

# The Western Carolinian

10187

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SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1826.

[NO. 292.]

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All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they will not be attended to.

### Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of West & Brown, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.  
Nathan Brown having taken the stand lately occupied under the firm of West & Brown, returns his sincere thanks to the public in general, for their liberal encouragement; and begs leave to inform them that he still continues to make and repair, on the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner, all kinds of Carriages, Gigs, Sulkeys, &c. and hopes, by strict attention to business, still to merit a share of public patronage.  
Salisbury, Dec. 30, 1825. 91

### To Country Merchants and all others

INDEBTED TO W. F. BASON, of Charleston, either on note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, who alone is authorized to give receipts and discharges.  
J. W. SIMONETTS, *country merchant*,  
Charleston, Dec. 6, 1825. 4194

### House to Rent.

THE House and Lot in the town of Salisbury, lately occupied by Mr. George Locke, and formerly by Alexander Fritsch, dec'd. is now to rent. Apply, Salisbury, to ALFRED MACAY.  
Nov. 14, 1825. 86

### Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wesley Reynolds & Co. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent.  
ROBERT HAMPTON,  
WESLEY REYNOLDS.

The subscriber having purchased the whole interest in the late firm of Wesley Reynolds & Co. returns his sincere thanks to the public in general, for their past favors, and begs leave to inform them that he will keep a regular supply of MERCHANDISE, as heretofore, at his store, near the east corner of the Court-House, in Stateville.  
WESLEY REYNOLDS,  
Stateville, Oct. 22, 1825. 3mt94

DOCTOR E. N. GAITHER.  
HAVING established himself in Stateville, respectfully tenders his services to the public, in the several branches of his profession, viz: Practice of Medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics, &c. and hopes to share a portion of public patronage.  
Stateville, Nov. 17, 1825. 6493

### For Sale.

MY House and Lot in the town of Salisbury, opposite Mr. Wm. H. Slaughter's house of entertainment, in a friendly neighborhood, and good society; the house is two stories high, with four fire places in the lower story; and two in the upper; the house is large and convenient, with a kitchen, smoke-house, corn-house, and stable, with an excellent garden and back lot, all in good repair. I will dispose of the same on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser, as I am determined to remove to the country next fall.  
GEORGE MILLER.  
Salisbury, April 26, 1825. 55

N. B. I also request all persons who have any demands against me, to call and receive their pay; and those who owe me, by book account or otherwise, will do me a favor by calling and settling their accounts.  
G. M.

### New Boot and Shoe Shop.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and all others, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Peter Kridler, on Main Street, a few doors north of the Court-House, where he has opened a Shop for the manufacturing of BOOTS AND SHOES, of all kinds. Having just received a new Stock of the best Philadelphia Leather, and all the necessary Trimmings, he feels warranted in assuring the public, that he will be able to do all kinds of work in his line of business, in the most substantial manner, and after the most approved fashions of the day. All orders for work, either from the neighborhood, or from a distance, shall be executed on the shortest notice, and on very liberal terms. The public are invited to give his new shop a fair trial.  
HENRY SMITH.  
Salisbury, Nov. 1st, 1825. 3mt95

N. B.—Reasonable credits will be extended to responsible customers.

### Great Bargains.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Houses and Lots in Stateville, either with or without his Bedding and other Household Furniture, and with or without all his House servants. Several tracts of LAND, the whole amounting to between 1500 and 2000 acres, adjoining the town lands of Stateville; or any part thereof, to suit purchasers.  
The lands in Centre, known by the name of the White House tract, and those adjoining; in the whole about 1200 acres. Also, my interest in several other tracts, all joining the former. A great number of other tracts of land, lying in different parts of the county of Iredeell. All the remainder of my negroes, 27 in number. Cash will be required for the whole price of the Negroes; all the other property will be disposed of at one, two, and three years credit. It is deemed useless to describe the property more particularly, as the purchasers will wish to view it before they buy.  
July 13, 1825. ROBERT WORKE. 67

### Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *Allemon & Locke*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to us are requested to come forward, and make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against us, to present them for payment.  
The business of the firm will be settled by Ezra Allemong, who is authorized to make settlements and grant discharges.  
EZRA ALLEMONG,  
GEORGE LOCKE.  
Salisbury, July 1, 1825. 65

EZRA ALLEMONG  
Returns his most sincere thanks to the public in general, for past favors, and informs them that he has purchased the

Stock of Merchandise of Allemong & Locke, which is now very complete, having just received a fresh supply from Charleston, and which he offers for sale upon the most reasonable terms, at the stand formerly occupied by Allemong & Locke, at the north corner of the Court-house. The favors of those who patronize him will be thankfully acknowledged—they may depend, that every exertion on his part will be used to give general satisfaction.

### NOTICE.

ON the Tuesday of the Court of Iredeell county in February next, all the remaining unsold lots in the town of Stateville, will be sold at the Court-house in Stateville. Persons claiming lots for which the deeds have not been recorded, and those who wish to purchase, should produce their titles on or before that day, the lots claimed by them will also be sold. Six months credit will be given on all purchases under one hundred dollars; and twelve months for all purchases above that amount. Purchasers must give bond and approved security.  
ABRAHAM K. SIMONETTS,  
MICHAEL RICHART,  
WESTLEY REYNOLDS,  
ROBERT WORKE,  
JOHN H. MCLAUGHLIN,  
September 28, 1825. Commissioners. 8mt93

New Leather, New Fashions!  
LE BENEZER DICKSON again tenders his unfeigned thanks to those who have patronized him, and begs leave to inform them and all others concerned, that he has just received, from Philadelphia, a

New Supply of Leather, and new Lasts and Boot Trees; which will enable him, by his own faithful attention to his shop, and the employment of the best of workmen besides, to make and mend every description of Boots and Shoes,

of as good materials, in as fashionable a style, and workmanlike manner, as any in the United States. He has received a supply of first rate Seal-Skin, from which he will be able to make most superb light Boots and Pumps for gentlemen. He respectfully asks

New Customers to try him,  
And Old ones to stick by him.  
Call at the sign of the big BOOT, opposite Mr. Slaughter's house of entertainment, Main street, Salisbury, N. C.  
Dec. 3d, 1825. 88

### FOR SALE.

IN conformity with the last will and testament of Solomon Hill, deceased, will be sold, at private sale, that well known plantation, in York District, on Allison's creek, ten miles North East of Yorkville, whereon formerly stood Hill's Iron Works.

On the premises are a large, new and elegant Dwelling House, a good Kitchen, commodious Barn, Stables, and every other necessary out buildings; and a new Store House, immediately on the great road. The situation of the dwelling house is high, healthy and romantic, commanding a view of an extensive and variegated landscape. There is also on the premises an excellent GRIST MILL, with two pair of stones, lately repaired—in complete order for manufacturing flour and has an extensive custom as any mill in this section of the state. Also, a New SAW MILL, in good order. The plantation contains twelve hundred acres of land, of which is an excellent meadow of twelve acres, a quantity of bottom, and a considerable portion of land just cleared.

The stream on which the Mills are situated, has a good fall and affords a never failing supply of water. The situation of the place is an eligible one for many purposes. It is at the point where the great roads leading from Charlotte and Lincolnton to Yorkville, Camden and Charleston intersect—in the midst of a cotton and provision country, and within one mile and an half of an inexhaustible supply of IRON ORE. Combining so many local advantages, it may be appropriated as a place of Entertainment, with a store; as a cotton factory, iron forge and smelting furnace, or a farm, as may suit the taste or pursuits of the purchaser.

Also, will be sold, either separately or with the above place, a tract of land two miles north of the above, on Beaver-dam creek, containing about three hundred acres.

