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By PHILIP WHITE.

The terms of the Western Carolinian, will be published in advance. The price of the paper is one dollar per annum, in advance. Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one. All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

By Authority.

An Act to extend the time for the settlement of private land claims in the territory of Florida, to provide for the preservation of the public Archives in said territory, and for the relief of John Johnson.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, when the Secretary of the Treasury shall be satisfied that John Johnson, of Indiana, did enter, at the Brookville Land Office, in said State, the east half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-five, and the west half of the northwest quarter of section thirty-six, in township seventeen, north, in range four, east, by mistake, instead of the east half of the southeast west quarter of the same section, he shall be lawful for a patent to be issued to the said John Johnson for the two last mentioned half quarters, so intended to be entered, on his relinquishing to the United States his interest in, and surrendering the patent issued for, the two first mentioned half quarters, in such manner as shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners appointed to ascertain claims and titles to land in East Florida, be, and they are hereby, authorized to continue their session until the first Monday of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, under the same laws, ordinances, and regulations, heretofore established for their government.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, entitled "An act to extend the time limited for the settlement of private land claims in Florida, as renders void all claims to land in said territory, not filed on or before the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and it shall be lawful for claims to be filed before the Board of Commissioners in East Florida, any time prior to the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed two additional Clerks to the Board of Commissioners of East Florida, to each of whom shall be allowed the sum of seven hundred dollars, to be paid quarterly by the Treasurer of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That each of the Commissioners appointed for the examination of claims in East Florida, be, and they are hereby, authorized to be paid quarterly at the Treasury of the United States, out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated; *Provided, however,* That no one of said Commissioners shall be entitled to draw any portion of the compensation hereby authorized, until he has performed an actual and faithful performance of the duties required of him.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the late Commissioners for the examination of titles and claims to lands in West Florida, and of their Clerk, to deliver to the Register and Receiver of the Land Office for the Western Land District of Florida, all records, evidence, and papers, in the possession of them, or either of them, relating to said titles and claims. And it shall be the duty of said Register and Receiver to examine and decide on all titles and claims to land in West Florida, not heretofore decided upon by said Commissioners, subject to the limitations and in conformity with the provisions of the acts of Congress heretofore passed on that subject.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the several claimants of land, in said district, where claims have not been heretofore decided on, be permitted to file their claims, and the evidence in support of them, with the Register and Receiver of said District, at any time before the first day of November next, whose duty it shall be to report the same with their decision thereon, to the Secretary of the Treasury, on or before the first day of January next, to be laid before Congress at the next Session.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said Register and Receiver shall have power to appoint their Clerk, and prescribe his duties, and who shall be allowed, in full compensation for his services, the sum of eight hundred dollars, and said Register and Receiver shall each be allowed the sum of one thousand dollars

for the performance of the duties required of them by this act, which said several sums of money shall be paid said Register and Receiver, and their Clerk, out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, whenever the business is completed, and the report approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint two officers, to be called the Keepers of the Public Archives in the Territory of Florida, one of whom shall keep his office at St. Augustine, in East Florida, and the other at Pensacola, in West Florida.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That the said officers shall each give bond and security in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, for the safe keeping and preservation of the said Archives, and for the faithful performance of the duties of their respective offices, and the translation of such of the records and documents as are hereinafter provided for, and shall each receive a salary of five hundred dollars to be paid quarterly from the Treasury of the United States.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That a cord of all the Spanish records and documents delivered in [by] them, and having relation to land claims derived from the Spanish and British Governments, distinguishing and keeping separately those which relate to grants made within the districts of Baton Rouge, Mobile, north of latitude thirty-one, and those made within the present limits of Florida, a complete descriptive list of each of which translations and records, when completed, shall be forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the said officers shall, severally, be entitled to receive from the Treasury of the United States, on the completion of the work, a compensation at the rate of ten cents for each hundred words by them translated and recorded.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the said officers shall make out and deliver to individual applicants, copies or translations of any documents in their said offices, on being paid for the same at the rate of six and one fourth cents for each hundred words.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

H. CLAY,
Speaker House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD,
President Senate pro tempore.
Washington, March 3d, 1825.
Approved: JAMES MONROE.

