

By PHILLO WHITE, Printer of the Laws of the United States. Hereafter be as follows: Three Dollars a year, payable in advance.

Martin F. Revell, Tailor, ADOPTS this plan of informing the citizens of Salisbury, and its vicinity, in general, that he has commenced the

Tailoring Business, in part of John Utzman's house, situated in Market Street, a few doors from the East corner of the Court-House, where he is prepared and will be happy to accommodate any gentlemen who are disposed to patronize him in his line of business, in the neatest and most fashionable style, or to please fancy.

Mansion Hotel, SALISBURY, NORTH-CAROLINA, BY EDWARD YARBROUGH:

Who respectfully informs the public, and his friends, that he has taken the extensive and elegant establishment, situated at the north corner of the Court-House, (lately occupied by Mr. James Huie.)

Wholesale HAT Store, 279 King Street, opposite the Merchant's Hotel. Wildman & Starr, OFFER to the public a general assortment of 1st, 2nd, and 3d quality black and drab Beaver Hats,

New Assortment, THE subscriber has very recently received from Philadelphia, an assortment of Dry Goods, Cutlery, and Hardware,

Coppersmithing, The Coppersmithing, and Tin Plate business, heretofore transacted by D. Cress, sen. will in future be conducted by me, at the same place.

Dissolution, I HAVE declined acting as a partner with John Murphy, in the mercantile business in Concord, with his consent, and have relinquished all claims to any part or portion of the profits of the concern of Murphy & Sutton.

New Store, in Concord, THE subscriber has formed a Copartnership with William Brown, in the mercantile business, at Concord, Cabarrus county, North Carolina, under the firm of Murphy & Brown;

John Murphy, Has also, at his store in Salisbury, a large assortment of GOODS, to suit citizens, town and country people; to be disposed of unusually low, for cash, or country produce.

Notice. ALL persons indebted to Alexander Torrence, as Guardian of A. J. Works, are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, payable to A. J. Works, as he has now taken the Bill and accounts out of the hands of his former Guardian, and is determined to collect his money, or have it secured by new notes. Mr. Alexander Torrence is authorized to settle any accounts or notes. The amount of any debts due the subscriber, during the next three months, and all notes, will be left with him, as agent for me, during that time. This is the last call that will be made; and if not attended to, an officer will make the next. May 18, 1824. A. J. WORKS.

State of North-Carolina, LINCOLN COUNTY. SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, April term, 1824. David Black vs. Nancy Black, petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Nancy Black, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for three weeks, that unless the defendant appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for Lincoln county, at the Court-House in Lincolnton, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, they and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition, it will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte. Witness, Lawson Henderson, clerk of said court, at Lincolnton, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday of March, 1824, and to the 40th year of the independence of the U. S. c. s. LAWSON HENDERSON. Price adv. \$1 25. 171

State of North-Carolina, STOKES COUNTY. COURT of Equity, April term, 1824. Elizabeth Williamson, by her next friend, William Childress, vs. Robert Williamson, and others: original bill, for alimony, &c. The court being satisfied that the defendant, Robert Williamson, does not reside within the limits of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks successively, in the Western Carolinian, that unless he appear at the next Court of Equity to be holden for the county of Stokes, at the court-house in Germantown, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill, the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and the cause be set down for hearing ex parte. Copy from the minutes. Test: JOHN C. BLUM, c. n. e. Price adv. \$2. 6112

State of North-Carolina, CABARRUS COUNTY. COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, 1824: Caleb P. Alexander, versus James Lickens: original attachment, levied on lands, &c. It appearing to the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made three months in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to said defendant to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county, at the court-house in Concord, on the third Monday of July next, to confess, plead, or demur, otherwise judgment final will be entered against him, and execution awarded accordingly. Test: DANIEL COLEMAN, c. c. c. Price adv. \$4. 1716

State of North-Carolina, WILKES COUNTY. COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1824: James Irwin vs. John McCorr: original attachment, levied on two tracts of land. It appearing to the court that the defendant lives out of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to said defendant to appear at the next county court to be held for the county of Wilkes, at the court-house in Wilkesboro, on the first Monday in August next, and plead and answer, or judgment will be entered against him for plaintiff's demand. 1718 Test: R. MARTIN, c. w. c. c.

