gallons were of Sharry and St. Lucar; 3,037,709 gallons were of Claret, and other wines imported in bottles or cases; 5,640,649 gallons were of Lisbon, Oporto, and other Portuguese wine; 10,922,643 gallons were of Teneriffe, Fayal, Malaga, St. George, and other Western Island Wines; and 33,933,800 gallons come under the class of miscellaneous wines. The largest quantity of wine imported in any one year, was in the year 1803, when 6,261,780 gallons, about one-tenth of the whole, was imported; and the smallest quantity in 1814, when only 422,459 gallons were imported.

Nat. Jour.

A fire happened at Newbern, in this state, on the 20th ult. which destroyed nine buildings, before it was got under.

The New-York Literature Lottery was drawn on the 19th ult. The five highest prizes were all sold in shares; the highest of them, $100,000, was sold in halves, one half to a young man in the city of New-York; the other to a man in Poughkeepsie.

The noted horse-thief, *Smith*, whom we stated two weeks since, had been caught and lodged in Lynchburg (Va.) jail, we learn from the papers of that town, has broken out and made his escape again. The $240 offered by the sheriff of Stokes county in this state, will, we hope, be a sufficient inducement for some enterprizing person again to apprehend him.

On the 12th ult. 43 free blacks left Elizabeth City, in this state, for Norfolk, from whence they were to take passage for Liberia, the colony of free blacks in Africa. Previously, (during the last season) 40 had left Elizabeth City, for the same destination; making, in all, 83 from one county in this state. These facts furnish the best evidence that can be desired, of the beneficial results of the labors of the American Colonization Society. If the free blacks do not add any thing to the aggregate of productive labor in the state, it must certainly be good policy on our part to induce them to leave it—as well as a wise determination in them to do so, if they can better their condition elsewhere: And that their condition can be bettered, in the land of their fathers, and the home of their kindred, we think the many statements that have, from time to time, been made by white men, whose character for honor and veracity is a sufficient warranty against deception, as well as letters from the emigrants themselves, fully demonstrate.

We cannot be mistaken in the belief, that the germs of nearly all the discontent, insubordination and insurrection among our slaves, spring from seeds sown by the free negroes. As it is among the first cares of the provident housewife, after she has gathered from her garden the products of the season, to pull up and clear off from the soil, all roots and branches of weeds and noxious plants, that the seeds from which germinate that useless and vexatious herbage, which springs up and checks the growth of those esculent vegetables so necessary for culinary purposes, may be destroyed; so should it be among the primary objects of the philanthropic statesman, to endeavor to discover and eradicate from the body politic, the *germs* of all mischief, before they shoot forth into a more noxious state of existence. By this train of reasoning, it would appear to be the *duty* of those of our fellow-citizens to whom we delegate the authority to legislate for us, not only to encourage by precept, but by legal enactments, the free blacks of our country to migrate to Africa, or elsewhere. Their migration will, to be sure, lessen the actual population of the country; but it will not diminish our wealth, nor lessen our resources; for we believe that that class of our population *consume* more than they *produce*—that the productions of their honest labor are not adequate to their maintenance; and, of course, that they must depredate on the property of the whites, to make up that portion of their subsistence which want of industry fails of gaining them. Moreover, in the absence of the free blacks, our slaves will become more contented, more industrious, and, of consequence, more profitable to their masters: So that the emigration of every free negro in the country, would not only *not* diminish our wealth and resources, but would actually *add to them*.

We have received the first number of the "North-Carolina Telegraph," a Religious Newspaper, published in the town of Fayetteville, by the Rev. Robert H. Morrison. It is published weekly, in an octavo form, 16 pages each number, at $2 50 per annum in advance, or $3 at the end of the year. From the well-known character of the Editor, for talent and enterprize, and from the favorable specimen we have in the first number, the public have an assurance that the "North-Carolina Telegraph" will be a very valuable and interesting Religious publication; one which lays claim to a liberal patronage from the citizens of North-Carolina.

We have also received the first number of the "Carolina Patriot," published in the town of Greensboro', Guilford co., N. C. by Wm. Potter.

Melancholy.—We learn that a young lady, (daughter of Mr. Gilmore, living near Kirksville, Mecklenburg county, in this state) only about 14 years of age, committed suicide, a few days since, by hanging herself. She had never exhibited any symptom of insanity, of grief, or of melancholy; and the incentive to the commission of so unnatural and shocking a deed, is one of those mysterious providences, which are incomprehensible to human penetration.