An Act confirming an act of the Legislature of Virginia, entitled "An act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company," and an act of the state of Maryland, confirming the same.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of the Legislature of the state of Virginia, entitled "An act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company," be, and the same is hereby, ratified and confirmed, so far as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling any company, that may hereafter be formed by the authority of said act of incorporation, to carry into effect the provisions thereof, in the District of Columbia, within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, and no further.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That, should the state of Virginia or Maryland desire, at any time, to avail itself of the right secured to it, by the twenty-first section of the act aforesaid, to take and continue a canal, from any point of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, to any other point within the territory of the District of Columbia, or through the same, on application to the President of the United States, by the Executive of a state, the President is authorized and empowered to depute three skillful commissioners of the United States' Corps of Engineers, to survey and examine so much of the route of such canal as may affect, in any manner, the navigation of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The said commissioners, or a majority of them, shall ascertain, as far as practicable, whether the canal proposed to be constructed by the state aforesaid will injure or impede the navigation of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and report to the President of the United States the facts and reasons on which they may ground their judgment thereupon; which report shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States, at their session next ensuing the date thereof, for their decision thereon; and, if Congress shall be of opinion that the said canal may be cut in the manner proposed as aforesaid, without impeding or injuring the navigation of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, the same shall be conclusive thereon.

Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act making appropriations for certain fortifications of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to wit: For fortifications to each specifically as follows:

For Brenton's Point, sixty thousand dollars;

For New Utrecht Point, forty thousand dollars;

For Fort Delaware, seventy-one thousand six hundred and seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents;

For Fort Monroe, one hundred thousand dollars;

For Fort Calhoun, seventy thousand dollars;

For the Fort at Mobile Point, one hundred thousand dollars;

For the Fort at Chief Monteur [Monteur,] one hundred thousand dollars;

For Fort Jackson, on the Mississippi, one hundred thousand dollars;

For a Fort at Beaufort, in North-Carolina, thirty thousand dollars;

For Forts at Cape Fear, fifty thousand dollars;

For the preservation of the islands in Boston harbor, necessary to the security of that place, fifty-two thousand nine hundred and seventy-two dollars and fifty-six cents; *Provided, however,* That the right of soil of said islands shall be first vested in the United States.

For the armament of new fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars.
Approved, March 2, 1825.

An Act to authorize the President of the United States to cause a road to be marked out from the Western frontier of Missouri, to the confines of New Mexico.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint Commissioners to mark out a road from the Western frontier of the State of Missouri, to the boundary line of the United States, in the direction of Santa Fe, of New Mexico; *Provided,* That the said Commissioners shall first obtain the consent of the intervening tribes of Indians, by treaty, to the marking of the said road, and to the unobscured use thereof to the citizens of the United States, and to the Mexican Republic.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the marking of the said road to be continued from the boundary line of the United States to the frontier of New Mexico, under such regulations as may be agreed upon for that purpose between the Executive of the United States, and the Mexican Government.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, to defray the expenses of marking the said road; and the further sum of twenty thousand dollars, to defray the expenses of treating with the Indians, for their consent to the establishment and use thereof, the said sum to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act fixing the place for holding the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the Southern District of New York, shall be held in the City Hall, in the city of New York, heretofore, until otherwise ordered by law, until the Secretary of the Treasury, on the representation of the Judges of said Courts, respectively, shall direct further or other accommodation, to be provided for said Courts, or either of them. *Provided,* The competent authority allow to said Courts the exclusive use of some suitable apartment for holding the same in the said City Hall: *And Provided,* That the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New York, may continue to hold its sessions where the same are now held, until the last of May, which shall be in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act to provide an additional appropriation to complete the Public Road from Pensacola to St. Augustine, in the Territory of Florida.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the completion of the Public Road,

directed to be opened from Pensacola to St. Augustine, in the Territory of Florida, the sum of eight thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act declaring the consent of Congress to an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, therein mentioned.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Congress is hereby given and declared to an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, entitled "An act incorporating a company for the purpose of improving the navigation of the Appomattox river, from Pochahontas Bridge to Broadway," passed on the eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act making further appropriations for the Military Service for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to wit: For Indian Affairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian agents, as allowed by law, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

For the pay of the sub agents, including that of the Missouri, as allowed by law, thirteen thousand dollars.

For presents to Indians, as authorized by acts of one thousand eight hundred and two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, ninety-five thousand dollars.

For payment of the amount of the annuity due to the Cherokee nation, under the treaty of twenty-fourth October, one thousand eight hundred and four, which was ratified during the last session of Congress, and for which no payment or appropriation has heretofore been made, twenty thousand dollars.