State of North-Carolina, ASHE COUNTY. MORRIS BAKER, vs. Alexander Johnson, and James Baker, Sen. et alias: Original bill in Equity. Whereas, it appears to the satisfaction of this court, that Polly Baker, relict of Jeremiah Baker, dec'd. James Baker, Keuben Baker, Lucy Ann Baker, Seberry Baker, Nancy Baker, and Jeremiah Baker, infants and heirs at law of the aforesaid Jeremiah Baker, dec'd. are inhabitants of another state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian, published in Salisbury, for six weeks, for the aforesaid parties to appear and answer, plead or demur, or judgment, pro confesso, will be taken against them, and the cause heard ex parte. Witness James Hathorn, clerk of the court of Equity, for the county and state aforesaid, March term, 1824. JAMES HATHORN, c. & n. n. Price adv. \$2 50. 1713

State of North-Carolina, STOKES COUNTY. COURT of Equity, April term, 1824. Reuben Moore, William C. Moore, Matthew Moore, John Clayton and Elizabeth his wife, John Moore, Polly Moore, Gabriel Moore, and Gideon Moore by his Guardian, vs. Benjamin Hawkins and wife, and the Heirs at Law of William Taylor, deceased, and others: Petition for sale of real estate. The court being satisfied that the defendants, Benjamin Hawkins and wife, and the Heirs at Law of William Taylor, deceased, do not reside within the limits of the state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, that unless they appear at the next Court of Equity to be holden for the county of Stokes, at the court-house in Germantown, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill, the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and the cause be set down for hearing ex parte. Copy from the minutes. Test: JOHN C. BLUM, c. n. e. Price adv. \$2 50. 6112

Entertainmen. CALEB SMOOK, in the method of informing his friends and the public at large, that he has finished repairing his house, and has it now in the first rate style for the accommodation of Travellers, and all others who may feel disposed to call on him. His House is in Davidson county, on the main road leading from Salisbury to Salem, by Lexington, &c. twelve miles from Salisbury, eight from Lexington, and twenty-four from Salisbury. Gentlemen travelling from south to north, or from north to south, are invited to call, as every convenience of refreshments (for themselves, a feed for their horses, &c. will be afforded them at rates to correspond with the general reduced price of provisions and other necessaries. Davidson co. June 1, 1824. 13121

Land and Negroes, for Sale. THE subscriber, wishing to settle his business, offers for sale, on moderate terms, a tract of land adjoining the town of Salisbury, containing by survey, 6 1/2 acres; part of which land is covered with fine timber, and about fourteen acres of excellent meadow ground; the balance is cleared and under cultivation. Also, another tract, lying about three and a half miles from Salisbury, well timbered with pine and oak, and lies convenient to the mills of Peter Baringer, Daniel Verble, and Jacob Fisher. Also, a negro boy, about eight years of age, and his sister about six; an excellent new wagon and harness, for 4 horses; also, another wagon, which has been somewhat used. A further description of the above property is deemed unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase, may call at any time and judge for themselves. For terms, apply to the subscriber in Salisbury. JOHN BARRI, sen. Salisbury, May 12, 1824. 6110 N. B. Part of the above 6 1/2 acres are in Town Lots.

LATEST FASHIONS, From Philadelphia. THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just received the latest fashions from London, by way of Philadelphia. Gentlemen in this vicinity, and the adjacent country, wearing fashionable clothes made, can now be accommodated by the subscriber on a short notice. All orders from a distance, for making any kind of gentlemen's garments, will be punctually and expeditiously executed, and forwarded according to directions. Gentlemen are invited to give the subscriber's shop a fair trial; they will then be better able to judge whether he deserves their patronage or not. THOMAS W. LAMON. Salisbury, April 19, 1824. 612

Store-House at Mocksville, TO LEASE. THE subscriber wishes to rent the following property, during one year, or for a term of years, to wit: A lot at Mocksville, Rowan county, on which a spacious store-house, with a good cellar, and a large two-story house, divided into convenient and useful apartments, are erected. Mocksville is near about the centre of that section of Rowan, known as the Forks. As that part of country, both as to fertility of soil and population, is not inferior to any, a profitable result might be anticipated from a mercantile establishment at that place. Gentlemen in that business, and wishing a situation, are invited to call and view the premises, and judge for themselves. ELIZABETH M. PEARSON. Mocksville, May 22, 1824. 708