The editor of the Elizabeth City (N. C.) Star, publishes the marriage of Mr. John Mac Morine to Miss Martha F. Sawyer, and returns thanks to the "happy couple" for a large slice of wedding Cake, sent him as a fee for publishing the nuptials. We are glad this good old custom is getting into vogue so near home; and hope it may spread with the rapidity other *female fashions* do; for, in that event, WE might expect to feast all winter on "pound cake."

The editor of the Catawba Journal affects not to have been "tickled" by the "straw" with which he imagines he has "tickled" us; but if there be any truth in the old adage, that

"A straw will show, which the wind does blow,"

our worthy brother of the type must permit us, in this instance, to doubt the sincerity of his declaration. We do not wish to be understood, that, like many, he is

"Pleas'd with a rattle,
Tickled with a straw;"

but the good opinion and good offices of mankind, constitute an unction so grateful to most men, that we cannot persuade ourselves the editor of the Journal is so much a stoick, as to be entirely indifferent about the kind "recommendations" of his friends. The passion for fame is so universally implanted in the human breast, that our worthy friend must be an exception to his species, if he does not *sometimes* very sensibly feel secret aspirations after distinction.

It is as profitless to their readers as to themselves, for editors to employ their time in throwing squibs at each other: And although in the present instance, our neighbor in Charlotte "cast the first stone," yet if, like the shrew, he is determined to have "the last word," we shall certainly not deprive him of his fancied enjoyment of it.

NATIONAL ROAD.

Capt. Poussin and Lieut. Trimble, U. S. Engineers, arrived at N. Orleans on the 30th ult. They examined the Western route, passing through Abingdon, Knoxville, Centerville, (Alabama,) Fordsville, (Mississippi,) crossing the Rigolets and Chef Menteur. The distance of the road they travelled is said to have been about 1150 miles, passing over an excellent country for making a turnpike road.

KENTUCKY.

During a debate in the Legislature of Kentucky, Governor Desha is represented to have taken his stand in front of the Speaker's chair; and while Mr. Turner was speaking, stared him in the face with the most expressive looks of intimidation, threatening him several times by nods of the head. Mr. Turner, indignant at such conduct, is said to have observed "we do not nor cannot know how far these young men might go (a company of infantry with a son of the governor at their head,) urged on by the countenance and approbation of our mad governor; for to me he certainly appears to be mad. The governor remained in the house during the whole time of the debate. A Frankfort paper remarks—"This is the present fallen condition of Kentucky, governed by a man who neither regards his own dignity, the character of the state, the respect due to the house, or the obligation of the laws. Our governor's son, twice convicted of murder, and still in jail, and another under his own eye, ready to imbrue his hands in the blood of new crimes, and new assassinations! But what is there to prevent the commission of crimes in the son, when judges can be prostituted for his acquittal, and the father holds the power of pardon, without the pride of character, sense of honor, or moral obligation? There is nothing."

We are happy to perceive that an Account of the Life, Writings, and Speeches, of the late William Pinkney, is about to be published by Henry Wheaton, esq. The work will include some of the speeches of Mr. Pinkney in Congress and at the Bar, which have never before been published. *Balt. Pat.*

The Markets.

NEW-YORK, JAN. 19.

Cotton.—There has been a gradual decline in prices, and the range of uplands may now be considered 12½ to 13¾ cts. extra fine, might perhaps, command ¼ to 1 ct. per lb. more. Sales of the new crop Alabama, just arrived, have been made at 13½ to 14½ cts. The whole business since our last, may be put down at about 1500 bales. Accounts from Liverpool, per Packet ship John Wells, arrived yesterday, to Dec. 7, state that market to remain without change.

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, Jan. 26.

Cotton, 11 a 11½; flour, fine, scarce, 5½, superfine 6; wheat, $1 a 1 25; whiskey, 40 to 42½; peach brandy, 50 a 60; apple do. 60; corn, 70 to 75; bacon, 7½; salt, Turks Island, 70 a 80 per bush.; molasses, 35 40; sugar, muscovado, 11 a 12; coffee, prime green, 20 21; 2d and 3d quality, 17 a 18; tea, hyson, $1 20 a 1 20; flaxseed, 90; tallow, 10; beeswax, 30 a 32; rice 3 50 to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 5½ a 5¾. pr, 100 lb.; tobacco, leaf, 4½ a 5 75; manufactured, 5 a 20 pr. cwt. *Observer.*

FAYETTEVILLE, JAN. 26.

