

**RAYMOND COUNTY, A. C.**

The following is an extract from a letter written by Col. C. D. Donohoe, one of the commissioners appointed by the Gov. to superintend the laying off of the residue of the lands acquired by this state from the Cherokee Indians...

The village from which I write you, is situated on the western bank of the Tennessee river, about 15 miles from Georgia on the south, and about 50 from the Tennessee line on the north-west. It consists of a few log buildings with cabin roofs, and was laid off by the commissioners in 1820, as the seat of justice for the proposed new county. The river here is about 100 or 150 yards wide, of the purest and most limpid water I have ever seen, and runs over a rocky bed with a current of about five miles an hour.

The country watered by the Tennessee in this state, is in most respects a delightful one. The land lying contiguous to the river and its tributary streams, the only part it is possible to cultivate, is of a good quality, though not first rate, having been in cultivation possibly for centuries by the Indians. In many places there is no appearance of a stump to be seen for miles. It was laid off by the state in small sections, from 50 to 300 acres, and is inhabited by a hardy, enterprising, and I may add, intelligent population, by whom all the necessities and even many of the luxuries of life are raised in great abundance, and of a superior quality.

**FROM THE NEW YORK EVENING POST, MAY 31, THE SEA SERPENT.**

We have copied from an Irish paper handed to us for the purpose, another attestation of the existence of the sea serpent. Those who refused to give credit to the accounts of the sea serpent from the eastward, which, however, it seems to us were very well authenticated, will probably be still slower to believe this narrative on account of the extraordinary nature of some of the circumstances.

To the Editor of the Connaught Journal: Galloway Bay, Feb. 9, 1827.

Sir: Having this favorable opportunity of transmitting to you the following wonderful occurrence, which may be the means of setting at rest all doubts as to the existence of a marine monster, supposed to be the sea serpent, I readily do so, particularly as I have so many respectable witnesses to support me in the truth of what we saw. Being bound from Rhode Island to Liverpool, on yesterday morning the south Island of Arran, came in sight, 30 miles east. We at the same time discovered ahead, a vessel, seeming a wreck, not having a spar or rope standing. On nearing, I ordered the gig and six men to board her, and was shortly after hailed by the mate, who was one of the party, for assistance; they pulled from the wreck with all possible speed. I hauled the Quebec to the wind, and presently learned that Thomas Wilson, being the first to board, was instantly devoured by a most horrible animal, the like of which they had never seen or heard of. At this time the wreck was driven to about a cable length of our stern, from which I could plainly and distinctly see a monster of the serpent kind, lying partly coiled upon the deck, its head erected

about four feet, and its hind part in the hatches, the hat of poor Thomas lying close along side it. The surprise and consternation which struck all on board deprived us of the thought of planning any mode for its capture, were any such thing possible; the thought of our companion filled us with horror. However, I fired a shot from a six pounder, which unlikely could not be brought to bear sufficiently high. It struck the bull, at the same moment the animal raised its head, and fell in 4 or 5 fathoms, to the height of a man each, extending itself from the tiller to the bows; its eyes were large, of a red color, and much distorted, its throat and neck larger than any other part of a green hue, and the back black and scaly; it had ears of fox suspended near the head, similar to an eel, and on the nostrils its horny excrescence, blunt and about eight inches long; its chops were broad and flat. Whilst I was preparing a second salute with ball and slugs, it glided majestically into the sea, gave a splash with his tail, and disappeared. Shortly after, myself, John Adams, mate, Mr. William Nightingale, and Mr. Robert Croker, passengers, boarded her, and with grief had our forebodings or the fate of Wilson, verified, he being nowhere to be found; the vessel was water logged, and in a sinking state; a substance of a tar-like nature, but highly corrosive, as it blistered the hands upon taking it up, was upon the deck, some of which has been preserved; it is supposed to be the excrement of the animal. Our conjecture is, that the monster, being attracted by the bodies of the sufferers in the wreck, had taken up its abode there, and devoured them. We consider its length to be about 60 feet, and its girth from 9 to 12 feet.

I remain, sir, your obedient servant, THOMAS CLEARLY, Master. We, the undersigned, certify the truth of the above. JOHN ADAMS, Mate. W. W. NIGHTINGALE, and ROBERT CROKER, Passengers. P. S. Mr. Croker, having occasion to proceed to Dublin, chose that route for going to Liverpool, and will be the bearer of this statement. T. C.

