

We lay before our readers, this day, a translation of the Treaty of offensive and defensive alliance, perpetual union, league and confederation, entered into between the republics of Colombia and Central America in Guatemala. It will be seen that by this treaty the two republics obligate themselves to assist each other mutually with their land and sea forces against Spain, and all other nations which may exhibit a disposition hostile to the interests and repose of either; and in no case whatever, to yield tribute to Old Spain, or to commit any other act which can in any way compromise or prejudice their independence. The contracting parties further bind themselves to expel all unauthorized settlers from the Mosquito Coast. Provisions are made for running the boundary line between Central America and Colombia; and for the assembling of a Congress of Plenipotentiaries at Panama. The treaty is important, as it is an evidence of the unity of feeling, interest and purpose, by which these infant republics are actuated and allied, constituting a bond of amity which promises to be intimate in its character, and perpetual in its duration. [Nat. Journal.]

On Friday evening last, Com. Porter visited the circus in Philadelphia. The performances were for the benefit of Mr. Kirby, the celebrated clown, and were exhibited to a crowded house. The audience called for the national airs repeatedly, which were played with great spirit by the orchestra. A gentleman in one of the boxes cried out "Six cheers for Commodore Stewart and Porter," when they instantly resounded through the house. Many ladies were present. An incident occurred during the evening which drew thunders of applause. Kirby, as Scaramouch in the pantomime of Don Juan, in the drinking scene, took up a bottle and exclaimed, "Here's Porter forever!"—the effect was electric. [Frederick's Journal.]

There can be no doubt that the feelings of the people of this country are decidedly with the Commodore. [Aurora.]

We have been informed, from a source entitled to implicit credence, that Mr. James Lawson, who resides near the Pines of Dun, in the county of Patrick, in the month of August last, while on a hunting excursion, discovered on a large rock a Rattlesnake, which he killed. While in the act of despatching him, he heard the noise, usually made by these reptiles, as if it proceeded from more than one. He discovered that they were under a rock, which could be easily removed. He returned home for his son and grandson. They repaired to the rock, removed it, and killed fifty-five additional Rattlesnakes, and one Garter snake—in all fifty-seven! Such a large number of so poisonous a reptile, never before known to have been killed in this part of the country. [Lynchburg Virginian.]

The North American Review mentions that the government of the United States has lately renewed the negotiation with Naples, in reference to Murat's spoils, and that Mr. J. J. Appleton has been despatched to Naples a Special Agent for the purpose.

Profitable Prison.—The Warden of the State Prison at Concord, New Hampshire, has been enabled to pay into the Treasury from the profits of the labour of the Convicts, the sum of \$9000, since the rising of the Legislature—about three months.

From an advertisement by the Managers of the Washington Canal and Delaware State Lottery, drawn on the 5th inst. we learn that the highest prize was sold in a whole ticket, to a merchant of Washington. Several other capitals were likewise sold in whole tickets, some in Virginia and some in Ohio.

It is stated by the editors of the National Intelligencer that General Lafayette received upwards of four thousand letters from different places during his stay in the United States, desiring his assistance in procuring pensions for the soldiers of the Revolution.

A dinner was given to Mr. Southard, the Secretary of the Navy, on Tuesday, the 4th instant, by the citizens of Somerville, (N. J.) and the country generally. About eighty gentlemen sat down to the table.

A Curious Fact.—The National Journal states, that the Hon. Mr. Plumer, a member of the 19th Congress, from Pennsylvania, although but little turned of 60 years of age, is said to be the oldest man now living born west of the Allegheny Mountains.

New York.—There are near five hundred masonic lodges, and more than one thousand chapters, at the present time in this State.

Mr. Addington, late Secretary of Legation and Charge d'Affairs of the British Government to the U. States, left Washington a few days ago on his return to England.

## Salisbury:

OCTOBER 25, 1825.

In compliance with the request of a friend, we have this week given place to the Constitution of the North-Carolina Memorial Society. We shall give the address in some succeeding paper.

At the full term of the Superior Court for Davidson county, held in Lexington week before last, Judge Patton presiding, Negro Jim, the property of Abraham Peppinger, was tried on an indictment for a Rape, committed on a white woman; he was convicted, and sentenced by the court to be hanged, on Friday the 23d day of October next.