Arrived at Fayetteville, on the 18th inst. Steam-Boat North Carolina, with 94 hhds. Molasses, 24 bbls and 3 hhds. Sugar, 152 bars and bundles Iron, 62 bbls. Potatoes, 71 boxes and trunks Merchandise, 8 bbls. Spirits, &c. and other articles.

Tow Boat Com. Perry, with 2629 bushels Liverpool Salt, and 100 bbls. Fish.

Departed, on Saturday last, Steam Boat North Carolina with 189 bales Cotton, 30 hhds. Tobacco, sundry other articles, and eight Passengers. *Observer.*

CHARLESTON PRICES, Jan. 25.

Cotton, S. Island, 23 a 30; inland do. 22 a 23 Maine and Santee, 22 a 24 cts.; short staple, 12½ a 13 cents; Whiskey, 30 a 32 cents; Bacon, 6 a 7; Hams, 10 a 11; Lard, 9 a 10; Bagging, Dundee and Interim, (42 inch.) 21 a 22; Coffee, Prime Green, 18 a 19 Inf. to good, 14 a 17. *Cotton.*—No sales in the finer description of Sea-Islands; the stock of this kind in market is now supposed to amount to about 900 bales—Maines and Santees are selling at per quotations. The recent accounts from Europe have caused a relaxation in the purchase of Uplands; the principal sales through the week have been at 12¼ cts.; we give the general quotation of 12½ a 13 cents—Fancy brands are held a little above these rates.

Corn.—This article still continues to advance—a small cargo from Virginia was sold to Saturday at 80 cents. The stock on hand is much reduced, and prices likely to keep up. Cargo sales of Oats have been made this week at 60 and 65 cents. Peas sell slowly as quoted.

Groceries, &c.—There has been but little business doing this week—Dealers are willing to go largely into the market at present rates. Sugar and Coffee are nominally the same as quoted in our last. Molasses has declined; a sale of 60 hhds. from Cuba, was made at 30 cents. All the Liverpool Coarse Salt about was sold at our quotations; it is now held at 31 cents. The Stock of Whiskey is considerably reduced.

CHERAW MARKETS, JAN. 24.

Bacon, 7 a 8; Brandy, apple 45, peach 55; bagging 20 to 24; butter 15 a 20; coffee, prime green, 20 a 22; cotton 11 a 11 50; corn scarce 70 to 80; flax seed 80 a 85; flour 7 a 8; lard 7 to 8; molasses 45 to 50; oats 50 a 62; sugar, prime 12 to 14, common 10 to 11; salt, Liverpool 90 to 95, Turks Island, &c. 75 a 85; tallow 8 to 10; tea, gunpowder and imperial 1 50 to $1 75; wheat $1 a 1 25; whiskey 40 to 42. *Gazette.*

Provisions, generally, are very scarce, and dear—there is a good opening now for almost any kind of produce to be sold.

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the New York Daily Advertiser, dated Matanzas, Dec. 13.

The new crop of *Coffee* is coming in rapidly, and will be very large and very fine; some of the best has been sold at $10 per quintal, and inferior in proportion; most of the Sugar Estates in this vicinity have commenced operation, and promise to produce their 100,000 boxes for this market—some new Muscovadoes have appeared, and sold at 9 rs. per arroba. There are about 300 of the old crop on hand, mostly inferior, going off at 10 and 11 rs. for browns, and 14 and 15 for whites.

Celebration of Washington's Birth Day.

Arrangements have been made to celebrate, in Salisbury, the 22d of February; and for that purpose, the Salisbury Light Infantry Blues will parade at 1 o'clock on that day, an oration will be delivered at the Court-House at 3 o'clock, by J. W. Maxwell, Esq.; and a Military Ball will be given in the evening, the subscription for which may be found at Col. Taylor's Hotel, open to such gentlemen as may wish to subscribe.