Rome and the U. States.—The President of the United States has issued his proclamation, dated the 7th inst. announcing, that "satisfactory evidence was given to him, on the 30th day of May last, by Count Lucresi, Consul General of His Holiness the Pope, that all foreign and discriminating duties of tonnage and impost within the dominions of His Holiness, so far as respected the vessels of the United States, and the merchandise of their produce and manufacture, imported in the same were suspended and discontinued," the President proclaims, and declares, that the foreign discriminating duties of tonnage and impost, within the United States, are and shall be suspended and discontinued, so far as respects the vessels of the subjects of His Holiness the Pope, and the merchandise of the produce or manufacture of his dominions, imported into the United States in the same: the said suspension to take effect from the thirtieth of May, aforesaid, and to continue so long as the reciprocal exemption of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States, and merchandise aforesaid, therein laden, shall be continued, and no longer.

France.—The population of the city of Paris had been for some days in a fever of joy and exultation, in consequence of the withdrawal of the projects of law on the liberty of the press. One reason assigned for the determination of the French Government to give up this impolitic measure, was the appointment of Mr. Canning to be Prime Minister of England, an event which is said to have produced the most powerful sensation both upon the people and government of France. The night after the rejection of the law, the city of Paris was enveloped in an almost noon-day brilliancy. The streets were filled with immense crowds, and traversed by processions of two and three hundred individuals, with torches in their hands, bearing flags, and singing triumphal songs. From time to time, astounding cries of *Vive le Roi! Vive le Chambre des Paris! Vive la Liberte de la Presse*, were sent forth, and answered by waving of flags and handkerchiefs from the well filled windows.

Newspapers in Germany.—In Berlin, in addition to a multitude of other Journals and periodicals, there appear at this time—a morning—mid-day—and evening—and a midnight Gazette. The latter, so far from being sleepy, is said to be the most lively of them all; being edited by the celebrated poet Muller. There is also announced as nearly ready for publication in Berlin, Die Narrenzeltung, (the Fool's Gazette,) to appear three times a week. [We are certainly ahead of the Germans in this department of literature, as we have Fool's Gazettes in abundance.]

It has been computed that, from the dissipation of the native juices by boiling, one pound of roasted contains as much nourishment as two of boiled meat.

**FROM THE NASHVILLE HARRIER AND WHIG. METEORIC STONES.**

An occurrence took place in this vicinity on the 9th inst. which deserves to be publicly noticed. Some large stones fell with immense velocity in Sumner county, about 18 miles from Nashville, and sank into the earth with great force. One of them, weighing between five and six pounds, fell upon the farm of the Rev. Mr. Kirkpatrick, respectable gentleman, whose son was in the field at the time, and saw it as it descended with a loud noise through the air. On striking the ground it produced a great concussion, and sank several inches beneath the surface of the earth. The other which descended about the same time, fell upon a hard gas bar, and buried itself 10 or 12 inches in the ground. It is said to weigh about twelve lbs. The noise resembling that of thunder or distant cannon, was distinctly heard 10 or 12 miles from the spot where the stones fell, and by some probably at a still greater distance. We presume the stones will be brought to Nashville, and submitted to an analysis, in order to ascertain the peculiar nature of their composition.

The next legislature of Tennessee will have to pass a law providing for the election electors for President and vice President, or else the State will have no vote at all in that election. The last law on the subject provided only for the election which took place in 1824. It will rest entirely with that body to prescribe the manner of electing the electors.

A gentleman who lately visited Mr. Crawford, informs, that Mr. C. considers his health as good as at any time of life, and the gentleman thinks so too with the exception, perhaps, of a small defect in his speech, which is improving.

Dr. Charben states in the New York Christian Advocate, that in more than 1300 cases where he has administered his medicine to the intemperate, only two or three instances of its failure have come to his knowledge. There are three different preparations of the medicine, designed for tipplers, drunkards, and dyspeptic drunkards. "It produces energy and vigor on minds, constitutions, and stomachs, injured by intemperance."

In England, there are 779 Calvinistic Baptist churches, and 671 ministers. 223 of the churches were founded since the year 1800. The number of Baptist churches not Calvinistic is about 100.

In the New York market a fair week-price, new potatoes were selling at \$2.50 per bushel; green peas 3 dollars; and strawberries at 25 cents the basket (half a pint).

A vessel with 10 tons of gunpowder on board lately caught fire near the coast of Lancaster, England, and blew up with a most terrific explosion. The shock was felt more than 100 miles, and for 10 miles every body thought it was an earthquake. The earth trembled, furniture rattled, men and horses were overthrown; and in the immediate vicinity, several houses were blown down. The crew left the ship a few minutes before the explosion.

There is an old bachelor, near Ulverstone, who keeps seventy cats. From his fierce attachment, we should doubt the sex of the keeper. N. Y. Eng.

A Duel took place in the vicinity of Boston on Sunday afternoon last, between Midshipmen Young and Green, of the frigate Java, who exchanged three shots without injury to either party. They then settled the dispute, shook hands and returned to a better service.

