

Salisbury:

AUGUST 23, 1825.

ELECTION RETURNS.

In addition to the returns of the election which we gave in our last, we are enabled this week to give the following, with which, through the friendly attention of our correspondents in the different counties, we have been favored.

Freeholder.—Geo. J. Davidson, senate; Davidson, 403, Wm. Harris, 319, James L. Hill, and Alexander Torrence, commons; Hill, 476, Torrence, 467, James Campbell, 545.

Wills.—Edmund Jones, senate; Jones, 445, James Wellburn, 304, Thomas W. Wilson, and Nathaniel Gordon, commons; Wilson, 542, Gordon, 554, John Sautclair, 618, John Robinson, 577, Charles Phelps, 59.

Lucas.—David M. Pomeroy, senate, without opposition; Oliver H. Hilliard, 361 David Commons, commons. We have not heard of the state of the polls.

Dukes.—James H. McDowell, senate; McDowell, 48, David Tate, 450, Edwin Poor and Peter Ballou, commons; Poor, 1072, Ballou, 831, Aba Burges, 796, Brian Collins, 407, For Congress, S. E. Carson, 907, E. B. Vance, 545, J. Graham, 578.

Burrows.—Athan A. McDowell, senate; W. Dowell, 624, Thomas Foster, 361, David L. Swain, and James Weaver, commons; Weaver, 1149, Swain, 1064, Benson Sims, 457. For Congress, Vance, 976, Carson, 271, Graham, 260.

Burys.—Henry P. Pindexter, senate; Pindexter, 377, Roberts, 381, Park, 333, Zachary, 123, Gallehoop Moore, and Davis Durrett, commons; Moore, 1196, Durrett, 1032, Tulbert, 603, Hudspeth, 316.

Quitfork.—Jonathan Parker, senate; Parker, 602, David Worth, 334, Francis L. Simpson, and William Unthank, commons.

Greene.—Wm. Montgomery, senate; William McCasly, and John Wren, commons.

Randolph.—William Hogan, senate; Hogan's majority over Troy, 47. George Hoover, and Abraham Grover, commons.

Ashe.—William Houldie, senate; Nicholas Drake and Major Wilcox, commons.

Beets.—John Nichols, senate; James G. Mhoon and William Roscoe, commons.

Carroll.—Samuel Salicyr, senate; W. D. Bernard, and J. Forbes, commons; Bernard 350, Forbes 306, E. Ball 304, T. Ferrabee 291.

Harris.—M. T. Hawkins, senate; Gideon Alston, Jr. and Remond Walker, commons; Alston 494, Walker 379, T. J. Green 371.

Cathow.—Robert Marsh, senate; Jos. Brooks, and William Underwood, commons.

Shoer.—John Hill, senate; Hill 520, E. Shoer 517. (Seven votes for Mr. Shoer were misplaced in the boxes, and not counted.) Augustine H. Shepperd, and Joseph Carter, commons; Shepperd 1278, Carter 799, Grigg 812, Robinson 206, Coffey 316, Pulp 45. For Congress, Mr. Saunders received 547, scattering, 390.

In Rutherford, for Congress, Graham 1078, Carson 453, Vance 201. Haywood to be heard from. We learn verbally, however, that Major Samuel P. Carson, is elected, by a majority of about 100 votes, having beaten his competitors in Haywood about two hundred.

The U. S. ship Hornet, Capt. Kennedy, arrived at Norfolk on the 4th inst. from a cruise of 13 months on the West India station. Her crew has been very sickly; no less than 64 were down at one time; yet she has lost only 4 during her absence; the crew were all well on arrival.

It is stated in the New-York Commercial Advertiser, that 74 persons died in that city, from the 16th to the 23rd ult. by drinking cold water when overheated, and by other similar means; that one of these killed himself by drinking buttermilk, and one by beer, when they were excessively warm.

The inhabitants of West Ban-table, (Massachusetts) lately assembled in their meeting-house, to hold a fast, in consequence of the oppressive drought—and offer up their prayers to Almighty God, that he may cause "the grass to grow for the cattle, and herbs for the service of man."

MELANCHOLY CASUALTY.

