

Salisbury:

NOVEMBER 29, 1825.

The Legislature of Georgia assembled in Milledgeville on Monday, the 7th inst. In the House of Representatives, T. W. Murray, Esq. of Lincoln county, (a Clarke) was elected Speaker, by a majority of 13 votes over Mr. Hudson (a Troupite) of Putnam county. From this, it would appear that the Clarkites have something of a majority in the lower house. In the Senate, it is conceded by their opponents, they have a decided majority. The Speaker of the Senate, however, was not chosen at our last dates from Milledgeville. We have seen (in the Savannah Georgia) about half of Gov. Troup's message to the Legislature, (published in the Milledgeville papers before it was delivered to the Legislature, a practice in Georgia which, we believe, does not obtain in any other state in the Union.)—The Governor seems to have, in some degree, moderated his tone, in regard to the general government; he however dwells with some warmth, upon an "extraneous influence" in the late election in this state—taking care to give Col. Crowell (the U. S. Agent among the Cherokee Indians) many a hard slap in the mouth, for the part he took against his (Troup's) election. We are inclined to think, however, all things will be settled, in peace and harmony, between Troup, Gaines, Crowell and the United States, &c.

Since the above was in type, we have seen the whole of Gov. Troup's message, as well as the result of the election of Speaker of the Senate: Mr. A. B. Powell (a Clarkeite) received 35 votes; Mr. Stocks, (a Troupite, and Speaker last session) received 23 votes. Mr. Powell was accordingly elected.

The circuit court of the United States, for the North-Carolina district, met in Raleigh on the 19th, and adjourned on the 15th inst. A man by the name of Hinton McKinney, was tried on the 14th, for embezzling money from letters entrusted to him as mail carrier, somewhere below Fayetteville; and he was convicted; but owing to some informality in the proceedings, judgment was not passed on him; he was, however, again indicted, and is to be tried at next term.

Another youth, also a mail-carrier, was put upon his trial for improperly delivering a letter entrusted to him; he plead guilty; but judgment was not taken against him, as the act he had committed was one of youthful indiscretion, rather than of guilt.

HIGH BLOOD HORSES.

It is stated by a correspondent of the American Farmer, that Col. Sewel, and Saml. Hollingsworth, Esq. of Elkton, (Maryland) are the owners of four colts; two years old—two of them sired by the celebrated horse Eclipse, of New-York, and the other two by the high-blooded horse Tuckahoe, owned by John S. Skinner, Esq. of Baltimore; for which they were offered \$2000, by a company of gentlemen in New-York. But such were the expectations of the proprietors of these fine animals, that they refused the offer.

TENNESSEE BANKS.

The Nashville Republican states, that a joint committee of both branches of the Legislature, have visited Nashville, and have examined into the affairs of the New State Bank; it is understood they approve of the manner in which the Bank has been conducted, and speak favorably of its present condition.

Hugh L. White, Esq. has been unanimously elected by the Tennessee Legislature, a Senator in the U. S. Congress from that state, in place of General Jackson, resigned. The Nashville Republican states that this choice gives universal satisfaction; and Judge White carries with him great reputation into the Senate, which he will doubtless sustain, if not increase.

Another destructive Fire has visited the City of Boston; it raged about two hours and a half before it was subdued; a great number of the most elegant and costly buildings in the city were burnt; the loss of one firm, Messrs. Wells & Lilly, Booksellers, is estimated at from 50 to \$80,000! No probable estimate can be made of the whole loss: it amounted to millions of dollars—more than a dozen such villages as ours are worth.

It is stated in the New-York Courier of the 12th inst. that the Banks of that city have, from the late disasters of the Eagle Bank of Connecticut, and the Trenton Bank of New-Jersey, been compelled to adopt a regulation not to receive the notes of any country bank which does not pay specie on demand, for its paper.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

On Saturday, the 12th of November, the Rev. John Silliman was ordained at Morganton, Burke county, N. C. by the Presbytery of Concord, as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in that place and vicinity. The Rev. Joseph E. Bell preached the sermon, the Rev. John M. Erwin offered the consecrating prayer, and gave the charge to the newly ordained bishop, and the Rev. Joseph D. Kilpatrick addressed the people. All the exercises

were appropriate and impressive, and, we believe, deeply interesting to a very respectable congregation. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered, on the Sabbath, in the presence of a numerous and solemn assembly, to a larger number of communicants than we ever saw at Morganton, on any former occasion. Both on Saturday and the Sabbath, the sensibilities of the people were frequently much excited; Eyes filled with tears, and countenances indicative of deep and intense feelings, were visible in every part of a very crowded church; momentous realities of eternity seemed to occupy every mind.