The following fact, stated in the New York Mercantile Advertiser, shows the facility with which trade is now carried on with the interior of the country. A shipment was made from the port of New-York, via New-Orleans by the ship Illinois, which reached St. Louis, Missouri, and was landed there in twenty nine days and half from the time it was taken from the wharf here. The whole distance these goods were forwarded, within this time, is about 3,300 miles; and it is probable they were delayed at least one or two days at New-Orleans in transferring them from the ship to a steam boat.

**EXTRAORDINARY COW.**

An improved Durham short horned cow in the possession of John Hare Powell, Esq. yielded, between Thursday evening, the 25th of May, and Saturday evening following, that is in three days, milk from which eight pounds and 13 ounces of butter were obtained by the usual process, equal to 21 1/4 pounds per week; she then yielded and continues to yield 26 quarts of milk, ascertained by actual measurement, within twenty four hours; and she had no other food than sloop of Indian meal, and clover and orchard grass. Some of her cream was converted into butter before the Philadelphia Agricultural Society as an experiment. It was effected in three seconds, according to the report of R. Haines, Esq. as appears upon their minutes.

**Salisbury: JUNE 26, 1827.**

George Andrews, Esq. we are authorized to say, is a candidate to represent the freemen of Rowan county in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of this State, in place of John Linn, Esq. who has declined a re-election.

**CELEBRATION AT MOCKVILLE.**

At a meeting of the citizens of Mockville, on the 18th inst. (Col. Wm. F. Kelly in the chair, and Dr. Anderson E. Foster secretary) it was resolved that the necessary arrangements should be made for celebrating the Fifty first anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, in the town of Mockville, on the 4th of July next. At 1 o'clock, the Declaration of Independence will be read by Mr. G. W. Pearson; and an Oration, suitable to the occasion, will be delivered by Dr. F. Henderson.

The amusements of the day will be succeeded by a Ball in the evening, to be furnished by Mr. John A. Chaffin. [COMMUNICATED.]

The Rev. Joseph D. Kilpatrick, Pastor of Third Creek and Back Creek Congregations, has, by the Christian liberality of the ladies of his congregation, been constituted a life-member of the American Tract Society. The following is a copy of the affectionate letter which included the sum necessary to constitute a life-membership of the society. "March, 1827.

"Rev. and Dear Sir: Esteeming it their high privilege, as well as their duty, to endeavor to promote the kingdom of Christ on earth; believing they can accomplish that end by aiding the funds of the benevolent societies which adorn the present age; and wishing, at the same time, to express their most affectionate regard for you,—the Ladies of your charge have contributed the inclosed sum to constitute you a member, for life, of the American Tract Society: Of which sum, they now most respectfully ask your acceptance, as a token of their regard for the cause of Christ, and for you,—and as a thank offering to the Most High God, for the many and various blessings bestowed on them."

The approaching anniversary of the Independence of our country, is to be celebrated in Charlotte by a public dinner and ball. Mr. Hugh Meenan, late of this town, has been selected to deliver an Oration on the occasion.

Mrs. Murder.—In Lenoir county, in this state, on the 27th ult. a daughter of Ezekiel Creech was carried off and married to a man named Bender, against the wishes of her father. Simon House was supposed by Creech to be an accomplice in the elopement; and on their meeting next day, a dispute arose between them, which resulted in Creech's killing House with a gun. Creech made his escape.

In Craven county, (near Newbern) on the 5th inst. during a quarrel between Jesse McCotter and Nathaniel Clark, a negro man belonging to McCotter interposed rather rudely in behalf of his master, whereupon Clark stabbed him, of which he died the next day.

Mob Law.—A mob of the people of Columbus, Ohio, lately broke into the jail of that place seized Wm. H. Rice, confined there on a charge of robbing the treasury of the state, and beat and bruised him in a most shocking manner. The jailor was implicated in the affair, and will be punished. A meeting of the citizens of the town was called, at which all participation in the outrage was disclaimed.

"A great man has at length passed Salisbury."—Greenboro' Patriot, 16th inst. Yes; but a greater (in his own estimation) is yet to pass. Verbum sat.

Benjamin Donica, a sergeant in the United States army, was lately hung at Pensacola, for killing (by shooting) his commander, Maj. Sanders Donoho,—who was formerly from Caswell county, in this state.

Alabama.—At the last winter's session of the legislature of Alabama, an appropriation was made for building a new State House at Tuscaloosa, at which place the seat of government of that state was established two years since. A plan of an enormous building, was adopted at the last session of the legislature,—50 by 150 feet in the clear; and to contain apartments for the State Bank, the Secretary of State, the Treasurer, and a large court-room, besides one room 80 by 60 feet for the Senate Chamber, and another 80 by 70 feet for the Legislative Hall: this plan is complained of, as being three or four times too large for a General Assembly which can never exceed 150 in number in both branches. The complaints are such, that the contracts for the building have been suspended till next session of the legislature, with the exception of the making of the brick, which will be good let the plan of the building be what it may. Mr. Nichols, (late of this state, and who has been appointed chief Architect of Alabama) we perceive, is at his post; and, as the State House will not be gone on with till after the legislature shall have met next winter, he can consult his *calyx* by spending the summer at "the springs," at the expense of his employers.