### MILITARY.

The six Regiments composing the 7th Brigade N. C. Militia, including the counties of Iredell, Rowan and Davidson, were reviewed last week by Brigadier Gen. George Lee Davidson. The weather was very fine during the whole week; which, added to the circumstances of its being a season of the year when the agriculturist may leave home without much inconvenience, insured an unusually large turn-out of the military, as well as a numerous throng of spectators. The patient submission to the rules of discipline, and the general good order of the troops, were especially observed and commended by the Brigadier General commanding, and by others who are close observers and judges of such things, and the general neatness of the officers' equipments, and their enlivened exertions to enforce so rigid an adherence to discipline among the troops, in the notions of liberty and the high-mindedness of citizen-soldiers will admit, have called forth an approving remark from the commanding General, and from others who witnessed them.

The 11th Brigade of N. C. Militia, including the counties of Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, and Montgomery, was reviewed week before last, by Brig. Gen. John N. Phifer; and, we are informed, made a very fine display of numbers, discipline, and equipments.

Although the present organization of the militia is acknowledged, on all hands, to be defective, yet there is a spirit of patriotism among the people, that prompts them to yield submission to the existing laws on the subject, knowing that some system of the kind is indispensable, for the safety and protection of the Republic, in cases of emergency.

### LUXURIOUS COTTON.

A gentleman in Iredell county, a few days since, informed us that there was then one cotton stalk standing in his field, which had on it one hundred and ten bolls, all healthy in appearance, and bid as fair to open well and yield good cotton, as the bolls on any of the other stalks in the field. At the first opening of the bolls, this stalk was picked over—but how many bolls were picked out, is not known. The gentleman owning the field which contained this prolific stalk of cotton, on first counting the bolls, made only 125; but another gentleman assisting to count again, they both made one hundred and ten bolls. The field was old ground, manured.

### A STORY TWICE TOLD.

An article has lately been published in most of the papers in the country, and among them ours, mentioning an affecting instance of the death of a young lady somewhere in Connecticut, by lightning, the electric fluid having been attracted to the unfortunate victim by a steel busk, which she wore. Some printer at the north, having either a better recollection than the rest of the fraternity, or by chance, in poring over some old files of newspapers, came across the identical article which has lately called forth the consideration of the reader here, in a paper printed some years since! The circumstance then, as now, afforded editors and moralists a fine chance to decry the fatal practice, in young females, of wearing buskas, (corsets) and all other unseemly, and unnatural appendages. Although this vagrant article was published all over Europe, two or three years since, and has now been new-ramped, and is going the rounds again in the country of its nativity, we hope it may not be checked, but suffered to pass on, till it has gone to every mother's door in this hemisphere;—for it bears repeating so well, we wish it may be told anew every two or three years.

### FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIANS.

Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's. Mr. Editor: In our intercourse with mankind, it is a necessary and moral duty to render unto every man his due; and it is painful to an honest, upright individual, whenever the performance of this duty or obligation is placed beyond his reach. But "who can control his fate?" when the hard hand of misfortune, or the fraudulent conduct of one man, presses down another from an honorable eminence; into the valley of misery and want; and when we see him using every fair and honest exertion to make a decent support; it is certainly wrong to accuse him of criminal intentions, when they have no existence, except in the brain of the injurious accuser. For my own part, I am glad to see every honest man prosper; nor do I feel the least inclination to oppose his well intended schemes to make a living; I should think it criminal to do so. But a long course of experience has

taught me, that a man's understanding and honesty are measured by the length of his purse. If he possess great wealth, it casts an oblique shade over all his faults and immoralities! He can indulge freely in all the vices of the age, and still retain the pleasing appellation of a wise man, and a "good hearted fellow."

There is another, and a very serious, maxim laid down by certain "knowing ones," that no man can lay any claim to learning, or understand the learned professions, until he has gone through a regular classical education, and has a perfect knowledge of all the dead languages. As this is a charge of some magnitude, and as it appears very appealing to the less fortunate part of mankind, it becomes necessary to examine it critically, and impartially. In the first place, it may be stated as an undeniable fact, that all books that were worth translating, have been translated into the English language; therefore, the English student reads the same books that are read by the Latin classical student. Put it is further argued, that the mere English scholar cannot understand the technical terms used in the learned professions: To this, it may be answered, that Dictionaries and glossaries will explain every technical term used. For example: Suppose the student of Law wishes to know the meaning of the words *Libertum Invenimus*; he can find it in his Law Dictionary; or there is an explanation in Blackstone's Commentaries. If the Medical student wishes to know the definition of the word *Physiologia*, he can examine his Medical Dictionary, and there find that this word is derived from two Greek words, signifying *nature* and *discourse*, the "doctrine of a natural or animated body." Or if he wishes to know the meaning of the words *Quædam*, he can refer to the same authority; and so for any other term in use.