A credit of one, two and three years, will be given for the greater part of the purchase money.  
NANCY HILL, Ex'ra.  
W. R. HILL, Ex'or.  
York District, Oct. 13th, 1825. 6mt92

State of North Carolina, Rowan County.  
COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November sessions, 1825. Rebecca Hudson vs. Alexander Miller: original attachment, levied on land, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the *Western Carolinian*, printed in Salisbury, that the defendant appear at our next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Rowan at the Court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday in February next, then and there to reply and plead, or judgment will be entered according to the plaintiff's demand.  
Test: JNO. GILES, Clk.  
Price adv. \$2. 6wt94

### PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

#### THE TREASURY REPORT.

From the great length of the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, we cannot, conveniently, give it in extenso, but submit to you the following abstract of it, from the National Journal.

The actual receipts into the Treasury during the three first quarters of the year 1825, are estimated to have amounted to \$21,681,444 26, viz: Customs, 15,196,397; Public lands, 976,902 67; Dividends on stock in the bank of the United States, 367,600; Arrears of internal duties and direct taxes, and incidental receipts, 98,881 29; Repayments of advances made in the War Department, 41,758 60; Loan under the act of May 26, 1824, 5,000,000—31,683,444 56. And the actual receipts into the Treasury during the fourth quarter of the year are estimated at \$100,000; making the total estimated receipts into the Treasury during the year 225,267,814 44 56. And, with the balance in the Treasury on the 31st of December, 1824, of 1,946,597 15; an aggregate of \$27,728,041 69. The expenditures during three first quarters of the year 1825, are estimated to have amounted to \$2,190,969 81, viz: Civil, diplomatic and miscellaneous, 2,098,325 16; Military service, Ac. 4, 690,500 59; Naval service, 4,127,156 37; Public debt, 11,074,987 79—2,190,879 91. And the expenditures during the fourth quarter of the year are estimated at \$253,000, viz: Civil, 445,000; Military 960,000; Naval, 820,000; Public debt, 1,028,000—2,253,000. Making the total estimated expenditure of the year 1825, 23,443,779 91; and leaving in the Treasury on the 1st of Jan. 1826, an estimated balance of 5,284,061 78.

Should the expectations respecting the receipts of the 4th quarter of 1825, be realized, the receipts of the year will have exceeded the estimate of the Treasury made at the last session, by about \$500,000.

It is observed by the Secretary, that of the above estimated balance of 5,284,061 dollars, the sum of 3,500,000 is not subject to appropriation, being the estimated amount which will remain, on the 31st December next, unsatisfied, of appropria-

Of the residue of 1,784,061 dollars, the Secretary observes, it is proper distinctly to state, that about a million cannot be counted upon in any estimate of effective funds, being made up of debts due the United States from various banks whose notes were received by the government during the suspension of specie payments, or which were used as Bank of Deposit; debts of which the recovery must, in regard to a large part, be doubtful, and in any case slow.

#### DEBT.

The total amount of funded debt on the 1st of Oct. 1825; was \$80,985,537 72. Of this amount the only portion remaining unpaid of the revolutionary debt, is the 3 per cents, amounting to 13,296,231 dollars. This and the subscription of 700,000,000 dollars, in the Bank of the United States at 5 per cent. (the United States holding an equal amount of the Capital of that institution), are redeemable at the pleasure of the government, making, together, 20,296,231 45. The residue of the public debt, contracted subsequently to January 1812, and amounting to 60,689,306 dollars, exists in the following portions, and is redeemable at the following periods: In 1826, the residue of the unpaid loans of 1813, 16,270,797 24; in 1827, the residue of the unpaid loans of 1814, 13,096,542 90; in 1828, the residue of the unpaid loans of 1815, 9,490,099 10; in 1829, the moiety of Stock exchanged under act of 3rd March, 1825, 792,569 44; in 1830, the other moiety of the same stock, 792,569 44; in 1831, the third of the stock issued in exchange for the stocks of 1813, 1814, and 1815, subscribed under act of 20th April, 1822, 18,901 59; in 1832, another third of same stock, 18,902 59; in 1833, the loan from the bank of the U. S. contracted under the act of May 26th, 1824, 10,000,000; in 1832, stock created under act of 13th May, 1820, 999,999 13; in 1813, the remaining third of stock created under act of 20th April, 1822, 18,901 59; in 1833, the moiety of the stock exchanged under act of 26th May, 1824, 2,227,363 97; in 1834, the other moiety of same stock, 2,227,363 98; in 1835, the stock issued under the act of 3d March, 1827, 4,735,296 36; total, reimbursable at the period above stated, 60,689,306 37; total, redeemable at the pleasure of the government, 20,296,231 45; total funded debt on 1st October, 1825, as above, \$80,985,537 72. The Treasury notes unpaid on the 1st October, 1825, is 16,600; and the amount of Mississippi Stock unredeemed on that day, is 7,860 dollars.

