

# WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

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SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1834.

[NO. 222.]

## Gen. LA FAYETTE.

NEW YORK, AUG. 17.

Agreeably to the arrangements previously made, and which were announced in this paper yesterday, the General LA FAYETTE, the only surviving General of the seven years' war of our Revolution, was conducted from Staten Island, and landed in this city, amidst every demonstration of joy and admiration, that our citizens could bestow. The news of the General's arrival had spread thro' the surrounding country with the rapidity of lightning; and from the dawn of day until noon, the roads and ferry-boats were thronged with people who were hastening to the city, to participate in the fête, and testify their gratitude for the services, and respect for the character of the illustrious "National Guest." Our citizens also turned out in immense numbers, at an early hour, and, together with the military, presented the most lively and moving spectacle that we have witnessed on any former occasion. The day was clear, cool, and remarkably pleasant, which added much to the comfort of our citizens, and contributed largely to the general effect of the splendid and patriotic proceedings.

Unfortunately for themselves, a great number of our most fashionable citizens were absent; and among them his honor the Recorder, Alderman King, the Assistant Alderman Hone, all of whom were upon the original committee of arrangements. When, however, the arrival of the General was announced, the Mayor promptly filled the places of the absentees from other members of the Board, and the arrangements, though hastily made, were judicious, ample, and well executed. The committee having chartered the steam ship Robert Fulton, and the steam boats Chancellor Livingston, Oliver Ellsworth, Henry Eckford, Connecticut, Bellona, Olive Branch, Nautilus, &c. they were all superbly decorated with flags and streamers of every nation, and directed to meet and form an aquatic escort between the south part of the Battery and Governor's island, and thence proceed in order to Staten Island. The Battery was crowded with respectable people of both sexes, Castle Garden was filled, and every boat that arrived to take its station, was completely crowded with elegantly dressed ladies and gentlemen. The appearance of the Robert Fulton, as she came down the East River from the Navy Yard, escorted by the Connecticut and Oliver Ellsworth, all superbly decorated, was rich beyond description. Her yards were manned to the round-tops, with about two hundred seamen from the Constitution, who made an elegant appearance, and a battalion of marines, under the command of Maj. Smith, was on board, with a band of music, and many of the Naval Officers upon this station, together with several ladies and private gentlemen.

Arrived at the place of rendezvous, the several vessels comprising the fleet took their stations and proceeded in regular order to the quarantine as follows: First, the Chancellor Livingston, on board of which were the Committee of the Corporation, Major General Morton and suite, a number of the members of the Cincinnati, including Colonels Willet, Varick, Frumhoff, Platt, and others, together with a few ladies, several officers and professors from West Point, accompanied by the excellent military band attached to that institution. On the right of the Chancellor, and about a length in rear, was the Connecticut, and on the left, to correspond, was the Oliver Ellsworth. Directly in the rear of the Chancellor, was the Robert Fulton, whose lofty masts and wide-spread arms, which literally swarmed with men, towered proudly above her less pretending, but not less gay and beautiful consort. On the right of the Robert Fulton, about a length in the rear, was the Bellona, and on the left, the Henry Eckford, in a station to correspond; and the squadron was closed by the Olive Branch and Nautilus. The signals exchanged, and the steam boats having attained their stations, as above stated, the squadron got under way, amidst the cheers of thousands of delighted spectators. The view of this fleet will perhaps never be forgotten. It was not only unique, but beyond a doubt one of the most splendid spectacles ever witnessed on this part of the globe. The squadron, bearing six thousand of our fellow-citizens, majestically took its course towards Staten Island, there to take on board our long-expected and honored guest. At 1 o'clock, the fleet arrived at Staten Island, and, in a few minutes, a landau was seen approaching the hotel, near the ferry. The Marquis, the Vice-President, and the Ex-Governor Ogden, of New Jersey, having alighted, a procession was formed, and the venerable stranger, supported by these gentlemen, followed by all the officers of the

Island, and a crowd of citizens, passed through a triumphal arch, round which was tastefully entwined the French and American colors. As soon as the Marquis and suite entered on the broad stairs, connected with and leading to the staircase which was to convey him to the city, he was received by the Committee of the Common Council, who conducted him on board the Chancellor. On entering this splendid vessel, the marines paid him military honors. He was now introduced to the Committees from most of our honored Associations, and the General Officers representing the Infantry. The West Point band all this time were playing "See the Conquering Hero Comes," "On first on ere mieux," "Hail Columbia," and the "Marseillais Hymn."