Married,

On the 2nd inst. by the Rev. Mr. Stafford, Capt. Abel Cowan to Miss Maria M'Kinsey. Also, on the same day, by the Rev. Mr. Reck, Mr. James Dunn Smith to Miss Catharine Krider; Also, on the same day, by Thos. Chambers, Esq. Mr. Alex. Smith to Miss Nancy Hartman; Also, on the same day, Mr. George Robinson to Miss Wealthy Blackwell;—all of Rowan county.

In Lincoln county, on the 12th ult. by Abel Shuford, Esq. Mr. Peter Warlick to Miss Catharine Shuford.

In Burke county, on the 18th ult. Mr. William Gray to Miss Safrona Elliott.

In Marion District, S. C. on the 18th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Berton, John MacRae, Esq. Postmaster at Fayetteville, in this state, to Miss Mary Ann Shackleford.

In Marlborough District, S. C. on the 18th ult. Dr. Thomas E. Powe, of Cheraw, to Miss Charlotte Harrington.

On the 17th January, by the Rev. Robt Hardin, of Columbia, Tenn. Col. John B. Tate, of Burke county, N. C. to Miss Mary C. Webster, daughter of Mr. Jonathan Webster, of Maury county, Tenn.

DIED,

In Lincoln county, on the 3d ult. Mr. Philip Fry, in the 75th year of his age.

At Warrenton, in this state, on the 19th ult. in the 59th year of his age, Kemp Plummer, sen. Esq. a highly respectable man, and distinguished member of the bar.

On the 21st ult. at his residence near Camden, Mr. *Abraham Belton*, in the 78th year of his age. He was one of the earliest and most respectable inhabitants, of that district.

By Saturday's Mail.

Dr. *Crump* has been elected a Representative in Congress from the district in Virginia lately represented by Mr. Randolph. Crump received 419 votes; Wm. B. Giles 386—Crump's majority, thirty-three. In publishing this result, the Richmond Whig remarks:

"So that Doct. Crump is elected by a majority of thirty three in the whole District—a result honourable to Dr. Crump against such an antagonist as Mr. Giles, and honourable to Mr. Giles, a non-resident of the district. Thus honourable to each, we think it equally so to the district, which has secured an able Representative, without departing from established usage, and we think sacred principle."

We understand from Washington, that the Georgia difficulties have been happily adjusted, by a treaty, in which the Creek Indians have ceded all their lands in that State to the General Government. We hope the grumblings of the Georgians will thus be stopped by *dirt*, if they could not be by reason and humanity. *Richmond Whig*

Samuel Jones, Esq. a distinguished member of the Bar in the city of New-York, has been elected Chancellor of that state, in place of Nathan Sanford, lately elected to the U. S. senate.

The bill to amend the Judicial System of the U. States, which has been three or four weeks before the House of Representatives, and on which there has been made so many fine and long speeches, has been ordered to a third reading in that body, by a vote of 132 to 68. The bill proposes to add three new Judges to the seven now authorized by law; and to increase the number of circuits to ten.

The bill has, of course, to go through the Senate; where, it is said, it will meet with serious opposition.

Messrs. Bryan, Hines, Holmes, and Williams, of this State, voted in favor of ordering the bill to a third reading; and Messrs. Alston, Carson, Conner, Edwards, Long, Mangum, M'Neill, Sanders, and Sawyer, voted in opposition thereto.

By a late arrival at New-York from South America, news has been received that the Emperor of Brazil has declined the mediation of Sir Charles Stewart, the English minister, to accommodate the differences between Brazil and Buenos Ayres, relative to the late revolution in the Banda Oriental, a province claimed by Brazil. The Emperor, it is said, will probably declare war against Buenos Ayres, for aiding and assisting the inhabitants of the Banda Oriental, in their revolt against him. He is making preparations that indicate warlike operations in that quarter.

It is also confidently said, that if the Emperor does commence war on Buenos Ayres, President *Bolivar* will go to the assistance of the latter, with all the force he can collect.

Great Bargain.

THE subscriber having purchased a farm in Iredell county, offers for sale the very valuable and well known tract of *Land* where he now lives, almost immediately between Mocksville and Huntsville, in the county of Rowan, called the Goodspring Grove, containing 500 acres, of which about 250 is now cleared, and in cultivation. The land is not inferior to any in the county; it produces corn, cotton, tobacco, and small grain in abundance: 50 or 60 acres, is most excellent low grounds: there is on it, a good mill-seat, an excellent dwelling house just finished, and other necessary outhouses. There will be sold, should it suit the purchaser, 300 acres more, adjoining the above, about 50 acres cleared, most excellent water on it, and equal to any land in the Forks. Both tracts are well watered. I will take, in part pay, several likely Negro Girls. Possession given next fall.