Coach Making. THE subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments to his friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage he has received in his line of business; and it informs them, that he has procured a number of workmen from Philadelphia and Newark, which enables him to finish work in a style rarely seen in the western part of the state. He also has a continual supply of materials, of the best quality and most fashionable patterns. He intends keeping constantly on hand, at reduced prices for cash only, Sulkeys, Stick and Pannel gigs, Charlottees, Coaches, Landaus, Phaetons, Barouches, Landauets, Caravans, and Mail Stages, of a superior construction. Repairs done at the shortest notice, and in the best manner. Orders from a distance, thankfully received, and punctually attended to. J. G. MORSE. Charlotte, March 1, 1824. 96

Coach Making. THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the above line, and flatters himself, from long experience and steady application for a number of years, in Europe and America, to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their work. Carriages of all descriptions, Pannel and Stick Gigs, Sulkeys, &c. made and repaired on reasonable terms. SAML. LANDERS. Salisbury, April 26, 1824. 204 N. B. Carriages, of all descriptions, bought and sold, on commission. P. S. A journeyman wanted at the above business, to whom good wages will be given. He will be employed on wood-work, altogether. The subscriber keeps two Gigs for Hire, which will always be kept in readiness, with good harness, for the accommodation of those who may, at any time, wish to ride on pleasure or on business. S. LANDERS.

South Yarkin Bridge. THE Commissioners appointed by Rowan County Court, to build a Bridge over the South Yarkin river, between the mouth of Second Creek and the Point, will receive proposals for building said Bridge. Persons disposed to contract for the same, will specify to either of the Commissioners the terms on which they can do the job. Contractors will understand that there is to be a good stone abutment at each end of the Bridge, a stone pier in the centre; the whole to be well shingled and weather-boarded. The bridge will require to be two hundred feet long. ALFRED MACAY, JACOB FISHER, JOHN H. FREELING, DAVID M'GUIRE, JOHN REARD, jr. Contra. Salisbury, June 7, 1824. 709

John Randolph, Esq. To his Constituents. Fellow-Citizens, Friends, and Freeholders! A recurrence of the same painful disease that drove me from my post, some two years ago, again compels me to ask a furlough;—for I cannot consent to consider myself in the light of a deserter. But no consideration whatever could have induced me to leave Washington, so long as a shadow of doubt hung over the transactions of the treasury; which I was (among others) appointed to investigate. It was at my instance, and not without considerable resistance on the part of a majority of the committee, that the Secretary had the opportunity given him, to file his answer to the accusation of Mr. Edwards. I was satisfied that justice required this course to be pursued; at the same time that it would expedite the business, and abridge the labor of the Committee. If the Secretary's conduct was defensible, who could make that defence so properly as the party accused? If otherwise, it was high time that he should be dismissed from a station of which he was unworthy. I confess, that I was not without some misgiving, that all was not right. Holding myself aloof from the intrigues and intriguers of Washington, I had remained a passive spectator of the scene, such as I hope never again to witness. Not that I was without a slight, a very slight preference in the choice of the evils submitted to us for our acceptance. I inclined towards Mr. Crawford for some reasons which were private and personal, and with which it is unnecessary to trouble you—but chiefly, because you preferred him to his competitors, and because if he is elected he would, in a manner, be compelled to throw himself into the hands of the least unsound of the political parties of the country: that he would by the force of circumstances be constrained to act with us (the people) whilst rival candidates would by the same force of circumstances, be obliged to act against us, and with the tribe of office hunters and bankrupts, that seek to subsist upon our industry and means. The number of these that infest Washington, especially during a first session of Congress, and above all, about the termination of an administration, is inconceivable to those who have not seen the swarm. I said, that I had some misgivings, that all was not as it ought to be. But when I read the reply of Mr. Crawford, I had not a shadow of doubt remaining on my mind. It is the most triumphant and irresistible answer that ever met the accusation of a base and perjured informer. I have no doubt that there is not a mercantile house in our Atlantic cities, that has not lost a much heavier per centage on its western debts, than we have done, since Mr. Crawford took charge of the Treasury; even supposing the sum now due to be wholly lost. And it is a matter worthy of notice, that the very people at whose prayers and entreaties, and to save whom from utter ruin he has pursued a certain line of conduct, have been his most virulent accusers and persecutors, for that conduct which has contributed at once to their relief, and at the same time been serviceable to Government by rescuing a large debt from the almost total loss which would have followed a rigid exercise of his authority. He has availed himself of discretionary powers reposed in him by the law, for that purpose, and with that intent, to mitigate the severity of the sufferings of our western fellow citizens, whose clamours, had he taken a different course, would have dissolved the present feeble and distracted administration of our government; and, Acton like, he is assailed by the very bounds that he has cherished and fed. I confess that this base, unmanly conspiracy against Mr. Crawford, has given to my mind a degree of interest in the ensuing election, that ten days ago I deemed it impossible for me to feel. I shall rejoice in the discomfiture of a plot got up, as I verily believe, in Washington, for his destruction: for I know too well the baseness and timidity of the character of Edwards (self convicted as he is) to believe that he would have dared to take such a measure, even covered by flight from the resentment of his injured enemy, without a promise of protection from a high quarter. But how have the aspersions of this calumniator been met! By the most temperate, passionless, mild, dignified and irrefragable exposure of their falsehood, without one harsh word towards their author. The pilot admonishes me to end this letter. If the people of Virginia shall be