We doubt not, but the friends of Christ were refreshed, and strengthened by new communications of Divine Grace, and sweet foretastes of that blessedness and felicity with which "a stranger doth not intermeddle." And we cannot but cherish the hope, that some who had hitherto, in a great measure, excluded religious subjects from their thoughts, were brought to see their danger, whilst out of the Ark of Safety, and exposed to the everlasting displeasure of a righteous God. It is our most affectionate desire, and most fervent supplication to the God of all grace, that any salutary impressions made on the minds of individuals, may not be effaced, till they cordially embrace the Savior as He is offered to them in the Gospel.

The induction of an able and faithful minister into the sacred office, however it may be regarded by the world at large, is an event of incalculable importance. It is intimately connected with the everlasting destiny of many precious souls; inasmuch as the message which he is called to deliver will prove either "a savor of life unto life," or "a savor of death unto death,"—not merely to all his hearers, but to all who come within the sphere of his pastoral labours. In reference to the immense responsibilities and endless consequences connected with the holy ministry, well may we exclaim, with an apostle, "who is sufficient for these things?" It is the consolation of the devoted minister, that his sufficiency is of God.

From the permanent location of Mr. Silliman at Morganton, we anticipate propitious results. Called in the Providence of God, as we believe he is, to labour in a region distinguished for the intelligence, the refinement and the hospitality of many, and for the piety of some, of its inhabitants—a region distinguished, also, for the salubrity of its climate, and still more so, for the beauty and grandeur of its scenery, what but the blessing of the Great Head of the Church is needed, to form as happy a state of society as is consistent with the imperfections of our present existence?

A SPECTATOR.

The following toast was given by Mr. Calhoun, at a dinner given to him in the city of Raleigh, on the 11th instant:

N. Carolina: the first to assert American Independence; she will be among the last of the States to abandon the principles in which that great event and our admirable political institutions originated.

Gen. Gaings passed through Fayetteville, on the 15th inst. on his way to Washington City. The General's health was so bad, as frequently to interrupt his progress.

GENERAL LAFAYETTE.

It will be seen, by our extracts of foreign news, that Gen. Lafayette has arrived safely at Havre, in France, where he met part of his family, and proceeded, the next day, on towards his paternal estate at La Grange. As grating as it must have been to the ears of the Royalists, they were compelled to hear the enthusiastic demonstrations of national love and respect, with which the French people welcomed his native country, the veteran disciple of liberty in two hemispheres. It was thought the royal party would endeavor to suppress any attempt to honor Lafayette, in a public manner, on his arrival in France, but it seems they did not hazard the attempt. It was said he would be complimented with a public dinner in Paris, the capital of the French Empire.

By a letter from Lieut. Gregory, who was left in command of the U. S. ship Brandywine, after Com. Morris and Capt. Read left her, to visit Paris, and other parts of Europe, it appears that the ship, after leaving Havre for the Mediterranean, (her ultimate destination) encountered a most tremendous storm, which compelled her to put into the port of Cowes, (in England) for safety; where, Lieut. Gregory observed, she would have to undergo some repairs, such as a little caulking, &c. having, in the storm, sprung her upper bands so as to cause her to leak a little. But it is a sufficient refutation of the exaggerated account published by the Democratic Press, the Nat. Intelligencer, &c. (of the ship's having sprung a leak on her passage out to France, of so alarming a nature, as to cause fears of her not being able to reach a port in safety,) that she should sail from Havre for the Mediterranean, without undergoing any kind of repairs.

We learn, from a letter written by a gentleman in Camden, S. C. to his friend in this place, that the trial of Mr. Clifton, for the alleged murder of Mr. John Adamson, both of Camden, took place on the 18th inst. After the testimony had been heard, and the counsel prepared to offer their arguments to the jury, the foreman rose, and informed the court the jury was desirous of hearing no argument; they accordingly retired, and in about five minutes returned a verdict of "not guilty." This trial had excited intense interest, not only in Camden, but in distant sections of the country.

"Sally" shall appear in our next paper. We shall in that issue give the other communications in the same order.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITERS.