A friend in Burke county informs us, that on the night of the 2d inst. a young man, by the name of Gabriel Coxe, at the house of Mr. Jacob Mull, in the neighborhood of Morganton, fell down stairs and broke his neck; he almost instantly died. It is supposed that, in a fit of somnolency, he was walking his bed-chamber, and stepped off the stair-way, (there being no banister) and fell on his head, by which his neck was broken. He was a young man of excellent character, and highly esteemed by all of his acquaintance.

Caution.

At a shooting-match at Mr. John Barringer's, in the north-east part of Cabarrus county, the other day, where a crowd had collected, in the midst of whom a man by the name of Troutman was fixing the flint of his gun, the gun was prematurely fired, the charge of which entered the back of Mr. Leonard Piller, near the shoulder, and came out at the breast.

Instances have so frequently occurred, of fatal accidents happening from the careless use of guns, that it is astonishing people are not more careful in handling those dangerous weapons.

Mr. Piller, we understand, is since dead.

A friend in Lincoln informs, under date of 15th inst. that Joseph Wilson, Esq. (of Charlotte) who had gone, in company with Mr. W. Roane, to his plantation in Rutherford county, formerly belonging to Allen Twitty, was shot at six times, by some person or persons who lay concealed: Mr. Roane was shot in the hip; a negro of Mr. Wilson's was shot through the thigh, and two horses were shot: Mr. Wilson himself, escaped unhurt; the wound of Mr. Roane is likely to prove dangerous. A person, we understand, is now in confinement, under a suspicion of having instigated the commission of this daring act.

We are also informed, by a correspondent in Lincoln, that another set of bolts for making counterfeit coin, has lately been found in a house occupied by Mrs. Abram Coffey: the bolts appear to have been lately used. Abram Coffey has, for two years, been in Lincoln jail. It appears they were seeing the tools for him when he gets out, which will be in October next.

FATAL EFFECTS OF unbridled PASSION.

On Monday, the 18th inst. two negro men in the employ of Mr. Alexander Penny, about 15 miles from this town, while at work in the field, quarrelled about a drink of water; one of them seized an axe, with which he threatened to beat the other's brains out; the latter then picked up a heavy club, and in the scuffle that ensued, the one with a club struck the other so heavy a blow, as to split his head open in the length of eighteen inches. He almost instantly expired.

An error occurred in our last paper, in stating the vote of Cabarrus county: Mr. Klutz received 171 votes for the senate, instead of 156, as there stated. And the gentleman who received 164 votes in that county for Congress, was T. Hunt, instead of M. Hunt.

HENRY DELAMOTHE.

Inquiry is made in the York (Pennsylvania) Recorder, for a man by the name of Henry Delamothé, formerly a merchant of Tours, who left France 40 years since or more; the family to whom he belongs is making very earnest inquiries after him. Any information addressed to Count de Menou, care of the French Consul, New-York, or to the French Minister, Washington City, will be most thankfully received.

After vegetation had drooped and languished for the want of rain, for ten weeks in succession, and the crops of corn and cotton (particularly the former) had suffered very extensively, we have been favored, since Thursday last, in this section of country, with refreshing and copious showers of that most useful element.

These rains will be of almost incalculable benefit to the crops of corn and cotton: the corn, however, is mostly past relief, no more than half the usual crop will be made, in the region of country adjacent to Salisbury. We might indulge fears of a scarcity, but for the assurance given in the Catawba Journal, that there are prospects of abundant crops "in all parts of the state." The Journal article may be correct, in its applicability to Meckleburg county—but it is not so in relation to Rowan; although, from the common import of language, "all parts" would seem to include us in common with our neighbors in Charlotte—for we conceive, at least, that Rowan and the adjoining territory is a component "part" of the "state."

Mark L. Hill, a member of the 17th Congress, from the state of Maine, was, in 1822, appointed collector of the customs for the port of Bath, in that state: Some time last year, various charges were preferred against him, for mal-administration in his office; in consequence of which, the President of the United States appointed commissioners to investigate these charges—the investigation has been concluded, and Mr. Hill has been proven to be much more dishonest than was even suspected by his accusers, and will immediately be removed from office. Those who were formerly his most devoted partisans, now denounce him; but it is suspected they knew of his villany long ago and now load him with reproaches for the same reason that a certain man whipped his son—not for stealing, but for being found out!