For payment of said annuity for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, according to the stipulations of said treaty, one thousand dollars.

For carrying into effect so much of the fourth article of the treaty of the eighth January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, between the United States and the Creek nation, as relates to the compensation due to the citizens of Georgia by the Creek nation, it being for the payment of the fourth instalment, which will be one on said claims in one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, according to the stipulations of said treaty, twenty-three thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of holding treaties with the Sioux, Chippeways, Menomonees, Sauks, Foxes, &c. as per estimate of General Clarke, for the purpose of establishing boundaries and promoting peace, &c. between said tribes, ten thousand four hundred dollars.

For arrearages prior to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, twenty thousand dollars.

For arrearages from first July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen to first January, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For the payment of the annuity to the Osages by citizens of the United States, three thousand five hundred and eighty-two dollars and fifty cents, being the balance of a former appropriation which has passed to the surplus fund.

For payment of the annuity to the Sock and Fox tribes, as provided for by the third article of the treaty with those tribes, dated fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, one thousand dollars.

For payment of the annuity to the lowly tribe of Indians, as provided for by the second article of the treaty with that tribe, dated fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, five hundred dollars.

For payment of five hundred dollars to each of the four head Chiefs of the Quapau tribe, agreeably to the second article of the treaty with said tribe, dated the fifteenth November, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, two thousand dollars.

For payment of the annuity provided for by the same article of the said treaty, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of provisions for six months, as provided for by the fifth article of said treaty, fifteen thousand three hundred and seventy-two dollars.

For furnishing facilities for the transportation of said Indians, as provided for by the aforesaid fifth article of said treaty, one thousand dollars.

For the pay of a sub Agent or Interpreter, to reside among said Indians, as is provided for by the same article of said treaty, five hundred dollars.

of the treaty of the twentieth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, with the Choctaw nation of Indians; and also, of an annuity to Robert Cole, provided for by the 10th article, twelve thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For the payment of the claims of the Choctaw nation, for services on the Pensacola campaign, and other claims of the Choctaw Indians, as provided for by the sixth and eighth articles of said treaty, sixteen thousand nine hundred and seventy-two dollars and fifty cents.

For the salary of the Agent, provided for by the ninth article of said treaty, fifteen hundred dollars.

For carrying into effect the provisions of the ninth article of said treaty, the provisions of the third article, for the survey and sale of the fifty-four sections of land therein referred to; and for running the line defined in the first article, and any other expenses arising out of the execution of the said treaty, ten thousand dollars.

Towards the execution of any treaty that may be ratified by the United States, prior to the next session of Congress, with the Creek Indians, for the extinguishment of their title to lands in Georgia and Alabama, and for the removal of said Indians west of the Mississippi.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act to authorize the building of ten sloops of war, and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be built, in addition to the present naval force of the United States, a number of sloops of war, not exceeding ten, to carry not less than twenty guns, each, of such description and weight of metal as the President may direct; and that the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the aforesaid purpose, out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be sold, at such time, and in such manner, as he shall judge best for the public interest, one or more of the vessels which were purchased under the authority of the act, entitled "An act authorizing an additional naval force for the suppression of piracy," also, the whole of the public vessels upon Lake Erie, Ontario, and Champlain, except the ships of the line New Orleans and Chippewa, now on the stocks, under cover at Sackett's Harbor.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proceeds of such sales shall be applied under the direction of the President of the United States, to the repairs and building of sloops of war—which have been, or may be, authorized to be built.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

An Act authorizing the payment of Interest due to the State of Virginia.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department, be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to liquidate and settle the claim of the State of Virginia against the United States, for interests upon loans or moneys borrowed and actually expended by her, for the use and benefit of the United States, during the late war with Great Britain.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in ascertaining the amount of interest, as aforesaid, due to the State of Virginia, the following rules shall be understood as applicable to and governing the case, to wit: First, That interest shall not be computed on any sum which Virginia has not expended for the use and benefit of the United States, as evidenced by the amount, refunded or repaid to Virginia by the United States; Second, That no interest shall be paid on any sum on which she has not paid interest; Third, That, when the principal, or any part of it, has been paid or refunded by the United States, or money placed in the hands of Virginia for that purpose, the interest on the sum or sums so paid or refunded, shall cease, and not be considered as chargeable to the United States, any longer than up to the time of the repayment as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the interest, when ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.
Approved, March 3, 1825.

If a great deal of knowledge is not capable of making a man wise, it has a tendency to make him vain and arrogant.