A correspondent in Wilkesboro', advises us, under date of the 17th inst. that there is in circulation, in that section of country, twenty dollar bills on the Planters and Mechanics Bank of S. Carolina signed "T. Blackwood, President, and Daniel Revenel, Cashier." By close inspection, it may be observed that Blackwood's name is engraved; the paper is rather thinner and whiter than the genuine; and "S. C." in the engraving, is not very well done; but the spurious notes can very easily be passed to those who are not much in the habit of handling money.

Two men have lately been out in the adjoining state of Tennessee, passing the above described counterfeit money; they imposed \$190 on a couple of Farmers, in the counties of Green and Sevier, who have been in the county of Wilkes, in search of the counterfeiters. One of the rogues, by the name of Bungarner, (who is said to be from Lincoln county) has been in custody of an officer, but was suffered to escape. This base money is supposed to be from the manufactory of Twigg & Co., and no doubt Bungarner has an abundance of it with him; and if suffered to roam at large, he will most assuredly impose more of it on innocent people. Should he be apprehended, information may be addressed to George Bush, Sevier court-house, Tennessee.

GUATEMALA, or CENTRAL AMERICA.

It is stated in the National Journal, that Anthony J. Canas, the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from Guatemala, (or Central America) arrived in Washington City on the 11th inst.—It was to this Republic of the South, it will be recollected, that Mr. Mann, and Mr. Miller, both of this state, were deputed as charge de affaires; both of whom died before reaching their destination—Mr. Mann, before leaving the state; and Mr. Miller, after getting as far as Key West.

The intrepid Aerial voyager, Madame Johnson, was to have made her second excursion from Castle Garden, New-York, on the day of the Canal Celebration, but owing to the balloon's not being sufficiently inflated, or some other cause, the lady did not ascend. The mob enraged at the disappointment, tore the balloon to pieces. This may, perhaps, have been a fortunate circumstance for Madame Johnson, for, as she is said to have "faded" in a pond after her first voyage, who knows but what her second landing might have been in one of Mr. Spafford's living clouds.

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 17th inst. by W. Harris, Esq. Mr. Eli Smith, of Davidson county, to Miss Catharine Beas, of Rowan.

DIED.

In this county, on the 19th inst. John P. Rodgers, Esq. in the 36th year of his age.

In the Forks of the Yadkin, near Colkville, Rowan county, on the 13th ult. Mrs. Ellen Jones, widow of the late Maj. Isaac Jones, aged about 56.

Also, near the same place, on the 14th inst. Walther Gaither, Esq. aged about 54 years.

In Anson county, on the 3d inst. after a short illness, Charles Hunt, Esq. attorney at law, aged about 28 years. Mr. Hunt was a native of this town. His unaffected manners, and benevolence of heart, conciliated the respect of all his acquaintances; and his habits of industry and application, would soon have gained him a very respectable standing at the bar.

In Boston, on the 4th inst. the Hon. William Gray, one of the most enterprising and opulent merchants in the United States.

The Markets.

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, Nov. 17.
Cotton, 12 1/2; flour, fine, scarce, 5 1/2; superfine, 6 1/2; wheat, 1 & 1 1/2; whiskey, 40 & 42; peach brandy, 50 & 60; apple do. 45 to 50; corn, 65 to 70; bacon, 6 & 7; salt, Turkey Island, 70 & 80, per bush; molasses, 4 & 5; sugar, muscovado, 24 & 24 1/2; coffee, prime green, 21 & 22; 2d and 3d quality, 18 & 19; tea, hyson, \$1 20 & 1 25; flaxseed, 85 & 80; tallow, 7 & 7 1/2; hogshead, 30 & 32; rice 34 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 5 1/2 & 5 3/4, pr. 100 lb.; tobacco leaf, 4 & 5; manufactured, 3 & 20 pr. cwt.

CHARLESTON PRICES, Nov. 14.
Cotton, S. Island, 45 & 50; strained do. 20 & 20 1/2; Maine and Santee, 24 & 30 cts.; short, staple, 13 & 14 cents; Whiskey, 30 cents; Bacon, 3 & 6; Hams, 9 & 11; Lard, 9 & 11; Bagging,

Dundas and leverman, (42 inch,) 20 & 22; Col. Sea, Prime Green, 19 & 20; Inf. to good, 18 & 19. N. Carolina State Bank 4000, 3 per cent. Newbern and Cape Fear do. 3 per cent. do. Georgia do. 3 per cent. do.

Cottons.—The momentary depression in this article at the close of the last week, occasioned by the unfavorable advices from England, has since subsided, and the new crop of Uplands is selling at the highest rates of the preceding week. The demand is principally for the French market. About 500 bales of the old crop were sold during the week at 10 cents.

