

# SALISBURY:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1824.

## PEOPLE'S TICKET.

We learn that Col. Robert Love, of Haywood county, in accordance with the wishes of his fellow-citizens, has consented to be a candidate for Elector, on the people's ticket, at the ensuing Presidential election; and the Star informs us that Col. William B. Lockhart has been nominated, on the same ticket, for the district composed of the counties of Northampton, Hertford, and Wake.

The last halcyon was continued at a meeting of the citizens of Wake county, favorable to Gen. Jackson's election as President.

## The General government not the government of the People!

The bill in Congress for obtaining the necessary surveys on the subject of "Roads and Canals," has given rise to many learned and elaborate speeches. Some of these are so very ingenious, as to baffle the comprehension of common minds; and we doubt much whether certain of the orators themselves understood their own "profound profundity of thought." We observe that one of the members from North-Carolina, (Mr. Spaight) also "rose to express his opposition to the bill." Our readers can gather the groundwork of his argument, from the following extract: "If (says he) this government had sprung into existence from a state of nature—if it had derived its being immediately from the people—then, from its very nature, it would have the power contended for (the power, we suppose, to survey roads and canals); it would have been inherent, from the very formation of the government, instead of deriving its existence immediately from the people, it was called into being by sovereigns! It is the work of sovereigns—the grant of power by them, for their own benefit, and that of their people."

Mordecai Manassah Noah, the Jew editor of the caucus "Advocate," has often denied that the people were capable of exercising the rights retained to them by the constitution; but this is the first time we remember to have heard it gravely advanced that the people had no hand in the establishment of our government! On the contrary, we had believed that all the powers there delegated and defined, were derived from the people, and not, as Mr. Spaight says, the "grant of sovereigns!" Our notions on this subject were taken from the constitution itself. The very first words of that instrument are: "We, the people of the United States," &c. "do ordain and establish this constitution," &c. But, according to Mr. Spaight, "We, the people," must have been mistaken,....the "grant" comes from "sovereigns!" These are the heretical, aristocratic opinions of a representative of North-Carolina! one who violated his trust, and, in despite of the known wishes of his constituents, united with a desperate cabal at Washington, in attempting to palm upon the free people of the Republic, a man for chief magistrate, who, by his intrinsic worth, could not unite one-fifth of the people of the nation in his support.

The defeat of the caucus ticket in North-Carolina (which event every day renders more certain) will be the greater source of exultation to the advocates of the people's rights, and the friends of free elections, because of the unwarrantable assumption, by a majority of the papers (and, we presume, of the politicians too) in the Union, that our state is "safe" for the caucus candidate. We expected thus to be fingered about, (on paper!) like a nose of wax, by the radicals and the slaves of Virginia domination; but we looked for a more courteous department from those who profess to be the enemies of caucus supremacy. The "Richmond Whig," a paper lately established, and hitherto conducted with great ability and liberality, in making an estimate of the States the several candidates will get, says New-York, Virginia, North-Carolina, Georgia, and Delaware, "may be set down to him," (Mr. Crawford.) Not quite so fast, gentlemen.....don't "set [us] down," in such company, while we are able to stand up among our good friends, the people. Wait till after November election; and if it then appears that the suffrages of the free people of the state consign us to the humiliating station you now so unceremoniously point to, we will then (but not till then) "sit down" at the footstool of King Caucus.

## ELECTIONEERING.

The Sheriffs in South Carolina are elected to serve four years; the office, for this length of time, in the city of Charleston, is worth 15 or 20,000 dollars, "clear money;" as it is thus lucrative, its attainment is an object of considerable importance to an individual, as well as his friends. About two months since, at an election held in Charleston, Col. Cleary obtained a majority of 70 or 80 votes over Col. M. I. Keitt; but owing to some informality in the returns from one or two of the parishes, and the taking a few illegal votes, the board of managers declared the election void, and a new one was ordered. Accordingly, on the 9th and 10th ult., a second election was held, which resulted in the election of Col. Cleary by a majority of 318 votes. From the time the second election was ordered, until it took place, the Charleston papers teemed with electioneering publications, pro and con—some of which were uncommonly acrimonious. But the elec-

tion is now over; and we presume the Charleston Editors are as much rejoiced at being relieved from a disagreeable necessity of printing for the adverse parties, as we shall be at the arrival of that halcyon period, when the Presidential election shall no longer perplex our brain, and disturb even our social tranquility.