mad enough to call a Convention, I make no humble tender of my services. I have lived and hope to die a freholder, and when I lose that distinction, I shall no longer have any motive to be proud of being your faithful servant. JOHN RANDOLPH of Roanoke. Nestor, at sea, May 17, 1824. This anomalous production of an erring judgment, contains, 1st. A charge against the select committee, in the following words: "It was at my instance, and not without considerable resistance on the part of a majority of the committee, that the Secretary had the opportunity given him to file his answer to the accusation of Mr. Edwards." 2dly. A charge against the President of the United States, in the following words: "I know too well the baseness and timidity of the character of Edwards, (self convicted as he is) to believe that he would have dared to take such a measure, even covered by flight from the resentment of his injured enemy, without a promise of protection from a high quarter." 3dly. A premature and extra official opinion of the merits of the case under investigation. The charges against the committee was ably and satisfactorily refuted by the members individually, in their places in the House, to day, and pronounced false and unfounded. They showed, as well by the minutes of their proceedings, as by their univided declarations, that Mr. Randolph did not make the motion in the committee that Mr. Crawford should be allowed to "file his answer," but that it was made by Mr. Taylor, of New York. They also showed by the minutes of their proceedings, that the motion was unanimously adopted. And they further stated, in their places, that there was at no time any opposition to the order, but that it was, from the beginning, approved by all except Mr. Floyd, who doubted the correctness of the course, but who, before the question was taken on the motion, consented to it. It further appeared, by the statement of all the members of the committee, that Mr. Randolph was not in the committee room when the motion of Mr. Taylor was made, but that he came in afterwards. Who is now "the Parthian that shoots his poisoned arrows as he flies?" Washington Republican.

CONNECTICUT. Governor WALKER, in his message to the Legislature of Connecticut, recommends the consideration of an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, in reference to the choice of electors of President and Vice President. The amendment goes to require the Electors to meet on one day, in their respective states, and there vote for three persons, on one ticket, who shall be citizens of different states, but one of which may be a citizen of their own State. That when the ballots are collected, the person on whom the highest number of votes is found concentrated, shall be declared President of the United States;—the person having the second highest number of votes, to be Vice President and President of the Senate;—and the person having the third highest number of votes, to be Speaker of the House of Representatives, for the four years ensuing. When an equal number of votes happen to be concentrated upon two or more persons, then the election in each of the three classes or grades, commencing with the highest, to be in such cases, decided by a lot or lots, taken in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives. OFFICE HUNTING. Mr. Clay, in a speech lately delivered by him on the Tariff question, thus alludes to office hunters: "All the existing employments of society—the learned professions—commerce—agriculture are now overflowing. We stand in each other's way. Hence the want of employment. Hence the eager pursuit after public stations, which I have before glanced at. I have been again shocked, during this session, by instances of solicitation for places, before the vacancies existed. The pulse of incumbents, who happened to be taken ill, is not marked with more anxiety by the attending physicians, than by those who desire to succeed them, though with very opposite feelings. Our old friend, the faithful sentinel, who has stood so long at our door, and the gallantry of whose patriotism deserves to be noticed, because it was displayed when that virtue was most rare and most wanted, on a memorable occasion, in this unfortunate city, became indisposed some weeks ago. The first intelligence which I had of his dangerous illness, was by an application for his unvacated place. I hastened to assure myself of the extent of his danger, and was happy to find that the eagerness of succession outstripped the progress of disease."