Of the \$11,074,987 79, mentioned as paid off in the last year, \$7,737,032 19 were on account of principal, and the remainder of interest for the first three quarters of the year. In 1826, upwards of sixteen millions, and in 1827, thirteen millions, of the debt will become due. It is proposed to pass an act to borrow nine millions at 5 per cent. interest, redeemable in 1829 and 1830; and an act for an additional loan of six millions; the former loan to enable the Treasury to pay off the remainder of the 6 per cent. stock of 1813, redeemable in 1826; and the latter to redeem the thirteen millions of the stock of 1814, which will become redeemable in 1827. After these operations, and some exchanges of stock which are proposed, there will remain to be provided in the year 1829, eight and half millions; and the same sum in 1830. After 1830 the remainder of the debt will be about forty millions, one half of which will be redeemable at the pleasure of the Government; and the principal part bearing an interest of less than 5 per cent.

#### REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The exports of the year ending the 30th September, 1823, exceeded 92,000,000 dollars; the imports have exceeded, 91,000,000 dollars.

Of the exports, upwards of 66,000,000 were of domestic, and the remainder of foreign productions. Of the imports, upwards of 86,000,000, and of the exports upwards of 81,000,000 were in American vessels.

The amount of exports exceeds, by 17 millions, the average amount of the three years preceding; the imports exceed the same average by about 11 millions. The amount of domestic manufactures exported during the year, was between five and six millions; exceeding the exports of the same character, in 1824, 800,000 dollars, and those of 1823, more than 2 millions of dollars. The increase is attributed to the new Tariff.

Gross amount of duties accruing upon imports and tonnage, from January 1, to Sept. 30, 1825, 25,500,000. The gross amount for the year is estimated at 31,000,000 dollars.

This will exceed, by 6 millions, the amount of any one year since the excessive importations of 1815 and 1816.

The amount of debentures issued during the first three quarters of the present year, was \$4,489,710 29; being more by \$1,537,710 99 than the amount in the same period in the preceding year. Amount of those outstanding on the 30th September last, and chargeable on revenue of 1826, \$1,859,313 64; being more by \$854,313 64 than was chargeable on the same day in 1824, on the revenue of 1825.

The whole receipts of the year 1825 are estimated as follows, viz: From customs, \$24,000,000; Public lands, 1,000,000; Bank dividends, 385,000; Miscellaneous and incidental receipts, 115,000—25,500,000 dollars.

The expenditures as follows, viz: Civil, miscellaneous, and diplomatic, 2,022,454 66; Military service, including fortifications, ordnance, Indian department, Revolutionary and military pensions, arming the militia, and arrearages prior to the 1st of January, 1817, 5,525,662 55; Naval service, including the gradual increase of the navy, 3,026,312 87; Public debt, 10,000,000—20,584,730 02. Which will leave a balance in the Treasury, on the 31st of December, 1826, of 4,915,269 98.

The report concludes with a series of observations in favor of domestic manufactures, leading to a recommendation to augment the duties on all manufactures of cotton of a fine quality, and lowering those on teas, coffee, and cocoa.