If the above property is not disposed of at private sale, will be sold to the highest bidder, on the 1st day of September, 1826. Terms made to suit purchasers. It is deemed unnecessary to give any further description of the property, as those desirous of purchasing, will doubtless wish to examine the premises before closing any contract. JOHN A. CHAFFIN.

Jan. 23d, 1826. 1'25

100 Dollars Reward!

THE subscriber solicits the assistance of all persons, who have any regard or wish to suppress vice and improve morality, in detecting a man who, while in my employ, and for some time before while in this vicinity, passed by the name of *R. A. Steinburgh*. He is about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, black hair, dark eyes and beard, spare made, and carries himself very erect generally; a foreigner by birth, but whether French or German I am unable to say, as he speaks both languages well; he also writes an excellent English hand, but speaks it only tolerable; he was well dressed, all in blue broad-cloth, with a velvet collar to his straight coat; I suppose him to be about 30 years of age: he is very impudent and talkative when in company with the commonalty of men, but quite the reverse when in genteel company. This scoundrel stole from me some money, 15 or 20 pennyweights of virgin gold, a small piece of fine blue broad-cloth, (3 or 4 yards) a gray mare 5 or 6 years old, between 14 or 15 hands high, a natural trotter, shod before, and quite thin in flesh, had the marks of the collar and traces on her; took with her, a saddle and bridle, the saddle about half worn, the stirrups of which were once plated, but now mostly rubbed off. This villian made his escape on the night of the 18th inst.; and what course he has taken, I am unable to say, but suspect he will make for Charleston, S. C. by way of Cheraw; or Wilmington, N. C. by way of Fayetteville; from either of the places, I expect him to sail for New-York or Philadelphia.

I will give the above reward to any person who will apprehend the said R. A. Steinburgh, and secure him in jail so that I may have an opportunity of bringing him to justice; and by that means, may, perhaps, prevent him from ever committing any more depredations on those who may, through charity, take him under their protection: or I will give $10, and pay all reasonable charges, for the delivery of the mare, saddle and bridle, or for such information as will enable me to get them again.

If any one should be so fortunate as to be enabled to forward me any correct information respecting the before-mentioned scoundrel, or the mare, they will please direct their letter to Concord, Cabarrus county, N. C.

Jan. 23, 1826. 96 P. RARRINGER.

N. B. Editors of newspapers are respectfully requested to copy some part of the above, or take such notice of it in their papers as will lead to the detection of said Steinburgh, to the end that a great scoundrel may be brought to justice.

Notice.

I Forewarn any person trading for a note of hand, executed by the subscriber, to John Hughes, for the sum of ninety-five dollars, dated some time in last December, the date not recollected; as the note was obtained fraudulently, I am determined not to pay it, &c.

JOHN M'CAIN.

January 28, 1826. 4t99

I DO hereby revoke all power and authority granted to John Huggins, of Iredell county, as respects the receiving the balance of legacies due from Montfort Stokes, administrator of the estate of Alexander Worke, to the heirs of John Brandon, and the Scott family, and the heirs of Alexander Locke, of Tennessee.

ALEXANDER W. BRANDON.

Wadesborough, N. C. Jan. 23, 1826. 2t97

Notice.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration on Estate of Daniel Sharp, deceased, late of Davidson county, requests the heirs at law of said Sharp, to apply to the subscriber for their distributive share of said Estate, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

ABRAHAM SHARP.

February 22, 1825. 3t98

Tailoring.

THOMAS V. CANON,

RESPECTFULLY informs the fashionable part of the community, and all such as wish to have business done in his line, that, finding the village of *Concord* a more central situation, he has removed thither; where he has a spacious shop, and has increased the number of his workmen, and is prepared to execute work, which, in point of *elegance* and *durability*, will compete with any thing of the kind to be seen in this country. Travellers or others, wishing clothes made at short warning, can be accommodated with a full suit in 36 hours.