**Methodist Conference.**—The Virginia conference convened in Petersburg, on the 18th ult., and terminated its session on the 24th. All the houses of worship in the town were tendered to, and accepted by, the conference; great numbers of people attended on the preaching of the divine compositions this assembly, during the six days of their session.

The only bishop at this conference. A general conference is to be held in Baltimore, on the first day of May next.

Lieut. Keenan, who was tried by a naval court-martial at Norfolk, has been honorably acquitted. It is said that this affair has drawn down upon the head of the secretary of the navy, and Com. Porter, the warmest indignation of the friends of Lieut. K.

A letter from an officer of the U. S. schooner Shark, states that a launch from that vessel was lost in a gale of wind, by being stove on shore, at Vera Cruz, South-America; and fourteen, out of eighteen of her crew, were drowned. Capt. Stevens, the commander of the Shark, very narrowly escaped a watery grave.

There has been to-day a considerable excitement in the Senate, on the subject of the late minority Caucus. The venerable John Taylor of Caroline, who, previous to the Caucus, was represented by the friends of that scheme, as favorable to it, has this morning put every doubt on that point to rest, by denouncing the Caucus in the most pointed and forcible manner. This republican patriarch denominated the caucus "the Washington Bull Dance;" and treated the distinction drawn by the advocates of the Caucus, between the private and official acts of the members of Congress, as puerile and inefficient.

The bill for the revision of the duties on imports (tariff bill so called) travels slowly through the House of Representatives, and meets with many obstructions in its great course of preparation for a discussion of its general principle, which has as yet been only incidentally debated. If the bill passes the House of Representatives, as it probably will—we don't say certainly—the session will hardly terminate before the first of June next.

## Nat. Intel.

There are (says the Albany Advertiser) in the State of New-York, one hundred and thirty-five newspapers; and out of these there are but two, so far as our knowledge extends, which are opposed to giving the choice of electors to the people. And yet Mr. Livingston, Mr. Dudley, and Mr. Sudam, and Mr. Stranahan, and others, in the senate, say they have no evidence that the people desire a change!!!

The several propositions to amend the constitution of the United States, in relation to the mode of electing electors of President, submitted to the senate during the present session, have been indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Randolph has submitted a proposition to reduce the wages of the members of the H. of R. to six dollars per day. Mr. R.'s gall appears to have overflowed more than ordinarily on this occasion.

## Petersburg. Repub.

We have accounts from France to the 21st of Feb. Spain continued agitated. Victory still attended the Greeks. No other intelligence of striking interest is brought by the recent arrival.

The office of 4th auditor of the treasury of the U. S. having recently become vacant by the death of Col. Freeman, it is said there are upwards of one hundred applicants, (members of congress and others) to fill the vacancy.

An effort was made in the House of Representatives, yesterday, by Mr. Allen of Mass. to call up his resolution to limit the duration of the present session, but the House refused to consider it. In all probability the session will continue until late in May; notwithstanding the strenuous opposition of Mr. Randolph, who deprecates the pestilential atmosphere of the chamber of Representatives, as much as travellers in Java dread an approach to the fabled Upas tree.—*Wash. Repub.*

## To Correspondents.

We must decline the publication of "Brutus." Religious controversies are not only unprofitable to the parties engaged, but are highly injurious to the cause of the Gospel dispensation.... and more particularly so, when carried on thro' the columns of a public journal like ours, which circulates among all classes of the community. We regret very much that "Brutus" should be disposed to cast such unmerited obloquy upon the character of the clergy of the present day; for he must know that he thereby impairs the belief in the Holy oracles themselves. "Brutus" is wrong, when he says that "Religion, or christianity, so called, has stained the page of history deeper with blood than all the wars that

have happened, on other accounts, since the creation of the world!"—It was the abuse of it, that caused all these evils. The errors and the crimes committed by the priesthood of the papal church, in other times and other countries, are, by "Brutus," charged upon the clergy of our day and our country. Nothing can be more preposterous, and more at variance with the spirit of our free institutions.

We have omitted, in this week's paper, a journal of the proceedings of Congress. The most prominent part of what they have done, is noticed in a few short articles we have copied from the Washington papers.

Our paper having been filled out previously to the receipt of the Lists of Letters, we are obliged to defer their insertion till next week.