The steam ship now fired a salute, and the whole squadron got under way for the city in the same order as before, except that the Bellona and Olive Branch fastened each side to the Cadmus, (the ship which brought the General from France,) decorated with colors, and filled with passengers, majestically moved up the Bay. The sea was smooth and placid, and the breeze cool and agreeable. Decidedly the most interesting sight was the reception of the General by his old companions in arms: Colonel Marinus Willet, now in his eighty-fifth year, General Cortland, General Cassin, and other worthies whom we have mentioned—Col. Fish, General Lewis, and several of his comrades, were absent. He embraced them all affectionately, and Col. Willet again and again. He knew and remembered them all. It was a re-union of a long separated family.

After the ceremony of embracing and congratulations were over, he sat down alongside of Col. Willet, who grew young again, and fought all his battles over. "Do you remember," said he, "at the battle of Monmouth, I was volunteer aid to Gen. Scott? I saw you in the heat of battle. You were but a boy, but you were a serious and sedate lad. Aye, aye; I remember well. And on the Mohawk, I sent you fifty Indians, and you wrote me, that they set up such a yell that they frightened the British horse, and they ran one way and the Indians another."

No person who witnessed this interview, will ever forget it; many an honest tear was shed on the occasion. The young men retired at a little distance, while the venerable soldiers were indulging recollections, and were embracing each other again and again; and the surrounding youth silently dropt the tear they could no longer restrain. Such sincere, such honest feelings, were never more plainly or truly expressed. The sudden change of the countenance of the Marquis, plainly evinced the emotions he endeavored to suppress. He manfully supported this truly trying situation for some time, when a revolutionary story from the venerable Willet, recalled circumstances long passed; the incident, the friend alluded to, made the Marquis sigh; and his swelling heart was relieved when he burst into tears. The sympathetic feelings extended to all present; and even the hardy tar rubbed away the tear he could no longer restrain.

"Quis temperet a lacrymis talia fendo." The scene was too affecting to be continued, and one of the Cincinnati, anxious to divert the attention of the Marquis, his eyes floating with tears, announced the near approach of the steam ship. The Marquis advanced to the quarter railing, where he was no sooner perceived by the multitude, than an instantaneous cheer most loudly expressed the delight they experienced. The other steam boats in succession presented themselves, and passed, each giving three enthusiastic cheers. The Marquis was delighted, and especially with the activity and quickness with which 200 of our gallant seamen manned the yards of the steam frigate previously to the salute. About 2 P. M. the fleet arrived off the Battery. What an impressive scene! 3000 men, making a splendid appearance, formed in line with a battering train. The ramparts and parapets of the Castle were lined with ladies and gentlemen. The flag-staff, the windows, and even the roofs of the houses facing the Bay, were literally crowded with spectators. Hundreds of boats and wherries surrounded the Battery. The Marquis left the Chancellor in a barge commanded by Capt. Rodgers, of the Navy, accompanied by the Committee of the Corporation, and the Cincinnati, the Generals of Infantry, &c. and landed amidst the cheers and acclamations of 30,000 people, who filled the Castle, Battery, and surrounding grounds within sight. The Marquis now entered the Castle, which was tastefully carpeted from the landing place to the receiving rooms. He here partook of some refreshment, and was introduced to some distinguished citizens. Perceiving the restless anxiety of nearly 3000 persons in the Castle, to see

him, the Marquis advanced to the centre of the area of the Castle, and was greeted with loud cheers, expressive of an honest and generous feelings as were ever spontaneously manifested by any people on the face of the earth.

An officer from General Benedict now announced to Gen. Morton, all was ready for review, and the Marquis, supported by the Major Generals, and followed by the Committee, officers of the navy, army, and militia, reviewed the troops. A gun now announced the order to march, and the General entered a beautiful barouch, drawn by four grey horses; and the whole cavalcade moved in the direction of the City Hall.

The assemblage of citizens, independent of the military, at the Battery, in Castle Garden, in State-street, through Broadway, and in the vicinity of the City Hall, was immense; and, from the respectability and order of the persons composing it, splendid and interesting beyond description. Through this dense and towering host, (for the doors, casements, railing, windows, chimneys, and turrets of the buildings, were hung with spectators,) the General was conveyed in a barouche drawn by four horses, followed and preceded by the La Fayette Guards, through the whole distance to the City Hall.

On the steps of the City Hall were assembled, having a space in the centre, a great number of ladies, many of whom stepped forward and gave the General their hands as he passed along. The general enthusiasm also extended to the children of all ages; the name of the Hero continually reverberated from their lips, giving to Fayette a heart-rending evidence that his memory has been hallowed at every family altar, and the future generations, as well as this, will be familiar with his name, and echo his praises. After his return to the City Hotel he had the extraordinary condensation and good feeling to come out and shake hands with 6 or 700 American youth, the future conservatories of his fame. This circumstance has planted in the minds of these little ones, the strongest affection for the man, which will go with them thro' life, and endure till its close.

