endeavor to do so, twice a year, by the merchants who visit that City. The subscriber can assure all who may wish to favor him with their patronage, that he has become master of the art of cutting garments agreeably to the best plan known in the United States; and, so selling well is the most essential part in making a garment, he can also assure them, as he keeps none but good workmen, that part shall be satisfactorily performed. All who are unacquainted with the subscriber, as to his punctuality, morality or workmanship, are referred to any of the following merchants of Lincolnton, who have favored him with liberal patronage, viz: Col. John Hoke, Col. Daniel Hoke, David Hamilton, Jacob Tamson, Robert H. Burton, Jacob Forney, and Jacob Riehardi, Esqs.

DANIEL SEIGLE.  
Lincolnton, Oct. 27, 1823. 761  
P. S. My prices shall be favorable, as the times are growing somewhat duller and more oppressive.

### House for Sale.

I WILL sell my House and Lot in Salisbury, on accommodating terms. Apply to T. L. Cowan, Esq. or to myself, in Raleigh. There is a good office, belonging to the lot, convenient for a Lawyer or Physician.

JOHN BECKWITH.  
Salisbury, March 8, 1823. -441

### Caution.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public, that the several notes of hand given by Bruce and John Little to Mrs. Hart, for the house, mill and lands, at Beatie's Ford, will not be paid, if traded away.

WILLIAM LITTLE.  
Nov. 3, 1823. 3180

### Yadkin Navigation Company.

A MEETING of the President and Directors of this company, will be held at the house of William H. Slaughter, in the Town of Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 18th of November next. Also, a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same place on Thursday, the 20th of November next, being the Tuesday and Thursday of Rowan county court.

A. D. MURPHY, President.  
October 22, 1823. 480

### State of North-Carolina,

BERKE COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Session, 1823.....Charles M'Dowell, William Dickson in right of his wife Margaret, Athon A. M'Dowell, William Paxton in right of his wife Sarah, and James R. M'Dowell, heirs at law of Charles M'Dowell, deceased, vs. John M'Dowell, William Whitson, Samuel Whitson, George Whitson, James Whitson, Thomas Whitson, Joseph Whitson, Ann Whitson, Polly Whitson now Polly Hardin, Rebecca wife of Thomas L. M'Entire, Thomas L. M'Entire, William Smith and Sally his wife, devisees of John M. Dowell, dec'd; and John M'Dowell and James M'Dowell, heirs at law of Joseph M'Dowell, dec'd; petition for partition. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that William Whitson, Samuel Whitson, George Whitson, James Whitson, Thomas Whitson, Ann Whitson, Polly Whitson, (now Polly Hardin,) and Martin Hardin, and Thomas L. M'Entire, reside without the limits of this State—ordered, therefore, by the court, that publication be made for six weeks, at the Court-House in Morganton, and in the Western Carolinian, that unless they appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for said county at the Court-House in Morganton, on the fourth Monday in January next, and plead, answer, or demur, otherwise the petitioner's petition will be taken, pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

Attess. J. ERWIN, Clerk.  
Price adv. \$3 00 6w181

### INTELLIGENCE.

"Things of war, and of adventures new."

FROM EUROPE.

The editor of the Philadelphia National Gazette has received a file of the Cadiz newspapers—*Gaceta de España*—to the 6th of September inclusive. The number for the 6th (he states) contains an official article, dated the day before, which calls, in the name of the king, a meeting of the Extraordinary Cortes, to be held on the 6th, for the purpose of deliberating upon an exposition of the State of the Nation, which the executive branch of the government had to offer.

Accordingly, the Cortes were opened on the 6th, and the President of the permanent committee delivered a short address, in which he stated to them the object of the convocation, and mentioned that causes and events which it would be superfluous to specify, had brought things to a dreadful crisis, but that the fault was not theirs, and their consciences would remain undisturbed. The oath prescribed by the Constitution was then taken by the members then present, of whom we have counted, on the list of names, upwards of one hundred, comprising Arguelles, Galiano, Valdez, and the most resolute patriots. A committee was appointed to wait on the king with the notification that the Cortes were installed.

In the evening, all the ministers of State being present, the following message from the King, was read to the assembly by the speaker:

"Gentlemen Deputies: On that important day on which the ordinary Cortes of the present year closed their session, I announced to you that if circumstances should require it, I would seek in the Extraordinary Cortes, a means of safety for the vessel of state. An exposition which my ministers are, by my order, to submit to you, will show that the vessel of state is on the point of being wrecked, if the Congress do not exert themselves to save it. What is to be laid before you will also palpably evince how ineffectual have been all efforts made to obtain an honorable peace; because the enemy, bent upon pursuing his purpose of interfering against all right, in the affairs of this kingdom, persists in not treating but with me alone and free (*canvigo, sovory libre*) and will not consent to regard me as free unless I go to place myself amidst his bayonets. Inconceivable and ominous freedom; whose sole basis is the disgrace of delivering yourself at discretion into the hands of your enemy!

"Make provision, Gentlemen Deputies, for the exigencies of the country, from which I should not and will never separate my lot; and being convinced that the enemy holds as naught reason and justice, unless they be supported by force, examine quickly the evil and the remedy."