As names signify things, it is immaterial which name a Physician uses, or how many names are used for the same thing. A Medicine that will cure the *Rubra*, will cure the *Megala*, as these are synonymous terms.

It appears evident, from these examples alone, that an industrious English Scholar may attain a correct knowledge of the learned professions.

There can be no doubt, but the classical scholar can progress much faster in his professional studies than the mere English Scholar, with the same industry. Horace has said, "amor vincit omnia;" but it may be more correctly said, "Labor vincit omnia."

To acquire a general knowledge of literature, requires close application, and intense study; a task to which but a small number of persons are willing to submit.

I acknowledge, with pride, that there are some exceptions to this general rule; those who esteem merit, no matter in what garb it appears.

Georgia.—The first election for Governor, by the people of this state, took place on Monday, the 3d inst. but the result has not been received. We have heard from twenty-eight counties, and on making an estimate, we find that George M. Troup's majority over John Clarke, is near 5000. In the county of Jackson, they were tied in votes.—*Kal. Register.*

The Baron de Stackelberg, Chargé d'Affaires of the Swedish Government, left Stockholm some few weeks since on his return to this country, to resume his functions near this government. *N. Jour.*

### Married.

In Fayetteville, on Tuesday, 11th instant, by Rev. J. M. Moore, Mr. Doyle O'Hanlon, of Wilmington, to Miss Margaret Mary MacRae, daughter of Duncan MacRae, Esq.

### Died.

In Mecklenburg county, on the 18th inst. Robert Silliman, Esq. Postmaster at Morrison's Tan Yard, but formerly of this county, aged 40 years.

In Mecklenburg county, on the 27th ultimo, Mr. William M. Todd, in the 53d year of his age. A dropsical complaint closed the sufferings of this excellent citizen.

### The Markets.

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, Oct. 13. Cotton, 14 1/2; Flour, fine, 4 1/2; superfine 6 to 6 1/2; wheat, 1 a 105; whiskey, 40 a 42 1/2; peach brandy, 50 a 55; apple do, 42 to 45; corn, 50 to 60; bacon, 64 a 7; salt, Turke Island, 65 a 75 per bush.; molasses, 4 1/2; sugar, muscovado, 11 a 12; coffee, prime green, 20 a 25; 2d and 3d quality, 15 a 19; tea, hyson, 51 20 a 25; flaxseed, 80 a 85; tallow, 7 1/2; beeswax, 30 a 32 1/2; rice 3 1/2 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 54 a 64, pr. 100 lb.; tobacco leaf, 4 a 5; manufactured, 5 a 20 pr. cwt.

CHARLESTON PRICES, Oct. 10. Cotton, S. Island, 30 a 35; stained do, 30; Maine and Santee, 40 cts.; short staple, 14 a 17 cents; Whiskey 30 a 32 cents; Bacon, 5 a 6; Hams, 8 a 11; Lard, 9 a 11; Bagging, Dundee and Inverness, (42 inch), 22 a 25; Coffee, Prime Green, 18 1/2 a 20; Inf. to good, 15 a 18. N. Carolina State Bank Bills, 4 a per cent. dis.; Newbern and Cape Fear do, 4 per cent. dis.; Georgia do, 1 a 1 1/2 per cent. dis. Cotton.—The market is nearly bare of both *Santee* and *Sea-Islands*, and prices are merely nominal. The caterpillars have made such extensive ravages in fields of *Sea-Island* Cotton this season, that we very much fear there will be a scarcity of this description. Uplands of the new crop come in slowly, and may be quoted from 14 to 16 cents; some small lots of good quality, for the northern manufactures, have been purchased at 15 1/2 a 16 cents.

By Saturday's Mail. GEORGIA ELECTION. Our latest accounts from Georgia, give returns from 31 counties; there are 60 counties in all, leaving nine to be heard from; in 31 counties, Troup has a majority of upwards of eight hundred; what the complexion of the returns will be from the nine counties not heard from, we cannot divine; but it is certain they will lessen Troup's majority, and possibly throw a preponderating weight into the scale of Clark.

Our readers will recollect our stating, 2 or 3 weeks since, that a load of new cotton was sold in Petersburg at 17 cents; as we remarked, that price has not been maintained—the article had fallen to 16 cents, and was expected soon to be as low as 14 cents.