The United States armor at Springfield, Mass. has suffered a heavy loss by fire! The loss is estimated at \$15,000—the building worth 10,000 and the property in it about \$5,000.

## MARKET'S.

**CHARLESTON, MARCH 22.**  
Cottons.—Confidence has been in some degree restored by our late advices from England, and Upland Cottons have since evidently been in better request. The middle qualities, which had been previously selling at about 13 cents, have since in some instances, gone off at 13 1/4 to 13 1/2 cents. The highest and lowest qualities, however, do not appear to have varied in price, and we therefore continue the extreme quotations as in our last. *Courier.*

*Extract from a Slave Price Current, Feb. 21.*  
Cotton.—Sales of Uplands, at 10, to 15; New-Orleans 1 2/4 to 4 3/4; Alabama and Tennessee 10 to 15—prices barely maintained, and not expected to advance without an improvement in England.

**FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, MARCH 25.**  
Cotton, 12 1/2 to 13; flour, fine, 4 1/2; superfine, 5; wheat, 85 a 90 cents; whiskey, 32 a 34; peach brandy, 55 a 60; apple do. 50 to 55; corn, 42 to 45; bacon, 7 a 8; salt, Turkeys Island, 75 a 80 per bushel; molasses, 26 a 28; sugar, muscadero, 94 to 100; coffee, prime, green, 21 to 24 2d and 3d quality, 21 a 22; tea, hyson, \$1 2 1/2 a 1 25; flaxseed, 80 cts; tallow, 6 a 7; beeswax, 31 a 32; rice, 34 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 44 to 5 pr. 100 lb.; tobacco leaf, 3 1/4 a 4; manufactured, 5 a 2 pr. cwt.

## MARRIED.

In Lincoln county, on the 26th January, Capt. Aaron Sherill, to Miss Polly Parker. [The above marriage has been heretofore published in our paper, with the addition that the bride was own niece to the bridegroom; we now again insert it, at the request of a subscriber, with the correction, that the young lady was only niece to Capt. Sherill's former wife. The former fact was communicated under a responsible name, accompanied by a request that it might be published; we did so. If any of the parties feel aggrieved, and demand the name of him who

to deliver it up, in order to exculpate ourselves.]  
In Washington City, by the Rev. Mr. Lucas, Mr. John Judge to Miss Mary Caroline Noland, both of that place.  
Most Judges contrive to get plenty of land; For one, we may instance JAMES TOLSON; But plump lawyer Ceteris has trick'd the whole band, And shewn us a Jemox that has NO land!

## Wholesale HAT Store,

279 King Street, opposite the Merchant's Hotel.

## Wildman & Starr,

OFFER to the public a general assortment of 1st, 2nd, and 3d quality black and drab

## Beaver Hats,

oval, bell and high crowns, and cork shaped, wide and narrow brims, late fashions.  
Also, Castor Hats, ditto; men's and youth's fine Koram ditto, warranted elastic water proof; men's and youth's Koram Hats, of superior quality. All of which they warrant of their own manufacture.  
Men's and boy's coarse, fine and very fine black and drab wool Hats; morocco caps, from Philadelphia and New-York; Hatter's Trimmings, Bow Strings, and Brushes, &c. &c. low for cash.

Charleston, April, 1824. 13t12

## NEW WHOLESALE HARD-WARE STORE.

Charleston, S. C. No. 34, King-Street.

SMITH & ROBBINS have just received, and are now opening, 350 PACKAGES, consisting of a general and choice assortment of Birmingham and Sheffield Hardware; and have also, in Store,  
Smith tools and Bellows, Steel Genuine Whitworth cotton and wool Cards Trace chains  
Vices, Anvils, Lead Patent and Carolina Hoes American and English mill and cross-cut Saws German and c. a. Land Saws Hand and mill Saw files Rasps, common and patent Curry-combs German, English and American Scythes Wire and Hair Sieves Cut and wrought Nails Hook, plate and raised Hinges Swing and toilet Glasses, Brushes, and every other article in their line; which they will sell on the most accommodating terms.  
Prices, those of NEW-YORK and Philadelphia—merchants are particularly invited to call.  
March 1, 1824. 5t01

## Sale! Sale!

THE Commissioners appointed by the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the county of Davidson, will expose to public sale, on Thursday the 15th of April next, the remainder of the lots, unasked in the Town of Lexington. Terms of sale, six, twelve and eighteen months; payment in equal instalments.  
JOHN MONROE, JOHN CLEMMONS, } Commissioners.  
DAVID COX, }  
March 17, 1824. 3t0

## Last Notice!

THE executors of D. Cross, sen. dec'd. for the second and last time, give notice to all those indebted to the estate, either by note or book account, to come forward and make prompt payment, against the 5th day of May, otherwise they will be placed in the hands of the Sheriff for collection.