After the reading of the energetic discourse, the speaker suggested that the exposition spoken of, must be considered in secret sitting; and the doors were soon after shut. At the re opening of them, the speaker stated that it had been resolved to make the exposition public, which communicated to the Cortes the lamentable condition of the national affairs; the steps taken by the executive government since the invasion of the French; the means which had been repeatedly used to procure an honorable peace; the futility of all the attempts, owing to the obstinacy of the enemy in his purpose; the particular situation of the Isle of Cadiz; the dearth of resources, and the necessity of a vigorous application by the Cortes of all attainable means for the ends of the cause maintained in the present struggle.

We observe by the proclamation of the military Governor, Don Manuel de Llave, that every male between the ages of 18 and 45, was to present himself within three days after the 5th Sept. to the constitutional municipality, to be armed and embodied for the public service—that requisitions were issued for forty thousand sand-bags, and for provisions and munitions of every description; and in short, that every preparation was on foot for holding out to the last extremity.

We infer from what we have read in the Cadiz papers, that there was but little probability of a compromise. It is known that Cadiz had not surrendered on the 19th Sept.

FROM SPAIN.

The Boston Commercial Gazette announces the arrival, at Portland, on Thursday last, of the Bag Mole, Capt. Hall, in 34 days from St. Lucar, (near Cadiz,) with accounts to the 19th of September, furnishing gratifying intelligence of the success of the Spaniards in defending Cadiz and the cause of their country.

It is stated that, on the 26th of August, the French attacked the Cano Frocardo, a small island used as a Navy Yard, and WERE REPULSED, with the loss of one

thousand men, in killed and wounded. It was intended to be given up by the governor; but the garrison not only defended the place, but hung up the governor without ceremony, as an example to traitors!

It was reported at St. Lucar that the French had made an attack on or near St. Peter, the result of which was, that they had three gun-boats sunk, one frigate materially injured, and a number of lives lost. The St. Lucar accounts confirm the fall of Frocardo; but say it was sold to the French for 70,000 dollars. This, of course, is denied by the French, who affirm that it was carried by the valor of their troops.

It was reported at St. Lucar, Sept. 16, that Gen. Alvar had retired to the castle of St. Sebastian's, for fear of being shot by Riego. It appears that Alvar was one of the Commissioners sent from Cadiz to treat with the Duke, in the absence of Riego. He being on the borders of Malaga, and hearing the circumstance, proceeded in haste for Cadiz, eluded the French, and arrived in safety; and, by haranguing the populace on the subject of their liberty, telling them it was disgraceful even to offer any terms, the negotiation was broken off.—*Nat. Intel.*

LATEST FROM SPAIN.

Capt. ELLIS, from Malaga, arrived at Boston, informs, that the French troops left that place in the night, about 4 days previous to his sailing, (the 21st Sept.) It was not known where they had gone.— Nothing was known at Malaga respecting Cadiz, as all communication between those places had been cut off. Capt. E. states, that he was in the vicinity of Cadiz for several days in light foggy weather, and heard a continual firing of cannon. Just before the *Prudent* left Malaga, the American Consul gave to Capt. Ellis a paper, of which the following is a copy:

"News has just reached us, that Riego, after giving the French a complete beating in the streets of Jaen, leaving 700 of them dead, besides wounded, proceeded on his march; and was in a place called La Carolina, rapidly marching towards Madrid, and was in expectation of joining with MARTIN, the Empecinado; and but little doubt remains that he is, at this moment, within a few leagues of the capital of Spain. The authorities of this place spread a report, two days since, that he was captured; but it was merely to deceive the ignorant, and keep alive the hopes of the serviles, more properly called the *Banditti of Spain*.

"If the Government of Cadiz remain firm a very short time longer, the face of affairs in this unhappy country will wear a different aspect, and Europe may have to thank Spain for saving all the Continent from despotism.

"The conduct of Riego while in this place has been reported in the *Gibraltar Chronicle* in a base and shameful light—false in every respect, and a tissue of lies. He acted like a gallant soldier, and a firm unshaken Patriot; and, among all the Generals in Spain, he has proved himself capable of acting for his unfortunate country in the true style of the old Romans.

"Malaga, 30th Sept. 1823."

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

NEW YORK, NOV. 3.—The Packet ship *Canada*, Capt. Macy, arrived on Saturday from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 28th of September, having been detained from the 16th, by adverse winds.

We are furnished with regular files to the 16th, and part of those to the last dates, including a Liverpool paper of the 27th September. They announce some operations of the French army, the most important of which is the capture of Pampeluna, with the whole garrison, consisting of about 6000 troops, including militia, who were marched for France.

It is stated in the Paris papers of the 20th, that the 12,000 men under Marshal Lauriston, after leaving a garrison at Pampeluna, proceeded immediately for Lower Catalonia, and that the fall of Reuss and Lerida would be the immediate result.

SURRENDER OF PAMPELUNA.

We are without the official particulars of the attack by Marshal Lauriston upon this place. It appears that the operations commenced on the 3d of Sept. and the date of the capitulation is the 17th. A private letter from the French camp, dated on the 17th, says, "After the affair of the 3d, our troops had, by a desperate attack, taken possession of the advance posts and suburbs of Pampeluna. The trench had been opened, and the bombs which were thrown into the town frequently set it on fire; but the flames were promptly extinguished, and the town, as well as the citadel, answered our cannonade in such a manner as made it presumable that the enemy would hold out long; but during the night, from the 15th to the 16th, the Angouleme battery made a breach, and its fire was so well sustained and directed, that it silenced the batteries