Isaac B. Debs, has had a second trial, and found guilty by the Jury, 60th Judge, a pious soul of Governor Debs, (father of Isaac, the murderer of Baker) set aside the verdict, and granted a new trial, as is said, on the most frivolous grounds. Thus are the demands of justice speared at by what is called the relief party in Kentucky.

The Baltimore Patriot, of the 14th inst. states that the brig *Abeona*, which arrived at N. York on the 11th, from Gibraltar, brought news from that place, and from Spain, to the 26th August. Spain is represented to be in a state of anarchy and confusion. The laws appeared to be totally disregarded; and the most outrageous crimes, murders, and massacres, were frequently occurring in that miserably king-ridden country. It was believed that a crisis was fast approaching, which would either entitle Spain to a place among the most enlightened and elevated nations, or sink her among the most depraved and debased. The United States squadron was at Messina, but was expected to return to Gibraltar about the 1st of November.

Death of Mr. MILLER, charge des affaires to GUATEMALA.

The Baltimore Patriot has received information, by the schr. *Princess Ann*, from Havana, that Wm. Miller, Esq. (formerly Governor of this state,) charge des affaires to the Republic of Guatemala, died at Key West, after three days illness. Flour was selling at Havana, at \$22 per barrel.

Accounts to the 15th of Aug. have been received at New-York, by the ship *Geo. Clinton*. The cotton market was not quite as dull, as by former accounts, was represented: uplands went off pretty freely, at 7 1/2 to 8 1/2 pence, for ordinary qualities; and 9 1/2 to 11 1/2 pence, for fine. Lord Cochrane's expedition to Greece was not approved by the English government. No further accounts, of battles won or lost by the Greeks.

### William C. Dukes

HAS commenced the FACTORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, and as he will devote his time exclusively to the interest of those who may favor him with their business, he cherishes a hope, that he will be able to render every satisfaction.

Orders addressed to him at the Counting House of Messrs. JOSE ROBINSON & CO. (Edmondston's Wharf) will be promptly attended to—and to whom correspondents are solicited to refer.

September 24. 81

### Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE subscribers continue the FACTORAGE and COMMISSION BUSINESS, as usual, on Edmondston's wharf, and solicit a continuance of the liberal support they have heretofore had from their country friends. They may rely upon the strict attention and punctuality to their business. Moderate cash advances will be made on all consignments, on receiving Receipts or Bills of Lading for Produce shipped to their address.

All those who are indebted to the subscribers, or to our JOSE ROBINSON, are expected to make payment the ensuing season.

JOHN ROBINSON & CO. Charleston, Sept. 27, 1825. 3mt95

### Notice.

THE subscribers having taken the Brick Store lately occupied by Mr. A. Rice, next door to Mr. Charles O'Neale, in King street, intend continuing the same line of business as heretofore, and hopes for a continuance of his former customers, as they may rely on the strictest attention and punctuality to their business. For the purpose of winding up the concern of Mr. ROBINSON and himself, and keeping his business distinct, he will carry it on under the firm of B. HAMMET & CO.

BENJAMIN HAMMET.

In withdrawing my connexion in business with Mr. BENJAMIN HAMMET, I cannot, consistent with my feelings, but express my entire satisfaction with his conduct. Mr. H. has lived with me as Clerk and Co-Partner, for upwards of eleven years, in the whole time I have ever found him attentive and of the strictest integrity, and recommend a continuance of the public support he has hitherto received.

JOHN ROBINSON. Charleston, Oct. 8. 448

### \$50 Reward—Stop the Villain.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 17th August, a negro man *FREDERICK*, about six feet high, yellow complexion, pleasant countenance, an excellent fiddler, and very fond of the company of white people, has a plentiful store of impudence, is fond of dress, and has with him a quantity of good clothes. He was seen in Greenville district, South Carolina, on the 26th of August, riding a small poor horse, his fiddle tied behind him, and in company with a suspicious looking white man, who was on foot, and said he had bought the negro of me, and that he lived in Greenville district. The above reward will be given for the apprehension of the negro and white man and their confinement, so that I can get hold of them, or twenty dollars for the negro, and thirty for the white man.

JAMES CAMAK. Millidgeville, Sept. 5, 1825. 464

### Five Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Thursday, the 15th of Sept. last, an apprentice bound to the subscriber, to learn the tailors business, named *John Henry*, about 20 years. All persons are forbidden to harbor him, or employ and apprentice, at the peril of the law. Whoever will deliver him to me, in Rowan county, near Mocksville, shall receive the above reward, but no charges paid, nor any thanks given. THOS. D. GRUBB. Oct. 12, 1825. 381.