Such is a faint outline of the proceedings of a day which shines proudly in the annals of our country—proceedings which were more brilliant than any that have ever been witnessed in America, and which will rarely if ever be equalled. It was a proud day for the cause of enlightened and liberal principles. As to the pageant, we should suppose from the accounts then published, that the landing of the King of England at Leith, in 1822, would form the nearest parallel. But the occasion, and the circumstances, were widely different. No fulsome adulation was here extorted by the power or splendor of royalty, but every feeling and every movement were the spontaneous bursts of admiration and gratitude for the character and the services of a great benefactor of the whole civilized world, come among us in a private capacity, and in the unaffected attire of Republican simplicity.

Commercial Advertiser.

From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Aug. 21. Three commissioners from the city of Baltimore arrived in New York on Thursday morning, and were presented by the Mayor to General La Fayette, in the City Hall, the same day. The resolutions of the city council, and a letter from the committee of arrangements of Baltimore, were presented to the General, prefaced by an address by Mr. Finley, on behalf of the Committee; to which General La Fayette returned an eloquent reply.

From the New York Evening Post, Aug. 21. General LA FAYETTE, was met at Harlem, this morning by Gideon Cogshall and L. M. H. Butler, Esquires, a deputation from the town of New Rochelle, who presented him with an address. The deputation joined the escort on their taking up the line of march from Harlem, and on his arrival at New Rochelle, he was received with a salute

from the artillery; after which was presented severally to him a large concourse of ladies and gentlemen.

The common council of New York have requested General LA FAYETTE to sit for his portrait, to be placed in their hall: And they have presented the freedom of the city to his son George Washington La Fayette. They have ordered their proceedings, in relation to the General, and the address of the Mayor and his answer, to be handsomely engraved on vellum, and that one copy be presented to him; the other to be placed among the archives of the common council.

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Franklin Gazette, dated New York, August 20, 1834.

"You have seen what took place with regard to General LA FAYETTE up to this morning. He left here at about eight o'clock.

The General's journey to Boston will be rapid, as he intends being at Harvard commencement on Tuesday next. His stay at the eastward must also be short, as he has engaged to be in Baltimore on the 15th proximo.

In Philadelphia, the room of the State House, in which the declaration of Independence was signed, will be fitted up by bills, and appropriated as a levee room for Gen. LA FAYETTE. The same committee has determined on erecting a grand civic arch in front of the State House, in honour of his arrival.

On Thursday, the 19th ult. the gentlemen of the Bar of the City of New York, to the number of about 300, received Gen. La Fayette in the common pleas room of the City Hall; when Mr. Hoffman, their chairman, addressed the General in a feeling and eloquent style—to which the General replied in a handsome manner.

About four or five hundred French gentlemen, resident in the city of New York, proceeded to the quarters of Gen. La Fayette, and, by a committee, made an address to him; to which he returned an affectionate and feeling reply.

FROM THE BOSTON PATRIOT. MR. EDITOR: The following important facts cannot be too often placed before the eyes of the People. I do wish the caucus papers would give me one insertion, that their readers may no longer be in the dark. A REPUBLICAN.

"The National Candidate."—The Massachusetts Spy thus sums up the claims of Mr. Crawford to be called the National Candidate

1. Out of 261 members of Congress he only obtained 66 in Caucus.
2. His leaves 95 against him, a majority of 129 votes.
3. From ten states he had no vote.
4. From five states he had but two votes each.
5. From three states he had but three votes each.
6. From the remaining four states, he had a majority in three only.
7. Seven out of the eleven members who called and attended the caucus, stand directly opposed to the states they represent.
8. The caucus consisted of only one fourth of the republican members of Congress.
9. One third of the states were wholly unrepresented, either by a Senator or member of the House of Representatives.
10. Upon counting States, he had only a majority of the representation of 3 out of 24.

Should the election go to the House, each state there has one vote—13 votes constitute a majority, and elect the President. In no possible way can Mr. Crawford obtain this number or the half of it. In no possible way, honest or dishonest, can he succeed to the Presidency.

We learn from the spinners in this place and its vicinity, that the article of cotton has become extremely scarce in the market; and that many of our factories must stop business for the want of it. This furnishes much cause for regret, that so useful a class of our citizens should be thrown out of employ; and an article of manufacture so much needed be excluded from our use. Raw cotton would meet with a ready sale, and at good prices, in this vicinity.