JOSHUA GAY, EDW. CRESS, Executors.

Persons having claims against the estate, will do us a favor by calling for settlement.

JOSHUA GAY, EDW. CRESS, Executors.

March 17, 1824.

## Gig. at Public Sale.

WILL be sold, at public sale, at the court-house in Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 6th day of April next, (it being the Tuesday of Rowan Superior Court,) an elegant Gig, with plated harness, belonging to the estate of Dr. Alexander Schools, deceased.

SAMUEL MAFFEE, Executor.

March 27, 1824.

## Shoe-Shop.....removed.

EBENEZER DICKSON, shoemaker, wishes his friends, and every body else, to know that he has removed into a new shop, a few yards nearer to the court-house than his old stand, and almost immediately opposite the Bank, on Main street, Salisbury.

## NOTA BENA.

I have now on hand, and intend keeping, a supply of the very best of L. P. ATHER; and as I shall make it a point to employ first rate workmen, my friends and the public may depend upon getting as good work executed in my shop, in the line of Shoemaking, as ever was done in the town of Salisbury, or in the State. I not only engage to make as elegant and durable boots and shoes as any body else, but I further covenant with all who may shed the sunshine of their patronage on my shop, to do their work as CHEAP, and, perhaps, a little cheaper, than my brother chips.

EBENEZER DICKSON.

March 2, 1824. 93

## House of Entertainment.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened a House of Entertainment in the Town of Concord, a few rods south-east of the court-house; where, with unremitting attention, and a desire to please, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. Boarding can be had on reasonable terms, by the week or year.

JAMES H. CLARK.

N. B. He has also received, a large and elegant assortment of new GOODS.

Concord, March 4, 1824. 96

## Plantation for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, a plantation on which he now resides, 3 miles and a half from Charlotte, on the Lawyer's road, containing 240 acres. There are on this farm, good buildings, of all kinds; the necessary quantity of tillable and meadow land; a good well is sunk near the barn, and an excellent spring on the lot. This plantation and improvements, will be sold on easy conditions. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

JACOB JULIN.

March 8, 1824. 100r

## THE WELL KNOWN JACK, DOLPHIN,

LATELY owned in South Carolina, will stand at our stable, one mile and a half from Concord, North Carolina, every day in the week, Sunday excepted, thro' out the season; the season to commence the 1st of March, and end the 20th of July.

Dolphin will be let to mares at 10 dollars the season (but may be discharged with 8, if paid within the season,) 5 dollars the single leap, (to be paid down,) and 15 dollars to insure, the insurance money to be paid when the mare is discovered to be with foal, or is parted with by the person putting her. Particular care will be taken of mares left, in preventing accidents, &c.

ASA THOMPSON, GEORGE URY.

Concord, Jan. 23, 1824. 13703

## THE WELL KNOWN JACK, PALLIFOX,

LATE the property of Judge L. Murphy, will stand the ensuing season (commencing on the 10th of March, and ending on the 15th of August) at my stable on Sugar Creek, seven miles south-west from Charlotte; and will be let to mares at three dollars the single leap, cash at the time of service; five dollars the season, payable 15th October next; and 10 dollars to insure a mare with foal, which will be considered due whenever it is ascertained that the mare is with foal, or the property changed.

To those acquainted with Pallifox, and have raised mules from him, it will be useless to add any thing more; suffice to state, he is a sure foal-getter, and his mules are large and likely. Great care will be taken, but will not be liable for accidents or escapes.

JAMES DINKINS.

February 25, 1824. 8it03

## Was committed to the Jail

IN Burke county, N. C. on the 19th of the present month, a negro man, as a runaway, who says his name is Jim, that he belongs to Thomas Pool, of Spartanburg District, S. C. and that he left his master but a few days before he was apprehended. He appears to be about 25 years of age, dark complexion, and of a slender make. The owner is requested to come forward, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

JOHN BOURNE, Sheriff.