### MANAGERS' OFFICE.

### SPLENDID LOTTERY.

TO be drawn in the City of New-York, on the 6th of January, 1826, and finished in five minutes. 43 Numbers—6 Balls to be drawn, each ticket having 3 Numbers in combination. J. B. YATES & A. MINTYRE, Managers. SALISBURY, Sept. 25, 1825.

### New-York Fair Literature Library.

CLASS 3, FOR 1825.		
Prize of \$100,000 is \$100,000		
1 do.	\$20,000	\$20,000
1 do.	\$10,000	\$10,000
1 do.	\$5,000	\$5,000
2 do.	5,000	10,000
4 do.	2,500	10,000
10 do.	2,000	20,000
30 do.	1,000	30,000
78 do.	500	59,000
468 do.	100	46,800
4,446 do.	50	222,300

5,031 Prizes, \$567,000

9,159 Blanks.

Let less 2 Blanks to a prize.

### PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets \$50 Quarters \$12 1/2

Half, 25 Eighths, 6 1/4

This is the most magnificent scheme that has ever been offered for the patronage of the friends of Lottery adventure in America. The small number of Tickets, and the unexampled demand for them, is a sufficient warrant, that there will not be a chance left, for weeks before the day fixed for the drawing, and that the price of Tickets will shortly rise to 60 dollars.

Gentlemen are therefore requested, to be early in their application, as all orders actually mailed before the rise, will be entitled to be supplied at the present rates.

Notes of the Bank of the U. States and its Branches, and, generally, the Notes of all Banks that pay specie, received at par.

Also, Mercantile Drafts at sight, on any of the large Cities, and Prize Tickets received freely in payment.

All Letters to be post-paid.

The Mails may be relied on as being perfectly safe for all remittances.

YATES & MINTYRE, Washington City.

### Land, for sale.

WILL be sold at the Court-House in Salisbury on the 21st day of November next, a valuable tract of Land, lying on Second creek, in Rowan county, containing 32 1/2 acres, belonging to the heirs at law of William Robison, deceased: sold under a decree of the Court of Equity for said county, made at Fall Term, 1825, for the purpose of distribution. The land lies on both sides of Second creek, adjoining David F. Caldwell, Henry F. Robison, Michael Anderson and others. The terms and conditions will be a credit of twelve months for half the price; and a credit of eighteen months for the other half, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Titles to be executed when the money is paid. SAM'L SILLIMAN, c. n. s. October 14th, 1825. 384

### Notice.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and customers, that he has taken John Falls Walker into partnership; and that, in future, the

Factorage and Commission Business, will be carried on under the firm of *Roberts Martin & Co.* They will be much obliged to their friends for a share of their custom, and will use their best exertions to merit the same. Reasonable advances will be made on all produce sent to their address.

ROBT. MARTIN, No. 7, Kiddell's wharf.

### An Elegant Panel GIG

IS offered For Sale: it is nearly new, and is believed to be as substantially constructed, and as handsomely and fashionably finished, as any GIG in this part of the country. It will be sold low, and payments made accommodating. For further particulars, inquire of the Printer of this paper. [78] Salisbury, Oct. 3, 1825.

### To Journeymen Saddlers.

I WISH to employ a first rate saddle-hand, who is a man of integrity, sobriety, and of steady and industrious habits; such a man would receive constant employment, and liberal wages, for six months, and perhaps longer, by applying early to the subscriber.

JOHN H. ROANE. Morganton, Oct. 1st, 1825. 462

### To Journeymen Tailors.

WANTED, five or six journeymen tailors— "Good men and true," to whom higher wages than can be obtained at any other shop in North-Carolina, will be given, provided they are really good workmen, and steadily follow; no others need take the trouble of applying.

BEVELL & TEMPLETON. Salisbury, Sept. 28, 1825. 78

### Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers his Farm for sale. It lies four miles west of Concord, on the road leading from Concord to Charlotte, and on the waters of Coddle Creek; contains 150 acres of land, with all the necessary buildings appertaining to a farm, consisting of a dwelling, out-houses, &c. all in good repair. For further particulars, inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, JOSIAH W. WEDDINGTON. August 8, 1825. 3mt82

### Tickets.

IN the 2d-class of the *Oxford Academy Lottery*, for sale at the Printing Office: highest prize \$20,000; besides \$10,000, \$5,000, eighteen of \$1,000, &c. &c. Price of tickets \$5.

### Indictments

For assault and battery, for sale at this Office.