The citizens of Tallahassee, (Florida) gave a public complimentary dinner to their Delegate in Congress, Col. Joseph M. White, at the Hotel of Col. Gen. Fisher, (formerly of this town) on the 23d April. Among the toasts drank after the dinner, others were complimentary to Col. White, and he presided the whole time, and made a speech in reply to the first. Verily, if his stomach did not succumb at this, it must be proof against Battery. Col. Fisher's toast was: "May the American star shine bright throughout the United States—may faction never govern the true American heart,—to live, and let live, and be free, is our motto."

Horse Racing.—The last Warrenton paper (in this state) contains some few notices of details of various horse-races in North-Carolina, Virginia and New-York,—and this the editor calls a "sumptuous feast." His readers must have morbid appetites, if they can swallow such a dish of horse-flesh, at others, as "sumptuous" fare.

**THE PHILADELPHIA ALBUM.**

The following circular has been addressed by the Editor of the Philadelphia Album, on the commencement of the second volume of that useful, amusing, and elegant literary miscellany, intended, and eminently calculated, for the instruction and amusement of accomplished females. A specimen of the work can be seen at the office of the Western Carolinian, where subscriptions for it will be received. To the Friends of the Philadelphia Album.

On the commencement of a new volume of the Album, and the introduction of several improvements, I would beg leave to observe that the work has heretofore been conducted under many disadvantages; having been principally managed, both in the editing and publishing departments, by myself, an undertaking for an individual, so arduous, as to preclude the possibility of affording that general satisfaction which is ever desirable. To this cause must be attributed the deficiencies of the work. But encouraged by the valuable patronage which has already been received, I have ventured upon an enlarged sphere.—Mrs. Harriet Muzzy has been invited from New York and engaged to devote her exclusive talents to the Ladies Department of the Album. A valuable character will be imparted to the Literary Reviews and Critical Notices, by Dr. H. Henry, editor of the late American Monthly Magazine, and author of the Wilderness, O'Halloran, Hearts of Steel, &c. &c. New sources of knowledge have been presented to us—new acquisitions of correspondence have enriched our stores,—and the work bids fair to become more entertaining, more improving, and more respectable than heretofore. But these arrangements have been attended with such heavy additional expense as to render necessary an increased circulation. The friends of the Album have it in their power very essentially to promote its circulation and usefulness by recommending it to private patronage. Should you feel disposed to use your influence in its favor, it shall be gratefully acknowledged, and prompt to further improvements. I am determined by the utmost exertions, not only to advance the character which the work has already acquired, but to increase the fund of esteem with which it has been so liberally honored, and to this end ventured to solicit your co-operation. Very respectfully, your obliged friend, THOS. C. CLARKE. Office of the Philadelphia Album, June, 1827.

Cherokee Lands.—Gen'l. Geo. Lee Davidson, and Alex'r. Gray, who, in conjunction with Gen'l. B. J. Egan, have been appointed by the U. States Government to hold a treaty with the Cherokee Indians, in order to effect a purchase from them of their remaining lands in this state, and so much in Tennessee as will be necessary to enable that state to cut a canal between the Hiwassee and Canassee rivers, met in this town last week, and held a consultation on the subject of their official duties: the result of which is, that they have fixed upon the 15th day of August next, on which to meet Gen. Cocke in the nation, and hold a preliminary conference with the Indians, to ascertain their disposition on the subject of a cession of their lands. Should the Indians be disposed to sell, the Commissioners will await further instructions from the Secretary of War, and then proceed to a discussion of the terms of the proposed treaty; but should they be averse to parting with their lands, on any conditions, (and we have our fears on this point) the Commissioners can only make their report accordingly, to the War Department, and return home.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Robert Gardner, an old man, in the 77th year of his age, was found dead at the head of the lane leading to his house, about five miles from this place, on Wednesday morning, the 20th inst. He had been in remarkably good health for some time previous; and on the evening before, had eaten a hearty supper; after which, he walked out, and not returning during the night, was, early in the morning, found dead as above mentioned. An inquest was held on the body—verdict, "Died by the visitation of God."

The Secretary of State set out a few days since on a visit to his friends in Kentucky. We perceive, by the Pittsburg papers, that a public dinner is to be given to him on his arrival in that city. Pheeny, Gas. 15th inst.

Harbour, South Sea, 18th of Oct., Otaheite, on the sea to the pu