March 21, 1824. 3it01

## State of North-Carolina,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY. COURT of Equity.....Samuel Roach, vs. Hugh McDowell, James Moore, Andrew Heron, and others. In this case, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Western Carolinian; that unless James Moore and Andrew Heron, two of the defendants in this case, appear at the next Court of Law and Equity to be held for the county of Mecklenburg on the 6th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next; and answer or the bill will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte, as to them.  
Price adv. \$2. D. R. DUNLAP, c. n. z.

## By SATURDAY'S MAIL.

NEW-YORK MARCH 20.  
Cotton.—The market has improved for good cotton: within the last few days sales to some extent were made, both for exportation and home use. The cheap sales were 14 a 14 1/2. A sale of fair Louisiana was made at 16 cents. Uplands 13 a 14; Tennessee 12 1/2 a 13; Louisiana 13 a 17; Alabama 13 a 14.

## NEW-YORK.

The Albany Daily Advertiser of March 19, says: "We yesterday observed the following notice posted in the Assembly chamber:

"The members of the legislature, friendly to the electoral law, give notice that they intend, before the legislature adjourns, to issue an address recommending to their constituents to meet in convention in October or September next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President, Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and Presidential Electors. March 18, 1824."

We can state, on good authority, that a great majority of the republican members of the legislature, will sign an address of the above purport.—*Alb. Gaz.*

The National Gazette says, "the ticket now offered throughout New-England, to the Republicans, is, John Quincy Adams for President, and General Jackson for Vice President. The same will be proposed in the state of N. York. Good! *Balt. Patriot.*

*Ed. Caro.*

## LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the packet ship Cories, Captain De Cost, from Liverpool, the editor of the National Advocate has received his regular file of London papers to the 22d of February, and Liverpool to the 24th, inclusive.

The only important intelligence by this arrival is WAR BETWEEN ENGLAND AND ALGERIES. The causes are said to be a refusal on the part of the Dey to make reparation for an insult offered to the Consular flag, and a declaration that he would no longer observe the stipulations of the treaty made by Lord Exmouth, prohibiting the taking of Christian slaves.

This little affair will be soon ended. The Algerines have no squadron; their fortifications are not in the best order, and the moment a British fleet appears before the town, they will cut off the Dey's head, and send it to the Admiral as an explanation in full.—*Nat. Adv.*

[An official letter from Capt. Spencer, of the British navy, to the admiralty office, then follows—stating that he had captured an Algerine brig of war, which had 17 Spaniards on board, whom the Algerines were carrying off into slavery.]

The Greeks are progressing with every prospect of final success; they have issued proposals for a loan of 800,000, and the prospectus observes—"After a struggle of three years, distinguished by a series of triumphant successes, the independence of the Greek nation has been established, and there is every probability of its speedy recognition by the different powers of Europe.

## FROM FRANCE.

By the arrival at Boston of the brig Arctic, captain Law, in 25 days from Havre, the editors of the Boston Patriot have received Paris papers to the 22d February. The intelligence they contain is apparently unimportant. It mostly relates to Spain, the situation of which appears still unsettled. In fact, the papers which they have seen contain little else than speculations upon the condition of Spain and her probable conduct in relation to South America, without bringing us to any definite result.

The following alarming paragraph is copied from "P. P. F. Degrand's Boston Weekly Report:"

"From first rate source.—PARIS, 22d FEB. 1824.—The cause of Liberty never was in greater danger.—The Allies are determined to put it down in the United States, as well as in Europe and S. America, cost what it may. England is treacherous to the cause of freedom; Russia is powerful; France and Austria, subservient. Prepare yourselves to see a most formidable attack on the United States within a very few years. Spies will soon swarm all over your land."

Whatever danger liberty may be in, in Europe, we have no fear for the safety of the liberty of the United States, either from the "formidable attacks," or swarms of Spies," so fearfully set forth in the above.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Presidential Vests.—We copy the following notice from the NEW YORK paper of Tuesday, 23d ult. "Messrs. J. and P. Hone and Company sold yesterday by auction a large quantity of black silk vestings, lately imported from France, stamped with pretty correct likenesses of several of the candidates for the presidency, with their names printed beneath their busts."

Stephen Clearwater has been committed to the county jail, Sullivan, New York, for the murder of Lawrence Baker. This is the second murder that has been committed in that county within the last three weeks.