Cotton bagging.—A public sale of 500 pieces Dundas Bagging of fair quality, went off at 17 1/2 to 19 cents cash.

CHEMISE MARKETS, NOV. 15.

Bacon, 7 to 8; Brandy, apple 30 to 40, peach 30; bagging 20 to 50; butter 13 to 20; coffee, prime, 20 to 24; cotton 11 to 12; corn 70 to 80; flax-seed 80 to 85; flour 7 to 8; lard 7 to 8; molasses 45 to 50; oats 40 to 50; sugar, prime 12 to 14, common 9 to 11; salt, Liverpool 80 to 90, Turkey Island, &c. 75 to 85; tallow 8 to 10; tea, gunpowder and imperial 1 50 to \$1 75; wheat \$1 to \$1 25; whiskey 40 to 42.

By Saturday's Mail.

THE LEGISLATURE.

We learn from the Raleigh Register of the 23d inst. that the Legislature of this State, in pursuance of the requisitions of the Constitution, assembled in the City of Raleigh on Monday, the 21st. In the Senate, Bartlett Yancy, Esq. was chosen Speaker, and the old Clerks and Door keepers were re-appointed without opposition.

In the House of Commons, Augustin H. Shepperd of Stokes county, John Stanley of Newbern, and John Scott of Hillsborough, were put in nomination for Speaker; and on the first balloting, the result was as follows:

Stanly,	59
Shepperd,	38
Scott,	26
James Iredell,	6

Sixty being a majority, no choice was made, and the House proceeded to a second balloting, which resulted as follows:

Stanly,	76
Shepperd,	23
Scott,	18
Scattering,	4

Mr. Stanly was declared to be duly elected, and conducted to the Chair, from whence he made his acknowledgments to the House in an appropriate address. The former Clerks and Door-keepers were appointed.

Cotton sold in Petersburg, on the 15th inst. at from 13 1/2 to 14 1/2 cents. And in Fayetteville, on 17th inst. at 12 to 12 1/2.

In New-York, at our latest dates, upland cotton was selling at from 13 to 15 1/2 cents.

At last dates from England, (16th Oct.) cotton was selling at from 6 1/2 to 10 pence sterling.

Academical Instruction.

THROUGH the solicitation of his friends and employers, the subscriber has agreed to continue the usual course of his academical instructions, at Fort Defiance, near Statesville, Iredell county, N. Carolina, during the ensuing year. The terms are as follows: Every young man will be required to produce satisfactory testimonials of his sobriety and temperance; no young man will be admitted, who has been suspended or expelled from any similar institution; no student will be admitted for a term less than two sessions;—the first session to commence on the 2d of January, and end on the 7th of June, the second session to commence on the 8th of June and end on the 16th of Nov.—The price of tuition will be \$10 per session, to be paid at the close of each session. The price of boarding, including washing, firewood and candles, will be \$7 per month to be paid at the end of each session. JOHN MURBAT. Nov. 18th, 1825. 86

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Allemon & Locke, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to come forward, and make immediate payment; and those who have any demands will present them for payment.

The business of the firm will be settled by Ezra Allemon, who is authorized to make settlements and grant discharges.

EZRA ALLEMONG,
GEORGE LOCKE.

Salisbury, July 1, 1825. 63

EZRA ALLEMONG

Returns his most sincere thanks to the public in general, for past favors, and informs them that he has purchased the

Stock of Merchandise of Allemon & Locke, which is now very complete, having just received a fresh supply from Charleston, and which he offers for sale upon the most reasonable terms, at the stand formerly occupied by Allemon & Locke, at the north corner of the court-house. The favors of those who patronize him will be thankfully acknowledged;—they may depend, that every exertion on his part will be used to give general satisfaction.

Five Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 13th inst. an indentured apprentice to the blacksmith's trade, by the name of Alfred Rex, aged about 15 years. All persons are forbidden from trusting said apprentice on any account, as I will not pay any debt of his contracting. Five cents reward will be given for his apprehension, but no charges paid. PETER J. SWINK. Nov. 25, 1825. 2188

Negroes to Hire.

AT the plantation of the late William C. Love, a *dec'd.* will be hired to the highest bidder, on Thursday, the 29th Dec. (being the first Thursday after Christmas) from

50 to 70 Likely Negroes, the property of the said William C. Love. Among these Negroes, are some of the best field hands, and house servants, in this section of country.