COHEN'S LOTTERY OFFICE.

Baltimore, July 28.

Drawing of the Grand State Lottery.

We have great pleasure in announcing a continuation of the same series of splendid successes to distant adventurers, which have so long characterized Cohen's Office. The drawing of the Grand State Lottery of Maryland, No. 5, took place yesterday, (the 27th inst.) at Concert Hall, Charles-street, agreeably to previous announcement, and under the superintendance of the Commissioners, appointed by the Governor and Council. The distribution of the prizes being very brilliant, attracted the presence of an immense concourse of citizens, and the Hall was soon filled to overflowing.

The great Capital of Forty Thousand Dollars came out to No. 23,154, and is held in a whole ticket—the Ten Thousand Dollar prize, also in a whole ticket, came out to No. 23,447, and the Five Thousand Dollar prize in shares, to No. 2547. All sold at Cohen's Office. Conformably to our invariable rule, we wait permission of the fortunate owners, to announce their names—in the mean time, however, for the information of the public, we can state that the capital of \$40,000 is held in Philadelphia, the 10,000 sent to Pittsylvania county, Va.—one half of the 5000 to Warren Co.—one quarter to Caswell county, N. C. and the other quarter to New-York. The 40,000 we sold at an early period; but the holders of the 10,000, we may say, came in at the "eleventh hour," it having been sent to them as late as last Tuesday night's mail.

Of the ten minor Capitals, (the One Thousand) they are variously distributed both in and out of the City—Our distant friends came in for a full proportion; viz—one of them (38,082) owned at Cincinnati, Ohio—one (37,322) at New-York—one (37,636) in Pennsylvania—and one (4236) at Swainsboro, N. C. The Hundred and the Fifty Dollar Prizes, were scattered in every section of the Union.

PAYETTEVILLE, AUG. 11.

Major T. P. Andrews passed through this town a few days ago, on his return to Washington, having finished the business of the important mission on which he had been sent by the President.

We learned from him, that, previous to his departure from Milledgeville, he reinstated Col. Crowell, the Indian Agent,

in the office from which he had been suspended, the evidence produced not sustaining any of the charges brought against him, but making his good conduct as Agent apparent.

The report which Maj. A. will make to the President, immediately on arriving at Washington, will no doubt be a highly interesting and important document. It will probably furnish the most authentic and full statement of facts that has yet come before the public, in relation to the formation of the treaty, the execution of McIntosh, the situation, feelings, and deportment of the Indians, and the conduct of the U. S. Indian Agent, derived as well from his own observation as from the evidence of others. We hope it will not be withheld from the public till the meeting of Congress, as its publication will put an end to much of the doubt and anxiety that now belong to the subject.

Fayetteville Observer.

Mobbing.—The good city of Boston has lately been much disturbed by a mob, who quietly (that is, uninterrupted by the police) proceeded, on two different nights, to demolish houses, destroy furniture, &c. and had assembled on a third occasion to labor in their new vocation, when the Mayor, aided by a number of citizens, stopped their career and arrested twelve of the rioters. *Norfolk Herald.*

Prize Paid.—We learn that the fortunate holder of the \$40,000 prize drawn on Wednesday last, (who is a resident of Philadelphia,) presented his Ticket at Messrs. Cohen & Brothers' office yesterday, and received the cash for the same. *Phild. paper of Wednesday.*

THE MARKET.

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, Aug. 11.

Cotton, 17 a 18; flour, fine, 4 1/2; superfine, 5 to 5 1/2; wheat, 1 a 1 3/4; whisky, 32 1/2 a 35; peach brandy, 50 a 55; apple do. 42 to 45; corn, 70 to 80; bacon, 6 1/2 a 7; salt, Turks Island, 65 to 75 per bush; molasses, 37 1/2 a 40; sugar, muscovado, 10 a 11; coffee, prime, green, 20 a 23; 2d and 3d quality, 16 a 22; tea, byson, 85 to 90 a 1 25; faxseed, 80 a 85; tallow, 7 a 7 1/2; beeswax, 34 a 35; rice 5 1/2 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 5 1/2 to 6 1/2 per 100 lbs.; tobacco leaf, 4 a 4 1/2; manufactured, 5 a 20 pr. cwt.