Lexington (Ken.) Monitor, 29th ult.

Instantaneous Relief of the Tooth-ache. A pill of opium and camphor, or a solution of camphor in oil of turpentine, put into the hollow of a carious tooth, affords almost immediate relief to the tooth-ache. Med. Adviser.

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By PHILIP WHITE.

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Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one.

All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

## Morganton Academy.

This institution having received such assistance from the acts of the last Assembly, as places it on a stable and respectable foundation, and enjoying the labors of Mr. Alexander E. Wilson, a graduate from the State University, who has, during the last year, given the most satisfactory proof of his faithfulness and ability, is now recommended to the attention of the public. The Trustees are aware of the little reliance which can be placed on recommendations of this nature; still, having witnessed the rapid improvement of the youth, in morals and literature, under the instruction of Mr. Wilson, considering the pleasantness and perfect healthfulness of the situation, and the benefit which must result from having the teachers of both departments of the institution, together with the Rev. Mr. Eddy, residing in the Academy buildings, where they will continually watch and labor for the intellectual and spiritual good of the pupils; they cannot but ask those gentlemen who are desirous of sending their children to a valuable scientific education, to inquire whether the facilities afforded at this institution are not, at least, equal to any in the state.

By order of the Board.

3rd 30 ISAAC T. AVERY.

## Mansion Hotel,

SALISBURY, NORTHEAST CORNER, BY EDWARD YARBROUGH.

Who respectfully informs the public, and his friends, that he has taken the extensive and elegant establishment, situated at the north corner of the Court-House, (lately occupied by Mr. James Hule.) The convenience of this situation for business, is equal to any in the place. The House contains a number of private rooms, well calculated for the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders; the Stables are equal, if not superior, to any in the place, and attended to by obliging and attentive Hostlers; his table and bar, will be supplied with the best market affords; and the regulations of his House, such as he hopes will give entire satisfaction to those who may think proper to call on him; and he assures them, that no pains shall be spared to render their stay comfortable and pleasing.

February 24, 1834. 96

## Entertainment.

CALEB SMOOT, takes this method of informing his friends and the public at large, that he has now finished repairing his house, and has fitted it up in the first rate style for the accommodation of Travellers, and all others who may feel disposed to call on him. His House is in Davidson county, on the main road leading from Salisbury to Salem, by Lexington, &c. twelve miles from Salem, eight from Lexington, and twenty-four from Salisbury. Gentlemen travelling from south to north, or from north to south, are invited to call, as every convenience of refreshment for themselves, feed for their horses, &c. will be afforded them at rates to correspond with the general reduced price of provisions and other necessities. Davidson co June 1, 1834. 131st 22

## Coach Making.

The subscriber offers his services to the public in the above line, and flatters himself, from long experience and steady application for a number of years, in Europe and America, to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their work.

Carriages of all descriptions, Panel'd and Stick Gigs, Sulkeys, &c. made and repaired on reasonable terms. SAM'L LANDER. Salisbury, April 26, 1834. 204

N. B. Carriages, of all descriptions, bought and sold, on commission.

P. S. A journeyman wanted at the above business, to whom good wages will be given. He will be employed on wood-work, altogether.

The subscriber keeps two Gigs for Hire, which will always be kept in readiness, with good harness, for the accommodation of those who may, at any time, wish to ride on pleasure or on business. S. LANDER.

Wanted, as an Apprentice at the above business, a young man from 14 to 16 years of age, and of correct and industrious habits—one from the country would be preferred: to whom a good chance be given.

## Cotton Gins.

The subscriber still continues to make all kinds of Cotton Saw Gins, at his shop in Salisbury, on Main-street, north side, three doors east of the Court-House. He will warrant his Gins to be as well made as any in the state; and will, hereafter, keep a supply constantly on hand, of his own make, for the accommodation of such gentlemen as live at a distance, or others who cannot wait.

The subscriber takes this occasion to give his thanks to all those who have patronized him in this line of business; and assures them, that, whenever they may again want jobs done, in the way of making or repairing Gins, his best exertions shall continue to be exerted to give them satisfaction. The public at large are respectfully invited to try the subscriber's Gins; and he feels confident, if they will once try, they will ever afterwards buy from his shop.

SAMUEL FRALEY, Salisbury, Aug. 16, 1834. 49

## House and Lot, in Charlotte.

For sale, on accommodating terms, the house and lot in the town of Charlotte, which adjoins Mr. John Irwin's store, on the north corner. Apply to JAMES TORRENCE, Charlotte, May 7, 1834. 7