E. VANBROUGH,
Adm'r. on estate of Wm. C. Love.

N. B. All persons having negroes in their possession, belonging to said estate, are desired to be present in having them at the above named premises, on the day of hiring. E. V. 2187.

NEW STORE.

GEORGE W. BROWN,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public in general, that he is now receiving, from New York and Philadelphia, a choice and handsome assortment of

Dry Goods,

Hardware, &c. &c.

which he intends selling at a small profit, FOR CASH ONLY.

Persons wishing to purchase, will please call, examine, and judge for themselves.

Salisbury, Nov. 1st, 1825. 83

Walter Gaither's Estate.

THE subscriber having qualified as administrator on the estate of the late Walter Gaither, *dec'd.* desires all persons indebted to said estate, to come forward and make settlement; and all those to whom the said *dec'd.* was indebted, will present their accounts for payment, properly authenticated, within the time still to be given by law for that purpose.

A. B. FOWLER, Administrator.

Five Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the evening of this inst. a bound boy, by the name of Andrew Ray, about seventeen years old. I forbear all person or persons of harbouring or trusting him any thing on my account. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the runaway, but no other charges.

HENRY RIPPLE.
Hopwell, Stokes county, N. C.
November 14th, 1825. 307

New and Magnificent Scheme.

Cohen's Office, Baltimore, 7
November 11, 1825. 5

WE have the pleasure to present the handsomest and comparatively most brilliant Scheme, ever offered to the public.—The price of Tickets only Ten Dollars, with the Capital Prize of the immense magnitude of one Hundred Thousand Dollars. The manner of Drawing, it will be noticed, is under another of the Specifications of the Improved Mode, secured by Letters Patent under Seal of the

—UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—
and under the superintendance of the Commissioners appointed by the Government and Consul. Tickets only Ten Dollars.

100,000 DOLLARS!

The next Grand State Lottery of Maryland, the whole to be completed in one Day, on Wednesday, the 15th February next, One Hundred Thousand Dollars Highest Prize.

GRAND SCHEME:

1	100,000	100,000
1	30,000	30,000
1	20,000	20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
15	1,000	15,000
10	500	5,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
100	20	2,000
500	12	6,000
10500	10	105,000

11280 Prizes. \$303,000

Every Prize subject to a deduction of Fifteen per cent.—and payable sixty days after the Drawing, but for which, as usual at COHEN'S OFFICE, the CASH can be had the MOMENT THEY ARE DRAWN.

Mode of Drawing.—The numbers will be put into one wheel usual—and in the other wheel will be put, the Prices above the denomination of \$4, and the drawing to progress in the usual manner. The 10,500 Prizes of \$10, will be awarded to the Tickets, the Numbers of which end with the terminating figure of either of the Three first drawn Numbers from the wheel of different denominations.

To illustrate which, suppose that 13,562 be the first drawn number, then every ticket in the Lottery ending with the figure 2, will be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars—then suppose that No. 1,365 be the next drawn from the wheel, then all the tickets ending with 5, will also be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars each—and in like manner suppose that No. 29,768 be the third drawn from the wheel, then all the tickets in the scheme ending with the figure 8, will also be entitled to a prize of Ten Dollars each.

This mode of Drawing will permit the whole Lottery to be completed at one Drawing—and a Ticket drawing a superior Prize will not be restricted from drawing an inferior one; also.

Whole Tickets, \$10 | Faghts, 1.25
Balves, 5 | Quarters, \$2.50

COHEN'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, 114, Market-street, Baltimore;

Where in late State and other Lotteries, were sold the Great Capitals of 100,000 Dollars, 5 of 50,000 Dollars, 5 of 40,000 Dollars, 5 of 30,000 Dollars, 12 of 20,000 Dollars, 17 of 10,000 Dollars, 32 of 5,000 Dollars, &c. &c. &c. AND WHERE MORE CAPITALS HAVE BEEN OBTAINED THAN AT ANY OTHER OFFICE IN AMERICA.

Orders from any part of the United States, either by mail (post paid) or by private conveyance enclosing the Cash or Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention as if on personal application.

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS, Baltimore.
"Cohen's" Gazette and Lottery Register, which will be published immediately after the drawing, will contain the complete List of Prizes, and will be forwarded gratis, to all who purchase their Tickets at Cohen's Office, and who signify their wish to receive the same.

Baltimore, November 11, 1825. 3183