CHARLESTON PRICES, August 8.

Cotton, S. Island, 50 a 65; stained do. 30 to 35; Maine and Santee, 40; short staple, 16 a 20 cts.; Whiskey 26 a 28 cts.; Bacon, 5 a 7; Hams, 8 a 10 1/2; Lard, 9 a 11. Baggins, Dundee and Inverness, (42 inch,) 75 a 27; Coffee, Prime Green, 18 1/2 to 19. Inf. to good, 16 a 18. N. Carolina State Bank Bills, 4 1/2 to 5 per cent. do.; Newbern and Cape Fear do. 5 per cent. do.; Georgia do. 1 1/2 per cent. do.; Daries Bank Notes 7 1/2 per cent. do.

Cotton—The quantity of Upland on hand is estimated to be about 20,000 bales; of which number 10,000 are in store, and the remainder on ship-board, unexported. The shipments have been principally made by holders, who are unwilling to sell at the present reduced prices, say 17 to 20 cents, according to quality. Although some lots are held at higher prices, very little will command over 20 cents. The shipping in port is supposed to be nearly sufficient to take all the Cotton on hand to market.

Married.

In the Forks of the Yadkin, in this county, on the 4th inst. by Jacob March, Esq. Mr. Lawrence Hudson to Miss Margaret Henderson.

In this county, on the 14th inst. by Williamson Harris, Esq. Mr. William Miller to Miss Catherine Mowry.

On the 9th of August, by John Clement, Esq. Mr. John A. Merroy to Miss Mary Hendricks, both of Rowan county.

In this county, on Tuesday, the 9th of August, by Rev. Joseph D. Ripstick, Rev. Jas. H. Bawman, of Maury county, Tennessee, to Miss Elizabeth S. daughter of the late Rev. Samuel McCorkle, of Rowan county, N. C.

Four years I've wander'd up and down, Forlorn; but now in thee have found Still more than I had lost. Let gripping misers sell their store; In one possession, I have more Than all that they can boast.

Died.

In Cabarrus county, on the 6th inst. Mr. John Locke, aged 23 years.

In Warren county, in this state, on the 7th inst. Mrs. Winfred M. Johnson, wife of General Robt. R. Johnson, and eldest daughter of Mr. Joseph Gales, senior editor of the Raleigh Register.

By Saturday's Mail.

Wille P. Mangum, is re-elected to Congress from the Raleigh district, by a majority of 56 votes over his competitor, Josiah Crudup.

In Orange county, the votes stood thus; for Mangum, 1553; for Crudup, 716.

The National Journal states, that, as the proceedings of the Naval Court Martial for the trial of Com. Porter, are very voluminous, the decision of the President of the U. S. before whom they have been laid, cannot be expected for some days; and until that is known, the sentence of the court will not be announced.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 12.

This morning the Court Martial which has just concluded the trial of Com. Porter will meet at the building east of the capitol, formerly occupied by Congress, for the purpose of proceeding with the trial of Lieut. Whitlock. *Nat. Jour.*

The Pennsylvania Canal Convention met at Harrisburg on the 4th inst. Joseph Lawrence, Esq. was, on motion of Mathew Cary, Esq. called to the chair, and Messrs. Shunk and Hobert were appointed clerks. About 117 members appeared. [The proceedings of this body we shall notice hereafter.]

CHARLESTON, AUG. 11.

Heat.—Until within a few days we have had comparatively a mild summer. Whilst our brethren at the North have complained of the unparalleled degree of heat, we at the South have had cause of thankfulness for the mildness of the season. But our turn seems to have come at last. The thermometer has ranged higher during the last three days than at any previous period this summer—several that we have heard of having reached yesterday at 1 o'clock, 94 and 91 degrees. *Courier.*

WASHINGTON, AUG. 12.