#### GENERAL POST-OFFICE.

The report of the Postmaster-General carries on its face unquestionable evidence of the degree of system and economy which has been introduced, with such happy effects, into that Department, under its present Head. For the three years preceding the 1st of April, 1823, the expenditures had exceeded the receipts 262,821 dollars. The excess of expenditures over the receipts, for the year ending in July 1, 1823, was 55,540 dollars (we omit the fractions). In the next year, ending July 1, 1824, the excess, on the same side, was 12,387 dollars. But, in the last year, ending July 1, 1825, we find the balance on the other side, the excess of receipts over the expenditures being no less than 45,476 dollars. This change has been effected by a double operation—1st, by the increase of the receipts; the receipts, between July 1, 1823, and July 1, 1825, having increased \$137,716; and, 2dly, a diminution of expenditure, a saving having been effected in making the large contracts in the fall of 1823, of

therefore, that, within a year, the pecuniary situation of the Department has been improved, no less than \$185,537. The increase in the transportation of the mail, notwithstanding such an improvement appears in the financial situation of the Department, within the same periods, has been 1,326,821 miles annually; and 1,040 post offices have been established. From 18,000 to 20,000 agents are employed by this Department. It is, therefore, rather to be wondered at that so much punctuality and security are exhibited, than that sometimes a failure or a loss should occur.

#### THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The Report of the Secretary of War, contains a rapid, but able and interesting view of the situation of the army, and of all the subordinate branches of the Department. It concentrates into one point all the various suggestions and observations which are scattered through the different reports rendered from the several bureaux; and presents them to the public in the most forcible position and phrasology; adding to all the details of improvement which practical talent has proposed, the weight of executive sanction and recommendation.

The first and most important Document enclosed in the above report, is the report of the Chief Engineer, containing a report of the operations conducted under the direction of the Engineer Department during the year ending on the 30th of Sept. last. From this report it appears that the cost of fortifications during the year has been \$3,391,306 54; and that the amount requisite to complete these several works is \$2,638,026 70. With a view to complete the great system of defence which has been hitherto carried on with such vigour, three different classes of works are suggested. The cost of the first class, to be commenced immediately, will be \$4,626,453 40. The expense of the second class, to be commenced at a later period, is estimated at \$3,337,177 63. The cost of the third class, the construction of which may be deferred to a remote period, is stated at \$1,654,575 51; making a grand total of \$11,638,208 61; for which the whole of our Atlantic Coast will be belted with a chain of almost impregnable fortifications. The works commenced during this year, are the fortification on Oak Island, at the mouth of Cape Fear river; that on Bogue Point, near Beaufort; both in North-Carolina; and the works on George's Island, in the harbour of Boston. Progress has also been made in the fortification at Brenton's Point, which has been named Fort Adams; in that at New-Utrecht, called Fort Hamilton; in Fort Delaware, Fort Calhoun, Fort Monroe, at Mobile Point, at Chief Menteur, and at Fort Jackson.

Under the head of Internal Improvements, \$12,837 48 have been expended in deepening the channel into the harbour of Presque Isle, and it will require an additional expenditure of \$14,162 52 to complete it; in repairing Plymouth Beach, \$24,203 09 have been expended; and the further cost will be \$26,508 91; on the improvement of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, \$4,474 94 is the sum expended; and in the continuation of the Cumberland road, \$4,995 58.

The report then gives a view of the services in which the Board of Engineers for Internal Improvement have been employed. General Bernard and Mr. Shriver, constituting this Board, left Washington in March, to make a survey of a site for the National road from the seat of government of the United States to New-Orleans. They were directed to take three routes; 1st. The Atlantic, passing through the Capitals of the Southern States—Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Milledgeville, &c.—2d. The intermediate route, comprehending all the routes West of the first route, and East of the mountains; and 3d. The Western route, in the route through the valley of the mountains West of the Blue ridge. The two first of these routes were examined by Gen-