T. V. C. is agent for A. Ward of Philadelphia, in selling patents, and giving instructions in cutting according to Ward's patent protractor system. Any person wishing to become subscriber to the Philadelphia fashions, will please to call at his stand. 3t9

Concord, Cabarrus co. Jan. 7th, 1826.

Paper Mill, &c.

FOR sale, the *Paper Mill* near Salem, with 200 acres of Land: the Mill and out houses are in good repair: together with all stock on hand, and Negroes sufficient to carry on the business.

A long credit will be given for two-thirds of the value, on approved security.

For terms, apply at the Post-Office in Salem.

Janury 16, 1826. 3t96

NEW STORE.

GEORGE W. BROWN,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public in general, that he is now receiving, from New York and Philadelphia, a choice and handsome assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware, &c.

which he intends selling at a small profit, FOR CASH ONLY.

Persons wishing to purchase, will please call, examine, and judge for themselves.

Salisbury, Nov. 1st, 1825. 82

Literary Notice.

THE winter session of the *Academy at Germanton*, commenced 2nd Jan. under the care of the subscriber.

Terms of tuition: For reading, writing, and spelling, $5 per session; arithmetic, grammar, and geography, $7; Latin and Greek languages, together with the higher branches of Mathematics, and the sciences in general, $10. Five months and a half constitute a session; no deduction made for time lost by the students, after entrance.

No exertions will be wanting, on the part of the Teacher, to promote the advancement, and to secure the best good of the pupils committed to his care. LINCOLN CLARK.

Jan. 18th, 1826. 3t97

State of North-Carolina, Iredell county:

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Nov. term, 1825: Moses Justice vs. Burwell Barker; original attachment, returned levied on land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, Burwell Barker, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that unless the defendant appear at the next term of this court, to be held at the court-house in Statesville, on the third Monday of February next, and replevy the property levied on, and plead, the plaintiff will be heard ex parte and have judgment pro confesso. Test: R. SIMONTON, *Clk.*

Price adv. $4 3mt08

State of North-Carolina, Davidson county:

COURT of Equity, October term, 182[illegible]: Rachel Bates and John Kent, vs. Mariam Whitaker, Betsey Williams, Jesse Crabtree and Cealy his wife: Petition for sale of the lands of John Kent, sen. deceased. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Mariam Whitaker, Betsey Williams, Jesse Crabtree and Cealy his wife, part of the heirs at law of John Kent, sen. dec'd. do not live within the limits of this state; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian, printed at Salisbury, for six weeks successively, that they appear at the next Superior Court of Law and Equity, to be holden for the county of Davidson, at the court-house in Lexington, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and show cause, if any they have, why the land mentioned in the petition should not be sold, to their and the petitioner's benefit, otherwise the petition will be taken pro confesso, and the cause heard ex parte. Witness Edwin Paschalle, Clerk and Master in Equity, for Davidson county, at office, the 2nd Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1825.

6t01 EDWIN PASCHALLE, C. M. E.

State of North Carolina, Iredell county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, November term, 1825: John Stewart vs. the heirs at Law of William Stewart, dec'd; scire facias, to shew cause why the lands of the dec'd. should not be sold, to satisfy the plaintiff's judgment. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Isham Dykes and his wife Matilda, defendants in this suit, are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that unless the defendants appear at the next term of this court, to be held at the court-house in Statesville, on the third Monday of February next, the court will proceed to judgment, as to them, exparte.

Test: R. SIMONTON, *Clk.*

Price adv. $4 3mt08

State of North-Carolina, Cabarrus county:

JANUARY session, 1826: Leonard Hagler, Charles Hagler, John Hagler, John Long and Barbary his wife, William Anderson and Mary his wife, Jacob Dey and Chatharine his wife, Elizabeth and Peter Hagler, vs. Henry File and Molly his wife; Petition for Partition. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this state, ordered, therefore, that publication be made six weeks in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to said defendants to appear at our next court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for the county of Cabarrus, at the court-house in Concord, on the 3d Monday of April next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur, or the petition will be heard ex parte, and judgment awarded accordingly.

DANIEL COLEMAN, *c.c.*

Concord, Jany. 23d, 1826. 6t01

Lost Pocket Book.

AN old red morocco pocket book has been left with the editor of this paper, to deliver to the owner, whomsoever he may be, on payment of the charge of advertising. It contains some papers of value to the owner.

January 9, 1826. 92

Entry takers' warrants,

For sale at this Office.