Governor Clinon partook of a public dinner at Chillisnothe, on the 25th ult. was at Lancaster on the 27th and proceeded to Zanesville, on the same day. *Nat. Journal.*

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The ship *Braganza* has brought London and Liverpool papers, the former to the 22d, and the latter to the 23d of June. A reduction from three to four pence had taken place in the price of cotton. Stocks had considerably improved in London and in Paris, with every prospect of a farther increase. Property to the amount of 200,000 sterling was destroyed by fire which broke out in a carrier and glider's shop in the rear of Litchfield street, London, on the 21st June. It spread to great Portland street, and, before it could be got under, 20 buildings were reduced to a pile of ruins.

Mr. Huskisson had introduced a bill into Parliament for reducing the duty on newspapers, which had been read a second time.

The victories of the Greeks over their barbarian oppressors, had been so successful that the campaign was considered at an end. It appears that the last remnant of the Egyptian fleet was burnt at Navarino on the night of the 18th May. While the patriot vessels were employed in this business, the troops under the President Condouriotis and Mavromichaelis fell on the Egyptian army; beat it completely, and made themselves masters of their camp. Very few Egyptians escaped to Modon. This victory had freed Navarino from the enemy. Certain accounts had been received at Trieste of the death of Mehemmed Ali, the Satran of Egypt.

On the 21st May there was a severe action, in which the barbarians lost many men in the plain of Iurcochosi, which is the famous plain of Leuctra, immortalized by a victory of Epaminondas. On the 24th, the equally famous plain of Cheronoxa was the theatre of a new victory of the Greeks. At Dantia, on the 6th, 500 Turks surrendered, with Odyseus, to Gen. Goura.

Spain.

This devoted country seems to be still the prey of anarchy. Bands of Constitutionalists committed depredations in every direction, and are said to be particularly hostile towards the clergy, on whom they inflict summary vengeance whenever they fall into their hands. It is stated in a letter from Madrid, that the captain of one of these predatory bands, named *Laraga*, formerly an officer of the Constitutional army, and very wealthy, scourged the country near Aranjuez, and defied even the body guard of the King; but the chief cause of terror, was an officer of cavalry, who had sworn to avenge the murder of nine of the band which he had formed. These men were executed, and died calling on their captain to punish their murderers. A detachment of the lancers of the Royal guard were sent out against the band, but they were shamefully defeated, and two of them fell by the sword of the captain, whose head has since had a price set upon it. A larger body of troops was ordered out; but they refused to march, unless they received their arrears of pay. This is now the tone of all, and Ferdinand threatens to raise money by a forced loan of sixty millions of reals upon the Merchants of Madrid and Cadix. The greatest misery pervades the country, and the fever is appearing in many places. In Andalusia the people are starving, corn being beyond their means of purchase. Fifty miles from the province, it is only at one fourth of its price in Andalusia, but as nine out of ten of the convoys fall into the hands of the Constitutionalists, little can be obtained.

In addition to these internal commotions and misery, it appears by letters from Malaga, that the Colombian privateers were every day capturing Spanish vessels. The "General Santander," the most formidable, had recently taken six or seven merchantmen.

Among the subscriptions in Liverpool for presenting a service of plate to Mr. Huskisson, we observe one of one hundred guineas, by the American Chamber of Commerce.

The following speculations upon the conferences that are to take place at Milan, are given under date of "Switzerland, June 5:"

"It does not seem likely that the conferences which were expected to take place at Milan, will lead to any results

that can have much influence on the Affairs of Europe, in general. It becomes daily more and more doubtful, whether the affairs of Greece will be discussed at all, at Milan. It is probable enough that they are often mentioned incidentally; but it is still affirmed by many persons, that they will not be the subject of formal conferences, till after the return of the Emperor Alexander to St. Petersburg, and the arrival of Lord Strangford in that city, who has been appointed English Ambassador to the Russian court. That Lord Strangford should be commissioned to take part in these conferences, seems highly probable, as he enjoys the particular confidence of the Emperor Alexander, in every thing relating to the affairs of Turkey and Greece; and was chiefly instrumental in bringing about the arrangement between Russia and the Porte. Besides, an intervention in the affairs of Greece, without the co-operation of England, would be of no avail. On the other hand, the real subject of the conferences at Milan, is said to be the regulation of the affairs of Italy; and Prince Metternich has had conferences on this subject with the Ministers of the Italian States, who have repaired to Milan. The Emperor will return to Milan by the middle of June, and after making some stay there, will visit, with the Empress, the Courts of the Italian Princes of his family."

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust and for the purposes therein mentioned, I will sell at the court-house in Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 4th of October next, a valuable tract of land in the county of Rowan, on Second Dutch Creek, adjoining the lands of Joseph Pool, Nicholas Letwick and others, containing one hundred and seventy-nine acres, it being the tract purchased from Otho Chambers by Henry A. Chambers. There is a good dwelling house and other out-buildings on the premises, with sufficient other improvements to render it a very desirable farm. As those that wish to purchase, will probably view the tract, it is unnecessary to enumerate its further advantages. A credit of six months will be given for one-half the purchase money, and nine months for the other half, the purchaser giving bond and security. HAMILTON C. JONES, Trustee. August 16th, 1825. 677

Valuable Negroes, for sale.

FOR sale, Forty or Fifty likely NEGROES, of the following description: men, women, and some few children; young fellows, boys and girls. For terms, apply at this office. Aug. 23, 1825. 72

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, made to the subscribers by Capt. John Frost, for the purposes therein specified, we will proceed to sell, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on Thursday, the 22d day of September next, on the premises where Capt. Frost now lives, the following Tracts of Land in Rowan county, in the Forks of the Yadkin, on the waters of Dutchman's creek, viz: one tract of 400 acres, with all the necessary improvements for a plantation, with an Oil Mill, Wood-Cutting Machine, Saw Mill, &c.—this tract, to suit purchasers, may be divided into separate lots; another tract of 134 acres, well improved, with good buildings, a valuable orchard, an extensive distillery, &c.; another tract, upwards of 80 acres, with good improvements, valuable orchard, a grist and saw mill, &c. Also, four likely Negroes; a wagon and team, &c. &c. and all of and John Frost's stock of cattle, hogs, &c. Terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale, by us. GEORGE SANBELL, SAMUEL FROST, NATHAN C. HUNT, GARLAND ANDERSON, Trustees. 3174 August 16, 1825.

Military Order.

THE officers of the Cabarrus Regiment will attend in Concord, at the house of J. M. C. E. E., equipped as the law directs, with their musicians and subordinate officers, on the 6th of October next, to be drilled by the officers of the Regiment. By order of the Col. commanding. J. L. BELL, Lt. Col. 273 BEN. PICKENS, Major.

Strayed

FROM the subscriber, on Wednesday, the 27th day of July last, two sows, white and black, three, the other one year old last spring. Information of the above-described fillies, will be thankfully received by me. JOHN McCULLOCH. Aug. 15, 1825. 274

Wool Carding Machine.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his citizens and the public in general, that he has put into operation a good new and well-finished Wool Carding Machine and Teazer, for the purpose of carding wool into rolls. All wool before brought to the machine, must be well washed; also, have all sticks, burrs, and other hard substances, carefully separate from the wool, that would tend to injure cards; together with a sufficiency of lard or cotton (not woolen) sheets to contain the rolls: one pound of clean oil, or lard, must be brought to every ten pounds of wool. ANDREW HOLSHOUSER. Aug. 8, 1825. 273

Wool Carding Machine.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Cabarrus, Montgomery and Mecklenburg counties, that he has just received a good and new and well-furnished Wool Carding Machine and set up at my Mill on the waters of Adams Creek, on the Charleston road, that leads from Salisbury to Hagler's ford on Rocky river, and Teazer for the purpose of carding wool into rolls. All those that think proper to favor me with their custom, shall have their wool carded at a short notice. HOW TO FIX THEIR WOOL. All wool before brought to the machine must be well washed, cleaned of sticks and burrs, and other hard substances that would tend to ruin and injure the cards: one pound of clean oil or lard must be brought to the machine. I will card at eight cents per pound; and a sufficient quantity of sheets of cotton or linen, (not woolen) may be brought to contain the rolls. HENRY T. SONSALLAN.